

## GERMANY FAILS TO CARRY OUT SEVERAL TERMS OF PEACE TREATY

**12,000 Guns Found Hidden in Various Parts of Country—  
Coal Deliveries Not Made to France—6,000 Airplanes  
Intact—Restitution of Factory Equipment Far  
From Complete.**

Paris, March 28.—Three thousand five hundred three-inch field guns have been found by the Inter-Allied Commission in the vicinity of Berlin alone, and altogether 12,000 of these guns have thus far been discovered throughout Germany, as well as six thousand airplanes intact.

According to the terms of the Treaty of Versailles the German army should now have only 204 three-inch guns and no airplanes whatsoever.

These discoveries and other information in possession of the French authorities have caused considerable skepticism here as to the reason given for the request of the Berlin Government that it be permitted to send troops into the neutral and occupied zones.

Thus far, it was stated by a high official here yesterday, no evidence had been obtained by the Commission of any destruction of material by the Germans. Lists have been furnished, it was said, but it has been impossible to verify them up to this time. Premier Millerand declared yesterday in the Chamber of Deputies.

In addition to her failure to take any steps to reduce the German armed force to 200,000 men, although the time limit expires in 15 days, as pointed out by M. Millerand, Germany has done little or nothing, the French declare, toward the execution of about 36 clauses of the treaty on which the limit has already expired.

The only provision, so far as France is concerned, that has been duly ex-

ecuted is that providing for the delivery of seeds for the spring planting in the devastated regions. It is admitted, however, that something has been done regarding some of the general provisions, such as reduction of the military schools.

Restitution of factory equipment and other things taken from Northern France has been in progress since the armistice, but it is far from being completed.

An inventory of the aeronautic material has been in progress, but no machines have been delivered, and the emission of 100,000,000 francs in bonds, the proceeds of which are to be supplied to reparations, has not yet been regulated.

The delivery of submarines has only been partly executed, while no delivery has been made regarding the delivery of arms and munitions or demobilization of the naval forces.

The point on which the French are declared to be most sensitive at this time is the non-delivery of coal as provided in the Peace Treaty. The treaty fixed the maximum at 20,000,000 tons a year, but the Reparations Commission fixed the annual amount at 10,400,000 tons, on a basis of Germany's production in the month of December. Deliveries, however, fell from 300,000 to 150,000 tons monthly. This is held to be good proof that it is Germany's intention to evade her obligations, as her ability to deliver 860,000 tons a month was determined by the Reparations Commission.



MR. HANDLEY PAGE  
The airplane manufacturer, whose planes have won world-wide recognition and fame, visited Canada recently.

### Seal Harvest a Failure.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says:—Very poor news has been received from the sealing fleet. All the ships are clean, there are no indications of a paying voyage and the outlook is the worst for years.

## FUR SALES TOTAL OVER FIVE MILLIONS

**Record Price of \$106 Paid For  
Beaver Skins.**

Montreal, March 28.—The Canadian Fur Auction Sale Company, Ltd., concluded its first sale yesterday afternoon, when a grand total of \$5,093,120 was reached for the week.

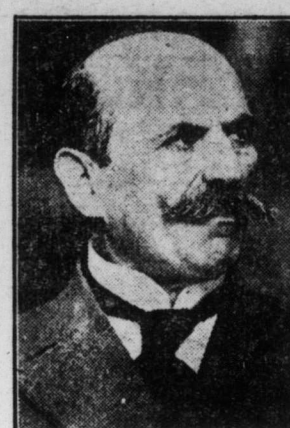
Beaver was the feature of the last day, 166,175 skins in 223 lots bringing \$728,735, a record high price of \$106 per skin on one lot being paid by Harry Silbert of New York.

Senator Webster, President of the Auction Sale Company, in an address to buyers at the conclusion of the sale, stated that another sale would be held here in August or September.

Among the sales in the morning were \$134,000 worth of squirrel, and \$236,000 of Australian opossum.

### Former Kaiserin is Now Invalid

A despatch from Amerongen says:—The illness of the former German Empress has reached a stage where her doctors consider it inadvisable to permit her to walk. The former Empress now is wheeled about in an invalid chair.



