

Our Ottawa Special

Tuesday the Day for the Budget Speech.

Amendment of the Civil Service Superannuation Act.

Rottness of the Militia Management Exposed—Sir Adolphe's Attempted Defence—New Departure Premised—Camp in Future to be Permanently Located—Col. Denison Proposes Compulsory Military Training of Every Young Man in Canada.

Special Editorial Correspondence by Telegraph.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.—The long delayed announcement that the budget speech would be delivered on Tuesday was made by the Finance Minister in the House of Commons this afternoon, and thereafter Mr. Foster had his proposition for the amendment of the Civil Service Superannuation Act introduced in Committee of the Whole, and a bill was introduced to carry out the scheme, which will only apply to those entering the service after the act is passed. The age limit of contributors will be 45. "Is there any age limit now?" asked Mr. Patterson. "In the inside service," replied Mr. Foster, "not in the outside service." "Yes," retorted Sir Richard Cartwright, "men are retired as too old at 60 and others take their place at 68."

Sir Richard Cartwright next corrected a statement made yesterday with reference to the coal oil tax. It had been said that the Mackenzie Government imposed the duty, but Sir Richard pointed out that a duty, "customs and excise," was put on in 1868. In 1877 the Mackenzie Government absolutely abolished 5 cents per gallon of excise duty and reduced the customs duty from 15 cents to 10 cents per gallon.

Col. O'Brien urged to Government to take steps to see whether it could not help our fellow-colonists in Queensland, who had suffered so severely by the recent disastrous floods, and Sir John Thompson promised to inquire.

"The vacancy in the Supreme Court Bench will be filled," before the court meets on the 21st inst., was the reply which the Minister of Justice made to Mr. Laurier's criticism of the delay in making the appointment. Then Mr. Davies complained that Judge McDonald, of New Brunswick, had neglected his duties for three years, though drawing his salary, and though he only got a year's leave of absence. Sir John Thompson professed to have received no complaints on the subject. Mr. Davies said if no change takes place for the better soon he would test the opinion of the House on the scandalous procedure.

Voting supplies next came, and the item, \$575,782, for pay of permanent staff, permanent corps, and active militia was taken up. The severe criticism of militia management by Major-General Herbert in his last report was the text of many inquiries from both sides of the House. The Major-General sat in the Speaker's gallery while the debate progressed. The member for West Huron is a poor speaker, and it was difficult to understand his explanation as Minister. He tried hard to get the estimate through without any explanation as to the scheme which the Major-General has submitted for the improvement of the militia. He even said the report had not been passed by the Council, but Messrs. Laurier, Lister, Davies, and others insisted that the vote should not pass unless the scheme was exposed. Then Mr. Patterson said the scheme adopted provided for four deputy adjutant-generals in charge of schools of instruction. They will each receive \$1,825. There will be other six receiving \$1,700 each, and one inspector of artillery at Kingston, and six at Quebec. Of the present brigade majors, six will be retired and two will be retained temporarily, one at Montreal and another at Prince Edward Island. As lieutenant there will be an assistant adjutant-general and the place of quartermaster-general will be filled; the last named will inspect camps and military schools. The Minister further said it was not the present intention to issue an improved rifle or to increase the militia. Regiments could be formed in place of those disbanded. He promised to give attention to Mr. Somerville's strictures regarding irregular payments, of which many were reported.

Mr. Patterson (Brampton) made a strong attack on the Government for neglecting the Brantford drill shed. He claimed that the militia money was spent to promote political objects, and this gave rise to an exciting debate. Mr. Davies expressed surprise that the ex-Minister of Militia should still and hear his administration attacked as it had been. Sir Adolphe Caron rose in great wrath, and denied emphatically the truthfulness of the charges. Mr. Lister maintained that the administration of the department for the last ten years. He declared the contracting for supplies had been unfairly manipulated; in fact, it was all rotten. The new Minister must purify the department.

After recess Sir Adolphe defended himself by putting the blame on his deputies and by quoting his whitewash last year. Then the arrangement of the department for supplying worthless boots, shoes and clothing to the corps was censured by Mr. Lister, Mr. Laurier and others.

The information was subsequently elicited from the Minister that the military camps will in future be held in permanent places—that for the west in London. The Minister also stated that the cartridge factory at Quebec might be discontinued. The House adjourned at 10:15 p.m.

