EMA ON A LADY.

ra Case of Skin Disease
red her face and body.
Many Doctors Baffled.

lous and Complete Cure by
ura, 6 years have Elapsed and no Return.

ustomer of ours (Miss Fanny Atwood, e Depot, N Y.) has been cured of a case of skin disease by the use of A REMEDIES. She remarked that her baffled the skill of many well known a. They unanimously pronounced it with Rheumatism lurking in the me predicted that any treatment nough to cure the Eczema would crease the Rheumatism. She used of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. The s marvellous. Her case of Eczema nly completely cured, but her Rheuas greatly relieved during the treatx years have elapsed since the cure ormed, her Rheumatism has since reased by the treatment, but rather d, and she sees no symptoms of the the Eczema which once so completely session of her face and body. Miss elights in telling of the good effects CURA treatment had upon her, and nds unsolicited the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Eczema and all kindred ailments, parations find ready sale; indeed A SOAP is on the list to buy almost nly.
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Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest Remedies, internally (to cleanse the all impurities, and thus remove the nd CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, , (to clear the skin and scalp, and e hair), cure every species of agonizing, burning, scaly, and pimply dise skin, scalp and blood.

erywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; ; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the RUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION,

d for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

ES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, d oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

I CAN'T BREATHE.
Chest Pains, Soreness, Weakness, Hacking Cough, Asthma, Pleurisy, and Inflammation relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-ster. Nothing like it for Weak Lungs

AN STEAMSHIPS
YAL MAIL LINES.

st and Quickest Route to the Old Country.

From Halifax
.....Allan Line.....Jan. 23
..... do. .....Feb. 6
.....Dominion Line.....Jan. 30
..... do. .....Feb. 13
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nipeg.. do. .....Feb. 11
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ebraska...Allan-State Line ...Jan. 23
.....White Star Line.....Jan. 20
..... do. .....Jan. 27
..... do. .....Feb. 3

$40, $45, $50, $60, $70, $80, upwards. ate—$25, $30, $35. Steerage—$20. ers tick ted through to all points in ain and Ireland, and at specially low l parts of the European continent. passages arranged from all points. r rates of fare and full particulars to MERON, C. P. R. Agent, Victoria. V. B. DENNISON, Nanaimo. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

HAGYARD'S
ELLOW OIL"
ures Rheumatism.

an's Worm Powders
asant to take. Contain their own s. Is a safe, sure and effectual de worms in Children or Adults.

ood Purifier for Horses and Cattle
will remove all signs of fever, and consequently prevent any disease that may be going about from taking a firm hold on their constitution, will be found infinitely superior to any Condition Powder now used, as it loosens the hide, enabling the animal to cast his hair, and is also an unfailing eradicator of Bots and Worms. For sale everywhere. 50c.
DICK'S BLISTER, for spavins, ringbones, &c. $5 cts.
DICK'S OINTMENT, for sores, scratches, &c. 25c.
LINIMENT is most excellent for swellings, scalds, sores, &c., in man or d a most wonderful cure for Rheuma.
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EAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.
essful Medicine used over 30 years in s of cases. Cures SPERMATORRHŒA, S WEAKNESS, EMISSIONS, IMPOTENCY diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion exertion. Six packages GUARANTEED when all others fail. Ask your Druggist the Great English Prescription, take no te. One package $1. Six $5, by mail, for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.
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days after date I intend making lication to the Hon. Chief Commissioner and Works for permission to purchase more or less Barclay Sound, comat O Warner's N. W. corner post orth 40 chains thence west 40 chains' outh 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, to commencement.
H. PARBERY.
anuary 23rd, 1892. ja29-2m

days after date I intend making lication to the Hon. Chief Commissioner and Works for permission to purchase more or less Barclay Sound, comat E.J. Gray's S.W. corner post; hence chains, thence west 40 chains, thence chains, thence east 40 chains, to place nencement.
F. E. ALLEY.
anuary 23rd, 1821. ja29-2m

CE is hereby given that 60 days from te I intend to make application to the commissioner of Lands and Works for on to purchase the following described nate on the south side of Bella Coola. Starting from a stake about 2 miles place called Miskalet, thence east 40 hence north 80 chains, thence west 40 more or less, to river; thence following wn in a southerly direction 80 chains, less to place of commencement, all ng 320 acres, more or less.
ROBT. JAMIESON.
at Bella Coola, Dec. 3, 1891. ja22-2m

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

The Religious Controversy in Nanaimo Waxes Warm—Realistic Acting in Erma, the Elf.

