Volces of the Night!
Mr nomat ande.
Insmb a voice from mansion fair, Twas angished with a wead deginir-

Drahh has tes wetme here."
Frum yilla, ornate, homelihe, sweet, 1 cry with bitter gricf repletoDrink las ies victims here."
Fiom hiphest legishative hall
I heard listinct it trumpet call-
Drink has its victims here."
From sacred desh amil cloistered cell, A fiend lihe cry, with langh of hell-

Drink has its vetims here,"
And from tho stately courts of law "Drmk has its victums here,"

Fron colieges and schook the cry
"Drink hans its vietmins here."
From hospital and prison cell
The cry rings out like funcral hiell-
"Nost are Drank's vietums here."
From tinern hars the cry resemuls - We drill its victims here."

What from the heensed Grocers' shops, Where lupers get their mornimg drops?
"Hero chaldren come with jug on hand, o tisto what they them stand
"Sometimes they fet a pint of lige, Tis merred sustr What care il

Can't low partecuiar here.
"We're nem of business! dow't you sce Must be oblying , else, icar me.

We luse them, that is clear-:
"I I pay my heense, and I sell.'
'But sec the erds, fremi! sodh, well,
That don't belong to me
Harh ! from the poor hard-worher's home
"Cume to my rescue, chme,
Toronto Catina.
A Missionary Revival.
-nt hev. Alex. bunss, d.d., L.L D.,
Prestitent of the I'reslegan Fauites' Colltye, Hamilton.

## II.

Tue highest compliment ever paid o Jethodism was uttered by the man aho spoke of-her as-"Christimety in earacse." Jier early efforts for- the conversion of souls tully justified the rause. -Where the wholo Church of Christ to labour for the conversion of the heathen- as Wesley and-his coad-pators-struggled to spread Scriptural bohness through England, a decado would suthee- to give the Gospel to every creature. Farth has not witnissed a purer, nobler heroism-than of our whin is read it tive earier pages our history.
Oh i-1ora Petor tho Hermit, to rouse the slumbering host of Christ to immedrato action, not to retako from fir ${ }^{3}$.ng Mosiem the stolen cradlo of Chustiamty, but to buru into the heart of Chrastendom the "Go ye into all the world" of tho Master, and the starving condition of the-uncounted millions unroached by the 13read of Life Here is a crusade worthy of tho Cross. Wo want an apostlo for this Holy War who shall so rouso the Church-to earnestness that not only and file sball ariso the cry, "It is tho will of God."
Let tho watchword be, "The world for Christ in this century." For such a project men will be forthcoming. No
draft will bo noeded. Volunteess will |in-the nineteenth century." We must flock to this standard. Protestant Amoricn has over seventy thonstad evamgelical ministers. A high authority qives to the United States alone 69,870 for tho year 1880 . It wero a moderate estimato to say that this
should tepresont a forco of at least ton should sepresent a force of at least ten
thousand mon on the foreing fieldovery seven churches at home supporling uno abroad.
With the great commission before us, "Go ye"-with the burning words of tho Master and His apostolic followers, as well as their divinely heroic life, selfabnegation and death, how can a man with apostolic fire in his soul rest satisfied with our present efforts!

Let a Missionary aflatus come on tho-Church and we would find littlo troublo in raising our share.
Think of the effect of such a movement on the Chuxh at home. It would be as lifo from the dead. Missionary zeal is among the holiest of impulses. It is the natural outgrowth, essentarl concomatant of love to Christ:Then, what an interest would be created in Missionary affais! Eagerly - would we watch overy movement of
our Missionaries, from their departure our Missionaries, from their departure
to their landing, and then follow them in their victorious and onward movements.
If the Methodists of America vould consecrate one cest a pay for the conversion of the world it-would produce over thirteen millions and a half per annum. When it is romembered that the united Protestantism of America supports only about eighteen hundred odained Missionaries, counting both native-and foreign, and that a cent a day from two branches of Methodism, containing only a little more than half the Methodists of Atherica, would give a thousand dollars a year to soven thousand mon, it will be -painfully apparent how iltsle tho causo of Missions has affected the-heart of tho Church. A cont a day from these two branches will give a thou-sind-a- year to a Missionary army greater than that durnished by all Protestant Christendom. Wero the Methodists of America to give a cent a day they would more than donble all the Missionary force of the Protestant world. Were the Methodist Church of Canada to give a cent a day thoy conld sead an army five hundred strong to the foreign field. We could establish ono hundred diffrent Mission stations, leaving five men at each-station.
I lately visited a charge not remarkable for anything but this, that its pastor was ull aglow-with Missionary zeal. Its register contained not the name of a rich man. Yet its membersulp averaged abont tive dollars, or aluost ten cents-a-week for -Missions: - Wero this projact fairly launched by the leaders of our Isracl, in the spirit of faith and hope, I doubt not-that orery chargo in our Zion would momptly respond with nn- offiring commensurate with the faith of our leaders.
-Tho only possiblo objection- to the amount I havo named is, that it is too low. It is hardly enough to creato the impression that we aro-in carnest for the conversion of the world.

