THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1886.

The Grits and Reciprocity.

THE proper way to calculate how near we are to Reciprocity is to pay attention to what the Americans have to say on the subject. Seeing that it requires two to make a bargain, we also have a right to discuss the Grit programme before we condemn the present Government for keeping the Americans off our territory. As we have pointed out, time and again, the present Government placed on record a standing offer of reciprocity in natural products; that rather than be compelled to keep the Americans out by force, until such relations had been established, we permitted them to fish unmolested for one season in our waters; therefore, so far as Canada is concerned, there need not be one day's delay over negotiating a Reciprocity treaty.

But how have our neighbors rewarded us for our pains? While American fishermen were reaping an abundant harvest in our waters, they imposed a heavy duty upon our shipments, and when Congress was asked by a Democratic administration to enter into negotiations, they scouted such a proposition in the most insolent terms.

It is unfortunate for Canada that she harbors a party disloyal enough to hold out inducements which produce this effect. During the past summer the repeal issue in Nova Scotia led several American journals to send correspondents down to the Maritime Provinces to interview Grit politicians on leading questions, and we regret to see that the result of their inquiry will only have a tendency to strengthen Congress in the position they have taken. A Mr. Nordhoff, of the New York *Herald*—who must have interviewed our Mr. Davies—spent some weeks on this mission, and after praising several repeal politicians, says:—

"What is a little absurd is that some liberal politicians seem to imagine that they can have 'a treaty' merely for the asking for it."

Mr. Nordhoff then refers to the Grits of the Lower Provinces as follows:—

"If you ask a Liberal what he means by a treaty he will tell you he wants something like a free interchange of all commodities between the United States and the Maritime Provinces, because that is necessary to the prosperity of these Provinces, AND THAT HE DOES NOT CARE MUCH WHAT BECOMES OF CANADA. That is to say, the Liberals know what they want, but they have not discovered a practical way to get it, and therein lies a danger for them as politicians. They hope to get into power next year, and they are promising the people in these Provinces 'a treaty,' which is a vague enough engagement. * * * But they do not seem to have any really practical programme, and if they should get into power next year they would be badly embarrassed."

We need not comment upon the accuracy of the observations of the *Herald's* correspondent. The electors of Canada held similar views at the last two general elections, and have abundant reason to be quite as steadfast in their opinions at the general election of 1887. But it is in depicting Grit want of confidence in Mr. Blake, and their disloyalty, that Mr. Nordhoff excels. He goes on to say:—

"When you get down to the bottom of the Liberal thought, it means free intercourse with the United States, and nothing short of that. How to get that they do not know. *They are not very confident of getting it through any party in power at Ottawa.* Hence IF YOU SCRATCH A LIBERAL DEEP ENOUGH YOU FIND AN ANNEXATIONIST—not because he is in love with the United States perhaps, but 'because Boston is a natural market, and we must have it to prosper.'"

Having ascertained what the Grit party in the Maritime Provinces have communicated to the outside world through an American journal, it will not be out of place to see how free trade sentiment is progressing in the particular section of the United States which our Grit friends consider our natural market. It appears that Mr. James G. Blaine has been saying that the two great parties are clearly antagonistic, "affording a distinct, well marked line of division between the Republican and Democratic parties"—the former, of course, being the friends of protection. Here we have the question brought down fine, and we would ask Grit Free Traders to read carefully what the Boston *Pilot*, a journal which reflects the views of an overwhelming majority of the Democratic party of Massachusetts, has to say on the subject. This paper says:—

"If he could persuade the country to accept this classification, Mr. Blaine would have no trouble in securing for his party a perpetual lease of political power, even with himself as its leader, on the first opportunity of an appeal to the people. It would be a beggarly handful of Democrats, indeed, who would be returned to Congress upon a clearly-defined issue of free trade *versus* protection. But the democratic party is not committed to free trade. So far from such being the case, no reduction of the tariff has been possible on account of the general antipathy of the people, irrespective of party, towards anything even remotely looking in that direction. The actual believers in free trade in the country are few, though noisy. They have no influence in either party. Certainly the Democratic party has shown no disposition to encourage their chimeras at the expense of the country and the cost of political suicide. Mr. Blaine's treatment of the labor question is but an application of his tariff remedies to the prevalent industrial illness. He says "I have no new nostrums to offer for the cure of labor troubles. I have no quack remedies to propose. I am a firm believer in the efficacy of a protective tariff, and I can look back with serene satisfaction to my record in Congress, as never blotted by a single vote that was not friendly to the interests of American labor."

The most ardent free trader in the Dominion will peruse the foregoing in vain for one syllable anguring in favor of Reciprocity. On the contrary, it shows that the press and politicians of the United States are vieing with each other in their opposition to "anything even remotely looking in that direction."

