LONDON SCOTTISH **LEADING THE WAY**

London, Nov. 11, 10.20 p. m.—The official press bureau issues the following descriptive account, which has been communicated by an eye-witness present with general headquarters, and which continues and supplements the narrative published on November 6, of the movements of the British force, and the French armies in immediate touch with it:

"November 4-Before the chronological record of the course of events is resumed a short description will be given of the part in the battle played on October 31 by the London Scottish. The occasion is not looked upon as a special one, because this battalion acquitted itself well-for that was regarded as a matter of course-nor because it has done better than the regular battalions, who have been doing as much, if not more, for weeks on end.

"It is a special event, because it forms an epoch in the military history of the British empire, and marks the first time that a complete unit of our Territorial army has been thrown into a fight alongside its sister units of the regular

"Briefly what happened was this: On Saturday (October 31) being ordered to take up a section of the firing line to support some of our cavalry, and having adanveed to its position under heavy fire from field guns, howitzers and machine guns, the battalion reached a point where further movement forward was impossible. There it maintained itself until dusk, when it proceeded to entrench.

a point where further movement forward was impossible. There it maintained itself until dusk, when it proceeded to entremeh.

"From 9 o'clock that night until 2 a. m. Sunday, the Germans made numerous attacks on the Scottish line, all of which were repulsed by rifle fire. At 2 a. m., they made their great effort, and assaulted the front and left of the position in great force. A considerable number succeeded, by a detour, in getting around the flank of the regiment. A large proportion of these were engaged by the comfirms and second lines of trenches and assailed our firing line in the rear of the automobile. In addition panies in support and reserve, while other penetrated between the grant and second lines of trenches and assailed our firing line in the rear.

"While the fighting with rifle and bayonet was going on, both in second and the fight for the point of the point of the same that the fighting with rifle and bayonet was going on, both in second and prices of the garments there are production of a photograph of Oak Hall's advertising automorphic their advertisement. The proposal their advertisement. The proposal field and a continue to the flack faith and their developments of Oak Hall's advertising automorphic to the point of the fact that their advertises, and in fact they will continue the fighting country districts, and in fact they been forward among the advertises in the fighting country districts, and in fact they will continue the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fight time to whom the fact that the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they were always and in fact they will content the fighting country districts, and in fact they will content the fighting coun

into Ypres itself. Further to the south the Germans had, during the previous night, re-taken the village of Messites, and had also captured Wytschacte. "The maximum effort of the Germans will be the control of the control of the control of the control of the latter place by a brilliant bayonet charge, but we did not occupy it. A few of the prisoners taken at this place were only 17 years of age, and said that they had had practically no training and little food. Some of the mention of the first that Messine still remained in the food of the first that Messine still remained in the food of the first that Messine still remained in hostile hands necessitated a elight advanced in force, but were checked. Still further towards our right a hostile still and not the first that messine still remained in this quarter, the homhardment our timing all day.

"During the action around these two villages the Germans moving across the continuing all day.

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"During the action around these two villages the Germans moving across and some field affiliery had been lost on the previous might were e-captured by us, otherwise all was and some field affiliery had been lost on the previous might were e-captured by us, otherwise with bombacking our transpart of the pass they still came on with admirable determination.

"South of the Lys-some of the trenches which had been lost on the previous might were e-captured by us, otherwise and the sunday still the day will be also to the previous and the control of the previous of the control of

what his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

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"During the afternoon a German aeroplane was temporadjusted, however, and by evening the situation in this quarter was the same as it had been twenty-four hours earlier. "That night some shells were thrown into Ypres itself. Further to the south the Germans had, during the previous night, re-taken the village of Messines.

"The maximum effort of the Germans to be seen.

What his opinion was worth remains to be seen.

"During the afternoon a German aeroplane was captured, quite uninjured. On the secondary division, on Fundamental Principles. He also led a conference on 'Teen Age Training.

In the afternoon Rev. W. A. Ross, general secretary, spoke of the formation with boys' work in the province, and Mr. Alexander spoke on leadership.