HERR SCHIFFER  
The German Imperial Minister of Justice, who has just stated in an interview that those who committed war crimes will be tried by him at Leipzig.

### DOMINION CROP PROSPECTS GOOD

**Sufficient Seed to Meet Every Demand Available When Required.**

Ottawa, March 28.—Seeding prospects in the Prairie Provinces are very fair, so far as can be judged at this early date, it is stated in the Department of Agriculture. There is a good supply of wheat, oats and barley seed in the West. It is fairly well distributed and in good condition. Good fall rains were reported from most of the districts, and nowhere is it anticipated that there will be insufficient moisture for germination. Some districts are fairly dry, and depend for their crops on weather conditions early in the season.

In giving out these details, Dr. J. H. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, stated that no difficulty is anticipated in distributing seed. There is sufficient seed to meet every demand, and it will be available where required.

Crop prospects throughout the Dominion are apparently very good at this date.

### TARTARS MURDER 17,000 ARMENIANS

**Archbishop Brings Tale of Horror to London.**

A despatch from London says:—Tartars recently massacred 17,000 Armenians within the boundaries of the new Armenian State at the instigation of the Young Turks in the Azerbaijan Government, according to Archbishop Khohn, an Armenian from Erivan, who has arrived in London to confer on behalf of the Armenian Republic with allied authorities regarding the situation in Armenia.

Three thousand persons are being herded in Tartar villages, and portions of the Armenian frontier are being held by the Tartars, according to the Archbishop. He says that in December the Tartars murdered 14,000 Armenians at Akoulis, in Azerbaijan, on the pretext that Tartars had been massacred in Armenian territory.

### Great Britain to Loan \$25,000,000 to Belgium

A despatch from Brussels says:—Tisserand says it understands that negotiations are under way in England for a loan of five million pounds sterling, the money to be used for the reconstruction of the devastated districts of Belgium.

## TORNADO SWEEPS HALF DOZEN STATES

**Three Score Persons Killed and Property Damage Enormous.**

Chicago, March 28.—Tornadoes that struck a half a dozen States today caused a death list that may pass three score, caused property damage reaching many millions of dollars and played havoc with wire and railway service in widespread districts. The greatest damage was done in Chicago suburbs and Elgin, where the known death list was 23, and a number of other persons were missing.

Atlanta, Georgia, reported that the death list in Georgia and Alabama was at least 36. Apparently there were three distinct storms, one driving north-eastward into Illinois and dying out on the shores of Lake Michigan, just north of Chicago, one striking in Georgia and Alabama, and another striking in Indiana and passing into Ohio and Michigan.

A list of points suffering greatest damage follows:

Chicago suburbs—15 known killed, hundreds injured; a dozen or more missing and damage of upwards of a half million dollars alone.

Elgin, Illinois—Eight known killed, several missing and scores injured; property damage estimated at 4,000,000.

Lagrange, Ga.—A death list reported as high as thirty, and heavy property damage.

West Point, Ga.—Five reported killed.

Near Fort Wayne, Ind.—Three killed, heavy property damage.

Agricola, Ala.—Five killed.

Grenville, and Union City, Ohio—Sixteen reported killed.

St. Louis—One killed.

East Troy, Wis.—One killed.

Swanton and Raab's Corners, Ohio—A number reported killed.

### NEW DEVICE SOLVES AIRMAN'S PROBLEM

**Possible to Locate Position Even in a Fog.**

A despatch from London says:—A new Marconi device, which should go a long way in solving that hitherto insurmountable problem, the airman's worst enemy—fog, has been tested by Clifford Whitley, flying a giant Handley-Page airplane in an account of his experiences, contributed to the Daily Mail. Whitley says this was the first public test of the device, and, in spite of his having to contend with a wind which at times reached almost hurricane velocity, the experiment was an unqualified success.

By means of the new device it is possible for a machine fitted with wireless telephone apparatus to ring down to a wireless station 100 miles away and ask its position, and within a minute the pilot can be told the station's exact location.

