

The Weekly Colonist.

Tuesday, January 26, 1864.

Arrival of the "Pacific."

American War News.

LATER FROM EUROPE, MEXICO, CANADA, &c., &c.

The steamer Pacific, Capt. Burns, arrived from San Francisco direct on Wednesday at 2:30 p. m., bringing despatches as under:

News to January 11th.

The Times' despatch says the Canadian reciprocity treaty got its first vote yesterday by a resolution introduced into the Senate to terminate it.

It is understood that an efficient Canadian lobby will be here to maintain the present arrangements. The Herald's Army of the Potomac correspondent says:—It is again rumored that Meade has resigned, and Hancock been appointed commander of the army.

The Herald's Washington special despatch says: General Meade, Hancock, Meigs and Ingalls arrived here last night. It is stated that more than a week ago the rebels were moving towards Winchester, with the intention of proceeding beyond that town.

The report is now verified. The government has not been unmindful of this important fact, and has taken measures accordingly. The writer of the letter to the Herald, says: The garrison at Petersburg, Western Virginia, was surrounded to-day by Ewell, Hugh Lee and Roster covering between New Creek and Petersburg. The enemy received our pickets and marched out of Burlington to-day.

It is threatening before Drury's Bluffs, the order was countermanded. A despatch from Newburn, N. C., the 11th, says: The Times' paper publishes here, says the people of the State are ripe for a revolt against the Richmond Government.

The leaders of the movement, headed by a separate organization, though avowing a return to the Union as preferable to the present state of affairs in Dixie.

News of January 14th.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—A Washington letter of the 11th says that the Republicans in both houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have on joint ballot nominated Abraham Lincoln for President.

Resolutions, with a preamble engrossed on parchment, have been committed to Simon Cameron, to take to Washington and present the same to the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The Secretary of War informed Congress that there are now in the army 14 Major Generals, and Brigadiers-General, 100,000 employed. The staff officers employed number 25. Their total monthly pay amounts to \$12,333.

The general officers, ranked by divisions, are: Major Generals, 14; Brigadiers-General, 10; Colonels, 100; Major, 1,000; Captain, 10,000; Lieutenant, 100,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Navy Department has been advised of the capture of the rebel schooner Marshal J. Smith, by the gunboat Kearsage. She was from Mobile bound to Havana with a cargo of cotton and some turpentine.

New York, Jan. 10.—A letter from East Tennessee, Dec. 18th, says our forces have been driven back from Ball's Station by Longstreet, and our losses in four days' fighting, including the loss of 200 men, besides a few wagons. Rebel prisoners state that Longstreet is reinforced, and had been ordered to take Knoxville at once.

Washington, Jan. 9.—A gentleman who arrived in this city from Richmond, yesterday, states that the main body of the rebel army are engaged between Gordonsville and Orange Court House; that the main body of the rebel soldiers are well supplied with clothing, and provisions—much as they are plentiful.

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New York, Jan. 11.—A special despatch to the Herald, dated 10th, says: Major Cole, in command of a battalion of Maryland cavalry, engaged in London county, was attacked at four o'clock to-day by the rebel army. The latter's force was 400. After gallant and severe fighting for an hour Moseby was wounded, leaving his horse killed and wounded on the field. Among the dead were four commissioned officers. Our loss is reported 2 killed and 11 wounded. Among the latter were Capt. Varnum, severely, and Lieut. Rivers, slightly. Gen. Sullivan has a force of cavalry now in pursuit of the enemy. Moseby attempted to surround and surprise the camp, but found Major Cole on the alert and ready for him.

News of January 12th.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Montgomery introduced a resolution declaring the occupation of Mexico by the French an act unfriendly to this Government, and demanding the withdrawal of the French army by the 15th of March, on pain of a declaration of war.

New York, January 12.—The Tribune's Morris Island correspondent says that the rebels have captured the new ironclads and Dunderberg. Charleston takes fire and burns again from the effect of the bombardment. The rebels are still in possession of the Island. The latter burned eight hours in one mass. The obstructions have been almost entirely destroyed. Morris Island has 15 bars of iron rails, the obstructions having been removed by natural causes. Nothing now prevents the taking of Charleston when the Admiral wills it.