What, then, remains to be done by Canada? We think our readers will agree with us in saying that it behooves all true Canadians to fall into line, as the Americans have done, and instead of holding out inducements to them of a return to jug handled free trade, tell our neighbors squarely that they need not expect us to recede one iota until they are prepared to give us reciprocity. Canada should not provide a market for the United States, and make no effort to supply her own wants, while they refuse to open their markets to us. It should also be an understood thing that if they expect the fly-on-the-wheel policy of the Grit party to take the place of the National Policy, they will live to see their mistake. They must come to time, or the inside of the three-mile limit will be a dangerous place for poachers next year.

The "Patriot's" Libels.

THE *Patriot* finds it more convenient to slander the electors of Pinette than to condemn the jobbery of Mr. Thomas Walker Dodd. Our contemporary enjoys the unenviable reputation of libelling constituencies which vote Conservative, but in the present instance it says the money paid to the electors, for work on Pinette Bridge, went, "in plain English, to buy support for the Government." When it is remembered that the Belfast District returned two Grits at the late election, the charge of the *Patriot* that any portion of the electors were bought by a day's labor, ought to be appreciated at its true value. Had Belfast returned Conservatives there might be some foundation for this base libel, but under existing circumstances the charge is only what might be expected from the editor of the *Patriot*. Pinette, above all places, which has stood true to the Grit flag, through good and evil repute, has reason to feel proud of the character it has received from the Grit organ.

The high opinion entertained by the editor of the *Patriot* of the yeomanry of Belfast District, is only equalled by his ignorance of everything pertaining to Public Works. We are informed by a gentleman from Pinette, who supported the Opposition, that by employing days' labor the Government built two bridges at Pinette in every way superior to what could have been built for the same money if let by tender. So much for the *Patriot's* knowledge of Public Works.

We stated in our last issue that the coal supplied in this city for public buildings cost no more than market prices. But the fact is, it costs a great deal less, and as we then remarked, those corrupt Tories who supplied it have not attempted to defraud the Government. The *Patriot* does not inform its readers that when Grits supplied coal by tender for the public buildings in this city, they sold the Government an inferior quality of coal, which had to be removed from the buildings. In all probability if the Government gave one of the *Patriot's* friends another contract to supply coal, the organ would contend, as it had done in regard to labor on Pinette bridges, that it was done to purchase political support.

We hope our contemporary is now satisfied that it is useless to attempt to cover up Mr. Dodd's jobbery by referring to public works which in the eyes of honest men of both sides of politics reflect credit upon the judgment and ability of the head of the Public Works Department. Every transaction to which the *Patriot* alludes will bear the light of day. Good value is received for every dollar expended either on coal or on public works, and it would take a greater expert than even Mr. Thomas W. Dodd, the champion Grit jobber, to make such raids upon the Public Works Department as were permitted by Mr. Campbell's predecessor. The bridges built and the coal purchased are open to inspection; but those who performed days' labor or supplied coal did not hold a seat in the Legislative Council; they did not hold the purse-strings of the Treasury as Mr Dodd did when the enormous sum of $5,000 was pait out of his official pocket to Dodd & Rogers. If any elector at Pinette received a day's wages at bridge-building he earned it by the sweat of his brow, but Mr. Dodd employed middlemen to do his handiwork who were paid a handsome commission.

The electors of Charlottetown and the First District are doubtless expecting to hear Messrs. Dodd and McKenzie explain during the campaign what use they intend to make of the register grates lying out in the Asylum. Is it their intention, if the Grits ever come into power, to cast aside the steam heating apparatus and utilize these grates, or are they to remain there a monument to the extravagance and corruption of the Grit party? If they condescend to discuss the subject, Mr. Campbell, who has conducted the affairs of the Public Works Department for seven years, and has come out with clean hands, would be a very suitable person for the electors of the First District to entrust with carrying out their wishes.

ON Friday last Hon. W. W. Sullivan and Hon. D. Ferguson left here for Ottawa. They are expected back on the 5th prox.

The Progress of Canada.

DESPITE the efforts of the Grit party to decry our credit, the prosperity and progress of the Dominion is attracting world-wide attention. Speaking of the advancement of Canada, the London *Times*, at the close of a seven column article says:

"Enough has been said to prove how abundant and various are the activities of our Canadian brethren. Since Confederation, in 1867, the story is one of steady advance in all directions. Now she has over 10,000 miles of railway spread over her broad domain, with projects of sundry branches extending from the main track in all profitable directions. Her debt is something like forty-two millions sterling, and it has mostly been expended on useful public works,—not much more than the debt of New Zealand, which has only one-tenth of the population. Revenue and expenditure have both grown, and so have trade, with considerable fluctuations, however. The great country westwards is being rapidly taken in; manufactures, as we have seen, are growing with ever-increasing rapidity. The country does not need to be vamped up, and already it has almost outlived misrepresentation."

