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LONDON, SATURDAY, JULY 30.

THE HIGHER COST OF LIVING.

The results of the investigation which for some time has been in progress in regard to the increased cost of commodities, are summarized in the latest issue of the Canadian Labor Gazette. The last twenty years is the period covered by the inquiry. No fewer than 230 commodities are enumerated, being grouped into thirteen classes. Charts are given, showing a downward tendency of prices from 1890 to 1898. Since then the movement has been upward.

Prices of agricultural products show the largest increases, grains, fodder, meat-producing animals, milk, eggs, wool, fruits and vegetables having advanced by over 37 per cent compared with the previous ten years. Meats, bran, flour, hides, leather, etc., made from these crude products, have increased by over 34 per cent. Fish products are given as nearly but not quite so high as farm products, while products of the mine are only slightly above the level of the decade, and below it if coal is excluded.

The general level of Canadian manufactured products is about 14 per cent above that of the previous decade. Various grades of Canadian lumber average 50 per cent higher than during the last period. Excluding lumber Canadian manufactured products show a gain of less than 10 per cent compared with the prices in the 1890-99 decade.

Deferred productivity is named by the Gazette as the basic cause of this increase. It is pointed out that the present decade has been one of exceptionally rapid industrial expansion in Canada; that immigration has been on an unprecedented scale; that large areas of new lands have been brought under cultivation, and that in addition there has been a heavy expenditure, chiefly of borrowed capital, on railways, towns, public works and other large undertakings. Emphasis is laid on the point that many of these enterprises have not yet become productive; hence the weight thus far has been thrown almost entirely into the demand side of the scale. The demand in the first instance has been for the materials consumed in the actual undertakings, but the circle of industrial trade activity, once set in motion, has gone on widening until it has reached all but the very edge of the community. There have been heavy increases in lines brought primarily under the influence of the expansion, such as food supplies, lumber and articles produced by the labor deflected, while goods of foreign growth and manufacture, other things being equal, appear in many cases less affected. The report suggests also that the increase in gold production may be a factor in inflating prices.

SPAIN AND THE VATICAN.

The Spanish Government has withdrawn its ambassador at the Vatican. The press dispatches convey a very imperfect idea of the quarrel between Rome and Madrid, leading up to this rupture. They give the impression that non-Catholics have had no freedom of worship in Spain; that the Government decreed full liberty; and that the Vatican demanded the withdrawal of the decree. As a matter of fact, freedom of worship has been permitted to all creeds in Spain, subject to the restriction that non-Catholic societies shall not display their insignia. A Protestant Church or a Jewish synagogue has been hitherto prohibited from exhibiting a sign or a symbol. They have been forbidden to "advertise."

The present Government has demanded a revision of the Concordat, a convention between the Vatican and the Spanish Government of 1851, and overtures for that purpose were made to Rome. The Vatican complains that before the negotiations were fairly begun, the Government violated the Concordat by forbidding the entrance of new religious orders, and by permitting religious minorities to display the insignia of public worship. The Government contends that these matters do not touch the Concordat, or the constitution.

If negotiations had been exhausted, and the Vatican had refused to waive its protest against the liberty of other churches to "carry their signs," its attitude, would not only be intolerant, but puerile. It will be fair to wait for further evidence before assuming that

the Vatican will take this position. Just now the quarrel appears to be over a point of diplomatic etiquette.

The restriction as to the insignia of worship is not consistent with the principles of religious freedom which prevail in this country and in the United States. But troubles like these arise wherever there is an established church, Catholic, Protestant, or Greek. The separation of church and state is better for both.

THE ANTI-CANADIAN CAMPAIGN.

The speculators in southern lands and the American railway companies serving the south, continue to invent an exodus from Canada. The New Orleans Times-Democrat—the note the locality!—says of Canada:

"The American settlers were dissatisfied with the character of the land, the crops from which they alleged consisted principally of alfalfa and such hardy grains as winter wheat, and even these were not sure. The form of government did not appeal to them, and they considered the railroad freight rates exorbitant. The climate was a source of dissatisfaction, ice and snow in August and September of last year adding to their discontent."

