was last season as plentiful as pallicornis, although seldom taken previously. O. subhirtus Horn, and O. ephippiatus Say are very rare. I have also one specimen (captured a few miles north of Ottawa on 4th June) of a species which is entirely rufous, except the pectus. It is about the size and form of pallicornis and appears to be undescribed.

Acalyptus carpini Hbst., Elleschus bipunctatus Linn., and E. ephippiatus Say may all be found in profusion on willows, when they are in bloom. The second species varies a good deal in its coloration.

Piazorhinus scutellaris Say is not very rare, but my specimens have been mostly accidental captures by sweeping or sifting. I have, however, found it upon hickory in July.

Miarus hispidulus Lec. has not occurred at Ottawa yet, but is abundant in some parts of Ontario. At London on 15th Oct., 1885, I found the seed capsules of Lobelia inflata very extensively attacked by larvæ from which I reared a large number of beetles.

Pseudomus truncatus Lec. By an unfortunate clerical error of a correspondent I was led to record this species as occurring at Ottawa upon butternut. On the appearance of my List of Ottawa Coleoptera (Trans. Ottawa Field-Nat. Club, No. 5, p. 71) this species was questioned by Mr. Schwarz (it occurring only in the Southeastern States), and on examination the species was found to be Cryptorhynchus parochus Hbst. (Crotch 9233 instead of 9223). I regret that such a mistake should have been made, especially as Mr. Beutenmuller has quoted the record (Can. Ent., Vol. XXII., p. 258).

Piazurus oculatus Say is rare here, but I find two specimens labelled as taken upon basswood on 21st July.

Acoptus suturalis Lec. has been found quite abundantly, sometimes in copulation, on hickory stumps about the end of June.

Mononychus vulpeculus Fab. This rotund little beetle can always be found upon the flowers of Iris in spring, busy love-making or puncturing the base of the flower and depositing its eggs. In autumn it can be obtained in any desired number from the pods, few of which are sometimes free from it. Many of the beetles are, however, destroyed by Pimpla pterelas Say, which I have bred in large numbers from the infested pods.

Cæliodes nebulosus Lec. occurs abundantly in June upon mixed vegetation near water, but I have not ascertained what plants it especially