

FLORIDA OF RUSSIA

The Historic Crimean Peninsula
of the Black Sea.

HORRORS OF ITS GREAT WAR.

In This Famous Conflict Soldiers Died
Like Flies From Disease and Florence
Nightingale Won Her Crown of Glory
on the Battlefield.

"Hanging down into the Black sea like a butcher's cleaver, with its handle pointed east and the near corner of the blade joined to the mainland of Russia, the Crimea, where it was first planned to exile the czar when he abdicated, is about as near to being an island as a peninsula can be, even though a very narrow strait is the only water that lies between it and a second connection with the mainland. On the one side—to the west—lies the Perekop gulf, and to the east, shut out from the Black sea by the handle of the cleaver, is the sea of Azov."

Thus the Crimea is outlined in a bulletin by the National Geographic society from its Washington headquarters for geographic research, concerning this Florida of Russia jutting out into Europe's inland sea.

"With an area matching that of New Hampshire, a population equal to that of New Hampshire and Vermont together and a climate that borrows good features from Florida and southern California and had ones from many places, the Crimea is one of the most fascinating bits of territory between Portugal and Cochín China. Its populace a congress of races, its industries ranging from the growing of subtropical fruits and the housing of Russia's elite as they flee from the cold, to the herding of sheep and the growing of grain, it is a place of many sided activities."

"As the men of wealth of America have their winter homes in Florida and those of western Europe have theirs along the Riviera, the people of position in Russia have their country seats in the Crimea. And beautiful places they are, for in Russia the rich are very rich. The height of the social season is from the middle of August to the 1st of November."

"The peninsula is occupied by 855,000 people, according to the last census, mostly Turkish speaking Tartars, with a scattering of Russians, Greeks, Germans and Jews. Cleanliness and morality are said to be proverbial traits of the Crimean Tartars, who have been undergoing the influences of Russification for several generations. They have taken up vine culture, fruit growing and kindred occupations with a zeal seldom equaled east of the Aegean."

"Of course most interesting of all things Crimean are its history, its fortress and its imperial palace. In the second century B. C. the Scythians founded a kingdom there, and the land passed through many changes, now under one sovereignty, and now under another, finally passing to the Tartars, who in turn were brought under the rule of the Turks. In 1783 Russia forced the last khan to abdicate and made the Crimea a part of one of her provinces. The Crimean Tartars, who give the peninsula its name by reason of their substantial admixture of Greek and other bloods, have lost most of the Mongolian features, being slender in build, possessing aquiline noses, eyes that have lost the oriental slant and countenances not quite so inscrutable as the eastern type."

"In the Crimean war, fought by England, France and Turkey against Russia, the final test of strength came at Sebastopol. Here the factors of unlimited resources operated in the allies' favor. Through their command of the sea they could secure everything needed, while the Russians could bring up their supplies only across the barren steppes, whose highways were marked at every step by the dead and the dying, both man and beast."

"The novels of Tolstoy give a graphic picture of the Crimean war from the Russian viewpoint, depicting the miseries of the march, the anguish of the life in the casemates and the nerve destroying ordeal of manning the lines under shellfire, there to await the night attack that might or might not come. It was in this war that Florence Nightingale rendered services as a nurse that made her name a synonym of ministering angel on the world's battlefields. Then men knew nothing of the cause of cholera and such diseases, and the soldiers died like flies. It is estimated that 50,000 British soldiers lie buried in the cemetery outside of Sebastopol."

"The imperial large palace, to which the dethroned monarch was to retire, is situated at Livadia, surrounded by a magnificent park. It is of recent construction and was completed in 1910. Hard by is the simply constructed small palace, in an upper room of which Alexander III, died. In no other country in the world was the reigning ruler possessed of so many lands or such extensive properties as was the case in Russia."

Have the Habit.
"Have you any late trains out here?" asked the prospective purchaser.

"Sure," replied the suburban real estate agent. "All our trains are generally late."

Lucky.
He (proudly)—My ancestors came 'oah in the Mayflower. She—Well, it was certainly lucky for you that they did. The immigration laws are a little stricter now

It is not the fine, but the coarse and ill spun that breaks.

MRS. LORNE EMMONS

The death occurred on Tuesday, July 23, of Mrs. Lorne Emmons, at the General Hospital, Smith's Falls, at the age of 40 years. Although Mrs. Emmons was ailing for some months, her last illness was of quite short duration. She was only two weeks in the hospital and everything was done to relieve her sufferings, hoping that she might recover, but the end of two weeks she passed suddenly away. The deceased's maiden name was Maude Chapman, daughter of the late John and Matilda Chapman of Harlem near which place she was born and had lived until four years ago. She was united in marriage to Lorne Emmons, also of Harlem. Since their marriage, Mr. Emmons purchased the Ontario Cheese Factory near Newboro, where his home is. The deceased leaves to mourn her loss a sorrowing husband, little daughter, Elsie Lorrain, thirteen months of age, besides one brother, Lewis on the homestead and two sisters, Mrs. Wm. Buchanan of Orillia and Mrs. Russell Rose, of Smith's Falls. The remains were conveyed from the hospital to the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. R. Rose, from which the funeral took place on Thursday to the Methodist church at Harlem where there was a large attendance. Service there was conducted by the pastor, Rev. R. Calvert, who preached a very impressive sermon, taking for his text Hebrews 6-19 "and which entereth within veil." After service the casket which was covered with flowers was opened to give an opportunity for all to take a last view of their departed friend. The remains were interred in the Harlem cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Geo. Raison, Jno. Pattemore, Thos. Chart, Jno. Chant, Stanley Gle and Z. T. Gile. Much sympathy is extended to the sorrowing relatives, especially the bereaved husband in his hour of loneliness.