In a postscript the correspondent adds that the rebels have three ironclads building at Charleston. Two of them on the Dunderberg plan.

On the 1st of January the steamer Nipise destroyed a schooner, laden with turpentine, at Murrell's Inlet, 90 miles north of Charleston.

New York, January 12.—There was a destructive fire last night on Nos. 61 and 67 Beekman street, inclusive, which were almost entirely destroyed. The loss is at least \$200,000. The buildings destroyed were five-story marble fronts, extending 175 feet in depth to Ann street.

New York, January 12.—A fleet of nine light draft gunboats for Admiral Parrott, carrying two or three rifled guns each, will sail in a few days.

The Herald contains an intercepted rebel letter of Dec. 31st, which says: "Longstreet's forces have joined Lee. The latter has ordered, and it is our duty to commiserate a series of misadventures. The day cannot be far off when we shall embrace each other in Maryland, in the old home-land in Baltimore, beyond the victorious cross of the free, recognized South."

New York, Jan. 12.—A prize fight took place between Keating and Hollywood yesterday at Sheepshead Bay. L. J. rounds were fought, lasting over an hour, when the police appeared and arrested Hollywood, and two others. Keating was victorious, in consequence of his being in favor of Keating, in consequence of his antagonist biting him in the arm at the 15th round.

News of January 13th.

New York, January 13.—Washington despatches say that the entire tone of foreign news is improving, but new and grave difficulties are likely to occur between Japan and the Western Powers.

The names of Bishops Bailey, Timon and McLokey have been sent home to the Archbishop.

PHILADELPHIA, January 13.—Last night Gen. Meade made a brief speech, urging his hearers to use every effort, to fill his ranks before Spring, as the only means to put an end to the rebellion in the present year.

The Tribune's Chattanooga special despatch of the 12th says: The rebel army has been repulsed at Blair's crossroads, 20 miles north of Knoxville. Longstreet has been heavily reinforced from the armies of Lee and Johnston. His headquarters are at Red Bridge. The pickets from each other at Blair's crossroads, 20 miles north of Knoxville.

The Tribune's special despatch says: Gen. Hancock has gone North to arrange measures in the several States to increase the number of 50,000, the whole to be designated for special service. Gen. Burnside has authorized the writer of the letter to the Tribune says that it has been decided to remove the rebel capital to Columbia.

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CHICAGO, January 13.—George J. Dea, 28th ult., represent the rebel army as quietly encamped near Dalton and Tunnel Hill, recovering from their last defeat. Deserters report that Johnston is very active collecting supplies, and deserters and reorganizing his army.

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The Paris Pays gives a rumor that Lord Cowley, English Ambassador to France, will be superseded.

HALIFAX, Jan. 14.—The Scotia, from Liverpool, has arrived.

The Schleswig-Holstein question is unchanged. It is reported that England had taken a decided stand against the Federal (German) occupation of Schleswig, and if carried out would assist Denmark.

The Danes evacuated Reudsburg on the 21st. 500 Saxons troops immediately entered and were enthusiastically received.

The King of Italy in his New Year's address said that '64 might bring about events giving the desired opportunity to Italy.

The funeral of the great author, Thackeray, took place at Kensal Green Cemetery, on December 30th, and was attended by all the authors and artists in the metropolis.

The scene was very affecting. The Gazette de France asserts that Forey will shortly proceed on a mission to the Archduke Maximilian relative to Mexico.

Japan advised that the parties of the Tycoon and the Prince Satsuma have agreed upon the expulsion of foreigners from that country. The yielding of the Tycoon is attributed to the pressure of Satsuma.

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRIN'S Worcestershire Sauce.

PREPARED BY LEA AND PERRIN, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

Only Good Sauce, and applicable to every variety of Dish.

Caution. Beware of cheap imitations of this celebrated Worcestershire Sauce.

Ask for Lea and Perrin's sauce.

Sold Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Messrs. Cross and Blackwell, 12, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

Janlon, Green & Rhodes, Agents for VICTORIA, V. I.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS.

GROSSE & BLACKWELL, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

GROSSE & BLACKWELL'S VARIOUS first class Manufactures are obtainable from every dealer in the Colony.