Governor Moresby Returns to Westminster with Five Indian Prisoners—C.P.R. Returns.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Jan. 27.—The trouble created by the stand made by Rev. D. A. McRae against Evangelists Hunter and Crossley has taken another turn, and the complimentary expressions of brotherly love are flying thick and fast. The author of the alleged garbled report of Rev. Mr. McRae's first sermon, which was the signal for the row to commence, has come forward and declared himself to be J. A. Teit. This gentleman most emphatically denies that either Revs. Hunter, Crossley or Baer had anything to do in any way with the report, or any knowledge of it, until after it was published. Rev. Mr. Baer also contributes another chapter to the controversy in which he accuses Rev. Mr. McRae of being guilty of the most palpable falsehood. He says he can get any, or all, of those who were present at the first consultation Mr. McRae had with his friends of the Ministerial Union, to swear that Mr. McRae falsified the facts in stating that he told them all to go home and mind their own business. In concluding his letter, Rev. Mr. Baer promises to show Rev. McRae up in his true light on Thursday next.

The uniforms for the Nanaimo Infantry corps have arrived and have been distributed. The first parade of the company, in uniform, will take place on Wednesday evening, and it is probable that there will be a church parade within the next week or so.

Louis Piero and Vincent Graconio, the two Italians who were charged with being implicated in last Sunday's shooting affray at South Wellington, were up before the Wellington magistrates, yesterday. The evidence against them was very weak and they were discharged. Ericeson and Johnson, the wounded men, are progressing very favorably.

The Wellington stabbing cases came up, yesterday, at Wellington, before Messrs. Planta, Matthews and Mathieson, J.P.'s. The evidence offered went to show that the wounds were not very dangerous, and, at request of counsel for prosecution, an adjournment was made until Friday next. In the meantime, it is probable that the charge of felonious wounding will be withdrawn, and a charge of assault substituted.

There is a good deal of discussion on the streets over a resolution introduced, at Monday night's meeting of the Council, to the effect that the admission, promotion and discharge of men and boys engaged in making and repairing streets, should be approved by a majority vote of the Street committee. The present system leaves the whole matter in the hands of the Street Superintendent, and there are many complaints that strangers get the preference over residents. On the other hand, it is contended that if the Street committee had control of what is really the city employment bureau, the wirepulling which would result would seriously affect the work done.

The race between C. Martin and Alex. McLean has been postponed till to-morrow, on account of the rough weather.

Mrs. J. Mahrer was found dead in bed this morning. The deceased had been subject to apoplectic fits, and had taken one last evening about ten o'clock. She was carried to bed. Mrs. Foster, who occupied the same bed, was horrified to find her dead this morning. The doctor says she had been dead several hours.

An inquest was held, to-day, on the body of H. Hague, who was thrown from a buggy on Sunday evening. After the witnesses had been examined the jury returned a verdict of "accidental death caused by deceased being thrown from his buggy on the Victoria Road."

NEW WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., Jan 27.—A man named Harry Seymour was struck by the train a short distance East of Yale, yesterday, and had his shoulder and leg dislocated. He was brought to the city, today, and placed in the Royal Columbian hospital.

R. J. Armstrong, a prominent merchant and brother of Sheriff Armstrong, died this afternoon, aged 69.

Mather & Milligan's wharf was broken into, yesterday morning, and $100 worth of provisions stolen.

Father Benson, late superior of the society of St. John the Evangelist, is a guest of Bishop Sillitoe, and will remain some days. He is homeward bound from India and China.

Mr. Moresby returned, to-day, from the north, bringing five Indians connected with Long Jack's murder case. One of them supplied the whisky which led to the killing.

Prof. Sharpe, of the Experimental Farm, intends urging the Government to encourage sugar beet growing in B.C., by purchasing seed and giving it free, in small quantities, to the farmers. He says sugar beets can be grown to better advantage in British Columbia than anywhere else in Canada.

Great preparations have been made, here, for the celebration of the Chinese New Year. An immense quantity of goods have arrived by the Empress of Japan for the festival.

Rev. R. G. Mills has been inducted as pastor of the West Presbyterian Church.

The members of Westminster Central Labor Union have passed a resolution denouncing convict labor, and asking for assistance from Vancouver, Nanaimo and Victoria councils in their support of this movement.

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 27.—The C.P.R. traffic returns, for the week ending 14th January, were $386,000, compared with $282,000, the same week last year.

Joe Hess, Toronto's well-known temperance lecturer, is expected to lecture in Vancouver, shortly.

The SS. Eliza Edwards has gone northward again, on another halibut fishing excursion.

Mrs. J. B. Ker has received a letter from a Chinaman, at Darcey Island, saying that if he was not allowed to return to civilization, he would kill himself.