In order to show how much credit the Grit party is entitled to for the progress Canada has made since 1867, we subjoin a comparison between Canada in 1875, when the McKenzie administration was in power, and Canada in 1885, under Sir John Macdonald's Government:—

	1875.	1885.
Imports exceeded exports by	$46,183,304	$19,703,125
Value of imports per head	31.60	23.20
Savings Bank deposits	17,210,000	29,217,000
Rate of interest on public debt p. c.	3.78	2.80
Miles of railway in operation	4,826	10,150
Passengers carried	5,190,416	9,672,599
Tons freight carried	5,670,826	14,652,217
Number Post Offices	4,706	7,084
Number letters carr'd	42,000,000	82,200,000
Money Orders issued	$6,711,539	$10,384,211
Value of Property bought by settlers	4,344,571	4,142,866
Number new settlers	27,382	79,169
Cost per head	$10.83	$3.92

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE Grit majority in Haldimand has dwindled down to 111! In the Toronto *Globe* of the 20th inst., we find what purports to be the official returns, showing the following totals:—

Colter	1876
Merritt	1765
Majority	111

The *Globe's* propensity for lieing is so strong that, in its introduction, it gives Coulter a majority of 115! In any case the *Patriot* is wrong again, as usual.

WE are glad to see that steps are being taken in St. Peter's District to erect a monument to the late Hon. Edward Whelan. In another column notice is given of a public meeting to be held at Morell, early next month, with the view of starting a fund for the purpose. The electors of the Second District had this scheme in contemplation last fall, but the outbreak of small pox prevented them carrying it into effect. It is, however, pleasing to see that the suggestion has not been lost sight of, and that both young and old are quite enthusiastic about having it carried out.

WE learn that it is the intention of Hon. Senator Howlan to exhibit a large map or plan of the Straits, showing borings every 1500 feet between Capes Traverse and Tormentine at the Provincial exhibition Specimens of each of these borings will also be shown, corresponding with the plan. Six location lines have been surveyed across the Straits, plans of which will also be exhibited, showing the different distances across. The model of the proposed Subway will also be on exhibition, showing the practical working and building of the Subway, all of which will be fully explained by Senator Howlan.

THE Moncton *Times* of the 25th inst. devotes a short but forcible article to the Subway, in which Hon. Senator Howlan receives well deserved praise. The article concludes as follows:—

"The Senator and the Island are to be congratulated on the satisfactory solution of the first great problem in connection with this project—the question of a suitable bed for the tunnel. The remaining serious difficulty is the financial one, but with the feasibility of the scheme satisfactorily demonstrated, we judge that the Island's claims and the Island's importance will ere long command the necessary funds, especially as the Government now in power, and likely to remain, has always been ready to give liberal consideration to progressive movements designed to develope the resources and premote the interests of every section of our great Dominion."

SOME time ago several Canadian sealers were seized by United States cruisers while seal fishing in Behring's Sea, sixty miles from land, and the captains sentenced to imprisonment. An exchange says the United States court has thus maintained the contention that Behring's is an enclosed sea and a national domain within which the fishermen of other nations found fishing are poachers. In view of this claim it is now held by good authorities that the Bay of Fundy, the Hudson Bay and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, ought to be closed to American fishermen, inasmuch as these waters are bounded by Canadian territory, whilst only half the shore of Behring's Sea is owned by the United States.

ONE of the leading Opposition newspapers of the Dominion has arrived at the sorrowful conclusion that the early completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway construction will at no distant day throw upon the labor market of this country a mass of laborers which will be a disturbing factor until absorbed. It seems impossible to please our Grit friends. They are now troubling their virtuous souls over the presence, in the Dominion, of the hard-working navvies whose energy and muscle assisted in constructing our great national highway. It will not be well for any of these poor fellows to seek employment from a Grit if it is known that he helped to build the Canada Pacific Railway. They will never get forgiveness from the Grits.

THE organ of the Grit jobbers must be hard up for something to say against the present Government when it has to fall back on the paltry sum of $140 expended on telephones. Just fancy, $140! It will now be in order for the organ to publish the bills of the carriers who supply the public offices with Spring Park water. This great discovery, which the *Patriot* says startled the public, consists of a telephone from the Public Works Department to the Asylum, with branches for the accommodation of the public to the residence and office of the Leader of the Government. We have reason to believe that the public have been startled by receiving prompt replies to their enquiries through the telephone instead of travelling from post to pillar, as they were obliged to do when the Grits were in power. As the organ admits that the charge for this telephone appeared in the Public Accounts, it is evident that the Government did not attempt to deceive the public. Probably if the account had appeared in the following form it would please the *Patriot* much better:

The Public Works Department.
To John Whear, Dr.

