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NINTH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 19, 1888.—EIGHT PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE "COMBINES" MUST GO

CLARKE WALLACE'S BILL FOR THEIR SUPPRESSION.

Hon. J. H. Pope Back in His Seat—A Number of Divisions in the House—Estimates for Public Works Expenditure Considered in Committee of Supply.

OTTAWA, May 18.—Clarke Wallace to-day introduced as the outcome of the labors of his Combines Committee a bill for the prevention and suppression of combinations formed on restraint of trade. The bill contains these provisions:

Every person who combines, agrees or arranges with any other other person, or with any railway, steamship or steamboat or transportation company:

a. For granting to any person who is a party to such combination, agreement or arrangement any facility for purchase, sale, transportation or supply of any article or commodity which is an object of trade, which facility is by such combination, agreement, or arrangement not to be granted to any person who is not a party thereto.

b. For denying to any person who is not a party to such combination, agreement or arrangement any facility for such purchase, sale, transportation or supply which, by the provisions thereof, is to be granted to any person who is a party thereto;

c. For unreasonably enhancing the market price of an article or commodity which is an object of traffic;

d. For unduly restraining traffic in any such article or commodity;

e. For limiting, lessening or preventing the production, manufacture, sale or transportation of any such article or commodity;

f. For preventing or restraining competing in production, manufacture, sale or transportation of any such article or commodity:

Is guilty of a misdemeanor and liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding $1000 and not less than $200, to imprisonment not exceeding twelve and not less than three months, or both fine and imprisonment.

It is further provided that a corporate company violating the provisions of the act shall forfeit its corporate rights.

Trades unions are specially exempted from the operation of the act.

Sir John Macdonald said of course it was too late for the bill to be put through this session, but the fact of its introduction would, he considered, have a beneficial effect, tending to diminish the injury wrought by these combinations.

Sir Richard Cartwright agreed with this view.

Archibald Campbell, the newly re-elected member for Kent, was introduced by Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. Langelier of Montmorenci and took his seat.

Hon. J. H. Pope, who has been absent the greater portion of the session by reason of severe illness, also made his reappearance.

Sir Chas. Tupper introduced the railway subsidy resolutions, of which notice was given Wednesday.

On motion for a third reading of the bill for the appointment of commissioners of oaths, Mr. Wilson (Elgin) moved an amendment declaring that the proposal to appoint Richard Pope, late Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, to that position can only be regarded as a reward for gross neglect of duty in the office formerly held by him.

The amendment was lost—Yeas 60, nays 93.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau announced that in view of the likelihood of a long discussion on the provisions of the bill amending the Franchise Act, he had determined to withdraw until next session all the clauses of that bill, except that suspending revision for this year.

Sir John Macdonald moved the third reading of the Northwest Territories Bill, whereupon Mr. Watson moved an amendment declaring instead of a bill voting there.

The amendment was lost on division, 88 to 32. Of the Northwest members present, Mr. Perley and Mr. Davis voted for the amendment and Mr. Davin against it.

Hon. Peter Mitchell introduced a resolution declaring the expediency of removing the duties on wheat, corn, flour, cornmeal and coal. The resolution was lost—yeas 44, nays 89.

The House in committee of supply then considered the estimates for expenditure on public works.

The House spent the entire evening in committee of supply, passing without noteworthy discussion the remaining items of public works expenditure and also appropriations for lighthouse and coast service for scientific institutions.

The House adjourned at 1.10.

FROM THE GAZETTE.

Applications for Letters Patent—Inland Revenue Returns—Circulation and Specie.

OTTAWA, May 18.—Hon. Mr. Dogherty has been appointed assistant judge of the Quebec Court of Queen's Bench for the term which opens on May 15.

A. J. Clarke of Grand Manan, N.B., has been appointed a preventive officer in Her Majesty's customs.

The British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company, with headquarters at Montreal, has received a license from the Government to transact business in Canada.

An unrevised statement of inland revenue returns shows a total for the month of April of $487,841.

Supplementary letters patent have been issued to the St. Lawrence sugar refinery to enable them to increase their capital stock from $400,000 to $750,000.

A statement of circulation and specie shows total notes in circulation on April 30 $15,944,109, excess of specie $3,705,700.

The Canada Jute Company are applying for letters patent to increase their capital stock from $50,000 to $100,000.

The Rolondrie Farming and Stock Company are applying for letters patent of incorporation. The chief place of business is to be Winnipeg, and the capital stock of the company $100,000. The incorporators are Dr. Rudolph Meyer, Dr. Hespelar and Francis Beverley Robertson.

A meeting of the Brantford, Waterloo and Lake Erie Railway Company has been called for June 5, and the annual meeting of the Northern Pacific Railway Company for June 6.

