

JAPAN TO INTERVENE IN NORTHEASTERN RUSSIA

Archbishop Bruchesi Charges McGill Man Insulted Catholics

Montreal Prelate Complains to Sir William Peterson, the Principal.

REGISTRAR NICHOLSON OFFENDED IN SPEECH

Principal Peterson Tells Archbishop He Greatly Regrets Incident.

INFORMED NICHOLSON HE MADE MISTAKE

Latter Blamed Church for Defective Quebec Educational System.

Montreal, Mar. 5.—Archbishop Bruchesi has written to Sir William Peterson, principal of McGill University, complaining that the Catholics of this province had been insulted by an address given before the St. James Literary Society here last Thursday night by J. A. Nicholson, registrar of McGill. Mr. Nicholson was reported to have said that the domination of the Roman Catholic Church, the voluntary system of education and the payment of school fees were impediments in the educational system of the province of Quebec.

Archbishop Bruchesi's letter is as follows: "All we Catholics have been publicly insulted by Mr. Nicholson, registrar of McGill University. Obviously he was able to speak only in his own name and on his own personal responsibility. I am glad to recognize the fact that McGill makes it a point of honor to respect the beliefs and convictions of everybody. But Mr. Nicholson is, all the same, an official personage of that institution. It appears to me that some reparation is indispensable, as public as the wrong that has been done to us and we do not expect to get this reparation from Mr. Nicholson himself. Your university will know, I hope, how to give us such satisfaction as we are entitled to. It is very painful incident does not prevent me, Mr. Principal, from reiterating the assurance of my respectful and devoted sentiments."

Principal Peterson's reply assures His Grace that he greatly regrets the incident, and states that Mr. Nicholson says he was speaking as a private individual to an outside literary society, "but I have told him, very emphatically, that he made a great mistake in imagining that any utterance of his could fall to be associated in the public mind with the university of which he is an officer."

Principal Peterson says if he had known beforehand he would have done everything possible to prevent the objectionable references in Mr. Nicholson's address.

NEW BRUNSWICK MEN ARE SAFE

Total of 223 Officers and 6,888 Men Arrive in England.

Ottawa, Mar. 5.—It is officially announced, through the chief press censor's office, that the following troops have arrived safely in England:

Infantry: From Saskatchewan, 1st Quebec, 2nd Quebec, New Brunswick, 249th Winnipeg Battalion, Central Ontario, West Ontario, East Ontario, Manitoba, Alberta, Nova Scotia. Draft field artillery: Royal Flying Corps pilots; Royal Army Medical Corps; Forestry Depot; skilled railway employees; Army Service Corps; dental; Serbians and details.

The detachments make a total of 223 officers and 6,888 other ranks.

WANTS RECOUNT

Charlottetown, March 5.—Alex. Martin, government candidate defeated in Queens by John E. Sinclair, Liberal, by four votes, has started proceedings for a recount.

PETROGRAD IS LIKELY TO BE EVACUATED

Bolsheviki Plan to Destroy Provisions and War Materials.

MAY RAISE ARMY TO MEET THE INVADERS

Apparently Russian Situation Still Far From Settled.

BOLSHEVIKI MAKE TREATY WITH FINNS

Rumania Threatened with Extinction Unless She Surrenders.

Still further advices from Petrograd indicate that Bolsheviki councils propose to use the time intervening between the signing of the peace treaty with Germany and the date set for its ratification, March 12, to evacuate the capital, destroying all stores of provisions and war materials which cannot be removed and possibly to organize a red guard army to defend the country against the invaders.

Stockholm, Mar. 5.—The Politiken's Helsingfors correspondent reports that a treaty was signed on Friday at Smolny Institute, (Bolshevik headquarters at Petrograd) defining the future relations between Russia and Finland. Russia renounces all claims to property, telegraphs, railways, lighthouses, requisitioned ships and fortresses in the territory bordering the Arctic Ocean. Finland relinquishes all rights to the Valkeasaari, Petrograd railway and grants Russian cable and telegraphic facilities to Finland. The fortress of Imo remains in the hands of Russia. The details of the delimitation of the frontiers are to be arranged later and evacuation is to take place immediately.

In case of dispute an arbitration tribunal will be established, the president to be chosen from the Swedish Social Democratic Left party.

London, Mar. 5.—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd says that owing to the refusal of the delegates of the Central Powers to treat with the representatives of the new Ukrainian Rada, on the ground that the Central Powers already had acknowledged the old rada, the new rada delegates have returned home from Pskov and issued a proclamation to the people, asking them to resist the enemy and destroy all munitions supplies.

Washington, Mar. 5.—Count Czermin, the Austrian premier, the state department today advised, told the Rumanian premier in the peace negotiations now in progress that unless Rumania yielded she was to be crushed but that if she acceded Dobruja and agreed to rectification of boundaries she might preserve her integrity and her present ruling dynasty.

A C. P. R. CHARGE

Quebec, March 5.—It was intimated here that the C. P. R. will shortly oblige the trainmen for passenger trains running between Quebec and Montreal to take their permanent residence in Montreal. Ald. Seguin at the meeting of the city council tonight gave notice of a motion to have the city approach the officials of the C. P. R. with a view to having the new rule withdrawn.