Some of the American newspapers are taking the same bait, but not all. The Cincinnati Times-Star says that if the emigration to Canada lets up because the thermometer sometimes drops out of sight in Winnipeg and Medicine Hat, "the character of the American farmer must have changed a good deal in the past few decades." Our fellow-citizen, Mr. Cy Warman, writes his pen on Canada's behalf in the New York Sun. The present campaign, he says, is the third foolish and futile attempt to stop the stampede to Canada. He says he has visited Western Canada frequently in the last seven years, and knows the country thoroughly, and in all his experience has "yet to find the first Yankee or Scotchman kicking on the country or the conditions." He adds:

"Meanwhile Americans from the Middle West are pouring into Canada; one special train delivered about 6000 men at the 2-year-old town of Scott, Sask., in a single day last spring, and they were estimated to be worth \$100,000 in money and machinery. They are coming at the rate of about 100,000 a year, bringing \$100,000,000 with them."

LAND VALUES.

Real estate values in Vancouver, and some other western cities have taken a drop, but it would be a mistake to regard this as a diminution of wealth. An acre in the heart of New York, or Winnipeg, or any other centre of population, is intrinsically worth no more an acre of farming land. It would be worth less if it could not produce a crop. A rise in the selling price of land in an urban community does not imply the addition of a single dollar to the wealth of a country. If we were estimating the wealth of Canada, we should have to erase the market value of all land except its value for agricultural purposes. If a parcel of city land is said to be worth a hundred thousand dollars, it simply means that that parcel will exchange for other property valued at a hundred thousand dollars. No wealth has been created; the owner of the land is able to collect a hundred thousand dollars solely by reason of the advantages of its situation. The money goes into his pocket, but it comes out of another pocket. Nothing is more clearly affirmed by economists than the artificial character of values of this kind. A drop in the price of real estate is a loss to the individuals who paid more for it than they can sell it for, but the loss is private, not public. The western real estate booms, and the reactions from those booms, do not affect the real riches of the country, which are determined by the soil and climate.

These strike settlement reports are like Finnegan's dispatch: "Off again, on again."

By the way, these western farmers who are heckling Sir Wilfrid on the tariff question, don't seem to be concerned over imperial preferential trade.

Dr. Crippen and his companion are exciting the interest of everybody but the passengers on the Montrose, who are nearest to the suspects, and have no suspicions.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday laid the cornerstone of the University of Saskatchewan. Perhaps it was a more congenial task to a scholar and a student than making a political speech.

If Mr. Bryan cuts loose from the Democratic party the loss will be the party's, not his. With all his faults of leadership he has saved it from moral and intellectual bankruptcy in the past few years.

In parts of East Africa the native ladies steal telegraph wire for head-dresses, and put empty marmalade jars in their ear-lobes. No doubt they would laugh at the hobble skirts and the big hats of their white sisters.

OUGHT TO BE INSIDE.

A woman sunbathing at the Thousand Islands had an elaborate funeral, with a band, for her dead foxterrier. Evidently the gate of some asylum has been left open too long.

VACATION.

He travelled more than a thousand miles, with arduous he had to go. But found the grub at the smart hotel far worse than he had at home.

WELCOMING THEM.

Just the other day in the west a party of American settlers came in with the Stars and Stripes waving from their car.

Arriving at their destination they respectfully packed these flags in the bottom of their trunks and let Union Jacks flutter in the prairie breezes. The incident forms a pretty bit of Canadian history, and, while perhaps a little ostentatious, is characteristic of the great

trek northward. It is appropriate that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is in the west to tell these people they are welcome; that they have the same chances and the same privileges as the rest of us. It was appropriate that he should give the same message to the strangers whose former home was in Europe.

Yes, it was appropriate, and no person knows better how to do it than Sir Wilfrid.

LOGICAL SUFFRAGETTES.

(Buffalo Express.)
The German suffragettes are more logical than most of their kind. They don't shrink from the liability to military duty which falls to the lot of the male citizen. While some of them are willing to serve in the ranks, the majority suggests that they be drafted for hospital and commissariat service.

NOT HE.

(Toronto News.)
A Cleveland woman left \$5,000 to a man who spoke a kind word to her. We note with regret that he was not her husband.

THE SUMMIT OF KINDNESS.