Notes.
Mr. Prior, a British Columbia member, introduced a motion that the Government should

tary force of Canada shall be entitled to pensions.

In the House this afternoon Col. Denison advocated the compulsory military training of every young man in Canada between the ages of 18 and 21.

A resolution in favor of a civil service board will be brought in by Mr. Costigan on Monday. Two commissioners will have \$400, another shall be supervisor, and get \$1,500 per annum.

The report of the Minister of Railways and Canals was laid before the Commons to-night. The number of miles of railway in Canada is now 14,633. The net earnings of the lines were \$13,231,649 on gross earnings of \$48,192,099.

Dr. Landerkin will on Monday ask whether C. S. Clark, who is alleged to have surreptitiously taken Mr. Farrar's famous pamphlet from Hunter, Rose & Co.'s printing office in Toronto and to have given it to the Conservative Ministers, is now employed in the office of the Minister of Justice.

OTTAWA, Feb. 11.—At the annual meeting of the Press Gallery this forenoon, the following officers were elected: President, Fred Cook (Empire); vice-president, A. G. Magner (Globe); secretary, T. Healy (Mail); council, Messrs. Payne (St. John's Sun), Phillips (Montreal Gazette), McLeod (Ottawa Citizen), Williams (Montreal Herald) and Clarke (London Advertiser). Arrangements were made for the annual dinner.

It is understood that Mr. McCarthy will not address the House at any length when he introduces, on Monday, his bill respecting dual language and separate schools in the Northwest.

Mr. Dickey will shortly introduce a bill to amend the criminal code. It is designed to extend the provisions of the law in regard to obscene literature and lotteries, to provide for the imposition of fines as well as imprisonment, and to declare it to be an offense to advertise lotteries and to send circulars regarding such through the express, their transmission through the mails being already contrary to law.

MATRIMONIAL ENTERPRISE.

Benjamin F. Pritchard Married for the Ninth Time—A Record of Eight Divorces.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 11.—Benjamin F. Pritchard, of Richmond, has led a career that few men ever equal. He is 47 years old and recently celebrated his ninth marriage by wedding Miss Mary A. Baker, aged 29 years, a native of California and a resident of Newark. The Bakers are well-to-do, respectable farmers. Miss Mary is pretty and she is ignorant of Pritchard's history. Pritchard was born in this State and was for several years a resident of Hamilton county. In 1866 he was married to Miss Connor, of Charleston, Ills. Between that time and 1878 he had been divorced from and remarried to her three times. In 1875 he married Miss Maggie House, of this State, and was divorced in 1881. He next married Miss Tilly Winden, of Indianapolis, and was divorced in March 1885. A month later he married a Kentucky woman from whom he was divorced in August 1886. Three days later he married Miss Carrie Zimmers, of San Francisco, and lived with her until the following November. Divorced February, 1887, he married Miss Nellie Morgan, of Chicago, in December. She left him in ten weeks. He was divorced for the eighth time a year ago. Pritchard has two children, one by the first and one by the second wife, both living. The women he married were young, ranging from 18 to 25 years of age. He is always careful to have a divorce before he remarries. Months ago, through a matrimonial agency, he was about to marry Miss Bellas, of Atlanta, but friends intervened and the girl renounced him.

Lost \$90,000,000 by It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Since the compulsory purchase of silver began in 1878 the Government has bought 418,401,497 ounces at a cost of \$432,375,907. The present market value of this silver is \$351,457,267, representing a loss of \$80,918,650.

Sailors Rioting at Tacoma.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 11.—The war between the union and non-union sailors continues. The bark J. L. Stanford, from San Francisco, which arrived here yesterday to load lumber, was seized by a committee from the sailors and stevedores, who told the non-union crew to leave the vessel or they would be thrown overboard. The crew departed.

Ontario Pharmacists.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—The Council of Pharmacy to-day resolved not to reduce the members' fees. The members of the council inspected the building, and the president, vice-president and Messrs. Daniels and Polson addressed the students. The first named said that the selling of patent medicines outside of drug stores had almost destroyed the profession of druggists.

Shutting Out Canadian Cattle.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—With a view of keeping Canadian pleuro-pneumonia out of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury has instructed collectors of customs on the northern frontier that cattle can only enter the United States from Canada at Buffalo, N. Y., after passing the inspection prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture.

The Welland Shooting Affair.