To.....$

Correct.
(Signed) John Whear.

But that is not the style in which the present Government do business. The Public Accounts show clearly how the money is expended, therefore the public are fully satisfied.

AFTER the false and misleading statement published in the *Patriot* of the 24th inst., in reference to the contract to supply the Asylum with meat, the public will understand how little regard the Grit organ has for truth or honesty. It charges that P. Blake, Esq., while a member of the Legislature, used his influence to have the meat contract withheld from Mr. Bridges and given to Mr. Maurice Blake. Our readers will remember that Mr. Bridges' tender was passed over *nearly two years before Mr. Blake became a Member of the Legislature*, because the Medical Superintendent and the Supervisor of the Asylum complained that the meat supplied was inferior. The contract was then given to the next lowest tender, that of Blake Bros. In 1882 Mr. P. Blake became a member of the Legislature, since which time he has had nothing to do directly or indirectly with the contract referred to; nor was it necessary for him to use his influence with the Government, as the *Patriot* asserts, for the simple reason that Mr. Maurice Blake's tender was the lowest. It is therefore unnecessary to state that the *Patriot's* "fresh story" is both "stupid" and dishonest. Every dollar received by Messrs. Blake Bros., previous to Mr. P. Blake becoming a member of the Legislature, and by Mr. Maurice Blake since, has been obtained by public competition, so that the statement of the *Patriot* that "the firm of which P. Blake, M. P. P., is a member, has received from the Government from $15,000 to $20,000, whilst he has been a member of the House of Assembly, and that he sat and voted this Asylum money into his own pocket," is a deliberate falsehood. Mr. Blake has never received one cent of public money since he became a member of the Legislature, with the exception of the sessional allowance paid to each member of the House. No stronger testimony is required to show how little importance is attached, in this city, to the *Patriot's* charges than the fact that shortly after the matter was fully ventilated in the press, Mr. Blake was elected at the head of the poll, and after serving four years in the Legislature, was re-elected by the largest vote ever polled in Charlottetown.

Cardigan Notes.

The schooner *Cardigan*, Hingley master, left Cardigan Bridge on Sept. 7th with a cargo of cattle, sheep, potatoes, &c., for St. Pierre, Miquelon, and arrived there on the 9th Sept. Having disposed of the cargo, the *Cardigan* sailed for Cardigan Bridge and arrived there on the 16th, only taking nine days for the round trip. She has been loaded again and sailed on Sept. 21st, with 30 cattle, 120 sheep, 200 barrels potatoes, pigs, poultry and other articles. The schooner *S.G. Morton* has been loaded with oats and potatoes for Halifax, by H. L. McDonald, Esq. The schooner *L. & S.* is bringing a load of limestone, and is daily expected. Immediately after her arrival, a cargo of cattle, &c., will be shipped by Mr. McDonald. The shipment of these cargoes makes business lively at Cardigan Bridge, besides relieving the farmers of their surplus stock.

Mr. Champion is putting up a nice building for a tailoring establishment, and Mr. Thomas Cobb is building a new forge near the bridge. Trade at Cardigan is looking up all round, and from present appearances this fall will see more stir at Cardigan than ever was seen there before.

The Bridge at McCormack's Hollow, which was too low, and proved an obstacle to farmers hauling from New Perth and Rosenneath, is to be raised, and when completed will give them a much better road to haul on than they had.

A. McNEILL, Esq., Secretary of the Provincial Exhibition, would be pleased to hear from the proprietors of private boarding houses in this city, as to the number of visitors they could accommodate.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

OUR lady readers are invited to read Mrs. Gaul's advertisment in another column.

As there are several cases of typhoid fever in this city just now, we consider it is the duty of the Board of Health to take such action as may prevent the disease from spreading.

THE Aberdeen *News* refers to Mr. Abercrombie, Solo Tenor of the Court Musicians, as follows:—

"Mr. Abercrombie sang the tenor solos most satisfactorily. He gave an admirable rendering of the air, 'Down Drop't the Breeze.' His singing of 'The Harbor Bay' was a fine effort, a succession of trying A's above the stave being produced with great purity and ease. Mr. Abercrombie also sang a couple of songs, 'The Angel at the Window' (B. Tours), and 'The Message' (Blumenthal), both of which were charming renderings, eliciting warm applause."