CANADIAN MEDICAL CORPS GOING TO FRONT

London, Now. 10—(Montreal Gazette Cable)—Some sections of the Medical services which accompanied the Canadian contingent to England will soon leave for the front. Todsy, under special orders, No. 2, General Hospital, Salisbury Plain, paraded for inspection and made preparation to be ready at any hour to carry out departure orders for an unknown destination. The senior officers include: Lt.-Col. J. W. Bridges, Lt.-Col. R. D. Rudolphe, Lt.-Col. W. A. Scott and Major W. A. Gorrell.

No. 1 General Hospital is being erected at Salisbury Plain, where the ambulances were found insufficient, although the number of sick are said not to be abnormal, notwithstanding the bad weather for the past two weeks.

No. 1 Stationary Hospital is being established at Hampstead Heath, North London, where the Mount Vernon Hospital has been secured. It will be opened in a few days, and will be in charge of Lt.-Col. Lorne Drum, of Ottawa.

No. 2 Stationary Hospital accompanion.

LILLE IN BUINS

King square. Guns, I volvers repaired. Also for exchange. Ammunition. English guns. from the western theatre of war had left Berlin for Posen. The weakening of the German cavalry force in Flanders he be-lieves to be due in part to the fact that In Time of V Prepare for Business in Canada brisker than ever before, supply just what Europe must have at any cost.

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Jusiness

MARRIAGE

WATTS-HARVEY-On 1914, by the Rev. W. G. L. Watts to Gertrude Lymb ooth of this city.
DEAN-TYNER—At the 11th inst., by Rev. W. Hazel, eldest daughter of Walter Dean, to George I

STEWART-Mrs. Jean

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ow of John Stewart, I. C at 12 Cannon street, city.

McQUARRIE—On the
Plaster Rock, Neil McQu years, leaving wife, one aughters.
BOYLE—In this city, o Mary Regina, only daugh and Anastasia Boyle, in the her age, leaving father, brother to mourn. (Bost

HICKMAN-On Nov. John Hickman, and daug Rev. John Prince, in the her age, leaving to mou Mrs. George Barnes. BROWN—At Butte, M gh Brown, formerly ANDERSON-At the Patrick street, on the 1 beth Anderson, daughte William and Jane Ande

years, leaving two sis brother to mourn. KNOX—Kathleen, wife Knox, of Millidgeville, on aged 26 years. ged 26 years. BELYEA—After a ice, 20 Paddock str Thomas M. Belyea, his wife and

IN MEMOR

PARKER-In loving Isaac Newton Parker, w life November 8, 1910.

CONDENS NEWS: L AND GEN

Reports of the slaugh missioners show the ki Jas. McGrath & Son, sheep and 48 calves; cattle, 15 sheep and

Trooper Sharp, one goons on duty at the here, received painful in ing when a horse kicked knocking out four of his loosening two lower was taken to the ho wounds were attended

gram from his sister, M in England, to the effe band, Major Clinch, ha in the shoulder, was bro and is doing well. No lars are given of the of Major Clinch's Clinch, who is in the I of the late R. T. Clinc vice in the South Afric

The following were neys before the Suprer day in Fredericton: D. Phinney, K.C., Jos Three Brooks; William John; John A. Creagh Kelly, Campbellton, and ley, Woodstock. In the and Blue vs. Miller, le time to file factums motion of Mr. Phinn

Rev. Ralph Sherman sistant to the rector, strong, arrived in the and occupied the pulpi Sunday. Mr. Sherman Fredericton and is a g N. B., where he sectoscholarship and contin Oxford Mr Sherman guest of Mr. and Mrs. rincess street. The redericton, sisters of

are in the city, at the

"That the International Sunday School Association and the Sunday School Council of Evangelical denominations recognize the right of each denomination to determine its own standard. Schools meeting denominational requirements to be known as standard schools and those schools meeting international and provincial requirements, in addition to their denomination requirements are to be known as international standard schools."

schools."

The secondary division superintendent stated that there is an enrollment of 7,692 with 46 organized classes. There are many hundreds of boys and girls who will be brought into the division

are many hundreds of boys and girls who will be brought into the division bhis year.