WELLAND, Feb. 10.—James Stevens, of Thorold, who shot and killed John Walker, of Merrickton, had a hearing before Police Magistrate Heleens on the charge of manslaughter. On Jan. 26 a sleighing party was at the house of J. Long, and while there Stevens found a pistol. He pointed it at Walker, when it went off, killing Walker. Stevens was sent up for trial, bail being accepted.

Sad and Sudden.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.—Mr. John Cantwell, 60 years of age, died suddenly Wednesday night in a manner which has aroused a great deal of interest throughout the city. He was employed as a cutter in a tailoring establishment. While he was returning home from work last evening he met a poor woman in the street. She had a baby in her arms, and told him she was cold and had no wood at her house. He took her to his home, and then sent his two little boys with some wood on a sled to her house. The boys did not return as he thought. He went back to find the woman and child dead. He was found lying on a doorstep at the corner of Margaret and Rochester streets at 9:15 o'clock. He was carried to a blacksmith's shop near by, and in five minutes was dead.

Bullying Balfour

Obliged to Back Down and Apologize

For an Ill-Mannered Fling at the Premier.

An Opposition Amendment to the Address Defeated.

Betrothal of Princess Mary To Be Announced To-Day—A Monte Carlo Gambler Becomes Murderously Insane.

Four of the Crew Lost.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The steamer Prinz Hendrik to-day ran down and sank the French smack *Jenne Marie* in the North Sea. Four of the smack's crew were drowned.

A "Swap" Suggested.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Saturday Review says: "If the United States are really anxious to establish a protectorate over Hawaii the best use to which England could put her treaty rights would be to 'swap' them for a thorough settlement of the endless fisheries difficulties."

Mme. Theo's Jewels Found.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The jewels stolen from the actress Mme. Theo, and for the theft of which two men and two women were supposed to be professional London thieves, have been arrested, have been found at Monaco, where the thieves had pawned the jewels for 300 francs, although worth 25,000 francs.

Another Monte Carlo Victim.

NICE, Feb. 10.—A professional gambler, after losing heavily in the Casino at Monte Carlo last evening, suddenly became insane, attacked several men and then tried to take his own life. His violence caused a panic and men and women fled from the Casino. The police were called and removed him, shouting and fighting, to the police station.

The Approaching Royal Wedding.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Trustworthy advice from Coves state that the betrothal of Duke of York and Princess Mary of Teck will be announced formally to-morrow at a large dinner to be given then by the Queen at Osborne House. The Duke of York has gone already to Osborne House and Princess Mary and the Princess of Wales will go there to-morrow. The dinner given by the Prince of Wales on Wednesday evening to Mr. Gladstone and the other Ministers is believed to have been the official prelude of the announcement.

Balfour Backs Down.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—In the House of Commons to-day Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, spoke in favor of extending the debate on the address, and said that when the Conservatives were in office the Liberals had insisted upon longer debates on the address.

Mr. Gladstone questioned the correctness of Mr. Balfour's statement. Comparisons of records of the two Governments would show, he said, the contrary to have been the case. The matter, however, was not of vital importance. He objected to the manner in which the extension of the debate had been introduced without previous notice.

Mr. Balfour replied with spirit that he had not only given notice, but had also debated the question last evening, when the right honorable gentleman opposite was more agreeably occupied.

This sir was an unexpected effect on the House. The Liberal and Irish members answered it with cries of "Shame" and jeers which completely drowned the Opposition cheers.

Mr. Balfour, paused until the confusion subsided and then added that he assumed the right honorable gentleman had been made acquainted with the circumstances of the debate through his colleague (Sir Wm. Harcourt). If the House was to be led by two gentlemen who never compared notes, he would have to be content with the feelings of the Prime Minister; in fact, that this right honorable gentleman was would willingly offend. This apology was received on all sides with prolonged cheers, which turned to laughter as Mr. Balfour added that the right honorable gentleman to whose more agreeable occupation he had referred was not the Prime Minister, but one of his colleagues.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The House debated until 1 o'clock this morning the amendment of Mr. Arnold Forster, Liberal Unionist, expressing regret that clerical intimidation had been exercised among Irish voters, and urging the adoption of measures to prevent its repetition. After speeches by Sir Henry James, Sir Charles Russell, Justin McCarthy, (anti-Parnellite), and Timothy Harrington (Parnellite), the amendment was rejected by the vote 243 to 205.

The Conservative newspapers are beginning to complain of the apathy of the Unionists whips, who they say are allowing the Government to get too large majorities.