THE Boston Market quotations of the 25th are as follows: Potatoes, 53 to 55 cents per bushel; Oats, 37½ to 37½; Butter, 27 cents per lb.; Eggs, 20 cents per dozen; Mackerel, $9.50 to $10 per barrel for No. 3; $12 to $14 for No. 2, and $16 to $20 for No. 1. The Government Crop Report of the United States says that the potato crop this year will only average about eighty per cent., and we are informed by Messrs. Hatheway & Co., Commission Merchants, that our Island potatoes will probably be in good demand this fall.

ON Monday afternoon Lieut. Colonel Irwin, of Ottawa, and Major Irving, inspected Nos. 1 and 2 Batteries of Garrison Artillery at the Exhibition Grounds. The Brigade Band, which has only been attached to the force a few weeks, turned out and rendered appropriate music. At the close of the inspection Col. Irwin addressed the men in complimentary terms, remarking that he would be able to report favorably on the general appearance of Nos. 1 and 2 companies. The Band in their new uniforms contributed in no small degree to the success of the turn out.

The Uxbridge Organ Company.

In giving an account of the Exhibition recently held at Toronto, the *Globe* says:

"Special attention is directed to the fine exhibit made by the Uxbridge Organ Company in the Main Building, first gallery. These instruments are all beautiful in design, and the workmanship of the exterior shows superior skill. Those on view are taken from the regular stock, as those especially designed for exhibition were not completed in consequence of a press of orders at the manufactory. Recently the agent at London gave a large duplicate order, and with their home and foreign trade the factory is just booming, the employees working over time. The proprietor evidently does not fear inspection, for he has placed on view, an organ, stripped of its carved casing, which shows the action of the instrument, which seems very compact and effective. The swell and pedal adopted are evidently of the highest quality, and the result is that the touch and response are remarkably flexible, the musician having perfect control of the instrument, eliciting notes of the softest pianissimo to the extreme fortissimo."

Messrs. J. F. Willis & Co., of this city, are agents for the instrument referred to in such complimentary terms in the above paragraph.

Resolution of Condolence.

AT a special meeting of the Rollo Bay Agricultural Association, the following resolutions were passed. Moved by Mr. Hugh Campbell, and seconded by Mr. J. Gaudet:

Whereas, We, the members of the Rollo Bay Agricultural Association, having this day to deplore the decease of our worthy President, Mr. John Leslie, whose genial and generous disposition has endeared him to us all.

Resolved, That we avail ourselves of this the earliest opportunity of tendering to his bereaved widow and relatives our condolence and sympathy.

Further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to his bereaved widow.

DOMINICK RICE,
Secretary.

Souris West, Sept. 21, 1886.

BIRTHS.

At Woodlawn House, Charlottetown, on Friday, the 26th inst., the wife of F. L. Haszard, of a daughter.

At Summerside, on the 10th inst., the wife of J. A. Gourlie, of a son.

At Souris, on the 22nd inst., the wife of Norbert Pierce, of a son.

At Charlottetown, on the 21st inst., Mrs. Philip McLaren, of Eureka, Nevada, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Hamilton, Ontario, on the 15th September, by Rev. T. A. Moore, Princeton, brother of the bride, assisted by Rev. V. H. Emory, Hamilton, Mr. Henry T. LePage, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., to Miss Maggie Moore, daughter of Mrs. L. Gray, Hamilton.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Great George Street, on Tuesday, 28th inst., by the Rev. T. B. Reagh, Rector of New London, Wm. J. Robertson, of St. John, N. B., to Marion Jean, eldest daughter of the late Wm. Crabbe.

At Lennox Ferry, C. R., on September 7th, Mr. Nicholas White, of the Post Office Department, to Miss M. E. Fixott, both of Charlottetown.

DIED.

In this city, on the 28th inst., of Consumption, James F. McAree, in the 23rd year of his age. May he rest in peace.
[Funeral from his late residence, Richmond Street, to-morrow, (Thursday) morning, at 8.45, to St. Dunstan's Cathedral, and thence to the Catholic Cemetery.

At Canoe Cove, on the 11th August last, in the 66th year of her age, Louisa, beloved wife of John McKinnon, and daughter of the late Hugh MacDougall, of Nine Mile Creek.

In this city, on the 23rd inst., after an illness of four months, Louisa Weatherby, beloved wife of John Williams, in the 52nd year of her age.

In this city, at her residence, "The Ocean House," on the 22nd inst., after ten weeks illness of cancer of the bowels, Johanna, beloved wife of Mr. Simon Bolger, in the 46th year of her age.