Her Majesty's Table. C. B. invite attention to the following—Pickles, Tart Fruits, Sauces of all kinds, Jams, Potted Meats, Durham Mustard, Orange Marmalade, Essence of Coffee, Cold Cream, and other Table Jellies, Pure Mushroom Catsup, and numerous other articles, all of which are of the highest quality.

DR. J. COLLS BROWNNE'S Chlorodyne.

CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA, CRAMP, AGUE, FEVER, RHEUMATISM, CONSTIPATION, ASTHMA, COUGH, &c.

ALL PAIN, VOMITING AND DISTRESS caused in a few minutes after taking a dose of this wonderful remedy, CHLORODYNE, discovered by Dr. J. Collins Brownne, M.B. &c., &c. (formerly Medical Staff) the recipe of which was confided solely to J. T. Davison, 38 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury square, London. (Pharmaceutical Chemist). The medical testimony of civil, hospital, military and naval practitioners pronounces it invariably successful. It relieves pain of any kind, soothes the restlessness of fever, and imparts the most refreshing sleep, without producing or saving any of the unpleasant effects of opium.

As a proof of its efficacy, a few extracts from numerous testimonials by Physicians and Surgeons are given: From W. Vesling Pettigrew, M.D., Hon. F.R.C.S., England, formerly Lecturer upon Anatomy and Physiology at St. George's School of Medicine: "I have used it in Consumption, Asthma, Diarrhoea and other diseases, and am most perfectly satisfied with the result."

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, California: "Two doses completely cured me of Diarrhoea and an attendant anstringent in severe Diarrhoea and an attendant relief is instantaneous."

Extracts from the General Board of Health, 1st Stage of Cholera:—In this stage this remedy acts as a charm, one dose generally sufficient. 2nd Stage, of that of Vomiting and Purging. In this stage the remedy produces great power, more than any other we are acquainted with, two or three doses being sufficient.

3rd Stage, or Collapse.—In all cases restoring the pulse. So strongly are we convinced of its immense value in this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of using it in all cases.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay: "Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Cholera, and in all its varieties. I feel it daily owing my restoration to health after eighteen months' severe suffering, and without other medicine had failed."

CANTON.—In consequence of the extraordinary recent correspondence between Jeff Davis and the Pope. The latter addresses Davis as "Illustrious President," and expresses much friendliness.

The Times protests against the Federal enlistments in England, as well as in the case of the Kearsage at Cork.

The English revenue returns for the year of the launch, picked up five of them while returning to save them his boat was thrown on the beach, where all was captured by the rebel cavalry.

The men taken were Acting Master Pendleton, Engineer George M. Smith and seventeen of the crew of the Montgomery. Captains Clark, Parkman and one ensign, seven of the crew of the Arica, and U. S. sailor George M. Smith, were on board. She was chased 60 miles.

On Wednesday, Jan. Butler sent an important document to City Point, by flag of truce, bearing the subject of the exchange of prisoners. It is to be brought within the lines of his department, to await the release which he hopes he will be able to effect.

Among the intercepted Lamar correspondence, the following to Hason & Lamar has been discovered: "When you go to Paris, call on Mr. Sidell. Tell him for me, to negotiate for the French Protectors in case of necessity. Mr. Sidell will gladly accept it in the last extremity. With Mexico, France, and the Confederacy in alliance, and free trade, we would eclipse the world."

Accounts received to-night from the Army of the Potomac says it is reported that the movements of Stuart's cavalry occasioned no alarm, as is not believed that he has a sufficient number of men even for less arduous duty than a campaign on our right. If a cavalry movement in progress in that direction it cannot be of much magnitude. Trains are running and so from the army as usual. Nobody anticipates any collision.

New York, January 16.—Gold, 155.

EUROPEAN.

HALIFAX, Jan. 8.—The following is additional news from the Africa:

The French Corps Legislatif had debated the loan bill at length. The Opposition members spoke in favor of a pacific policy on the part of the Government. Mr. Pichard censured the Government for the Mexican expedition. The loan finally passed.

The steamship Oregon, arrived on Monday morning.

San Francisco and Portland following despatches: News to January.

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