During the performance of Erma, the Elf, on Wednesday evening, in which Katie Putnam acted the part of the Little Red Devil, in the murder scene, where the dramatized Bill Sykes attempts to murder his wife, the acting was so realistic that the scream of a stage lady in distress was echoed by a lady in the dress circle, who went into violent hysterics, and was carried out of the house.

Rev. E. A. Telfer left for the East, yesterday. The following true story is told of the divine: He was once trustee of a large legacy left to an orphan child. A lawyer, who was the other trustee, got hold of the money and absconded. Mr. Telfer, in his efforts to return to the child what she had lost by the dishonest lawyer, has twice toured the world. It is said he has nearly accomplished his object.

The special committee of the Canadian National League met at the Alhambra hotel, this evening.

R. P. Cooke, B.A., C.E., died at 7 o'clock this morning. He was born at Birr, King's County, Ireland, in 1825, and came to Canada in 1852. He was engaged in the railway business in Toronto, Stratford, Kingston and Brockville. He has been a resident of Vancouver for three years, and was a Conservative in politics. At the time of his death he was Vice-Chancellor of the University of B. C., and President of St. Patrick's Society. A wife and three daughters survive him.

The scaffolding was taken from the Oppenheimer front of the Y.M.C.A. building, today. The front is much admired, and reflects credit on the architect and the choice of the philanthropist.

Major C. Clarke, representative of the English syndicate interested in the Crofter scheme, passed through on his way to Victoria, to-day. Major Clarke was non-committal. He would say nothing definite until certain measures were disposed of in the House.

Coroner McGuigan and Officer Geo. Calbeck are in Squamish enquiring into the death of John Grant, found dead in his cabin, on Sunday, with a bullet hole in his hat.

The ship Aristomene, 1,750 tons, Capt. Jones, has arrived from Java, with a cargo of 2,500 tons of raw sugar, for the B.C. Refinery. She had a very rough passage, and had to put into San Francisco in distress.

Arrangements have been made for the conveyance of a closed mail from Vancouver to Victoria, via Nanaimo, on Mondays.

Capt. Tillett, of the Empress of China, has been appointed acting marine superintendent for the C.P.R., at Hongkong. Mr. Archibald, formerly chief officer on the Empress of India, has been given command of the Empress of China, and Mr. Metcalfe, formerly second officer, has been promoted to be first officer.

The Union S. S. company's steamer Cutch has received a thorough overhauling, and was put back on the Nanaimo run again, yesterday.

There was danger for a few minutes, yesterday morning, that the Hastings sawmill would go up in smoke. The roof of the boiler house caught fire, but the blaze was soon extinguished by the mill brigade.

BLAINE AND CHILI.

