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SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

OTTAWA, 25 January, 1897.

SALVAS V. VASSAL.

Quebec.]

Title to land—Sale absolute in form—Right of redemption—Effect as to third parties—Pledge.

Real estate was conveyed to S. by notarial deed, absolute in form but containing a provision that the vendor should have the right to a re-conveyance on paying to S. the amount of the purchase money within a certain time. S. subsequently advanced the vendor a further amount and extended the time for redemption. The vendor did not pay the amount within the time and the property having been seized under execution issued by V_{\cdot} , a judgment creditor of the vendor, S. filed an opposition claiming it under the deed.

Held, reversing the judgment of the Court of Queen's Bench Q.R., 5 Q.B. 349, that the sale to S. was a vente à réméré and was not when the rights of third parties were in question, to be treated as a pledge and set aside on proof that the vendor was insolvent when it was executed. Pacaud v. Huston, (3 Q.L.R. 214) overruled.

Appeal dismissed with costs.

Geoffrion, Q.C., and Laveryne, for appellant. Crépeau, Q.C., and Beaudin, Q.C., for respondent.