"Was your husband kind to you during your illness?"
"Kind? Ah, indeed, mum! Molke was more like a neighbor than a husband."

NO REASON TO LOAF.

(Boston Transcript.)
The Loafer—Alas! my ship doesn't come in.
The Real Man—Then get a move on and help some other fellow to unload his.

NO, A GOOD FELLOW.

(Cleveland Leader.)
"A fool and his money are soon parted."
"Yes, but you never call him a fool till the money is gone."

THE DIFFERENCE.

(Louisville Courier-Journal.)
"I decline to spend \$30 for a bathing suit."
"But, hubby, you don't understand. This isn't a bathing suit; this is a beach costume."

A RETROGRADE.

(Puck.)
Borrowby—The scheme would be a howling success. I could secure the proper backing, and—
Grimshaw—The only backing I am doing this year is out.

AN IMPOSSIBLE PROSPERITY.

(Detroit Free Press.)
"What a prosperous looking man."
"Yes, indeed. He owns his automobile free and clear."

A SEEMSTER.

(St. Louis Star.)
"That clerk of yours seems to be a hard worker."
"Yes; that's his specialty."
"What, working?"
"No—seeming to."

HIS GARDEN.

(London Truth.)
The average man rarely takes to gardening before he is married.—Weekly Paper.

Ah! I remember somewhere in my cranium
The garden where I used to loiter and yawn,
The sickly pink, the rose, the red geranium,
Around our ragged lawn.

I recollect our golden-haired Hesperides—
My sisters—for they held me then in awe,
And the deep hollows where our doggie buried his
Bones with a privy paw.

I think of how my mother oft-times fearfully
Would ask of me—an unobedient kid—
To dig, and how I used to promise cheerfully,
Only I never did.

Those were the times, too, when I hadn't got any
Knowledge of things that grow in bed or pot,
And little minded, for I hated botany,
Whether I had or not.

But what a change today! Although my knowledge is
Up to this moment little short of bad,
Today, I say, without mere vain apologies,
I'm getting gardening mad.

I mow my lawn with regularity;
I have to labor nightly like a horse,
Because the grass has this peculiarity,
I grows in tufts like gorse.

I garden not because the work's congenial,
Indeed I loathe that simple sort of life;
I do it well, because I'm now a menial;
I'm ordered by my wife!

HAD ITS DAY.

She—The popularity of the bicycle built for two was of short duration.
He—Yes; it wasn't in it with the ham-bone built apparently for one.

SPEAKING OF WOMEN.

(Chicago News.)
Him—Generally speaking, a woman is—
Her—Is what?
Him—Generally speaking.

SAVES WORDS.

(Louisville Courier-Journal.)
"Why do you always jam a thermometer into the patient's mouth? Is the temperature so important?"
"It saves listening to a lot of symptoms," explained the doctor, briefly.

THE MENU CARD.

(Cleveland Leader.)
Guest—"I'll take some of that."
Waiter—"Some of which, boss?"
Guest—"Some of that there. Can't you read?"
Waiter—"Scuse me, suh. I ain't had no education, neither!"

WHAT BOTHERED HIM.

(The Widow.)
"Brown has wired me to send him up some fishing tackle."
"A nuisance, isn't it?"
"No, that isn't it; but I can't remember whether he favors Scotch or rye."

"IF THAT BE TREASON."

(Everybody's Magazine.)
"It was during the Parnell agitation in Ireland that an anti-Parnellite, criticising the ways of tenants in treating absentee landlords, exclaimed to Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia: 'Why, it looks very much like treason.'"
"Instantly came the answer in the archbishop's best brogue: 'Sure, treason is reason when there's an absent 't.'"

THE ETERNAL FEMININE.

(Puck.)
"In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love."
"The thoughts of love," a woman's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of clothes."

THEY'RE NOT PYNING.

(Peterborough Examiner.)
Dr. Pynne, minister of education for Ontario, is taking a trip to Paris, France. His objective point would be to Jericho if some of the friends of provincial education, both Grit and Tory, had their wishes carried out.

DOW SURE OF CRIPPEN

Continued From Page One.