Letters patent of incorporation have been issued to the Chatham Navigation Company with a capital of $40,000 and the Pelee Island Wine and Vineyard Company with a capital of $25,000.

The returns of W. C. Edwards for Russell and Archibald Campbell for Kent will be Gazetted to-day.

THE COLONIZATION COMMITTEE.

A Series of Questions to be Sent Out—Undesirable Immigration.

OTTAWA, May 18.—In the Committee on Colonization and Agriculture this morning it was announced that a communication had been received from Mr. R. W. Pritty of the Pritty Loan Company suggesting that a company of capitalists should be formed for the purpose of advancing money to immigrants to enable them to reach Canada and afterwards to assist them in settling, the money advanced to form a lien upon the property acquired by the settler. It was decided to take no action in the matter.

The sub-committee appointed to enquire into the question of diseases communicated through animals reported that they found it impossible in the short time at their disposal to make a report, but that after due consideration they were prepared to send two series of questions, one to be placed as circulars in the hands of physicians and surgeons and the other to be sent to the presidents and secretaries of agricultural associations, to ascertain whether certain diseases of cattle are communicable through the medium of milk or meat to human beings. The report was adopted.

The committee also adopted a report to be presented to the House in which they expressed the opinion that the greatest care should be taken to prevent the coming of immigrants, either children or adults, who would be likely to become a burden upon charitable institutions or become sources of disease, and with this object in view they recommend that a strict medical certificate should be produced before children are allowed to land on our shores.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

Lansdowne's Reply to a Deputation from the Canadian Branch of the League.

OTTAWA, May 18.—To-day some twenty members of Parliament who are also members of the Canadian branch of the Imperial Federation League waited on the Governor-General, Mr. McNeill acted as spokesman. In the course of his remarks he intimated that the deputation called for the purpose of asking His Excellency to use his influence towards furthering the assembling of a conference of Canadian and Australian delegates for the purpose of bringing about, if possible, extended trade relations between the colonies.

His Excellency said:

I understand Mr. McNeill, your suggestion to be that I should take an opportunity on my return to the old country of inviting the attention of the Imperial Government to a proposal which is likely to come before it for summoning a conference to consider the specific question of improved trade relations between the Dominion of Canada and the Australian colonies. I might, perhaps, say that while I was at Toronto the other day I received an influential deputation which made a similar suggestion. They left with me a memorandum in writing in which their views were detailed, and I promised that I would seek to obtain for those views the favorable consideration of Her Majesty's government. I shall now be able to enforce my recommendation by the additional statement that a number of well-known members of the Federal Parliament have come here to me to-day and expressed their concurrence in the substance of that memorial. I shall do this with great pleasure and I join with you in thinking that if any attempt is to be made in this direction, the present moment is an opportune one. I have no doubt that the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway has entirely altered the possibilities of commerce between this continent and Australia.

Allow me to add that a proposal of this kind seems to be a very good illustration of what I would venture to call the business-like and cautious way of dealing with the great question in which you are all interested. I am glad to have an opportunity of saying how agreeable it would be to me to act with you upon these lines, because I am enabled to supplement by a word of explanation some remarks which I addressed to a larger audience a few evenings ago. I should be sorry if those remarks were regarded by any of my friends in this room as intended to throw cold water upon propositions such as those which were made to me today and at Toronto. What I wished to enforce was the danger of pressing these proposals too hard and too fast and of attempting—those were, I think, the words I used—public sentiment.

Nobody feels more than I do how much the Empire owes to the action of the different branches of the Imperial Federation League, both here and in other colonies. They have undoubtedly achieved this, even if we were to assume that up to the present they have not produced any change in the political system or in the laws of the Empire—they have brought public attention to bear upon a number of questions which had been too much neglected heretofore; to the desirability, for instance, of improving the communications between different parts of the Empire, a question as to the importance of which there can be no difference of opinion.

Then again there is the subject of the defences of the Empire, concerning which I said enough, I trust, the other evening to convince those who were listening to me that I thought there was a good deal to be done, although we might stop short of the more ambitious schemes which have been put forward in different quarters.

The question of improved trade connections, in which you are specially interested, is obviously another subject which opens the widest field for the efforts of those who hold your views, but above all these there is the great object of increasing sympathy and good will between the different parts of the Empire and adding to the knowledge which each of these parts possesses of the rest.

These are all points to which the Imperial Federation League has directed its attention and it has in doing so rendered great services, the value of which I am the first to admit. I have therefore to thank you, not only for explaining the precise point to which you have addressed yourselves on the present occasion, but also for affording me an opportunity of expressing my friendly commendation of the general spirit by which the league has been animated and my appreciation of the undoubted services which it has been able to render in directing attention to some of the most important matters which can engage the consideration of public men.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Civil Servants Will not be Deprived of Their Votes at Present.

OTTAWA, May 18.—It was decided in the Senate Divorce Committee to-day to postpone further proceedings in the Middleton case until next session.