### \$10,000,000 in Gold Bullion Arrives in N. Y. From Europe

New York, March 28.—Loaded to the bulwarks with gold, the Red Star liner Lapland arrived here this afternoon with \$10,000,000 in gold bullion from Europe. The bullion will help the sterling exchange rate in the United States and will help cover the enormous exports of this country to England. Not even the officers of the vessel knew the bullion was on board until they neared New York.

### Constantinople Estimates 8,000 Armenians Killed

Constantinople, March 28.—Estimates of casualties during the massacres at Marash last month place the loss of life about 8,000 Armenians. During the disorders 15 Turks were killed.

### London Puts Clocks Ahead For Daylight Saving

London, March 28.—The clocks were pushed ahead in London one hour at 2 o'clock this morning, in keeping with the daylight saving scheme.

## BRITAIN TO FIGHT TUBERCULOSIS

**Health Ministry to Administer Relief to All Persons Affected.**

A despatch from London says:—With civilian mortality from tuberculosis at 1,624 for every 1,000,000 inhabitants in Great Britain, the Ministry of Health, recently established, has decided to deal drastically with the situation. Indeed, the patchwork methods in vogue under the national health insurance scheme will be scrapped. Under this scheme the money available only permitted treatment in a sanatorium for two or three months in selected tuberculosis cases, while other cases of the white plague had to be content with a milk treatment in their own homes. The insurance scheme was limited to workers and did not apply to women or children.

In the new industrial scheme it is intended to make provision for the whole British industrial world, including wives and children. Relief will be administered through county, municipal and local authorities, while the Treasury will provide \$5,000,000 for the creation of settlements where tuberculosis patients may be treated. According to the plan there will be nine settlements, each of 200 cottages, where persons suffering from tuberculosis may reside and receive treatment. In so far as may be possible patients will be expected to work at useful occupations.

A similar scheme for the treatment of discharged soldiers will be established by the military authorities in the near future.

### German Ship Carries Arms For Ireland

A despatch from London says:—The British Government issued orders on Thursday that all ships plying between Germany and the United Kingdom be thoroughly searched, as a result of the discovery of arms destined for Ireland in a vessel from a German port.

The Government seized a vessel which arrived at Grangemouth, Scotland, laden with light artillery, rifles and ammunition, all of German make. The ultimate destination of the consignment is said to have been Dublin. The ship's master has been taken into custody. The captain of a sister ship, also at Grangemouth, was arrested at London. Other vessels are alleged to be involved in the plot.

### Princess Mary Has Keen Eye For Art

A despatch from London says:—Princess Mary is now making a collection of pictures for her own rooms. She shows excellent taste and judgment, and is especially fond of those representing children and flowers.

Several of her recent purchases have been examples of black and white drawings, and at the same time she has secured several good specimens of miniature paintings.

The Princess's taste and eye have been most carefully trained, for ever since she was a little girl she has gone about to picture galleries with Queen Mary, who is by way of being an art connoisseur.

### British Women Are Liable for Juries

A despatch from London says:—Women are now qualified and liable to be summoned to serve on juries. The Home Secretary announces that where a panel of jurors is chosen from the Burgess List women whose names appear on these lists are now qualified and liable to serve on juries. This affects all women who are on the Parliamentary Register in boroughs. They will not be allowed to vote on their qualification until the middle of April.

In all other Parliamentary constituencies the jury lists will not be made up until the end of the year, coming in force on January 1, 1921.

### Canada's Cattle.

Our national stock of cattle today is, compared with population, exactly in the state it was twelve years ago. In simplest form, the number of cattle to inhabitants for three typical years was: 1908, 1.12; 1911, .90; 1919, 1.12.

That is, the increase in cattle year by year has only kept pace steadily with the growth of domestic population; it has allowed no margin for more export trade.

Yet during those twelve years there has been a tremendous expansion in the overseas markets which might be served by Canada and all means of reaching those markets, transportation, shipping and marketing facilities, have been improved.

According to the returns of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the number of cattle was 7,546,000 in 1908, when the population was estimated at 6,650,000. In 1919, the number, including milk cows, was 10,082,000, with the estimated population slightly under 9,000,000.