Father Point, Que., July 30.—"Be sure they do not commit suicide." These were the most emphatic instructions received by Charles Gauvreau, Government officer at Rimouski. They were part of a message received by him from Lieut. Col. Sherwood, commissioner of Dominion police. The message went on to say the department would see that he (Gauvreau) get a pass to board the Montrose, and continued: "Try to make as sure as possible of the identity of the two people supposed to be Crippen and Miss Leneve, then arrest them. Caution them that anything they say may be used against them. Then separate them."

Crippen Hard Up.

London, July 30.—Special dispatch from Brussels asserts that after purchasing his steamship tickets at Antwerp, Dr. Crippen had less than \$20 left, and that prior to sailing he vainly sought to find a loan office.

Father Point, Que., July 29.—The man who holds the key to the Crippen case, Inspector Dew of Scotland Yard, arrived today from London on the steamship Laurentic, and is waiting here to unlock the secret the steamship Montrose will bring to Father Point Sunday.

Dew is the English police officer who made an examination of Dr. Hawley H. Crippen's home in London after the disappearance of the doctor's actress wife, Belle Elmore. He made an appointment to meet Crippen later, but before the date arrived the cellar of the Crippen house had been searched, the mutilated remains of a woman, and Dr. Crippen was a fugitive hunted by the police of two continents.

Awaits the Montrose.

Inspector Dew probably is the only man in America tonight equalled in say with certainty whether the two persons who sailed on the Canadian Pacific liner Montrose from Antwerp on July 20 under the name of John Robinson and John Robinson, Jun., are Dr. Crippen and his typist, Ethel Ellice Levee. He will board the Montrose when she stops here to take on her river pilot; he will seek out the two persons on board whom Captain Kendall believes are Crippen and Miss Leneve, and if he clinches the captain's suspicions he will arrest "Robinson" and be arrested by the Canadian police officers, who are waiting here with warrants charging Crippen with the slaying of an unknown woman. His companion will be held as an accomplice.

Chief McCarthy of the Quebec police, who met Dew here today, says he is confident that the suspicions of the Montrose's skipper will prove correct, and that from Quebec Crippen and Miss Leneve will be sent back to England for trial.

The wireless station here resounded all day with messages being exchanged between the Canadian authorities, the Scotland Yard Inspector and the captain of the Montrose. An immense amount of red tape had to be unrolled before the London detective could be landed here from the White Star liner Laurentic, on which he crossed the ocean. She arrived here at 10 o'clock, a clock which afternoon. Father Point has no quarantine and no customs inspector, but Capt. Jean Baptiste Belanger of the tug which puts the pilots aboard incoming liners, received orders from the quarantine and immigration department at Ottawa authorizing him to take Dew off.

Army of Correspondents.

When the pilot boat left here at 3:30 o'clock she carried two physicians especially assigned to inspect the Laurentic, and in addition three Canadian police officers, 20 newspapermen and photographers and as many inhabitants of this little sea coast town as could crowd aboard.

When she sailed alongside the liner a mile from shore, one of the freight hatches on the Laurentic's lower deck was opened and Inspector Dew stepped aboard the smaller boat. It was the first time in the history of Father Point that a passenger liner passenger had been landed here. Before the pilot boat was allowed to leave the liner's side, however, the two physicians spent 20 minutes aboard, but they found nothing to warrant detaining Dew.

The long expected detective proved to be a large, florid-faced man wearing a long green ulster, a black derby and an air of impenetrable reserve. He immediately dodged behind the Canadian police officers and declined to discuss the case. "I am sworn to secrecy," he said. "I cannot answer any of your questions."

When the pilot boat landed Dew drove with the Canadian detectives to a boarding-house, where they stayed until the arrival of the Montrose.

Guarded His Identity.

Passengers on the Laurentic say that Dew guarded his identity from them until yesterday, when a bombardment of wireless queries castor off the fact that he was aboard. He was on the passenger list as "Dewhurst," and when he found that he was known he withdrew from his fellow-passengers and refused to answer questions bearing on the Crippen case. The fact that he sought out Chief McCarthy, of the Quebec police force here, seems to indicate that the provincial officers and not the Dominion authorities will arrest Crippen if he is aboard the Montrose. When Gustave Gauvreau, of Rimouski, five miles from here, who has been authorized by the Dominion police to make the arrest, presented his card to Dew, the latter waived him aside, and simply asked him to make no further effort to approach him.