How dhall wo begin ? I dam not trust myself-with details. All I know is, that Christ commands us, and-that wo havo both mon and uncans in abundarce. Wo must lave a Mis. sionary rovival. We must sound all along the line, "Tho world for Christ
in-the ninetecnth century." We must
put it on-our bamers.- Wo must proclaim it, preach it, sing it, pray for and expect it. Abovo all, labour for it, till our very being is-possessed by it. Then may our oyes behold its realization and wo may join tho exultant soing, "The kingdoms of this world aro become the kingioms of our Lord and of His Christ." Tho two grandest auxiliaries, the press and tho pulpit, should ntriko the-keynote simultancously. In our rovivals, it is that the Missionary,spirtt is born. It is thero that we first learn to sing-
" $O$ that the woxi might taste and see The riches of His grece:
Would at mankut cmbrace."
You ask again, How can this plan bo realized! I answer. Agitate, agitate, aritato! When! Now and on every sppropriate occasion. How ? By tongte and pen, by preparing for pared work, and volunteering when propared. By consecrating yourself to
this grandest of callings, and-by praying the-Lord of the harvest to send more lahourers unto IIis harvest.

All other questions of the day sink into insignificance compared with the Missionary theme.
It las special significance to the young men of the Church.- It should awake their sympathy andy secure their co-operation.
To these young men I would saychoose apostolic ground. Be the first barer of tho "good news and glad tidings" to some precious souls.
We have too many ministers at home, considering the cundition of tho world. We are constantly crossing each other's jaths and getting in each other's way. Hence chero is a keenness of competition-that might- shock profaner callings. If half of -us were breaking the-Dread of Life to the heathen the Word of God-would be moro precious at home.
If there be a Church that can-afford to adopt this policy, it is ours. Our very organic structure-provides-for such an enterprise. We have onr local preachers that in-most cases aro degenerating thruugh inactivity. Wo could spare a heavy detachment of regulars moro easily than any- other Church, and every man in our ranks accustomed to march in obedience- to orders. But-let tho Mi. sionary spirit seizo Mothodism, and soon every other branch of the-Church-would bo-pervaded by it. Here is a field for a genuine-Christian-emulation, not-in crossing each other's path but in vieing with each other for priority in shedding light on those "in the region and
shadow of death." Imagine if you can, shadow of death." Imagino if you can, tist, Episc-pal and Methodist Churches noving in-their utmost might to-the relief of thoso Oriental millions, actuated by ono spirit, ignoring every namo but Christ's. Shall our oyes over behold tho sight? and if not, must wo still believe that-Christ's is the name abovo overy namo to theso bodies?

The andications of Providence woild urgo immediate action. Whilo wo are trilling with the matter at home, the vaious forms of infidelity aro prooccupying tho ground with a vacious and vitiating philosophy and with "t tho oppasitions of scionce falsoly 80 called." It is easior to roach the non-Christian heart to-day than it will ever bo in us:

The condition of eight-hundrod mil. lions of tho-human family cries unweariedly for the adoption of prompt measures. The Church at home demands it for her own sake. Volunteers will flock to this standard at-first tap) of ditum.
To those who aspire after ambitious lamels I oner the sure word, "They that bo wise shall shine as the brightness of tho-firmament, and they that turn many to righteousness as tho stars for over and evor."

Ir is an open question whether the Church fully recugnizes the greatness of her heritage in her great inen. Next to the personal example of Christ Himself and the sbiding intluence of the Holy Spirit, the greatest stimulus to the religious lifo comes from the recorded words and deeds of those whom Christian mien everywhere delight to honour. There is nothing which so arouses and sustains the spirit of hemic being in boys as the reading of books of heroic adventuring; nor is thero any process of education by which children may bo better trained in the habit of Christian chivalry than by that process in which the knowledge of the lifestories of the heroes of the faith has its duo place. There is in this no treason to the Christian ideal. To recognize and own tho Spirit of Christ as reflected variously by those who have been most fuithful to Christ, detracts in no respect frous the preominent honour-which belongs to tho Lord-Hinself, but rather leads to a noble emulation of tho deeds of those who, wholly human like ourselves, have breathed in so much of the better life. Whoover has the training of young people-in charge, deprives them of a large part of their inheritanco as Christians, if he fails to guido them to a knowledge of the lives which Christianity has ennobled. And-the thought of those who have already fought the fight and won the victory, should not only encourage each-of-us in his own battle with evil, but should prompt a song of thanksgiving to Him whose arm sustained them as it sustains
"Furall the saintsw hof from there latoours rest Thu the by fath before the worli confessed, Thy name, 0 Jesus, bu forever hest:

## Alleluin!"

-S. S. Iimes.

## The Omnipresent Scotchman.

"Go where you-will," said the-Marquis of Lorne recently, "it is very diticult to get away from Scotchmen. I was on the coast of Labrador, visiting un encampment of Indians, and being then yonng in Canadian -eervice, I wanted to see a pure-blooded Indian. I said to tho friend who was with me, Make the man of purest blood among them come here, upon which hoshouted out in French, 'Cumo here, McDonald.' Very near the Rocky Mountains, I saw, in a fino Indian lodge; a beautiful baby, and I asked to whom the baby bolonged -Was it an Indian baby? 'lart Injun, was the reply; and it turned out that it was partly tho product of a Scotch engineer. In Nova Scotia I found a IIghland woman, who could talk nothing but Grelic, cultivating a very successtul farm, while her husband could-speak nothing but Italian. I have no doubt that the successful man agement was duo to the fact, that they had the ordinary Canadian family of about-twenty children, who no doubt were ablo to act as interproters."