A Law and Order Association, to enforce a strict observance of the Liquor Act, has been organized here.

Mrs. Leggo, wife of the late Dr. Leggo, died suddenly this morning from heart disease.

Prorogation has been fixed for Tuesday.

His Excellency this morning presented Commissioner A. P. Sherwood with a breast pin, the head being an opal surrounded with diamonds and rubies.

The Senate wrestled all day with Senator McInnes' resolution to deprive civil servants of their votes. It was defeated, 31 to 14.

Republican Senators and the Fisheries.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Republican senators held a long caucus to-day, in respect to which they were unusually reticent. It was called at the request of Senator Edmunds and was for the purpose of discussing the Fisheries Treaty. The subject took up a good portion of the time of the caucus, but the tariff and politics were also dwelt upon. No action was taken, the purpose being simply to have an interchange of views. There was developed no difference of opinion upon the matter of opposing the ratification of the Fisheries Treaty, but there is said to have been a wide difference upon some questions of procedure in connection with it. The caucus adjourned until next Tuesday.

Murdered for Money.

CHICAGO, May 18.—William Heppner, living at Niles, Cook County, was murdered last night for his money. Mr. Heppner was a tree agent, delivering consignments of goods between Evanston and Chicago. He collected at long intervals, and often carried large amounts of cash. Last night he got off the suburban train at North Evanston to walk across to his home. His body was found on the edge of Evanston, a short distance from where he left the train. A bullet had penetrated his body, producing apparently instant death. His pockets had been rifled and all his money taken, but his watch and chain were left.

He Feared Trouble.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 18.—Antonio Parillo, the Italian who paid the rent of the room for Nellie Mitchell, the young woman who was found dead in a house on Pearl-street early this month, has returned to this city and made a statement to the police. He says the woman came unsolicited to him, saying she was unhappy at home and would not return there. He provided her with lodgings and food, and was greatly shocked when she died. In his ignorance of the English language and the law he feared he might get into trouble, and so fled to New York.

The Proposed Niagara Ship Canal.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The committee of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation to which was referred the consideration of Congressman Nutting's Niagara Ship Canal Bill, has prepared a resolution to the effect that the board favors an appropriation by Congress of a sum not exceeding $15,000 to provide for the survey and estimates of cost by United States engineers of a ship canal connecting Lake Erie and Ontario, on the American side, of a sufficient capacity to float such vessels as will be able to pass the Sault Ste. Marie.

Methodists Favor Deaconesses.

NEW YORK, May 18.—At the Methodist Episcopal General Conference to-day Bishop Hurst presided. The Committee on Temporal Economy presented a memorial regarding the finances of the church which was tabled. The Committee on Missions reported favorably on the appointment of deaconesses and the report was adopted. The report of the commission on lay and ministerial delegates was taken up. It favors equal representation.

BANKER TAYOLR IN COURT.

THE LONDON FINANCIER PLACED ON TRIAL.

An Acquittal Directed by the Judge in Two Cases in which Misappropriation of Ontario Investment Funds was Charged—Still in Jail on a Capias.

LONDON, May 18.—At the Assize Court to-day, Chief Justice Galt presiding, Henry Taylor, ex-president of the Ontario Investment Association, was placed on trial for the misappropriation of $5000 belonging to that institution. The prosecution failed to establish criminal intent and His Lordship charged the jury to that effect but stated that a civil action might succeed. The jury after an absence of a few minutes returned a verdict of not guilty.

Mr. Taylor was again placed on trial on a similar charge, the amount being $10,000. As the evidence was similar to that adduced in the former case the judge ordered the jury to return a verdict of not guilty, which was done.

Mr. Taylor remains in jail upon a capias.

DETECTIVE NAEGELE'S TRIAL.

Commenced at Montreal Yesterday—A Startling Discovery in Phillips' House.

MONTREAL, May 18.—The special term of the Court of Queen's Bench for the trial of Naegele and Bureau opened to-day, Judge Baby presiding, when Louis Naegele's trial was commenced. Considerable time was spent in swearing the jury, a number being objected to and others stating that they were prejudiced against the accused. The evidence of railway employes was taken to-day but was only a repetition of former statements.

A startling discovery has been made in connection with the trial. It appears that Frank Wilson wrote a letter from Boston to a party concerned to some extent in the trial and disclosed to him that one of the principal proofs against the prisoners was to be found in Harry Phillips' house in Dorset-street. "Go up-stairs to the attic and you will find there a thieves' trap made for secreting goods," he wrote. The party so informed accordingly imparted the story to the prosecution, who sent High Constable Bissonnette and Grand Trunk Railway Detective Boaz to Phillips' house to investigate the matter, and, true enough, the trap was found. It consisted of a box made of heavy planks and nailed to the flooring. The interior of the box was filled with sawdust, probably to cover stolen goods. It took quite a while to find the door, which opened by a secret spring. The sawdust seemed to be in a condition as though goods had been pulled out of it, but nothing was found there.