Olive trees known to be nearly 900 years old still flourish at the Mount of Olives, Jerusalem.

While nightmare is said to be capable of causing death to a physically weak adult, this has never been known to happen to a child; yet children are more subject to nightmare than adults.

### MAGISTRATE SHOT BY 4 MASKED MEN

**Dublin Official Who Presided Over Sinn Fein Enquiry.**

A despatch from London says:—Alan Bell, resident magistrate, who presided over the enquiry into the dealings of the Sinn Fein with Irish banks, was shot dead Friday morning outside the Masonic Club in Dublin.

Magistrate Bell was on the way from his residence in Monkstown to Dublin Castle, when the tramcar in which he was riding was held up at Ball's Bridge by four masked men, who pulled the magistrate from his car and killed him at the roadside. The body was taken to a hospital, where it was found the murdered man had been shot through the head.

The passengers on the tramcar from which the magistrate was taken were paralyzed with horror at the suddenness of the tragedy, the shooting occurring only a few yards from the car at 10 o'clock in the morning. The assailants of the magistrate escaped.

Aside from his investigation of the Irish banks under the Crimes Act, Magistrate Bell investigated the recent attempt on the life of Lord Lieutenant Viscount French and other matters.

Early in March the authorities summoned the bankers as witnesses before Magistrate Bell, ordering them to produce such documents as might relate to dealings between their banks and the Sinn Fein organizations and also with the Daily Eireann, or Irish Republican Parliament. The inquiry, which was strictly private, opened at Dublin on March 3. The bankers refused to reveal their accounts and the investigation was dropped.

The body of a young, well-dressed man was found in a field at Banogue Bridge, near Newcastle, West Dublin. The man had been shot to death. The identity of the man has not been established.

### 35 Sinn Feiners Arrested in Dublin

A despatch from Dublin says:—Thirty-five prominent Sinn Feiners were arrested on Friday. Five unknown men with passports for America were arrested on the point of embarkation for the United States Friday afternoon.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

### PRINCE HEADS ANCIENT HOSPITAL

**Assumes Presidency of St. Bartholomew's in London.**

A despatch from London says:—The Prince of Wales is now president of the oldest hospital in the British Empire, St. Bartholomew's, Smithfield, founded by the King's Jester Rehears in the year 1123.

The Prince was installed with the same simple and quaint ceremony that has prevailed for many years at the welcoming of a new president. Entering the grounds he was welcomed by the staff, students and many patients. Headed by the bandle carrying the mace, a procession was formed which proceeded to the board room, where the Prince took his seat beneath a fine portrait of Henry VIII. Here he heard read the charges, which required him to give earnest attention to matters pertaining to "the weal and advantage of the sick and suffering within the hospital." Having been handed an ebony staff with gold mounts, the Prince seated himself in the presidential chair, after which routine business was transacted. Later he made the round of the wards and chatted with the patients who are still bedridden, among whom are a number of soldiers who are still receiving treatment for the injuries they received in the war.

### Record Catch of Fresh Fish By Nova Scotia Trawler

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says:—Four hundred thousand pounds of fresh fish, said to be the largest catch ever brought to this port by a single vessel, was the cargo of the steam trawler Venosta, which arrived on Thursday from the Banks.

### Germany Again Has War Machine

A despatch from Paris says:—Germany, in the event of mobilization, can place an army of 3,400,000 men in the field, says Henry Bidou, well-known French war correspondent, in a despatch to Le Journal from Mayence. He adds that Germany secretly has reinforced her once famous war machine, which in 1918 was virtually shattered. Officers, he says, are available to command an army of 4,000,000 men.