The Marseilles Epidemic.

MARSEILLES, Feb. 11.—Twelve deaths of the choleric complaint prevalent in this city were reported yesterday.

Verdi Knighted.

ROME, Feb. 11.—King Humbert has made Verdi the composer, Marquis of

Busetto, in recognition of the success and merits of his last opera, "Falstaff."

Condemning the Sentences.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—Excepting the *Belair* and the *Republique Francaise*. Not one Parisian journal approves of the sentences passed upon the Panama directors and M. Eiffel. The *Soleil* expresses indignation that having a week to consider the court should have made the decision at least so hurriedly. The judges were influenced undoubtedly by the Cavagnac incident, says the *Soleil*, and amended their decision accordingly. The *Journal* says the unspeakable brutality of the judges has made the defendants objects of sympathy and admiration. Ferdinand de Lesseps could nullify the sentence and compel a retrial by surrendering himself. As matters stand President Carnot cannot even pardon him until, by default not to take trial, his sentence becomes absolute. Opinions are divided as to the intention of the parliamentary commission to continue its inquiries. It is said M. Cavagnac intends to take advantage of his first opportunity to deny that he aspires to the Presidency.

The Panama Scandal.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Henri Cottu and Charles de Lesseps have decided to appeal from yesterday's judgment. Joseph Reinach, now in prison, has been released, and has sent to M. Monchoir, official liquidator of the Panama Canal Company 37,500 francs which he had received from his father-in-law in 1888. Reinach had received this money as a dowry from his wife, but he gave notice some time ago that he would return it if it proved to have come from Panama funds.

Owing to discontent caused by the dismissal of indictments against some of the Panama Canal speculators, the parliamentary commission of inquiry now proposes to summon and examine all deputies who have been accused of corruption, whether acquitted or not, and obtain the Reinach list of men who were compromised by money transactions with De Reinach Arton or Herz.

Should the Court of Cassation reject the appeal of Ferdinand de Lesseps to the Court of Appeal, his name will be stricken from the lists of the Institute and the Legion of Honor.

Tastes Are Different.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 11.—Advices per steamer and Australia and private letters show that the Hawaiians prefer the Queen, and that a large part of the foreign population prefer an American protectorate with a limited monarchy to annexation.

Riot at Wheeling, Va.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 10.—A mob of 200 people attacked a street car on the south side manned by non-union men to-day. The conduct of the mob was very bad, and the car was badly damaged. The mob was not known, but probably did. There is great excitement.

Died at 118.

HAVANA, Feb. 9.—The Santa Clara papers report the recent death of Senor Dolores Machado Y. Munoz, who resided at Quemado Hilario. Senor Machado had attained her 118th year. She leaves several sons over 90 years of age and a daughter 102 years old. Senor Machado had 14 children and leaves 51 grandchildren, 120 great-grandchildren and 48 great-great-grandchildren.

Verdict Against the Government.

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.—In the Exchequer Court Judge Burbridge gave judgment in the case of Messrs. Sims & Slater, contractors of the Cape Breton Railway, against the Government. The decision was in favor of claimants of the legal points, the amount due them to be determined by experts. The total amount was about \$200,000, and the Government's counter claim for \$108,000 was reduced by the judge to \$41,000.

The Hawaiian Situation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.—All the Cabinet members were present at the meeting yesterday and discussed the action of Minister Stevens in establishing a protectorate over the Hawaiian Islands. It is not believed that any definite action will be taken until the day before the departure of the steamer for the islands, which will be on the 14th inst.

Secretary Foster held a conference with the Hawaiian commissioners at the State Department this afternoon and informed them that arrangements had been made for their reception by President Harrison to-morrow.

Cruel and Zealous Husbands.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 11.—A pair of divorcees were granted by Judge Hutchins last evening in cases where two wives wanted the nuptial knot unloosed because the husbands were extremely cruel to them. Mrs. Anna M. Bauer, a handsome young woman, was the plaintiff in one case, but she is now Miss Anna M. Du Bois, as the court granted her a decree and restoration to her maiden name. They had been married six or seven years. Her husband was very cruel and jealous, in fact, so jealous that he tied her up in the house one day and left her till his return. The other miserable marriage was dissolved by a decree was Mrs. Mary Phillips, whose husband, Ambrose Phillips, was not only guilty of extreme cruelty but of gross neglect as well. He cut her arm with a knife on one occasion, leaving a long gash. They had been married twelve years.

