

Amundell

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

To all parts of Canada and Newfoundland, \$2.00 per year; United States of America, \$3.50 per year.

THE DAILY MAIL.

WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto (Midnight)—Strong north-westerly winds; fair and cold.

VOLUME 1, No. 6.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

G. Knowling BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Having received our full stock of Boys' Suits and single garments, we are now showing the best and most approved styles in Boys' smart wear-resisting Clothing, and

Our Prices are Far Below

anything you can get elsewhere. We can fit all boys of all ages and requirements

SUFFOLK!

A new feature for the Winter trade is the Suffolk Suit, similar to the Norfolk, but it has the advantage of a collar on the coat, and with a Sham Vest-buttoning up to throat, which everyone appreciates, especially for this time of the year. The colours are good, the prices right, and it will please all. Our prices:

\$1.80 to \$4.00

according to size and quality. Fit boys age 2 to 13 years.

NORFOLK

Our stock in this shape was never so complete. The patterns are exceptionally good, it is well finished and perfect fitting, and suitable for school or Sunday wear. For boys, age 2 to 13 years. Our prices:

\$1.40 to \$4.90

according to size and quality.

SAILOR

In good strong Union Serge, with plain or fancy collars and whistle attached with white cord. These are very special and we would advise an early call. Age 2 to 9 years. Our prices.

75c to \$4.30.

CLYDE!

This popular Suit, with Long Coat and Belt, is the height of fashion for small boys, with or without detachable White collar. Fit boys age 2 to 8 years. Look at the prices.

\$1.20 to \$4.20.

RUGBY!

This splendid 3 garment Suit in the usual smart style, which is always admired, for all occasions and weathers, as the Jacket may be worn loose or fastened. The patterns are good, and may be had in Navy Serge, if desired. Our prices:

Short Pants in Tweed, age 10 to 13 years,

\$2.90 to \$5.20.

For age 13 to 18 years,

\$2.90 to \$7.40.

Navy Serge, \$3.30 to \$6.60

Long Pants Suits, age 13 to 18 years,

\$2.70 to \$7.70.

OVERCOATS!

Boys'

We have a splendid Selection of Boys Overcoats, which will prove interesting to mothers, both in price and quality. The colors are exceptionally good, the make and finish is perfect. For age 2 to 16 years.

\$2.20 to \$6.60.

Men's

We have been Leaders in the Overcoat line for many Winters, and we have to-day some Overcoats, in Single or Double Breasted style, and Men who care about Style, Fit and Comfort, should see these at once. The best shades of Tweed, Light or Dark Patterns and Black are as usual very fashionable.

TWEED 6.50, 8.00, 9.50, 12.00, 15.50
BLACK 4.75, 6.50, 8.00, 9.50 to 10.50

GEORGE KNOWLING.

LIVELY TIME AT THE HOUSE; OPPOSITION SCORE HEAVILY OFF THE MORRIS GOVERNMENT

Premier And His Associates Worried By Speeches And Questions Of Opponents.

DWYER AND LLOYD MAKE BIG HIT IN RATTLING GOOD SPEECHES.

AGRICULTURAL POLICY IS WELL VENTILATED

Opposition Show That Extravagant Expenditures of Money Have not Assisted Agriculture One iota. Mr. Kent on the War-path—Government Kept Busy Answering Questions and Attempting to Make Explanations.

The many questions answered at the House yesterday by the Government Ministers showed that the Government had partly conceded the demand made by the Opposition leaders



DR. W. F. LLOYD

Scored Heavily Off the Government Yesterday.

—Kent and Coaker—that information affecting the districts and country were going to be asked without unnecessary delay.

In reply to Mr. Kent's request for detailed statement of payments made under the heading of General Contingencies Finance Minister stated it was in course of preparation.

In reply to Mr. Coaker's question whether the Government had considered the resolution sent to the Premier by him as President of the Fishermen's Union re appointments of boards made by defeated candidates in opposition districts which practice tended to rewards and punishments for partisan reasons and is therefore essentially corrupt and which should be replaced by establishing Municipal Boards to enable the people to elect boards and further that in all local matters not managed by boards the elected members of the district should be consulted by the Government, the Premier replied that he had not seen a copy of the resolutions and asked Mr. Coaker if he would forward another copy when he would give his answer as early as possible.