A Correspondent of the London Chronicle Says Blaine Wants to Occupy Chili.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Chronicle, yesterday morning, published an article from an American correspondent bearing on the difficulty between the United States and Chili. The writer says he is not an admirer of Secretary Blaine, but has known him many years, and has come to recognize his strength of character and to appreciate the dangerous control he exercises over the American people. The correspondent declares that when Blaine hurried to Washington City two months ago he pretended to be in favor of a policy of peace, but in reality he wanted to gain time. He knew a sudden war between the United States and Chili would mean defeat, perhaps disastrous, for his country, which would be followed by a wave of adverse public opinion which would sweep him and his party out of power. When Blaine arrived at Washington City he proceeded to order war material and supplies shipped to San Francisco. Although Brooklyn and Philadelphia are the most Puritanical cities in the Union, workmen employed in the navy yards at those places were kept working on Sundays without intermission. The Secretary of State also superseded the "drawing-room" Admiral Walker by the "fire-eating" Gherardi. The opposition party did not care to object to this self evident design, and never demanded that the Chilian correspondence be made public. War with Chili, followed by military occupation of that country for some years, would give American merchants a chance to capture trade, and would please Blaine, who claimed that the new American tariff had not made markets. Once established in South America, it would be easy to find excuses to remain there, and it was probable that a revolution would break out in every South American republic, which would endanger the immense English investments in those countries. In conclusion, the correspondent says Blaine wants and means to quarrel. He is ambitious and knows how to flatter the vanity and the love of the Americans for the almighty dollar. If England desires to avoid war, she had better counsel Chili to submit to the demands of the United States.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Victoria market has generally been dull since the holidays. Many of the comestibles were largely purchased at that time, and of many of them there are considerable supplies in the hands of both dealers and consumers. Portland roller flour has advanced to $6.25 and $6.75, but the other brands remain without alteration. Barley has gone up to $40 per ton, the value of the other cereals being steady. Imported potatoes being $16 per ton, and Island grown $18. Vegetables of all kinds are in good demand, and there is no scarcity of them at, and even below, quotations. The farmers are bringing in quantities of eggs, which has had the effect of reducing fresh to 35c. per dozen, and imported (packed) to 25c. Fresh butter fetches from 32c. to 37½, and California from 50c. to 60c. per roll; Eastern creamery from 27c. to 29c., and Eastern dairy 25c. to 26c. Fruits are not over plentiful, in fact they are tending to scarcity; prices being, in consequence, firm. Oranges, according to quality, vary from $2.50 to $4.00 and $5. per case, the latter being the price asked for choice Navels. Lemons have a range of from $4.50 to $6.50. For dried fruits there is considerable inquiry at the ordinary run of prices. Valencia raisins 8½c., and sultanas 12½c. to 15c. New Canadian evaporated apples 11c. per lb. Hams and bacon have the usual consumptive demand at about the old figures. There is an ample supply of fresh meats, but prices are firmer Fish are very scarce. Spring salmon 12½c., steel heads 8c.; smoked salmon 12½c. to 15c.; fresh cod, three pounds for 25c.; skate 10c., and sturgeon 8c. to 10c. Poultry are none too plentiful, and there is an exceptionally heavy demand for chickens, this being the time of the Chinese New Year celebrations. The grocery trade has its ordinary activity; canned meats have advanced about 10 per cent. The ordinary staples are unchanged, with the exception of sugar, which has a firmer appearance, caused by the shortness of the beet crop, which nowadays materially affects the cane product. Lumber is very dull, and for some time there has been no change in quoted prices, although sales have been made at concessions. The retail dry goods houses are doing a considerable business at their clearance sales, and demands are being made both at wholesale and retail with considerable persistence for seasonable goods.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Money on call, loaned at easy rates to-day. The closing rate was 2 per cent; the highest, 2, and the lowest, 1½. Exchange closed steady. Posted rates, 4.85 to 4.87. Actual rates, 4.84 to 4.84½ for sixty days, and 4.85½ to 4.86 for demand. Governments closed steady. Currency, sixes, 109 bid; fours, Coupon, 115½; Extended twos, registered, 100 bid. Pacific Railroad bonds closed as follows: Union sinking funds, 107½ bid; Centrals, 106½ bid. Lackawanna was the feature of the dealings on the Stock Exchange this morning. It was very heavily traded in, and with the exception of a spell of weakness in opening, its price went steadily up. It advanced from 145, the price current shortly after the opening to 148. Western Union suddenly developed great activity in the second hour, and advanced from 83½ to 85. The fluctuations in the general market were slight, and at noon values were only fractionally higher. The market was not so strong at 12 o'clock, while trading was less active. There were heavy realizations in Lackawanna, which caused that stock to lose most of the early advance. The "bears," too, attacked the market in connection with the selling of Lackawanna, and the more unfavorable outlook of the Chilian situation, as reported in the press reports from Washington, and the sensational report that Minister Egan had been assassinated, also helped to depress the market for a time. Prices finally closed irregularly and slightly changed from yesterday's figures. Oregon Navigation closed 2½ higher. The sales for the day amounted to 450,891 shares. Closing prices: Pacific Mail, 38½; Western Union Telegraph, 83½; Northwest, 118½; New York Central, 114½; Northern Pacific, 23½; Northern Pacific, preferred, 67; Canadian Pacific, 88½; Oregon Improvement, 26½; Union Pacific, 48; Missouri Pacific, 63; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, 42½; Denver & Rio Grande, 17; Oregon Navigation, 89½; Central Pacific, 33½; Texas Pacific, 12½; Great Northern, 123½; Manitoba, 113; Fargo Express, 140; bar silver, 90½; Commercial Cable, 150.

VICTORIA MARKET REPORT.