It is rumored that a number of new and startling disclosures will be brought out in this trial.

New Professors for Victoria.

COBOURG, May 18.—The regents of Victoria University have made these new appointments:

Professor of civil polity—N. Burwash, LL.D.

Professor of ethics—E. J. Badgley, D.D., LL.D.

The chair of civil polity is a new one. Dr. Badgley succeeds the late Dr. Nelles in the chair of ethics. The appointments are regarded as excellent.

Confirmation at Port Perry.

PORT PERRY, May 18.—The Bishop of Toronto held a confirmation in the Church of the Ascension here last night. Rev. R. Harris, Brighton, said evensong; Rev. F. J. Lynch, Sunderland, read the lessons, and Rev. Dr. Carry, Incumbent of Port Perry, presented the candidates, 31 in number. The church was adorned with flowers and festal hangings and was crowded with people.

Murdered by a Bailiff.

DUBLIN, May 18.—A bailiff named Sweeney while escorting a drunken son of Landlord Lloyd to his home at Templemore, County Tipperary, fired upon a laborer named Thompson and wounded him in the hip. Another workman named Kennedy interfered and Sweeney shot him also, the bullet entering the heart. Both shots were fired at Lloyd's orders. The police pursued and arrested Sweeney, and with difficulty prevented the people from lynching him.

Prospective Passenger Rate War.

CHICAGO, May 18.—There is a prospect of another war of rates on passenger business between Chicago and Boston. The Niagara Falls short line has not consented to arbitrate the question of whether it shall retain its differential of $1.25 and is not likely to. The Grand Trunk is daily expected to meet the short line's rate.

Denmark's International Exhibition.

COPENHAGEN, May 18.—The International Exhibition was opened to-day by the King. All the members of the Royal Family were present. The buildings of the city were decorated, American and German men-of-war were in the harbor and fired salutes.

Love's Young Dream.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Ida McGrath (white), the 18-year-old daughter of respectable parents, who was reported lost about three weeks ago, was found to-day in a shanty near the city limits living with a full-blooded negro boatblack named Henry Watkins, to whom she was married on April 23.

A Reprisal.

BERLIN, May 18.—It is rumored that an Imperial rescript is about to be issued, which is intended to prevent as far as possible Frenchmen from visiting Alsace-Loraine, in reprisal for the obstacles placed in the way of Germans on the French side of the frontier.

Mr. Chamberlain Presented with an Address

LONDON, May 18.—The British Foreign Arbitration Society has presented to Mr. Chamberlain an illuminated address eulogizing his sevices in connection with the settlement of the fisheries dispute between Canada and the United States.

Attacked by a Welsh Mob.

LONDON, May 18.—A party of tithe collectors and police were attacked by a mob at Llanifidd, Wales, yesterday, and in the conflict thirty-five persons were injured, seven of them seriously.

Fire at Ingersoll.

INGERSOLL, May 18.—McInnes & Co.'s storehouse was burned down this morning between 4 and 5 o'clock. The building and scales were worth about $1000 and were insured for $500. The storehouse contained 500 barrels of flour belonging to J. Cawthorpe of Thamesford, on which there was no insurance. The flour was to have been shipped to-day.

A Farmhouse Burnt.

OSHAWA, May 18.—The farmhouse of Thos. Conlin, about four miles north of this place, was burned to the ground to-day together with its contents. There was no insurance on either the house or furniture and the loss will be heavy.

Cut Her Throat with a Razor.

AYR, May 18.—Mary Elliott, about 30 years of age, daughter of George Elliott of this place, committed suicide this morning by cutting her throat with a razor. No cause has been assigned for the rash act.

Death of an Early Oxford Settler.

INGERSOLL, May 18.—Mrs. Choate, wife of John Choate of North Dorchester, near Ingersoll, one of the early settlers of this part of the country, dropped dead this morning about 6 o'clock, shortly after rising.

Concert at the Asylum.

The last entertainment for the present season took place on Wednesday evening, an excellent program of song and recitation being given by Misses Woods, Morrell and Ritchie, and Messrs James Fax, McDowall, Dimnock, Grant and Church. Miss English presided at the piano.

PROROGUED.

The Session of the Manitoba Legislature Ended—Disappointed Lo.

WINNIPEG, May 18.—The Legislature prorogued this evening at 6 with the usual ceremonies. Governor Aikens' speech congratulated the House on the passage of the Redistribution Bill, the Manhood Suffrage Bill, the adoption of the Quebec resolutions, the operation of the disallowance policy, and the legislation for the promotion of railway construction.