Fogo Wharf.
In reply to Mr. Halfyard, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries re public wharf at Fogo, he would state that the sum of \$4,500 had been allocated for the construction of the public wharf. The returns for this amount had not yet reached this department.

The Minister of Public Works in reply to Mr. Halfyard asking for statement in detail of all amounts paid or allocated in Fogo district during 1913; stated he hoped to have the statement ready for next week. The same reply was given to Mr. Stone's request for copies of the returns for special and local grants expended at Elliston.

In reply to Mr. Grimes, the Colonial Secretary said no amount of money had been paid for conveyance

of mails to Hr. Grace Island; also in reply to his question re General Hospital there was no enquiry held and therefore no report to make, anything done was in the ordinary routine.

Sheep Act.
In reply to Mr. Winsor's question re Sheep Act, amount of percentage on duties and light dues paid Sub-Collectors at Fogo, Lewisporte, Twillingate, Greenspond, Bonavista, Catalina, Trinity, Bay Roberts, Botwood, Carbonear, Exploits, King's Cove, Labrador, LaSalle, Nipper's Hr., Rigolet and Western Bay for 1912 and 1913, and travelling expenses paid on other things, the Finance Minister replied that account of same could be found in the Library.

In reply to Mr. Abbott's question re statement of expenditures under heading "Insurance for Public Buildings," repairs on same, statement of expenditure on supplies for Labrador and Poor Asylum, General and Fever Hospital and amount expended for construction of Public Buildings, the Minister of Public Works stated same could be found in Finance Minister's report.

Debate Resumed.
The adjourned debate was then resumed on the Address in Reply. The Government members looked very uneasy. The member for Placentia, Mr. Frank Morris, who is usually calm and collected, was seen to wring his hands, while his colleague Mr. Devreux seemed to be wondering to himself if he was equal to the occasion in defending the agricultural policy against the onslaught made by the Opposition the day before. He settled down to make some show of fight, and Mr. Walsh got to the back row to read *The Daily Mail* to drown his feelings of shame over the tactics he employed to win his seat as shown up by Mr. Coaker the day before.

Mr. Parsons looked very grave evidently wondering what that fellow

of a red neck tie a whisper was heard: "Has he become a Socialist?"

Mr. Kent opened the debate by attacking the Government's Agricultural policy. This policy so the Premier said had during the last four years had brought beneficial results to the Colony but he (Mr. Kent) failed to see them. The best test was that of results. His investigation had shown that instead of real and lasting improvements been made in reality there was a movement of a retrograde direction.

The main object of an agricultural policy was to reduce the amount of agriculture products from other countries by encouraging production within the country to supply home consumption at the least. But the policy of the Government had not produced this result as he would show.

Agriculture.
According to a report issued by the late Mr. Seymour, imports into the Colony of agricultural products in 1909 showed a value of \$2,713,231, made up of such items as potatoes, cabbage, vegetables, apples, butter, cheese, etc., amounting to \$30,000 while the value of meats totalled \$941,000 and flour over a \$1,000,000.

In the year 1912 the imports of the same articles totalled \$5,204,000 for cabbage, potatoes, etc., and \$1,245,000 for meats. These figures were conclusive evidence of the failure of the primary object of the agricultural policy.

Agricultural Societies could be made of good to the country if other features were present. They were not present. If we are to produce an agricultural class on the country it must be through the establishment of a model farm, agriculture is a science and must be treated as such. In the Dominion of Canada Agricultural Colleges were many. There they learned the treatment of soils, the value of the various seeds, and where they were best suited.

Better Way.
There was another way open to help farmers and that was by securing better facilities for marketing which would give added encouragement in the attention to the land.

As to the fishing question—he maintained that the increased price of foodstuffs the world over had effected a higher price for fish and not the Government.

They were other factors besides—better information, better methods better handling while in the distribution of the value of the fish Mr. Coaker with the Fishermen's Union had been an important factor as well. Unions where rightly managed had done much to enable workmen in getting a greater share of the wealth of the country.