GERMANS ATTACK U. S. TROOPS BUT AGAIN REPULSED

Again the Germans in Lorraine have attacked the American troops and again they have met with defeat. Notwithstanding the heavy snow and the previous repulses they had met with in their effort to penetrate the American positions, the enemy Monday night in the Toul sector essayed a surprise attack in considerable force. The American gunners and riflemen were quickly after them, however, and they were forced to beat a hasty retreat back to their trenches.

Later the American themselves in the same region took the initiative into their hands and sallied forth as a raiding unit, penetrated German positions and brought back a number of prisoners.

Bad weather generally prevails along the entire western front, but nevertheless the Australians have again raided enemy positions near Warneton, which lies to the southeast of Ypres, and taken more prisoners and several machine guns. This was the second venture of the kind on the part of the Australians in as many days in which the enemy losses have been fairly high.

The Germans, after having heavily bombarded the British lines west of Lens, launched an attack, but the British easily repulsed it, inflicting heavy casualties on the Teutons and taking a number of prisoners.

As in France and Belgium, the weather conditions on the Austro-Italian front are also extremely bad, with snow storms in the mountains and heavy rains in the plains. During breaks in the storm, however, patrol parties have been active in the mountain region and artillery duels of considerable violence also have taken place on various sectors.

INTERVENTION BY JAPAN IN SIBERIA

All of Entente Allies as Well as United States Agree to Have Island Empire Protect Their Interests in Northeast Russia—Will Probably Seize Vladivostok.

London, Mar. 5.—The Evening News says the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia has been settled, and that all the Allies as well as the United States, have agreed to immediate action to safeguard the interests of the powers.

Washington, Mar. 5.—The United States now is in agreement with Japan, Great Britain and the co-belligerents on the principle of action in Siberia but the details remain to be worked out. This became known today as the cabinet met with President Wilson to discuss the subject.

Will Help Allies. London, Mar. 5.—The Daily Mail says that the joint representations by the British, French and Italian ambassadors in Tokyo that Japan intervene in Siberia will be tantamount to a request that Japan take steps necessary to afford prompt and adequate protection to the immediate allies' interests there. The immediate object being to safeguard the military stores at Vladivostok and along the trans-Siberian railroad.

"The Japanese military authorities," says the Daily Mail, "will decide how far into Siberia it is feasible to carry the protective measures, which besides safeguarding the military stores, also would seek to prevent the vast food supplies in the Siberian area, bordered on the west roughly by a line parallel with Omak, falling into Germany's hands."

France Agrees. Paris, Monday, Mar. 4.—Significance is attached to a meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon which was attended by Foreign Minister Pichon, the understanding being that the Russian situation as it affects the far east was under discussion.

While the committee men, as a matter of course, declined to make known the exact terms of M. Pichon's statement they nevertheless, says the Havas News Agency's report of the meeting, allowed it to be understood that it now seems certain that all the Allies are in agreement to leave to Japan the task of intervening in Manchuria and Siberia.

WANTS DOMINION GOVERNMENT TO BUILD VESSELS

Halifax, Mar. 5.—Premier Murray laid on the table of the House of Assembly today the report of the shipbuilding commission, appointed one year ago. It is a comprehensive statement of the situation.

The commission arrived at the conclusion that the encouragement of the steel shipbuilding industry and the measures to be taken for its development and growth is a matter primarily and essentially for the Dominion government.

There is reason to believe that the commission's report anticipates action of the federal government in this matter and that a great shipbuilding enterprise, assisted by the Dominion and established under the auspices of the federal government, will be inaugurated in Halifax in the near future. The members of the commission are: D. MacGillivray, chairman; Colin F. McIsaac, David E. North, Archibald MacKenzie, Fenwick L. Kelly, Murray MacNeill, secretary.

Hon. Mr. Murray informed the House that he would discuss the report on a later date.

Russian Soviets May Not Accept Terms Of Peace Treaty

Delay of Fortnight Likely to Be Use for Organizing Red Army.

TERMS OF THE TREATY GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC

Russian Troops Must Evacuate Ukraine, Estonia and Livonia.

BOLSHEVIKI MUST ALSO LEAVE ALAND ISLANDS

Both Sides Renounce the Indemnification of War Damage and Costs.

London, Mar. 5.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent telegraphing Monday, says: "It seems improbable that the peace treaty will be ratified by the congress of soviets at Moscow, March 12."

"The delay of a fortnight granted by the Germans for ratification constitutes an opportune respite for the soviets, which probably will be utilized in the organization of a red army and the development of means of defence."

"By a decision reached at an extraordinary meeting of the council of commissaries—which was published before the signing of the peace treaty—the evacuation of Petrograd is contemplated, together with a systematic destruction of all stores of provisions and war materials which cannot be removed."