## Weekly Market Report

**Breadstuffs**  
Toronto, Mar. 30.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, \$2.80; No. 2 northern, \$2.77; No. 3 northern, \$2.73. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., \$1.01%; No. 3 C.W., 97%; extra No. 1 feed, 97%; No. 1 feed, 96%; No. 2 feed, 95%.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 C.W., \$1.70%; No. 4 C.W., \$1.50%; rejected \$1.37%; feed, \$1.37%; all above in store Fort William.  
Ontario wheat—F.O.B. shipping points, according to freight; No. 1 winter, \$2 to \$2.01; No. 2 winter, \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3 winter, \$1.92 to \$1.93; No. 1 spring, \$2.02 to \$2.02; No. 2 spring, \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3 spring, \$1.95 to \$2.01.  
American corn—Prompt shipment. No. 3 yellow, nominal, \$1.95; No. 4 yellow, nominal, \$1.93, track Toronto. Ontario oats—No. 3 white, \$1.02 to \$1.04, according to freight.  
Ontario flour—Winter, in jute bags, prompt shipment, Government standard, \$10.25 to \$10.45, delivered at Montreal, and \$11 delivered at Toronto.

Barley—Maiting, \$1.84 to \$1.86. Buckwheat—No. 2, \$1.65 to \$1.70. Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$13.25, Toronto.  
Rye—No. 2, \$3.  
Rye—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, \$1.85 to \$1.88.  
Hay—Track, Toronto, No. 1, \$27 to \$28; mixed, \$25. Straw—Car lots, \$16 to \$17.

Mixed feed—Car lots, delivered Montreal, freights, bags included. Bran, per ton, \$45; shorts, \$52; good feed flour, per bag, \$3.60 to \$3.75.

**Country Produce—Wholesale**  
Cheese—New, large, 29 to 30c; twins, 29½ to 30½; triplets, 30½ to 31; Swiss 25 to 26; old, large, 31 to 32; Do, twins, 32 to 32½.  
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 55 to 56c; creamery prints, 67 to 68c. Margarine—33 to 38c.  
Eggs—New laid, 57 to 58c.  
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 40 to 42c; roosters, 25c; fo 1, 35c; turkeys, 58 to 60c; ducks, 38 to 40c; geese, 32 to 35c; squabs, doz., \$6.00.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 30 to 32c; fowls, 35 to 40c; ducks, 35 to 40c; geese, 25 to 28c.  
Beans—Canadian, hard-packed, bushel, \$5.50 to \$5.75; primes, \$4.00 to \$4.50; Japans, \$5.25 to \$5.50; California Limas, 16½ to 17½; Madagascars Limas, 16; Japans Limas, 16, 11c.  
Honey—Extracted, clover, 5-lb. tins, 27 to 28c; 10-lb. tins, 25 to 26c; 60-lb. tins, 25c; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 18 to 20c; comb, 16-oz., \$6.00 to \$6.50; 10-oz. \$4.25 to \$4.50 doz. Maple products—Syrup, per imperial gallon, \$4.25; per 5 imperial gals. \$4.00.

**Provisions—Wholesale**  
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38c; do, heavy, 29 to 30c; cooked, 60 to 62c; rolls, 30 to 31c; breakfast, bacon, 42 to 47; backs, plain, 50 to 52c; boneless, 52 to 56c.  
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 31 to 32; clear bellies, 30 to 31c.  
Lard—Pure, tierces, 30 to 30½; tubs, 30½ to 31c; pails, 30½ to 31½; prints, 31½ to 32c. Compound tierces 28½ to 29c; tubs, 29 to 29½; pails, 29½ to 29c; prints, 30 to 30½c.

**Montreal Markets**  
Montreal, Mar. 30.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, \$1.19; No. 3, \$1.15. Flour—New standard grade, \$13.25 to \$13.55. Rolled oats—Bays, 90 lbs. \$5.50 to \$5.60. Bran, \$4.55. Shorts, \$5.25. Hay—No. 2, per ton, \$30.00 to \$31.00.  
Cheese—Finest easterns, 26 to 26½c. Butter—Choice creamery, 65 to 67c; seconds, 62 to 64c. Eggs—Fresh, 58c; selected, 54c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$4.30 to \$4.40. Lard—Pure, wood pails, 20 lb. net, 31 to 31½c.

### DELEGATES TO THE INDIAN CONGRESS IN LONDON



Left to right, Mr. H. M. Hyatt, Secretary; Mohammed Ali, Maulana Sayed, Sulaiman Nadivi and Mr. Synd Hoseain.