Socialism vs. Unionism.
As to Socialism, he considered Unionism was its antithesis. As to the question of coal, he considered the Government deserved cen-

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

The reasons for the present rise in price no one seemed to know, but the general opinion was there had not been a meditative mood and as he wore

sure for its do-nothing policy and thought that Mr. Howley was the best source to seek for information regarding our coal areas.

LORD STRATHCONA DEAD AT GREAT AGE OF NINETY-FOUR.

WAS NOTABLE FACTOR IN CANADA'S HISTORY

Spent Early Years as Donald Smith, Hudson's Bay Company Factor, at Great Fortune and Took Important Part in Imperial Affairs.—Was Canadian High Commissioner to England at Time of His Death.

London, Jan. 21.—Lord Strathcona died at 1.55 this morning. He passed peacefully away in his sleep. His death was due to prostration, as a result of a severe attack of catarrh. He had been ailing since the death of his wife on Nov. 12, which proved a great shock to him. Lord Strathcona's title now goes to his daughter, Margaret Charlotte, wife of Major Howard. Lord Strathcona had only one son in the House of Lords, Earl Wemiss, who is in his ninety-sixth year. Lord Strathcona had reached his advanced age of ninety-four.

His Career
Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Hon. Col., the Right Hon. Sir Donald Alexander Smith, statesman, philanthropist, whose death is announced to-day, was one of the best known men of the present day.

He took a leading part of late years in the building of the Empire. Born at Forres, Morayshire, Aug. 6th, 1820, he entered the service of the Hudson Bay Co., and went to Canada when quite young, in 1838, and spent 13 years of his life on the Labrador.

Climbed The Ladder
He was promoted step by step through various positions until he became a Chief Factor.

As a public man he first came into prominence in connection with the reconstruction at Red River in 1859. Since then he has been prominently identified with Canada and Great Britain.

Served in Parliament
On several occasions he was elected to the Dominion Parliament and repeatedly was honored and decorated by his sovereign.

He was a man of untiring industry and dauntless enterprise. He gave liberally of his great wealth to all charitable and deserving objects.

Retired 18 Years Ago
In 1896 he retired from political life and was appointed Canadian High Commissioner in Canada. Lord Strathcona's age, his talents, his princely benefactions, his wide sympathies endeared him to all, and he was regarded as the "great Canadian representative" and a man of whom Canada was justly proud.

CREW OF MAYFLOWER LANDED AT FISHGUARD.

First Officer of the Lusitania Received Presentation as Recognition of His Gallant Work of Rescue.

Fishguard, Jan. 20.—Saloon passengers of the Lusitania, which arrived here last night subscribed \$1700 to be divided among the crew of the Newfoundland brig, Mayflower, the Lusitania's first officer, and a volunteer crew, who at great personal risk rescued the shipwrecked sailors on Jan. 16.

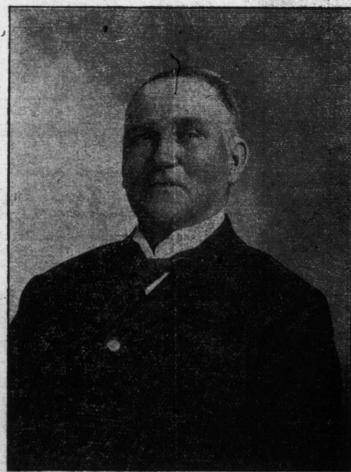
An address also was presented to Capt. Dow, of the Lusitania, and a gold watch to First Officer Alexander in recognition of his bravery.

PREDICTS ABOLITION OF HOUSE OF LORDS

London, Jan. 20.—Postmaster General Samuel announced in a speech at Henley last night that within a year the Premier would submit to Parliament a proposal for the complete elimination of the hereditary principle through the democratization of the House of Lords.

TWO MEN FOUND FROZEN TO DEATH

Sydney, Jan. 21.—Steven Curry, of Port Morien, and James McLeod, of Dominion No. 6, who were missing since Saturday, were found frozen to death.



MR. J. DWYER

Made a Good Speech Criticising the Government's Agricultural Policy

(Continued on page 4.)