FLOUR—Portland roller	$ 6.75
Salmon	6.25
Snowflake	6.50
Hungarian	6.50 @ 7.00
Victoria	5.75
Wheat, per ton	40.00@45.00
Oats, per ton	35.00
Barley, per ton	40.00
Middlings, per ton	30.00@32.50
Bran, per ton	27.50@30.00
Ground Feed, per ton	40.00
Oil Cake, per ton	35.00@40.00
Corn, whole	50.00
" cracked	50.00
Cornmeal, per 100 lbs. Canadian	2.50
Oatmeal	4.50@5.25
Beans, large white, per 100 lbs.	5.00
" small " "	5.00
" Bayo " "	5.50
Potatoes (Island), per ton	18.00
" (imported), per ton	16.00
Onions	3c¼
Hay, baled, per ton	18.00 @ 20.00
Straw, per bale	1@1.25
Beets, per lb	1@1½
Carrots, per lb	1@1½
Celery, per dozen	25
Apples, per box	1.25 @ 1.50
Apples per lb	3
Oranges, per case	3.75 @4.50
Peaches, per lb	10
Lemons, California, per case	4.50 @ 6.00
Cabbage (white), per lb	1½
" (red) "	3
Turnips, per lb	1
Russel Sprouts, per lb	3
Cauliflowers, per doz	75
Eggs, Island, per dozen	35
" imported "	25
Butter, roll, Island, per lb	32½ @ 37½
" fresh, per lb	35
" California, per roll	50
Cheese, Canadian per lb., retail	18 @ 20
" California	20
Hams, American "	18@20
Bacon, American, per lb	15 to 20
" Rolled "	14½ 16
Shoulders, per lb	12½ 13½
Lard "	15@20
Meats—Beef "	10@18
Sides "	9½@10
Mutton, per lb	12@18
Lamb, forequarter	1.25
" hindquarter	1.50@1.75
Pork, fresh "	15@18
Veal, dressed, per lb	15@18
Tallow	5@6
Chickens, per pair	1.50@1.75
Teal, per brace	40@50
Grouse	75
Beef cattle	4@5
Sheep	6@7
Hogs	8@9
Calves	7½@8
Turkey per lb	20
Geese per lb	15
Hides	6@8½
Skins, sheep, each	25@75
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	12½
" (Steel head), per lb	8
Cohoe	8
Cod	3 lb. for 25c
Miscellaneous	8
Sturgeon	8@10
Kippered Salmon	15
Smoked Salmon	12½@15
Smelts	10
Perch, 3 lbs	25
Herring, 3 lbs	25
Skate	10

The Baltimore Incident.

SANTIAGO, Jan. 23.—There is great excitement in this city over a report that an ultimatum has been received from the United States demanding that the controversy over the outrage perpetrated on the members of the crew of the U. S. cruiser Baltimore be adjusted without further delay. It is stated that the ultimatum is couched in the strongest possible terms, and that if suitable reparation and an apology for the Baltimore outrage is not forthcoming, the United States will sever all diplomatic relations with Chili. The immediate withdrawal of the offensive note of ex-foreign minister Matta is also demanded as one of the terms for the settlement of the question.

The U. M. B. S. and La Grippe.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—The United Masons Mutual Benevolent Society are $115,000 in arrears in the payment of death benefits, and in all probability will dissolve. The society was organized in 1869. The immediate cause of its embarassment is the heavy losses it sustained in the deaths of members during the months of November and December, due largely to the prevalence of the grippe.

Great Storm in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—The storm of yesterday was a severe one, and was felt far up the coast. Grave fears are entertained for some of the many coasters that were at sea. The steamer Newsberry, from Navarro, reports having experienced a strong southeast gale, with very high seas. She passed a large amount of lumber floating around, and the probabilities are some of the lumber crafts are minus their deck loads. At times the wind blew 60 miles an hour, while torrents of rain fell. Up to daylight, to-day, one inch of rain had fallen in this city. All the trains from the north were several hours late, having been delayed by washouts. Serious damage was done to shipping at anchor in the harbor, or lying at the wharves. In the city there were many minor accidents. The biggest disaster was the total demolition of a new building on Broderick street, between Ridley and Tilden. This was well along toward completion. It was a substantial structure, the contract price being $9,000, but the partitions were not yet up. The contractors are losers to the extent of $4,000 by the catastrophe. The southeaster spent its fury within a few hours after its first appearance, and was followed during the night by rain, which seems to have been pretty generally distributed over the state.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Hon. Edgar Dewdney Leaves for B.C. —Premier Abbott to Speak in Toronto.

A French Delegate to Investigate the Labor Question in Canada and the U. S.

Hon. Mr. Haggart Meets and Discomfits His Accuser, Preston, at Kingston.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—Hon. Mr. Dewdney left for British Columbia last night to attend his brother's funeral. On returning he will remain at Regina a few days, having been subpoenaed as a witness in the Herchmer inquiry.

Premier Abbott will address a public meeting in Toronto next week.

Paul Dechanel, of the French Chamber of Deputies, has been sent to Canada and the United States by the French Government to investigate the labor question.

The funeral of Mr. Hartney, late accountant of the House of Commons, took place to-day, and was largely attended by the staff of the House and citizens.

F. B. Coleman, of Fredericton, new caterer for the House of Commons, moved in to-day. He is not struck with his contract, and put in a requisition for more improvements.