At Charlottetown, on Thursday, Sept. 23, after a short illness, Patrick Keenan, aged 72 years.

At St. Augustine, Florida, on September 9th, after a few days' illness, of typhoid fever, Alfred E. Bollum, aged 29 years. Deceased, who was a promising young man, belonged to Clyde River, P. E. I., and lived with Mr. A McCallum until he left for the States a few years ago. He was well attended by doctors and nurses during his illness, but notwithstanding their skill and attention he succumbed to the fatal disease. He was followed to his grave in St. Augustine's Cemetery by the many friends and acquaintances he had made in that strange land.

"It Knocks the Spots,"

and everything in the nature of eruptions, blotches, pimples, ulcers, scrofulous humors, and incipient consumption, which is nothing more nor less than scrofula of the lungs, completely out of the system. It stimulates and invigorates the liver, tones up the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and builds up the weak places of the body. It is a purely vegetable compound, and will do more than is claimed for it. We refer to *Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."*

Noah was the first anarchist. It was only by an ark he saved the world from depopulation.

"I say aunt Chloe, you is gettin' aroun' right smart." "Yes, indeed I is, honey. I was pestered and sick abed with rheumatism for six years and done tried this West's World's Wonder or Family Liniment the people are talking so much about, and I was sure enough cured. It done cured this 'old niggerfy HERE.' Price 25c. and 50c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

General News.

Rioting has been renewed in Belfast Ireland.

The British Parliament was prorogued on Saturday until the 11th November next.

The coming Californian vintage will be about 16,000,000 gallons, which will leave 10,000,000 gallons for exportation.

On Friday morning two schooners collided near St. John's, Nfld. One sank and three men and one woman were drowned.

A local company is being organized, backed by American capitalists, to provide Amherst, N. S., with a water supply.

Justin McCarthy will open his American lecturing tour at New York on the 4th October. His subject will be "The Cause of Ireland."

Pope Leo is to donate $60,000 to the exhibition of religious art Rome proposes to hold next year in honor of his Golden Jubilee, it being the fiftieth year of his priesthood.

His Holiness Leo XIII. has transferred the Episcopal See of Arichat diocese from Arichat to Antigonish. Henceforth, the title of the Bishop of the diocese will be the Bishop of Antigonish.

The General Board of Guardians of Dublin, have adopted a resolution declaring that the time has come to present the National Irish tribute to Gladstone, and calling upon Parnell to support the movement with that object.

A despatch from Essen, Prussia, announces that an explosion of fire damp occurred in the canal pit, near Sahalke to-day, and that forty-five persons were killed and sixteen injured. Eight of the latter being in a precarious condition.

James Grant, who won the mile race at Pictou lately, in his attempt at New York on Saturday last to beat the best three mile record in America —15 10¼—made by himself at Cleveland, Ohio, in 1884, was most successful, making the distance in 14.53 4-5.

Justin McCarthy, M. P., arrived in New York on Saturday from England, on the steamer *Britannic*. He was met by a committee, headed by Patrick Ford of the *Irish World*, and escorted to his apartments in the Hoffman House. Mr. McCarthy is in excellent health.

A vessel bottom up, sheathed with yellow metal and about 230 feet keel, was passed on the 19th of September in lat. 39.06, long 65.10, by the steamer *Corinilla* from Newcastle, England. A number of logs and a quantity of spars apparently attached to the wreck were floating about.

According to the returns of 1881, Canada produces over twenty and a half million pounds of maple sugar. Quebec yields fifteen million pounds, Ontario nearly five millions, New Brunswick over four hundred thousand Nova Scotia over two hundred thousand, and P. E Island about twenty-five thousand pounds.

In a terrific northwest gale on the 21st inst., a Newfoundland fishing vessel collapsed in Trepassy Bay. Fortunately but one life was lost. Most serious fears are entertained for the safety of the late fishing vessels of the Grand Bank fleet. The great Labrador herring fishery is an absolute failure and will not realize ten per centum on the average voyage.

Sir J. Ferguson, under foreign secretary announced in the house of commons last week that personal communications were passing in London between representatives of her majesty's government and the United States minister in the direction of the removal of the friction between the fishing interests of the United States and Canada arising out of the defects of the present treaties.

The Canadian Pacific is, with two exceptions, the longest railroad in the world. Its length is put down at 3,990 miles, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul having 4,921 miles, and the Union Pacific 4,519 miles. Next to the Canadian line comes the Chicago and Northwestern with 3,948 miles, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy with 3,702 miles, and the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific with 3,518 miles.