Mr. Clarke, an aspirant for parliamentary honors in Prince Albert, was brought in Monday night a raving maniac.

Forty Indians and squaws, engaged by a Yankee quack medicine man as Sekirk's scouts to travel as an advertisement through the Season, were to start this morning, but the scouts didn't put in an appearance and Lo went home disgusted.

O'Connor Power arrived here to-day and leaves to-morrow to visit the Crofters near Moosomin.

Wheat has advanced 15 to 20 cents, and is now at 70 and 71. Winnipeg dealers hold about 2,000,000 bushels.

Mrs. Palen of Clandeboye charges her husband with attempting to burn their residence. He has been arrested, but denies the accusation.

City Hall Small Talk.

A Board of Works sub-committee, under the guidance of Ald. Woods, yesterday visited the Garrison Creek sewer, the work on the extension of College-street, and other points in the West End where city work is in progress or about to be begun.

Assistant City Engineer Alan Macdougall has been confined to his house the past two weeks through illness.

Contractor William Jones has been awarded the contract for the re-grading of Gerrard-street east.

The Property Committee will recommend to Council the cancelling of the Toronto Dock Company's lease. Engineer Sankey has discovered that half the dry dock lies on the property leased to the company by the city and half on the Smith estate.

Assistant City Solicitor Caswell is to be provided with a private apartment in the City Hall.

Building permits to the amount of $25,000 were yesterday issued by the City Commissioner.

Mr. W. A. Reeve, Q.C., has been appointed counsel for the city in the Don arbitration case. Mr. Biggar being burdened with other work.

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In Favor of a Free Zoo.

Three deputations waited on the Executive Committee yesterday to point out the good which would accrue to the city if the Council would accept from the Toronto Zoological and Acclimatization Association the Zoological Gardens, the city to assume the association's liabilities, amounting to $8000. R. W. Baird and James Carruthers were present from the Board of Trade; Chairman Fyfe, Trustees C. A. B. Browne, H. A. E. Kent, Frank Somers and Inspector Hughes, from the Public School Board; and President J. S. Carlile, M. J. McArthur, W. A. Murray and Ald. Piper, from the Zoological Society. The school trustees, headed by the Inspector, strongly urged the city to take hold of the gardens. Their educational value to the citizens' children could not be too highly appreciated. The Board of Trade gentlemen spoke in similar strain, and Ald. Piper told how he had worked long and late for the Zoo, and he was willing, as were the rest of the company, to surrender his interests in the gardens for the general good of the city. The sub-committee composed of Ald. Fleming, Carlyle (St. Thomas), Harvie and Johnston was deputed to report.

The Osgoode L. & L. Wind up the Session.

The Osgoode Literary and Legal Society closed its winter session last night, when the question, "Should women be excluded from the learned professions," was discussed. Chancellor Boyd occupied the chair. The affirmative side was supported by Messrs. M. S. Mercer, B. A. and E. G. A. Du Vernet. The negative supporters were J. F. Gregory and A. McLean Macdonnell. The speakers all did well, perhaps the best effort being that of Mr. Du Vernet. The Chancellor decided the question in the ladies' favor.

The program was augmented by an address by A. Munro Grier, a song by Miss Tillie Carter and a recitation, "Eugene Aram's Dream," by Cuyler Hastings.

After the elders had departed there was dancing.

Amusement Squibs.

The Germans and the French are still fighting the Battle of Sedan at the Cyclorama to large audiences. To-night at 7 p.m. the admission is only 25c, which always draws large crowds.

Last two performances of "One of the Bravest" at the Toronto this afternoon and to-night. Frankie Kemble will play the first half of next week in "Sybil," and Tony Pastor will be here Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Manager Shaw's benefit at the Toronto Friday night will be the big thing in theatrical circles next week. Mr. Shaw's hundreds of patrons will be heard from in no uncertain way.

Mr. Fields' piano recital promises to be a big event, especially now that it is assured that Miss Agnes Huntington is to sing several of her choicest pieces. The date is May 30, at the Gardens.

An Arbitration Award.

Ex-Ald. G. M. Evans, Chas. Mitchell, Q.C., and J. E. Robertson, arbitrators in the matter of the deviation of College street, have made this award:

Ontario Industrial, Loan & Investment Co. $4,005, with 6 per cent. interest dating from October, 1885.

James Gormley, $1,350 with 6 per cent interest from the same date.

Mrs. James Prittie $3,718 with the same interest.

The arbitrators also give the three parties those portions of the old street opposite their expropriated property.

The cost of the arbitration in the way of fees, etc., is $1,132.

Administration of Criminal Justice.

The joint committee of the City Council and County Council in the matter of criminal justice met yesterday, with Ald. Shaw in the chair. The county members complained that the county did not get its proper proportion of fees accruing from the administration of justice, and submitted a proposition that the city get 82 per cent. and the county 18 per cent. from this source. The chairman hinted that the city had an unsatisfied claim against the county for the maintenance of county prisoners in the jail, but the county councillors refused to consider the matter at this stage. The 82 and 18 per cent. proportion will be considered at a future meeting.