The Montrose will enter the mouth of the St. Lawrence tomorrow afternoon and should arrive here Sunday afternoon. She is due at Quebec Monday morning. Inspector Dew and Chief McCarthy visited the local wireless station here tonight to make sure that the restrictions placed by the Government on wireless communication with the Montrose were regarded. The police say that the couple aboard the vessel do not yet know

Teething children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and will cast off to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Sold by all dealers.

that they are under suspicion and that every precaution is being taken to prevent their getting wind of the elaborate preparations to receive them here.

No private messages to the Montrose are received here, and it is said that the captain of the vessel exercises supervision over everything received. The police fear that if any of the passengers hear of the suspicion regarding the alleged Crippen the latter may learn of it, and the task of identifying and arresting him on Sunday will be made more difficult. By a complete surprise Inspector Dew and the Canadian police hope to break the self-possession of the man and perhaps obtain a confession before they reach Quebec.

STRATFORD PASSES SEVERAL BYLAWS

Street Railway, Dutton Company Bonus and Hydro-Electric Plant. [Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, July 30.—Stratford citizens were in a bylaw-carrying mood yesterday, and the result was that all three bylaws were handsomely indorsed by the ratepayers.

There has been a long felt desire for an electric railway in the city and connection with outside places, and the desire bids fair to be realized as a result of yesterday's voting. Most decisively the ratepayers indicated their desire for a street railway by the overwhelming vote of 1,492 to 48, thus accepting the proposition of the Stratford Railway Company. Connection with Grand Bend, via Exeter, is included in the scheme. The franchise falls back into the city's hands if definite progress is not made either in actual construction or in purchase of material, and its presence on the ground within six months. By today's vote ten years' exemption of taxes is granted, except school and local improvement.

The citizens indicated their desire for the retention of the Dutton Woolen Mills in no uncertain manner. An unusually large vote was required to carry this bylaw, three-fifths, of the ratepayers being necessary. Its promoters were somewhat dubious of their ability to carry the bylaw under such requirements, but it was passed by a vote of 1,358 to 181. The effect of this bylaw is that the city guarantees the bonds of the Duttons, Limited, for \$12,000, on consideration that the company rebuild the plant recently destroyed by fire. The new building will be much larger than the old, increasing the staff and wages 50 per cent, as the output more than 50 per cent.

The result of the hydro-electric bylaw is a particular source of gratification to the promoters of that bylaw. From its inception the bylaw aroused a great deal of opposition, but it was presented so attractively that it swept everything before it, carrying by 1,226 to 291. This bylaw provides for the purchase of the local electric plant, which the arbitrators last December awarded at \$58,800, at \$15,000 less, or \$43,800, and divided into \$4,380, paid yearly, without interest.

The polling for the day was fairly heavy, considering the inclement weather and the holiday season. Hockey Star Leaves. One of the best hockey players Stratford ever turned out, in the person of Jimmie Preston, left at 4:30 yesterday to take a position with the T. Eaton Company of Toronto.

This is only another instance of the Eaton Company's aggressive movement to acquire a septette of star hockeyists for the coming winter. Three of Stratford's best, in Ramsay Rankin, Jimmie Preston, and Frank Rankin, are now with the Eaton Company.

Strike Situation.

There is little new in the strike situation so far as Stratford is concerned. G. T. Pettigrew, division freight agent, issued the following message to agents, Weston to Point Edward, inclusive, and north of Guelph, Berlin, Stratford and Lucknow Crossing: "Loss than carload freight, other than perishable and live stock, may now be accepted at all stations, when such freight is destined to all our stations on connecting lines east of Detroit River, except to stations on northern and southern divisions. This may be understood to apply to less than carload traffic, via Point Edward and Northern Navigation Company."

INJURIES PROVED FATAL

Death of Man Who Was Hurt in Maxwell Works, St. Marys. [Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Marys, July 30.—Richard Watson, who was injured some time ago in a belt accident at the Maxwell works, died yesterday at the age of 58 years. A widow survives him. The funeral takes place on Monday, Aug. 1, from his late residence, Thomas street, at 2:30 p.m., service at the house at 2 p.m. Interment will be made at St. Marys Cemetery.