In his report, as general secretary, Rev. Mr. Ross said that the year closing with this convention has been one of strenuous work in our Sunday school field. During the year conventions have been held in all the counties of the province except St. John and Gloucester, St, John county will hold its convention sext week and Gloucester may have one yet. Nearly all counties are thoroughly organized with parish associations and the secretary visited nearly all of these bodies during the year. The work has never been better organized than at present but we need a more intensive cultivation of the field and a consequent development of local talent.

Far too many schools close during the winter months; about 40 per centare in this dormant condition during from three to seven months of the year. By comparing county statistics with available denominational reports it has been possible to present the most complete report of recent years. Our gains are marked, due to better reports being received rather than phenonenal increase. From 650 schools reporting out of 750, the enrollment of scholars is 30,543, a gain of over 10,000; teachers and officers, 4,962, a gain of 1,500; cradler roll membership, 2,966, a gain of 185; home department 2,123, a loss of 32; grand total enrollment, 49,591, a gain of 12,746.

The percentage of the Protestant population in Sunday schools is only 30 per

The percentage of the Protestant population in Sunday schools is only 30 per cent, and the problem is to reach the

While the fighting with rifle and bayonet was going on, both in front and immediately behind the firing line, a reserve company still farther behind and september of the state of the property of the state of the property of the large, numbers of the enemy hand, and a retirement was carried out. This was effected under a resource of the natural to the property of the state of the property of the property of the state of the property of the state of the property of the proper





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London, Nov. 11, 9.80 p. m.—The Germans have resumed their attack on the allied line between the coast and the Lys, river, and while the French claim generally to have held their positions the Germans have succeeded in capturing the town of Dixmude, which has been the centre of some of the flercest and most sanguinary lighting of the war.

The country between Dixmude and Ypres, where the belligerents have been engaged in violent attacks and counter-attacks for weeks past and where the losses have been heavier even than those in the battle of the Yser, is again the scene of a battle, which for fury has seldom, if ever, been equalled.

Behind Dixmude is the direct road to Dunkirk, one of the French ports on which the Germans have set their hearts, and if they can break through here the Allies will be compelled to fall back to new positions. The invaders have therefore been concentrating their forces at this point, and their success in taking Dixmude, where they claim to have captured 500 prisoners, and positions to the west of Langemarck, where, according to the Berlin report, 2,000 prisoners fell into their hands, shows that the statements, so freely made, that they have been sending troops from the west to Poland, are without foundation.

they have been sending troops from the west to Poland, are without foundation.

It is considered quite certain that with the enormous forces required for the effort to get through to the coast and to protect their own country from Russian invasion fhe Germans will not be able to throw any additional troops into the lines which stretch through Northern France and along the Franco-German border.

On the other hand the French, whose army is growing daily, might attempt an offensive against Lorraine or Alsace as a diversion which would relieve the pressure in the west.

The Germans, according to Petrograd despatches, have suffered a more serious defeat on the East Prussian border than the official statements have disclosed. Advices from the Russian capital today state that in the recent lighting there the Russians have captured more than 20,000 prisoners, together with quantities of guns and munitions.

After the predictions that the war could not be ended within three years, the British prime minister, Mr. Asquith, in a statement in the House of Commons today that he did not believe it would last so long as was originally expected, struck rather a cheerful note. While some continue to believe that the war will be one of years, there is an increasing number who think that the great offensive campaign by the Allies in the spring, when England's new army of 1,000,000 men can take the field and Russia and France will be stronger than ever, will bring the conflict to an end, exhaustion also playing its part.

When Premier Asquith was asked how many more men and the order of the surface of the surface of the stronger than ever, will be stronger than ever, will bring the conflict to an end, exhaustion also playing its part.

stronger than ever, will bring the conflict to an end, exhaustion also playing its part.

When Premier Asquith was asked how many more men would be required, he would not risk a seply. Mr. Asquith further intimated that a vote of credit of considerable dimensions would be asked by the government, and that there would be another vote for men. This indicates that the government intends to go beyond the million men asked for by Earl Kitchener, secretary of state for war, and that the recruiting will continue until the war is concluded.

Mr. Asquith announced that the responsibility for the sending of a naval brigade of marines to Antwerp to assist in the defense of that city while it was being besieged, for which Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, has been crificized, rested with the government as a whole. The premier said that Earl Kitchener had been consulted, and approved the step.