A Gratuity Granted.

A petition from W. J. Turner, tax-collector for St. Andrew's Ward, asking for a gratuity on his retiring from office, was read at the Executive Committee yesterday. The City Treasurer recommended that he be granted a year's salary ($675). Ald. Galbraith and Fleming opposed this on general principles, while Ald. Carlyle (St. Andrew's) pleaded the cause of the tax-collector. The sum was voted, Ald. Fleming, Carlyle (St. Thomas) and Galbraith voting nay.

New Testament Greek.

The Niagara Assembly announce a School of New Testament Greek at the Canadian Chautauqua grounds, Niagara-on-the-Lake, June 15 to 25. The session will be under the supervision of Dean Wright of the Chautauqua School of Theology, who says in a letter, "I am telling simply a fact when I say the best students of our school are your Canadian preachers." Such an opportunity has never before been offered in Canada.

Three Rivers Nomination.

THREE RIVERS, Que., May 18.—Hon. Arthur Turcotte, Attorney-General, and Arthur Olivier, Conservative, were nominated here to-day for the Legislative Assembly.

SHOULD TAKE ALL THEY CAN GET.

Why the T. and L. Committee Did Not Report Against Increasing Civic Salaries.

The Trades and Labor Council met last night, with President Parr in the chair. Several new delegates were in attendance.

Delegate O'Donoghue read the Legislative Committee's report. The committee condemned the present system of immigration, which landed in Canada the criminals and paupers of Britain; supported the early closing bylaw; opposed the now defunct Copyright Bill; protested against the manner of dealing with the Seamen's Bill in the Commons; recommended that a petition be presented to the Commons against the granting of any public money to immigration; considered that the council was entitled to representation on the Board of the Industrial Exhibition; rejoiced at the prospect of legislation to punish members of combines and denounced the speech of the Grand Conductor of the Order of Railway Conductors in so far as it was against trade unions and strikes, the committee being of opinion that the conductors were justly called "scabs" by the Brotherhood of Engineers. The report was adopted.

A meeting of labor organizations will be held to consider the immigration question.

The report of the Municipal Committee asked for a deliverance of the aldermen on the immigration question; condemned the putting of the plumbing inspectors under the City Engineer in place of the Medical Health Officer, the low-rating valuation of certain property in Front-street and the letting of water lots to J. S. McMurray in the manner currently reported; and entered their protest against a reduction of the water rates to Massey's, the lacrosse clubs or anyone else. The delegates were not satisfied with this report. They complained of the omission of all reference to the proposed increase in salaries of certain city officials. The committee defended the omission of any reference to the matter on the ground that all the delegates were ready to take an advance in wages when they could get it and the committee would therefore not condemn the city officials for doing the same thing. Then the delegates went for the committee in style. The City Clerk's ability was questioned. Hints were thrown out that some of the lower paid officials were entitled to an increase of pay, and that nearly all the workmen in the employ of the city were underpaid. It was eventually resolved to lay the report on the table.

A letter was read from the City of Woodstock, Secretary of Unity Assembly 3151, K. of L., complaining that workmen were hired by farmers and others in Toronto to go to Woodstock on promise of receiving certain wages, and then when pay day came these people were given less than they were promised.

The session closed at 11 p.m.

How Charles Drury Assumes Office.

It was rumored around town yesterday that the new Minister of Agriculture had left his native heath in Simcoe county and, armed with a pitchfork and goose wing, was putting his quarters at Agricultural Hall, Queen and Yonge streets, in order. Accordingly one of The World's young men held himself up to see what was going on, and found Mr. Drury waiting through routine work in company with Deputy Commissioner Blue. Mr. Drury was pleased to receive the respects of the young man. He thought that the Agricultural Department would be stationed in the building where he was. No cider mill, however, would be kept on the premises and former friends of the new Minister will govern themselves accordingly. Mr. Drury had no fault to the present staff, at least not just now.

As to his line of policy the Minister did not care to say much. He would, however, direct a large part of his attention to further the cause of dairying. Hence to The World's creamery advocacy he said that any effort to increase the product of butter and better its quality was a worthy one.

A New Drug Store.

At No. 100 Yonge street Mr. G. A. Bingham has opened out one of the most handsomely appointed drug stores in the city. It has some novelties attached to it that will help to make it popular. Among them is the automatic perfume fountain, an ingenious construction for dispensing scent to visitors without cost, and the night call, which when the button is pressed, calls the night clerk and lights the gas at once. The premises are beautifully fitted up in antique oak and the wall and ceiling decoration is very pretty. A full line of drugs and chemicals is kept in stock, also an extensive stock of perfumery and toilet articles. Physicians, besides having their prescriptions carefully prepared, have a consulting room, comfortably furnished, placed at their disposal. The many friends which Mr. Bingham has made in both his wholesale and retail trade will be delighted to see him at the century drug store.