Horsewhipped His Sister.

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 10.—Yesterday Chief Will received a letter from Chief McCarthy, of Seaford, asking him to take charge of a girl named Maggie Kennedy, of that place, who had left for Woodstock. Chief Will arrested her on a charge of vagrancy, and to-day she was brought into the Police Court, her brother also appearing and asking her to go home with him. The girl said her parents were in poor circumstances and that her brother abused her so cruelly that she could no longer endure it, so she determined to leave home and seek employment. This she did with the knowledge and consent of her parents. The brother admitted that he had frequently horsewhipped her. The girl absolutely refused to return with him, and as he had no authority to compel her to go he returned without her. The girl is 16 years of age, good-looking, has a pleasant manner, and is evidently very intelligent. The brother, however, is her opposite in all these respects. Some Woodstock ladies are interesting themselves in the girl's behalf.

A Pleasant Remedy.

of health and strength renewed and ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectually cleanse the system when constive or bilious. For sale in 7-cent bottles by all leading druggists.

SWEEP FROM THE DECKS.

Frightful Experience of the Steamer Pomeranian.

A Number of the Crew and Cabin Passengers Drowned—The Ship Obligated to Return to Greenock.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Allan Line steamer *Pomeranian*, from Glasgow, Jan. 27, via Mobile for New York, has returned to Greenock after losing a number of her crew and passengers in a heavy storm. The *Pomeranian* was about 1,150 miles westward from Glasgow, when she encountered weather of unusual severity. The gales had increased with great suddenness until a heavy sea unexpectedly swept over the deck, carrying everything before it like an avalanche. The deck, saloon, chart house, the bridge and the boats were smashed and swept away by the tremendous force of the waves, and when the sea had passed over the decks were a scene of ruin and the shrieks of perishing sailors and passengers could be heard in the waves that surged about. Capt. Dalziel had been on the bridge and when the avalanche struck the vessel she was swept from his post and was dashed against the bulwark, where he lay, stunned and helpless. The mates, John Cook and John Hamilton, who were on the bridge with the captain, were swept out to sea and drowned. Besides the first and second cabin passengers missing, the stewards were James Pritchard and Fred Westbury. Two seamen, P. McLean and W. Urquhart, who were on duty at the time, also perished. For a moment after the catastrophe the survivors were too stunned to act. With the captain disabled and the first and second officers drowned there was no one for the moment to give orders. The third officer quickly brought the crew to their senses and took prompt action to save the steamer and its human freight from further calamity. All the instruments for navigation were lost, and the vessel was unable to navigate. Capt. Dalziel was borne below. His injuries were fatal, and he died on the following morning. The crew cleared away the wreckage and the vessel started on its return voyage, making its way back slowly and carefully to Greenock. The survivors of passengers and crew are in a very exhausted condition after their terrible experience.

SMOKE AND ASHES.

The Fair Building at Barrie Burned—An Incendiary's Work.

BARRIE, Ont., Feb. 10.—The main building of the Central Ontario Agricultural Society was destroyed by fire at noon to-day. Loss about \$7,000. Insurance, \$4,000. The fire was doubtless the work of an incendiary. Reeve Bothwell, whose building was burned last night, was the principal stockholder in the agricultural building.

CHILLICOTTE, Mo., Feb. 10.—A large part of Dexter, Mo., was destroyed by fire this morning.

DESTITUTE COLONISTS.

A Russian Colony in Connecticut, Lazy in Summer, Now They Starve and Freeze.

LYME, Conn., Feb. 11.—Stories of most terrible privation and suffering due to the colony of Russian at Cheshire, by scores deserting their little farms, by scores. About sixteen months ago the colony was established, over 400 Russian families settling on small farms. During last summer they did but little work and in the fall their crops were poor. Numerous deaths have occurred, due solely to hunger and cold, and those who are left have begun to leave in large numbers. They have gone to New York, where they will appeal to their fellow-countrymen for aid. All of the farms will be deserted by the end of next week.

THE GOLD STRINGENCY.

New York Banks Push Their Course of Action—No Gold Accounts to be Opened by Clearing Houses.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The banks made no further effort yesterday to replenish the treasury's stock of gold. In consequence of their crops were poor. Numerous deaths have occurred, due solely to hunger and cold, and those who are left have begun to leave in large numbers. They have gone to New York, where they will appeal to their fellow-countrymen for aid. All of the farms will be deserted by the end of next week.

