## REPORTS AND CORRESPONDENCE

RESPECTING

## EMIGRATION TO THE COLONIES.

## -No. 1.-

ANNUAL REPORT from T. Frederick Elliot, Esquire, Agent General for Emigration, to the Marquess of Normanby.

No. 1. Agent General for Emigration to the Marquess of Normanby. 15 August 1839.

My Lord,

2, Middle Scotland Yard, 15 August 1839.

I HAVE the honour to present to your Lordship the usual annual return from Annual Returns the Custom-house of the number of persons who have emigrated from the of Emigration. United Kingdom during the year 1838; and, in illustration of this return, I also enclose a statement of the average number of emigrants from all parts of the United Kingdom during the six preceding years, from 1832 to 1837 inclusive, and likewise a return of the numbers who have emigrated in the two first quarters of 1839, from such ports as have resident Government agents.

In any general use which may be made of these returns, it will be desirable Explanatory to bear in mind, first, that any estimate of the increase or diminution of Remarks on these emigration from Ireland cannot be complete without having regard also to returns. Liverpool, from which great emigrating port a large proportion of the people who proceed—perhaps two-thirds—consists of Irish passengers who come there to embark; and, secondly, that in the emigration to North America the numbers embarked respectively for the British Colonies and for the United States do not afford an accurate test of the numbers ultimately destined to those two quarters, as persons who can afford it generally prefer in either case the passage by New York, and the route by that port is likewise the most direct to all the western parts of Canada.

It will be seen that the emigration from the United Kingdom to North America Decline of emifell off in the year 1838, from the average in the preceding six years of about gration to North 35,800 to the British Colonies, to 4,500, and from the average of about 32,700 America in 1838, to the United States to 14,300, making a general decline from 68,500 to 18,800; and partial revival but that in the year 1839 the numbers have increased within the first half of the year, and exclusively of all ports except those which have resident Government agents, to 9,600 to the British Colonies, and 22,400 to the United States, or 32,000 in all.

The most obvious cause for the great decline in the year 1838, and the one to which it appears to be most commonly attributed, is the Canadian insurrection, which had occurred in the previous winter. Some influence has also been ascribed to the stimulus which has been given to emigration from this country to the Australian settlements.