Shields on Temperance-street is selling out stock of liquors at cost. See advertisement. 36

Decidedly Interesting.

The best authorities on fashion abound their latest efforts with lace gowns in every conceivable design, some of which are charmingly exquisite. The favor of these costumes in the rich Chantilly effects was never so pronounced, and the scarcity of choice patterns should urge ladies to make selections early. The Atrodome, King-street east, with their customary super-conception of the fashionable necessities, announce the opening of a special importation, marvelously grand in effect and value, the inspection of which will be of decided interest. Dress goods, silks and trimmings this house stands pre-eminently the first in Canada, the bargains they are also adding to-day eclipsing any of their best past efforts. Economists invariably take advantage of such an opportunity for securing high class goods cheaper than any of the ordinary effects obtainable in the city.

The Cibola.

The World had a look at the Cibola at her moorings in Deseronto harbor on Thursday. There is a large force of men at work on her night and day at the woodwork and fittings. The powerful engines are all ready for steam. The woodwork in the finishing will surprise the patrons of the boat by its magnificence. The Cibola looks as if she is much larger than the Chicora, and will be as perfect and as seaworthy as money and skill can make her.

—For first-class photos at the people's prices try Shannessey & Hall, 258 Yonge-street. First-class cabinets $3 per doz.; sunbeams $1 per doz. 624

Summer Quarters on the Island.

Mrs. Mead has fitted up her house (Lakeview) in the Centre Island in a style that will commend itself to her friends who are wont to pass the summer there. On Tuesday the house will be ready to receive boarders by the day, week or season. Mrs. Mead has bought a site near her present house, on which she will immediately erect a commodious summer hotel.

An Accidental Death.

The detectives do not think there has been any foul play in the matter of the death of Joseph Graham, whose body was pulled from the Bay Thursday. The father of J. R. Dunning, who was last seen with deceased, yesterday informed Inspector Stark that he expected his son in the city to-day, having telegraphed to Shannonville for him to come and tell what he knows about the death of Graham.

Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, Minute Books, Price and Memo Books. Best goods only. Grand & Toy, Leader-lane. 631

Commander Law's Loss.

Commander Law, R.N., of Government House, visited the Art Exhibition at the Granite Rink on Thursday night, and while taking in the pictures was relieved of $15 which he had in his pants pocket.

A St. Lawrence Butcher Assigns.

James H. Britton, the St. Lawrence Market butcher, has assigned to E. T. Carter for the benefit of his creditors.

To clean and preserve the teeth use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Sold by all druggists and confectioners; 5 cents. x

NATURE'S GIFT TO CANADA

THE QUEEN VICTORIA NIAGARA FALLS PARK.

To be Formally Opened on Her Majesty's Next Birthday—The Wondrous Beauties of the Situation—Free to all the World—The Walks, Drives and Bridges.

The people of the great Province of Ontario can hardly realize until they see for themselves what a magnificent park they now possess on the sunset side of the Niagara River, extending from the Clifton House along the banks for fully 2½ miles. Thanks to to the timely suggestion of Lord Dufferin and the liberal and prompt provision that the Ontario Legislature made to carry these suggestions out

The World was one of a party of newspaper men that went over to see the park on Thursday. Col. Gzowski, the chairman of the commission who administers the affairs of this famed pleasure-ground, sails for England on Monday, and his last official act was to make substantial arrangements for sending the scribes over to Niagara to instruct the people on their magnificent natural and romantic resort. The park is to be formally opened on Thursday next, on the anniversary of Her Majesty's birthday, but it is not intended to have any ceremony. Practically the park is open to all now, and as the reporters drove through the magnificent avenues on Thursday over twenty carriage loads of American visitors, who had came to view the beauties of the spot, were to be seen.

Thursday was a grand day at the park. The weather was beautiful: in fact it was the only pleasant day that the people around the Falls have been blessed with this season.

Several objections have been made to the name of the new pleasure ground; "The Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park," but these objections will easily be outweighed when the people get to romping over the verdure-covered acres which compose it. The park contains 113 acres. It is 2½ miles long and about one-eighth of a mile deep. The land included in park is familiar to all readers of The World, but there is hardly a portion of it within the way of "gardening" that they would not recognize the place. All the natural beauties of the great bank which runs along the wonderous cataract and its whirlpools and rapids have been preserved, but the hand of man has wonderfully assisted Nature in a few matters of detail which so materially add to the beauty and comfort of the grounds.