The Treaty. Amsterdam, Mar. 4.—The Teutonic-Russian peace treaty includes the following: "Russia undertakes immediately to conclude peace with the Ukraine people's republic and to recognize the peace treaty between this state and the powers of the quadruple alliance. Ukrainian territory will be immediately evacuated by the Russian troops and the Russian Red Guard. Russia will cease all agitation or propaganda against the government or the public institutions of Ukrainian peoples' republic."

"Estonia and Livonia will likewise be evacuated without delay by the Russian troops and the Russian Red Guard."

QUEBEC WANTS SHIPBUILDING

City Will Make Strong Bid for Contracts Probably During War.

Quebec, Mar. 5.—The city of Quebec will probably make a strong bid for shipbuilding contracts for the duration of the present war. It was pointed out by Alderman Seguin at the City Council meeting tonight that Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine, had intimated that the construction of wooden vessels would be discontinued as soon as the six ships contracted for here had been completed. At the next meeting Ald. Seguin will move that the city appeal to the government to have contracts in Quebec at least as long as the war lasts.

BLACK KNIGHTS AFTER ALIENS

Convention Wants Them Conscripted for Labor.

Chatham, Ont., March 5.—The adoption of a resolution to the government and calling for the immediate conscription of aliens for labor was a feature of today's session of the annual convention of Black Knights, in session here.

A resolution was passed to be forwarded to the prime minister, urging action without delay in providing homes for returned soldiers who are crippled or unable to work, those homes to be maintained as a slight recognition of the services of the men.

PHONE GIRLS MAY STRIKE TOMORROW

New England Operators Want Increased Wages.

Boston, March 5.—Officials of the telephone operators' union today served notice on the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company that a strike of operators in nineteen New England cities would go into effect Thursday unless wage increase demands were granted.

MANY HUNDREDS HONOR MEMORY OF BREWSTER

Premier of British Columbia Was Buried at Victoria.

THOUSANDS VIEW BODY AS IT LAY IN STATE

Religious Services Held in Metropolitan Church at Capital.

THE DENOMINATIONS ARE REPRESENTED

Masonic Body Hold Concluding Ceremonies in Cemetery.

Victoria, B. C., March 5.—Many hundreds of Victorians and citizens from many parts of the province, representing every walk of life, paid a last tribute to the memory of the late Harlan Carey Brewster, premier of British Columbia, in the legislative chamber of the parliament buildings this morning.

Soon after 9 o'clock, when the main entrance to the legislative building was opened to the public, there commenced a steady stream, mindful of the great blow which British Columbia had suffered. The catafalque was immediately in front of the Speaker's chair and long before noon the whole of the available space between the pier and the main entrance was strewn with magnificent flowers. At a little after two o'clock this afternoon the doors of the chamber were closed to the public, the intimate members of the late premier's family and his very near friends spending the last hour in the hall.

Cortege Leaves. Soon after three o'clock the cortege left the parliament buildings headed for the Metropolitan church for religious service. The honorary pall bearers were the members of the provincial executive and the honorable Chief Justice J. A. Macdonald, who is a late leader of the Liberal party and always a friend of the late premier. The active pall bearers were: C. B. Talbot, all business partners of the late premier; and Dr. William Russell, A. B. MacNeil and Dr. Raynor.

Religious Service. On the arrival of the cortege at the church the religious service opened with the pronouncement of the invocation by Rev. P. C. Parker, pastor of the First Baptist church. One of the late premier's favorite hymns, "Rock of Ages," followed and preceded the reading from the Scriptures by Rev. R. Connell, representing the Bishop of Columbia, on behalf of the Anglican church.

When the cortege left the church for the cemetery, the ceremonial passed into the care of the Masonic Craft.

Re-called to the stand at the morning session, Sir Donald Mann testified regarding the standard of construction on the C.N.R. main line, as compared with other lines. Compared with the C.P.R., he said, the C.N.R. lines are of much better construction. The grading of the road was also superior to that of the C.P.R.

Because the government had no connection between the Quebec bridge and the city after the structure was started, the C.N.R. was able to sell it its line, retaining running rights over the tracks, and with the proceeds replace all the bridges on its Quebec main lines, Sir Donald told the commission.

ASK INVESTIGATION

Hamilton, Ont., March 5.—The Great War Veterans of Hamilton have passed a strong resolution calling on Sir Robert Borden to order an immediate inquiry into the soldiers voting overseas and that the charges that the men in the trenches were misled regarding soldier candidates in the field.

A DESIRE TO HASTEN THE C. N. R. CASE

Sir Donald Mann Compares Line with Others—Questions Asked Commission.

Toronto, Mar. 5.—In order to expedite matters at the C.N.R. arbitration proceedings, which have already extended over 23 days, W. N. Tilley, K.C., counsel for the Dominion government, submitted three questions to the board at the session this afternoon. Pointing out that the statute under which the commission was sitting gave it practically unlimited scope, Mr. Tilley enquired whether the arbitrators considered the question of profits made in the past by Mackenzie and Mann as relevant to the issue. The reply was in the negative.

The board declined to assume the responsibility of advising Mr. Tilley as to whether evidence regarding the physical condition of the road and the necessity for betterments should be adduced. The government counsel then asked if the board thought a trip over the road was necessary, but the arbitrators postponed their answer.