ONE PEOPLE, ONE LANGUAGE.

[New York Letter.]

The decision of Mr. Sattoli that there shall be no German or French or Irish Catholic churches in America, but that "English is the language of the church as well as of the politics and the institutions of the country," is in the right line. Neither the Pope nor his delegate has given encouragement to any element among us which would antagonize American ideas of education and nationality, and which is to that extent hostile to American institutions. The Pope had the sagacity to discern the injury to the church occasioned by this hostility, and the necessity of reconciling its aspirations and thought with the dominant desires and irresistible sentiment of the American people. He realized the important fact that foreigners, to enjoy the full blessings of free government and to become useful agents in its development and progress, must become assimilated in both sentiment and language, and the sooner this result is achieved the better for both, the smaller as well as the larger body.

It is America, and all its citizens should be American in sympathy, thoughts and action. There must be no divided duty. As our Government does not interfere with religious rights neither must religious zealots pervert political rights, directly or indirectly, for the furtherance of church dogmas or the preservation of alien languages, habits or ideas.

NOTICE

We have removed to our new store, north-west corner of Dundas street and Park avenue. As in the past, we will endeavor to keep an absolutely pure and fresh stock of Drugs and Chemicals, quality to be of first importance. In our new premises we are opening many new lines of Toilet Goods, Hair Brushes, Exquisite Perfumes, etc., all at remarkably low prices. Dispensing Prescriptions in vials as a specialty. Please remember the new address.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE, CHEMISTS

216 Dundas Street, Corner Clarence.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

A Valparaiso dispatch says yellow fever is on the increase at Santos, 88 deaths being reported Friday.

The commonwealth of Pennsylvania has entered the legal battle for the possession of the immense wealth of the Economic Society.

A dispatch from Panama says a remonstrance signed by 500 leading citizens of Colombia against further concessions to the Panama Canal Company has been forwarded to the Colombia Government at Bogota.

Tsui Kwo Ying, the Chinese Minister to the United States and Peru, is to be relieved from his duties. His successor will be Yang Yu, at present collector of customs at the port of Wu Pu, who is said to be a man of great ability.

Gen. Barretto and two other leaders of the Federalist faction of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, died a few days ago under circumstances which have aroused the suspicion that they were poisoned. An investigation is being made.

Col. Johnston, ex-editor, and William Condon, an experienced prospector, have returned from the mountains 25 miles northwest of Phoenix, Ariz., and report the discovery of the ruins of an old Aztec city, of probably 60,000 inhabitants.

The 15-Year-Old Mother.

WINSTON, Feb. 10.—Annie Lisert, crown witness in the Rankin murder case at Chatham, is at Sandwich jail with her child 2 weeks old. She claims she was paid by friends of the Freemans to go to the United States. Although the parties are all colored, she is white and not yet 10 years of age.

Quebec Legislature.

QUEBEC, Feb. 10.—The bill to reduce the legislative indemnity from \$800 to \$600 was killed in committee, although the House was unanimous in voting the second reading.

The House has adopted the principle of compulsory voting, but the measure will not be carried into practical effect during the present session.

South American Rebellions.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The Herald's correspondent at Curacao, W. I., cables that a serious outbreak against the Government in the southern provinces of the United States of Colombia may be expected at any time. An outbreak is also expected in the State of Santander, near the Venezuelan frontier, where the citizens are well armed. It is believed revolution will soon be declared in all parts of Colombia.

Three Fires in Lindsay.

LINDSAY, Ont., Feb. 11.—A fire occurred here last night, destroying a frame dwelling owned by Mrs. Johnston. It was insured for \$300 in the Hartford. A second fire was discovered early this morning in the Queen's Hotel, owned by the Lundy estate, Peterboro, occupied by A. McDonald. The building was a large three-story one, and was completely gutted, only the walls being left standing. While this fire was going on a third took place in the south ward, destroying the outbuildings of F. Mark.

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[New York Letter.]

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ROLLING UP.

The weekly sales of C.W.C. We don't intend to tire you by detailing the many money, time and labor-saving advantages possessed by C. W. C. If you have made a careful application of directions on each packet you know something of them; if you have not, permit us to intimate that you are, to say the least, behind the times, and there is no doubt it will pay you to follow the example of your intelligent neighbors and use

COTTONS WASHING COMPOUND

C.W.C.