The iron workers' strike, in this city, has collapsed.

Clifford Sifton, Attorney-General of Manitoba, is here. He says his province will make a great bid for immigration this year.

Baden-Powell says he expects to be called to Washington this week, on Behring Sea matters.

A deputation of Canadian shipowners engaged in the trans-Atlantic trade interviewed the Premier, this afternoon, and represented that their business was suffering from the lack of heavy freight, consequent on the falling off of the export of iron from Britain to Canada, due to increased production within the Dominion. They urged a substantial reduction in the iron duties. Premier Abbott held out little prospect of the request being granted, as it would be a violation of the policy of the present Government, endorsed by the electorate at the general elections.

At Kingston the charge against Hon. John Haggart received its quietus, to-night, when the Minister of Railways faced Preston and challenged him to prove his assertion. Mr. Haggart pointed out that the Section "B" charges were ten years old. They had come up in court, when several witnesses denied that he was implicated. He wished for a parliamentary investigation, and would ask for it next session. After stating that any man who said that he had been given money for corrupt purposes, told an untruth, he quietly and during profound silence, looking at Preston, said, "let any man who has means and is of repute make the charges over his own signature so that there will be grounds for action, and he will not be a day older before he received a writ from him. He must prove his statements in a court of law. Mr. Haggart waited upon a response, but there was no answer, and the audience cheered. Preston was given an opportunity to reply, but did not allude to the charges at all.

Connolly Bros. will finish their Kingston contract, about Saturday, when they will be paid all sums owing to them by the Government, amounting to $75,000, the contractors having given the Government satisfactory security for the payment of the sums in which they are mulcted, if the Exchequer Court gives judgment against them.

CABLE NEWS.

A Well Known Physician Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Alfred Carpenter, M. D., Examiner of Public Health in the University of London, and member of the Court of Examiners of Apothecaries, died, to-day. Dr. Carpenter was the author of many medical works, including a paper on "Fogs and London Smoke," read before the Society of Arts in November, 1880, which communication was initiated, by correspondence, in the Times, and which resulted in the establishment of an exhibition at South Kensington.

No More Trouble Expected.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A dispatch from Tangiers says that the French warships have left that place. From this it is concluded thae the Morocco affair is not likely to cause any further trouble in the near future

Will Ask a Large Appropriation.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The Chamber of Deputies will be asked to grant 3,500,000 francs, in order to make the representation of France at the Chicago World's Fair worthy of the great European republic.

Emperor William's Birthday.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—This is the 33rd anniversary of the birth of the Emperor William, and the empire consequently is more or less festive, to-day. The Imperial family at the breakfast hour waited in a body upon the Emperor and presented him with numerous floral offerings and with many presents. The Emperor seemed much pleased and said a few gracious words to all present. At 10 the Imperial family attended religious ceremonies in the Chapel of the Gospel. A big reception at the White Hall followed, all the leading members of the diplomatic corps being present. In the meantime a detachment of artillery in the Lust Garten fired an imperial salute of 101 guns. At 10:30 there was a grand military reception, all the most prominent officers of the army and navy being in attendance. The Emperor also received the members of the Government, and was presented with a congratulatory address from the Mayors and municipalities of the great and small cities of the empire. After the military reception, the Emperor presented new colors to the guard regiments, and in so doing, said he hoped and believed that they would honor the new flags in peace, and carry them to victory, if Germany's enemies forced her into war.

Queen Victoria and the Duke of Clarence.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The Royal Gazette has published the following in relation to the death of the Duke of Clarence: "Osborne, Jan. 26—I must again give expression to my deep sense of the loyalty and affectionate sympathy evidenced by my subjects in every part of my Empire on the occasion, more sad and tragedical than any but one which has befallen me and mine as well as the nation. In the overwhelming misfortune, the death of my dearly beloved grandson, suddenly cut off in the flower of his age, full of promise for the future, that he was so amiable and gentle, and endearing himself to all, renders it hard for his severely stricken parents, his dear young bride and fond grandmother to bow with submission to the inscrutable decree of Providence. The sympathy of millions, so touchingly and visibly expressed, is deeply gratifying, and I wish, in our own name, and that of our children, to express from our heart warm gratitude for all these testimonials of sympathy with us in appreciation of the death of our grandson, whom I loved as a son, and whose devotion was as great as that of a son could be in help and consolation to me and mine. My bereavements the last thirty years of my reign have been, indeed, heavy, and though the labors, anxieties and responsibilities of my position have been great, yet it is my earnest prayer that God will continue to give me health and strength to work for the good and happiness of my dear country and empire while life lasts.