The main entrances to the park are at the north and just across the road from the Clifton House. There are two gates here. The one close to the edge of the river bank is for pedestrians, the other, 10 or 15 feet to the west, is for carriages. This entrance will be called the "Mowat Gate," in honor of Premier Mowat. The footpath runs so close to the river bank that the pedestrian has a magnificent view of the great cataract from the moment he enters the park until he is right on to it. The entrances are through a rustic gate and under a rustic covering. Turnstiles are to be placed at the entrance and an actual count kept of the daily number of visitors. But, gentle reader, don't forget that the park is *free for all.*

Between the foot entrance and the cataract already two ample and handsome "points of vantage" have been erected. From either of these, but more particularly from the more southerly one, a magnificent view of both the American and Canadian falls can be obtained. These, with the other points to be called, are built right on the brink of the great bank. The view could not possibly be improved upon from any vantage ground in the park.

From the carriage drive also the view is very fine, but, of course, being considerably further back than the footpath, it is not so good. To render the park as beautiful as it now is, the commissioners have torn down no less than 40 buildings of different kinds that stood on the lands which have been expropriated under the provisions of the act creating the pleasure ground. The most notable of these demolished structures was the Prospect House, just close to the Table Rock House, which, being a very substantial stone building, has been allowed to remain. The question also remains, and to what purposes these buildings will be put the commissioners have not yet decided. Perhaps a restaurant will be established in one of them. The commissioners will work all these details out, and the park will be improved and beautified from year to year. The office of the commissioners is a neat little brick cottage, just inside the Mowat Gate. The office is fitted up with every convenience, and here Mr. James Wilson, the efficient and courteous superintendent, makes his headquarters. In addition to the Mowat Gate there will be two entrances from the west, over and through the hill which forms a picturesque fringe along almost the entire western limit of the park. These entrances are at Robinson (named after the ex-governor) and Murray streets, and they will be turnstiled like the main gates.

But perhaps the most beautiful and picturesque part of the park is that portion which lies between Cedar Island, Dufferin Island and the cascades, extending to a point opposite the Three Sister Islands, and from the further end of which a grand view is disclosed to the visitor. To the west stands the memorable Chippewa Indian Church, and in the distance is Navy Island.

At this point the grand old river is broken up into dozens of miniature falls and cataracts before the great fall of 175 feet is reached.

All through Cedar Island and Dufferin Islands are beautiful rustic walks and paths and suspension bridges. The most notable of these paths is the "Lovers' Walk," which passes over at many points the innumerable little creeks and rivers that are the offshoots of the great stream itself. These walks are built upon a substantial crib-work which, if the reporter could judge of their stability, will last as long as the cataract itself. Cedar Island and its aggregation of rustic and natural attractions will be a favorite spot with visitors. Beds of fragrant flowers will be among the natural embellishments of the park.

And now for something about the revenue of a *free* park. There are only two sources of receipts open to the commissioners to meet the interest on the debentures which were issued to purchase the park and to meet current expenses. Practically the park is *free.* But there will be an admission of 10 cents to every foot passenger who passes through the entrance gates of Cedar Island. Carriages will be charged at the rate of 50 cents each, no matter if they contain one or half a dozen of passengers. This applies to Cedar Island only. The commissioners have erected at a great expense a substantial elevator just beside the old staircase leading to Table Rock. This elevator is 100 feet high. In Table Rock House will be kept oil-skin suits of the very best material, suitable for ladies and gentlemen. For the use of one of these suits, with a guide and the elevator to make the descent, visitors will be taken underneath the Falls at 50 cents each. From this source alone the commissioners anticipate a handsome revenue. The view of the cataract from the elevator, both going up and down, is something to be enjoyed, to be really appreciated.

All kinds of fakirs, pedlars gamblers and card-sharps are to kept out of the park, nor will any liquor be allowed to be sold within its limits. The commissioners have not yet decided to what extent ordinary refreshments will be allowed. This is a matter that is now receiving the commissioners' most earnest attention. The attaches of the resort will wear the "royal parks" uniform, minus the beef-eater's hat, and several of them are sworn in as special constables. Good order will be maintained. The park in summer will be open from 6 a.m. till sundown, and in winter from 8 a.m. till sundown. The superintendent, however, has power to keep the park open at any time after dark for the convenience of excursionists.

The work of Col. Gzowski and his fellow commissioners has been, so to speak, a labor of love. The board is composed of Col. Gzowski (chairman), J. A. Orchard, J. W. Langmuir and James Grant Macdonald, with Mr. James Wilson as the superintendent. Mr. Wilson was very devoted to the press party in showing them through the park. The commissioners have been untiring in their labors, and have proven themselves worthy of the trust that has been reposed in them.

Something about the finances of the park may prove of interest. On Dec. 31 last a report was issued, showing the receipts and expenditures up to that date, and showing also a balance of $165,109 to the credit of the commissioners in the Imperial Bank, to