The Baptist Church people held a very enjoyable picnic at Cadzow Park yesterday afternoon. Richard Routley, of Port Arthur, who has been visiting his father, John Routley, who was injured a short time ago by being struck by a G. T. R. engine at Elgin street crossing, returned Thursday, his father being much improved.

There was another heavy downpour of rain yesterday afternoon, which will greatly improve the pasture and the root crops. Frank J. O'Dea, who has been in the west for some time, arrived home this week.

Mrs. Wm. Fletcher, of London, and formerly of St. Marys, is visiting Mrs. John Perry, Water street south. Five drayloads of eggs came here yesterday from Centralia to be shipped by the C. P. R. owing to the G. T. R. strike.

Monday, Aug. 1, is St. Marys Civic Holiday. Excursions to all points on the G. T. R. and C. P. R. have been arranged for.

SHOOT TO KILL

Troops Ordered to Take New England Murderer at Any Cost. [Associated Press.]

Quincy Mass., July 30.—Louis Restelli, the Italian, who yesterday shot down without warning five persons, two of whom died, succeeded in elud-

Kingsmill's TONIGHT'S BARGAINS

50c Hose 39c Children's Straw Bonnets 55c

Ladies' Black Silk Lisle Hose, embroidered in colors. Worth 75c; trimmed with pale blue and pink ribbons, satin strings

25c Hose 19c Long Lisle Gloves

Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose, black and tan, with colored stripes. Tan, champagne, white, black, beaver, mode, etc., two-button and jersey wrist. Special 25c

Lisle Finish Hose 12½c 25c Muslins 12½c

Tan and Black, seamless, spliced heel and toe, guaranteed stainless. All colors, all new designs. Regular 25c yard.

Girls' Embroidery Hats 25c Jabots 15c

At clearing prices, 50c, 60c and 75c Three-piece lawn, lace trimmed.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

All Blouses Greatly Reduced

Kingsmill's THE WINNERS IN THE WONDER-SHINE

Catch Phrase and Rhyme Competition

We have been very agreeably surprised at the great number and superior quality of the Catch Phrases and Rhymes submitted for this competition, and have decided to not only pay the best contributor \$25 as advertisement, but to pay in addition a second prize of \$10, three prizes of \$5, and five prizes of \$1 to the five next best contributors.

First Prize, \$25.00—Phrase sent by K. F. Schmidt, 52 Major St., Toronto.

WONDER-SHINE Makes Gold and Silver Smile

Second Prize, \$10.00—G. W. S. Johnston, C. A., 36 Bay Street N., Hamilton. Three Prizes of \$5.00—Caroline Peck, Peterboro, Ont.; F. M. Port, Port Hope, Ont.; Miss M. Plawow, Mill Street, London. Five Prizes of \$1.00 Each—M. Pattison, Grove Ave., Toronto; Mrs. John Reid, Bartonville; R. G. Freeborn, Teeswater; A. M. Paton, Lindsay; P. A. McDougall, Pearson Ave., Toronto.

Household Convenience Co., Limited, Toronto

ing the searchers who hunted him all night, and was still at large today. The three surviving victims of Restelli's bullets, including his brother, Gaspare, C. Theodore Hardwick and Benjamin Bishop, all passed a night of comfort at the Quincey Hospital, and are expected to recover. Mrs. Rose Restelli, aged 65 years, and Henry E. Hardwick, 56, who, like the slayer, was a granite contractor and manufacturer, slain.

Not a trace of Restelli was found during the night and the early part of today by the searchers who scoured the underbrush and granite quarries, and the opinion was advanced by many that the man had escaped to Boston or some other city. Nevertheless, the search for the fugitive was more actively renewed today. Additional special police were sent out, and many armed citizens aided the authorities. The members of Company K, Fifth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer militia, with orders to shoot to kill on sight, also took part in the man hunt.

London Life
POLICIES "GOOD AS GOLD"

Unique Policies
Whole Life Rate premium secures an Endowment.
20 Payment Life Rate policy matures at Expectation of Life.
Insurance that protects the dependents and provides for old age.
A post card will bring particulars.

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W. H. ROBINSON, District Inspector.
H. P. PEARCE, Superintendent Industrial Branch.