(Signed) VICTORIA.

This utterance of the Queen is the subject of general comment everywhere, particularly the fact that, although she has lost two children, she counts the death of the Duke Clarence as a bereavement second only to the death of the Prince Consort, thus confirming what has been said of Her Majesty's deep affection for her dead grandson. The royal expression is also it is thought intended to set at rest rumors as to Her Majesty's health, as she prays that she may be continued in good health, thus averring that she is in good health at present. It is thought singular also that Her Majesty should have chosen the Kaiser's birthday as the date for the issue of her thanks for the public sympathy.

Depression in London Stocks.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—There was considerable depression in the American market, this morning, owing to the closing out of a large amount of stock for account of the late Mr. Hume Webster, who committed suicide, last week. A receiver for the estate was appointed, on Monday, upon the application of creditors to the amount of £70,000. Large blocks of Louisville, Norfolk, Canadian Pacific and Union Pacific stocks were thrown on the market. The carry-over disclosed a considerable "bear" account.

International Silver Congress.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The Standard says: The Washington City government is about to open diplomatic correspondence with European powers, with a view to convening an international congress on the silver question.

CHILI AND THE U. S.

The Chilian Government Draws In Its Horns, Proposing Arbitration.

The Expressions of Regret Are Satisfactory to the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Chilian trouble is over, so far as the likelihood of war is concerned, and the question that remains to be settled can be adjusted peaceably and satisfactorily through means agreeable to the principals concerned in the controversy, that up to yesterday threatened a bloody conflict. The concessions made by Chili, as outlined by Minister Egan in his dispatch to the State Department, are satisfactory to this Government, and everything points to a speedy and peaceful ending of the imbroglio The news that Chili's advances are satisfactory to the American Government, was made public by Representative Blount, of Georgia, chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. Mr. Blount's authority is Secretary Blaine, on whom he called, today, at the State Department, in connection with the controversy. Mr. Blaine told Mr. Blount that a cablegram from Minister Egan had been received at the Department yesterday. It was entirely satisfactory to the United States. He states he had no objection to Mr. Blount making public the fact. Mr. Blount made the statement on the information furnished him by Mr. Blaine. The latter, said Mr. Blount, seemed very much elated. Mr. Blount said Blaine showed him the despatch from Mr. Egan. It was in manuscript, and covered about six or seven foolscap pages. He said it was a satisfactory response to the President's ultimatum, and in a nutshell it meant "we qualifiedly meet your demands." It stated there was the greatest feeling of regret, on the part of the Chilian Government and their people, over the Baltimore tragedy. The despatch contained an explanation of the charges that the Chilians, generally, were hostile to the United States, stating that there was no such feeling toward the American people, either in the United States or in Chili. "In connection with this point," said Mr. Blount, "the dispatch read something like this: 'Chili hate Americans? No! Too well does Chili remember how the presence of American uniforms in her harbor sided her in achieving her struggle for independence.'" There was an utter disavowal, said Mr. Blount, of any hostility toward the American nation or its citizens. According to Mr. Blount, the substance of the information contained in the dispatch, is as follows: A satisfactory explanation and retraction concerning the offensive note issued by Senor Matta, the late Chilian Minister of Foreign Affairs is made. Mr. Blaine told Mr. Blount that Chili's offer in this connection was acceptable to the government. Chili agrees to meet the demands of the United States contained in the President's ultimatum, unqualifiedly, and expresses the greatest feeling of regret over the whole affair. As to the Baltimore affair, expressions of regret concerning it, wholly satisfactory to Mr. Blaine, are made. In conclusion, the Chilian government states that in complete compliance with our demands, it begs the submission of the whole controversy to that unsugust tribunal "your Supreme Court." The answer also declares a sincere feeling of friendship for our flag, and to the uniform of sailors. The apology, if it may be termed such, is complete in its expressions, and Mr. Blount says it settles the whole matter. "The bottom has dropped out of the controversy," he says this evening, "this is a peaceable solution of the whole difficulty."

A Sick Pugilist.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—It is stated that the match between Jack McAuliffe and Billy Myers is out. Though Jerry Mahoney is willing to back McAuliffe for $10,000, the latter is so badly afflicted with rheumatism that it is impossible for him to train. He is now under the care of a physician.

WANTS A SETTLEMENT.

Austria Trying to Close the Breach Between Italy and the Vatican.

A Financial Authority Favors the Nicaraguan Canal Scheme.