The Cape Sable *Advertiser* will persist in telling its little yarns. Here is the latest:—Mr. James N. Cunningham has a natural curiosity in the shape of a real live rooster with four wings. The bird was hatched early last spring, is full grown and differs from the ordinary kind only in being furnished with an extra pair of wings, for which there appears to be no earthly use. They are smaller than the normal ones placed further in the rear, but quite well developed.

An Ottawa despatch of the 24th says Sir John Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper, and Sir George Stephen, went this evening to Sudbury junction on the C. P. R., to examine the great copper find there which Bonanza MacKay says will close up all the copper mines of the world, so great is its extent and so good its quality. The deposit is said to be four miles long and one thousand five hundred feet deep, the ore producing a very high percentage of pure copper.

The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* commenting on a recent speech of the Marquis of Salisbury's, says: "It should show Irish farmers that, under the guise of extending the peasant proprietorship in Ireland, there is revealed a project for driving tenants to purchase on the landlord's terms. *United Ireland* says: "The Government's present attitude leaves no mistake about a complete change from a policy of examination and inquiry to a policy of sheer barbarity."

The statement of Canada's trade for August is highly favorable. Imports increased by over a million and the exports are $956,000 more than in August last year. Every branch of the export trade except fisheries shows an increase. The export of animals and their products increased $580,000, and agricultural products show an increase of nearly $300,000. Inland revenue returns also show an increase. Taking customs and inland revenue duties, the amount collected increased $413,000 over the collections of August, last year.

The recent gale on the Labrador and Newfoundland coasts has involved more destruction in property than was at first anticipated. On the Northern Labrador coast five British schooners were totally lost, but fortunately only three lives. All these vessels were fish-laden. One Grand Banker was cut down by an ocean steamer on Monday off Cape Race. Hundreds of famishing families are at present hurrying from the French shore into the mining settlements, Notre Dame Bay.

John Macdonald, a pressman of the *Herald* and *Mail* establishment of Halifax, was found drowned near one of the wharves in that city on Friday last. His duties required him to be in the office between the hours of two and nine in the morning and three and six in the afternoon. It is thought he arose earlier than usual on this occasion, and that in taking a walk down the wharf, before his work, as he had done previously, and the night being dark he must have stumbled and fell over the dock.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, consumption, night sweats and all lingering coughs, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy. Superior to cod liver oil. By druggists.

Local and Special News.

"Why are two buttons put on the back of a man's coat?" asks a writer. Don't know; but they come in mighty handy some times, when there is one missing in the front.

The Millinery Department of J. B. Macdonald is now in charge of Miss McGregor so well and favorably known to the ladies of Charlottetown as a first-class Milliner. Miss McGregor would be pleased to see her old customers at her new place of business.

A Maine man says the way to start a balky horse is to lead him round and round until he is dizzy. This is not the only way of achieving dizziness in Maine, however.

A Word of Explanation.

The liver secretes bile to move the bowels; the kidneys secrete urine to carry off uric acid, which would poison the blood; the stomach secretes gastric juice to digest or dissolve the food, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters acts upon these organs and purifies the blood by cleansing all the secretions of the system.

Some men are so mighty penurious that they keep every thing they get hold of, except the ten commandments.

When you want to buy a good Overcoat for the smallest amount of money be sure and go to J. B. Macdonald's.

Harsh purgative remedies are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Pills. If you try them, they will certainly please you.

It is to be hoped that after Congress adjourns there will be more swearing in and less swearing out of office.

Pain cannot exist after the patient has taken a single dose of West's Pain King the magic cure. Do not be induced to take a substitute, but insist upon having West's Pain King. Genuine sold by all druggists.

We do not care what shopkeepers say about *their* Cheap Goods; if you want bargains go to J. B. Macdonald's.

Now that fashion has declared that the pug dog must go, perhaps the dude can catch on again.

Try the 25 Cent Tea at the London House.

A bar in the river and a bar on shore have the same name, because water is scarce in both places.

In Season.

It is now in season to warn our readers against the sudden attacks of Cholera, Cramp, Colic and the various Bowel Complaints incident to the season of ripe fruit, vegetables, etc. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the grand specific for those troubles.

We ought not to be too anxious to encourage untried innovation, in cases of doubtful improvement. For a quarter of a century Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has been before the public and passed through the severest test and is pronounced the most reliable remedy for that disagreeable malady. Thousands of testimonials of its virtues. 50 cents per bottle. By druggists.

"What is Jones doing now?" "He is travelling with a circus." "Pretty hard work, isn't it?" "No; he has nothing to do except to stick his head in the big lion's mouth twice a day."

Prompt relief in sick head-ache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One pill a dose. 25 cents.

When a man says, "I feel like a fish out of water," he feels dry and wants 'em "set up."