Inspected Gardens.
Messdames E. Eaton and C. Yates have made a tour of inspection and found most of the school gardens in flourishing condition.

One Hundred Socks.
Mrs. G. Yates has completed her one hundredth pair of socks for soldiers overseas.

Paid Stiff Fines.

At Gananoque last week Inspector Taber prosecuted with the result that two residents of Napanee paid fines of \$250 and \$200 apiece for infractions of the temperance law.

To Have Hydro.

Smith's Falls proposed to purchase the two electric powers there for \$135,000 and to have a Municipality Controlled Hydro Electric system. A by-law to that effect will be voted on by the people next month.

Few Prisoners.

At the present time the big penitentiary at Kingston, has the fewest number of inmates in its history of the institution for the past twenty-five years. Friday here were just 395 inmates, of whom 45 were females.

A Delicate Wish.

None of us are sorry that old potatoes are off the market. Our only hope is that the farmer who hoarded up bushels of them will have the pleasure of shovelling them out on the manure pile.—Exchange

Soperton

Soperton, July 30.—Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Suffel and Miss Danby, Lyndhurst, spent the week-end at Oliver's Ferry.

Mrs. H. M. McConkey and daughter, of Winnipeg, are guests at the home of T. J. Frye.

Miss Hattie Irwin is recovering from the accident of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Danby attended the funeral of the late Mr. Landon of Lansdowne on Wednesday last.

POTATO CROP INSURANCE

It is estimated that 25 per cent of the Potato crop of Ontario or approximately 5,000,000 bushels is lost annually by the farmers of Ontario due to attacks of the late blight and of the Colorado Potato Beetles. This loss can be prevented by spraying thoroughly at regular intervals with Bordeaux Mixture as a fungicide to prevent blight and Paris Green or Arsenate of Lead as a poison to combat the beetles.

Late Blight is a fungus disease which is particularly noticeable on potatoes in late summer and is quite warm when the weather is at all warm, moist and muggy. It is first noticeable in the form of dark colored spots on the leaves which soon begin to curl up and in some instances the diseased portion of leaves and stem emit a smell like that of bad fish. A careful examination of the under surface of the leaves where these brownish spots

appear will reveal the presence of a greyish white "mould" or "mildew." The spores produced in these spots on the leaves are scattered by wind and water and are capable of infecting a healthy potato leaf and starting the disease afresh. If no spraying has been done and weather conditions are at all favorable, the spores thus produced rapidly infect the surrounding plants and the disease spreads most rapidly. The disease can be prevented by thoroughly spraying with Bordeaux Mixture. It is an insurance, in fact an investment worth while.

Bordeaux Mixture

The Bordeaux Mixture for controlling Late Blight, also Early Blight should be very carefully prepared and applied in a very thorough manner in order to be effective.

The formula is:—
4 lbs. Copper Sulphate (Bluestone)
4 lbs. Lime, freshly slaked,
40 gals. water.

The Copper Sulphate and lime should not be mixed in concentrated solutions as this lessens the value of the mixture and fungicide. Dissolve each separately and dilute by making up to 29 gallons with water before straining into the spray tank. Bordeaux should be used fresh, though stock solutions may be kept for an indefinite period. These stock solutions may be made as follows:—

Put 20 gals. of water in a barrel and suspend 20 lbs. of bluestone in an old sack just below the surface of the water. The bluestone will soon dissolve and each gallon of the solution will contain 1 lb. of the Copper Sulphate. Slake 20 lbs. of lime, good burnt lime, and make up to 20 gallons with water. To make the Bordeaux Mixture put 4 gallons from each of the stock solutions in separate vessels and dilute each to 20 gals. of water and mix together in the spray tank.

In order to control the potato beetles some poison may be used along with the Bordeaux Mixture. Add ½ lb. of Paris Green and 1½ lbs. of Arsenate of Lead to 40 gals. of the mixture. This has proved a very effective remedy.

In order to do effective work all parts of the potato plants should be covered with a fine mist or spray. The plants should be sprayed about every two weeks. Carefulness and thoroughness pay and pay well, while careless and poor work is simply energy and material thrown away.

Phillipsville

Phillipsville July 30.—The thermometer around 90 in the morning the most of the time, the past ten days with the very heavy hay crops and the potato bugs working, 24 hours a day with the farmer carrying drink to them and very little help. In many places the women folk turn out and help to pitch and mow away the hay.