The Nicaraguan Canal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The Wall Street Journal says: An official of a leading transcontinental railroad says: "We have been examining the possible effects of the completion of the Nicaragua canal upon transcontinental business, and we have reached the conclusion that this great water way would have a pronounced effect in stimulating the business of all the transcontinental roads. It would first build up the Pacific coast, and this would directly bear upon the business of the transcontinental roads. The idea that a water way as a competitor injures a railway is wrong as statistics prove. While rates are lower on a road adjoining a canal than on a railway at a distance, the volume of business is so much greater as to make the net returns to the company a great deal larger. A canal increases the population and industries along the course. Just so with the Nicaraguan canal. This canal will bring business to the Pacific Coast, which at present does not reach it. It will plant enterprises where none now exist. The question to be solved is, of course, the vital one of who shall build the canal. The present construction company does not want government interference, but it is manifestly for the good of the country that our government should be a party to the building of it. It might be a good idea if all the leading nations of the world took a certain percentage of the stock for the sake of maintaining peaceful relations between the countries.

New Discoveries in Africa.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 26.—The Congo mail brings news that the Arab rebellion, reported some time ago, has been completely quelled. The Katanga country has been explored by the Belgian lieutenant, Lemarinel, who reports the discovery of a great wealth of ivory and gutta percha. His explorations completely alter the current geographical notions as to Katanga. The course of the Lonaliba river is altogether different from previous descriptions.

Closing in on Garza.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 26.—The state rangers, under the personal command of W. H. Maybry, adjutant-general of Texas, expect to have Garza surrounded before to-morrow night. The wily revolutionary leader will be called on to surrender, and, if he makes resistance, he will be taken dead or alive. The rendezvous of Garza is a ranch about 30 miles south of Alice, Texas, and the rangers are within ten miles of the place to-night. Captain G. F. Chase and the other commanders of United States troops in that section have been called on by General Maybry to assist the rangers. It is confidently expected that startling developments will take place within the next 36 hours.

More Contrabands Arrested.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 26.—Major Barnes, Custom Officer, and Deputy United States Marshall Dryden, to-night, wired United States Attorney Wood that they had effected the capture of nine Chinese, who had surreptitiously entered Idaho from British Columbia. Some time ago Dryden became satisfied that a great many Chinamen were sneaking across the boundary line, and now has proof that his suspicions were well grounded. The Chinese used Kootenay River as an avenue of ingress. It is an easy matter to cross the line, as no customs inspector is stationed there. The Chinese proceeded from Vancouver to Revelstoke, B. C., thence down the Columbia to the confluence with the Kootenay, and by the course of the latter stream to Idaho. The route is very round about, but quite feasible. It is a well known fact that smuggling has been carried on by people residing in Northern Idaho, and the officers have long been trying to capture the contrabandists, but without success.

The Quirinal and the Vatican.

ROME, Jan. 27.—It is learned from Vatican sources that, a few days ago, Cardinal Vanutelli had a long interview with the Pope on the subject of a reconciliation between the Holy See and Italy. The interview was prompted by the Emperor of Austria, who is personally interested in the matter. Austria, it is understood, asks of the Pope the participation of Catholics in the Italian parliamentary elections, and a modification of the present favorable attitude of the Holy See toward France. In return for this, Austria wants Italy to change her inimical attitude towards the Vatican to one of a more friendly character, and put an end to the religious persecution of Catholics. Austria has a triple end in view: To save the triple alliance from discredit in the Catholic world, to prevent the Vatican going over to the side of France, and to arrest the radical movement in Italy, which might in time threaten the position of the monarchy. The Italian court and government have signified approval of the re-approchement on the lines laid down.

Ben Butler's Plea for the Anarchists.

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 27.—General Butler, yesterday, closed his argument before the United States Supreme Court on behalf of Anarchists Fielden and Schwab. The General dwelt, however, upon the effect that treaties had upon the rights of the men to have the whole case reviewed by the Supreme Court. He admitted that his clients, because they were foreign subjects, had no greater right than an American, except that that fact under the treaties gave them a right to have the case passed upon by United States courts, and in this way there was created a federal jurisdiction over all the doings of the State Supreme Court, which showed that the men were present when its judgment was pronounced, when in fact they were not bodily present. He argued that in this way the question was presented for review here, whether or not the absence of the men constituted a violation of that due process of law guaranteed by the constitution.

A Memphis Tragedy.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 26.—A large crowd surrounded and pushed its way into the undertaking establishment where lies the body of Miss Freda Ward, a prominent society girl who met her death yesterday at the hands of Miss Alice Mitchell, another society belle. Her father's anguish when he beheld his daughter's disfigured remains was heart-rending. Miss Jennie Johnson was arrested to-day as accessory, she having accompanied Miss Mitchell in the buggy and waited for her while