It is of the greatest importance that the liver should be kept in a good healthy condition. The West's Liver Pills, purely vegetable will do the work. All druggists.

A school shaver got badly licked the other day. When asked to conjugate the verb "can" he said; "Can, could, wanted to, and did."

A National Evil.

There is no question but that Dyspepsia is the national disease of our country, and when complicated with diseases of the Liver and Kidneys is the cause of untold misery. Burdock Blood Bitters will almost invariably cure the worst case known.

Smith: "I say, Brown, did I leave my umbrella at your house last night?" Brown: "You left an umbrella, Smith, but I don't know whether it's yours or not."

Changeable weather produces colds, coughs, sore throat. For these diseases use West's Cough Syrup, the best. All druggists.

Gentlemen of color—Painters.

"As Good as New,"

are the words used by a lady, who was at one time given up by the most eminent physicians, and left to die. Reduced to a mere skeleton, pale and haggard, not able to leave her bed, from all those distressing diseases peculiar to suffering females, such as displacement, leucorrhœa, inflammation, etc., etc. She began to take Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," and also using the local treatments recommended by him, and is now, she says, "as good as new." Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

F. H. Conly, of Portland, Me., challenges any man in the United States or Canada to row him a race for $500 a side.

The great health restorer, West's Liver Pills. They regulate the liver and promote good digestion. All druggists.

What animal always plays a leading part in life?—A blind man's dog.

Women with pale colorless faces who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

Preferred creditors—Those who will not dun.

West's Cough Syrup, a sure cure for coughs, colds and all diseases of the throat and lungs. 25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. All druggists.

On a downward course—Rain.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites,

Is prescribed by the Medical Profession because it is not a secret remedy, but a scientifically prepared preparation of two most valuable specifics, that they find of unequalled value for their Consumptive and Emaciated patients. Take no other.

THE following gentlemen have given Mr. H. T. LePage, of this city, certificates stating that his Potato Digger gives them the fullest satisfaction, and recommending it to farmers generally: Wm. Scott, East River; John Smith, Rocky Point; Michael Curran, Tracadie Road; John Dougherty, Colville Road; James McFarlane, Marshfield; Matthew Reardon, Covehead West; John Allan, Covehead West; David Landrigan, Covehead West; Donald McMillan, Point Pleasant; James McMillan, Point Pleasant; John Auld, West Point.

In the boat race on the Thames on Saturday, Beach bet Ross by four lengths. Beach won the toss for position, and took the Surrey side of the river. Beach was the favorite in the betting, 25 to 10 being placed on him. When the signal was given Ross was the first away, but he led for only the first six strokes, when Beach passed him and steadily increased his lead until he was two lengths ahead. At Walden's Ross spurted, and when Hammersmith Bridge was reached he drew upon Beach. Several barges got in Beach's water and he was compelled to cross Ross's bow, but he avoided fouling. The Australian soon shot ahead again and threw two lengths of open water between himself and his opponent when Dover was reached. He increased his lead to the End. The race was a procession almost throughout. The race was for $500 aside and the championship of the world. Beach's time was 23 min. 5 sec.

VALUABLE BUSINESS STAND.

THE Subscriber will rent his Premises on Queen Street for a term of years, as may be agreed upon. The House contains 13 Rooms. There is also good Stabling and other Outbuildings. The Dwelling House can be rented either furnished or unfurnished. For further particulars apply on the premises.

JOHN J. TRAINOR.

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A Skilful Surgical Operation.

The American Ambassador at Vienna Mr. Kasson, has lately forwarded to his Government an interesting account of a remarkable surgical operation lately performed by Professor Billroth, of Vienna, which, wonderful to tell, consisted in the removal of a portion of the human stomach, involving nearly one-third of the organ—and, strange to say, the patient recovered—the only successful operation of the kind ever performed. The disease for which this operation was performed was cancer of the stomach, attended with the following symptoms:—The appetite is quite poor. There is a peculiar indescribable distress in the stomach, a feeling that has been described as a faint "*all gone*" sensation, a sticky slime collects about the teeth, especially in the morning, accompanied by an unpleasant taste. Food fails to satisfy this peculiar faint sensation; but, on the contrary, it appears to aggravate the feeling. The eyes are sunken, tinged with yellow, their hands and feet become cold and sticky—a cold perspiration. The sufferer feels tired all the time, and sleep does not seem to give rest. After a time the patient becomes nervous and irritable, gloomy, his mind filled with evil forbodings. When rising suddenly from a recumbent position there is a dizziness, a whirling sensation, and he is obliged to grasp something firm to keep from falling. The bowels costive, the skin dry and hot at times; the blood becoming thick and stagnant, and does not circulate properly. After a time the patient spits