There are some very heavy crops of barley with long straw and well-filled heads, also the other grains doing well.

The hot weather is putting a growth on the corn and root crops.

While the small son of Alfred Elliott was driving a pair of horses on the hay rake, something started the team and they ran away. In their run they hit the gate post which demolished the harness and rake, but in some way the lad received no injuries.

Miss Nora Seed, of Toronto, will spend her vacation with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm.

Mrs. Clifton Tudhope and three children, of Parry Sound, will be the guests of her brother, Richard, Lawson, for a few weeks.

W. J. Earl, after being confined to the house for the past 9 months, is able to be out again.

Mrs. R. Lawson, after being ill for several weeks with stomach trouble, is improving and is able to be around the house.

Frankville

Frankville July 23.—A social was held at Frankville last night in aid of the Anglican church. A splendid program was rendered including addresses by the Rev's. Tackaberry, Jasper, J. T. Lyons, Lyn; Kirkpatrick, Cataract; and Mayor Wright, of Brockville.

Mrs. S. Colledge and daughter, Reta, were visiting relatives here last week.

Mrs. A. M. Dixon, her mother, Mrs. Oliver, and daughter Doris, are spending a few weeks at Caledonia Springs.

Mrs. Frances Richards has returned home after spending the winter in California with her brother, Dr. H. H. Stone, and family, and thoroughly enjoyed her trip. She came home by way of easy stages, visiting

turn relatives at Seattle, Vancouver and Kenora.

Stanley Livingstone, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Livingstone, who has been enjoying a month's holidays at his old home, returned last week to Timmins in the Porcupine district.

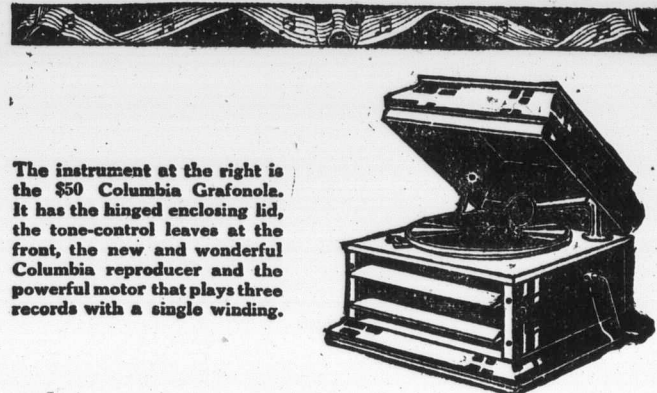
where he is employed in the Bank of Commerce. On Friday before leaving the Victor Club, of which he was a member, gave a picnic for him at Charleston Lake, where a pleasant day was spent.

James Sinney, a Barnardo Home boy, who lost his eyesight over a year ago, and who has been a ward of the United Counties since early winter at a blind institute in Ottawa,

was here for a few days recently visiting friends. He had resided in this vicinity for some years. He is learning the broommaking trade and is getting quite capable. He will before many months be able to make his own living.

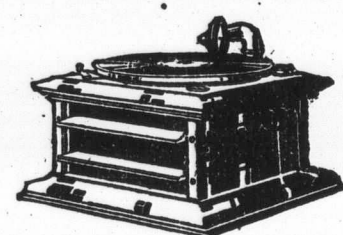
Dr. Allan Earl, of McDonald's Corners, spent over night on Tuesday last with Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Richards. He was on his way to Napanee in his car. He was accompanied from here by Miss Norma Richards.

Mrs. Parker Richards and Miss Geraldine Richards returned home on Sunday after a pleasant visit with Smith's Falls friends.



The instrument at the right is the \$50 Columbia Grafonola. It has the hinged enclosing lid, the tone-control leaves at the front, the new and wonderful Columbia reproducer and the powerful motor that plays three records with a single winding.

Sent on Approval—
(and on Easy Terms, if accepted)
This \$33 or \$50 Model
Columbia Grafonola



The \$33 model of the Grafonola, here pictured, possesses all the essentials that go to make up a real instrument of music—a full, clear, natural tone; strong motor and tone-control shutters. In mahogany or quartered oak.

W. B. PERCIVAL, AGENT
ATHENS



GREAT CLEARING SALE

*Saturday, Aug. 4, we start our Annual Great
Clearing Sale of all Summer Goods.*

This announcement will at once arouse the interest of everybody in the vicinity. For they all know that we always do as we advertise, and our sales are a great saving to all.

Every Summer Garment must be sold

Mens and Boys suits, odd pants, light coats, dusters, underwear, shirts, straw hats, panamas, socks, belts, bathing suits, jerseys, etc.

to be sold regardless of cost (in fact cheaper than we can buy them now). But we need the room for our big stock of Fall and Winter goods. Don't hesitate a moment it will pay you to leave everything and come to our big sale. We advise you to buy all you can now for you know that goods will be a good deal higher next season.

(See daily papers and bills for special reduced prices).

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

THE STORE OF QUALITY

BROCKVILLE