

Telegraphic News.

London, Sept. 27.
It is reported that Lord John Russell is preparing to review the proceedings of the Geneva arbitration.
The Chambers of Commerce in several of the leading cities of England have adopted resolutions congratulating Her Majesty's Government on the happy termination of the Alabama arbitration, and copies of the resolutions have been forwarded to the United States.
Mr. Forster, in an address at Bradford, and Mr. Lowe, at Glasgow, last night, rejoiced in the final settlement of these claims.

London, Sept. 28.
Heavy gales have prevailed for two days on the British coast which still continue and some damage to shipping is expected.
The authorities have detained the steamship which was to have sailed to-day with a number of emigrants for Canada, because it is now too late in the season for their departure.
Sidney Waterloo elected Lord Mayor of London.

London, Sept. 28.
The health of the Ex-Empress Carlotta is improving.

Madrid, Sept. 28.
The Carlist rebellion with 600 men, is besieging Prigorta, within Province of Corona.

Rome, Sept. 28.
The International Peace Congress in session at Lignano, this week, adjourned yesterday.

Garibaldi, in a letter to the Congress denounces Thiers and his policy towards Italy in tones of great severity. He also alludes to the settlement of the Alabama controversy and heartily approving of Arbitration.

London, Sept. 27.
The Austrian Archduke Albrecht, reported dead, is recovering.

New York, Sept. 28.
The cases of Tweed Mayor Hall and others, came up yesterday; but argument, on motion to remove them to Court of Oyer and Terminer, was postponed until next Friday.

A fire at Cleveland, Ohio, last night, destroyed property valued at \$150,000.
Gold 115 3/4.

The propeller "Dalhousie," from Montreal for Chicago, with pig iron and merchandise was burned Thursday on Niagara River. Crew saved. She was owned by the Welland Railway Company.

Ottawa, Sept. 30.
Cabinet meetings are held daily. The question of the Pacific Railway is said to be under consideration among other things.

The Montreal "Daily News" suspends publication to-morrow.

The accounts received of the harvest are very encouraging.
Banks are less rigid now in discounting, and rates are somewhat lower.

Great quantities of rain have fallen.

London, Sept. 29.
It is reported that Sir Roundell Palmer has accepted the Lord Chancellorship in place of Lord Hatherly, who resigns.

Advices from Belize, British Honduras, state that Indians recently raided on the City of Belize, and a British man of war and troops have been despatched there.

London, Sept. 30.
The ship "Nazerene" was wrecked off Fernby, Lancashire, during the late heavy gale. All on board were drowned.

Many reports of other disasters of a less severe character have been received.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.
Negotiations between the Holy See, and Russia proceeding satisfactorily.

New York, Sept. 30.
There was a furious gale during Saturday and Sunday on Lake Ontario, doing considerable damage to steamers and rafts.

Two sons of Wallace Gupit, one son of Nelson Gupit, and a son of Capt. Wm. Mulmon, were drowned near Eastport, Me., on Friday night by the upsetting of a boat.
Gold 137 3/4.

THE TURF.

Dutchmans Famous Time Beaten.
At Prospect Park, Brooklyn, occurred the event of the season in racing annals. The Association had offered a purse of \$1250 to the winning horse in a three mile heat with \$1000 added to the horse beating the celebrated Dutchman's time of 7 3/4, made thirty years ago. Hardly any one supposed the feat would be accomplished, and the betting was ten to one in favor of time. But Hantress by Alden Goldsmith's Volunteer trotted the three miles easily in 7 1/4, beating Dutchman's time 1 1/4 seconds, and coming up the home stretch on the last mile with a rush, and not appearing to be at all distressed at the termination of the race. What makes the performance more remarkable is that Hantress went to harness while Dutchman was ridden by the celebrated Hiram Woodruff.

The following is the time in detail. First quarter 36 1/2 seconds; one half mile 1:13; three fourths 1:51 1/2; mile 2:28 1/2; mile and quarter, 3:05; mile and three quarters, 4:17 1/2; two miles 4:44 1/2; two and a half miles 6:06 1/2; two and three quarters miles 6:45; three miles 7:21 1/2.

THE BUDDHISTS.—The Calcutta correspondent of the "Times" writes:—Some time ago I drew the attention of your readers to a grand design of Sir Arthur Phayre to utilize the monastic (Buddhist) schools in Burma, as the basis of his scheme of national education. Sir A. Phayre's time as ruler came to an end, and his successors have seen insuperable difficulties where he saw only certain success. It was not pleasant, for one thing, for a Christian people to utilize Buddhist educational machinery. Besides the Buddhist teachers were monks, with the oldest possible notions of geography, astronomy, &c.

The enlightened ruler to whom I have referred had every reason to believe that on the old

education a new one could be engrafted, and it would have been so engrafted, if he had remained in Burma. I refer to the subject to notice an extraordinary fact that has just appeared in the Administration Report for this year. Of the male Burmese prisoners 80 per cent. read and write, and one-third of the whole read and write well. While Englishmen even in England, were wrangling about whether church or chapel should have the greater part in a boy, these Buddhist priests were covering Burma with a network of knowledge; a poor man, gifted with learning and little else, sitting down among the iads of a village day by day and giving them at least the key to all knowledge. And here we are even yet doubting whether we shall use the machinery ready to our hands in Burma. Unhappily, few of the women convicts could read or write.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, OCT. 2, 1872.

THE LATE ELECTION.—The "Head Quarters" alluding to Mr. Brown's return, stated that Mr. Brown "unequivocally expressed his disapproval of many of the details of the present School Law, which he believes can be so amended as to satisfactorily accomplish the object sought." What Mr. Brown did say was, "he was in favor of free, unsectarian schools, and opposed to denominational grants." The same paper also says that Mr. Brown "would not pledge himself either to support or oppose the present Government." He distinctly declared himself "favorable to the present Government; would support them in their general policy; and was of opinion that the local Ministry had done more for emigration than its predecessors." It won't answer to attribute language to Mr. Brown, now that he is elected, which he did not utter. He will be no tame follower of any man, or Government, nor, as he said, a "mere voting machine;" he is well informed upon the state of the country, its resources and trade, and will, we believe, establish a reputation of being a clear thinker, able debater, and independent representative;—he will satisfy his many friends, and agreeably disappoint his opponents. Although the youngest member of the House, he will take rank among its ablest speakers.

CHANGE OF TRAINS.—It will be noticed on reference to our advertising column, that only three trains a week leave St. Andrews for the upper country. This will necessitate a change in the Postal Department Contract with the Railway; and for the present, we must return to the Mail Stage, for our daily news from abroad. No mails were received at the Post Office here from St. John, from Saturday evening until Wednesday. This, besides being so great injury to the Daily papers, is a very great inconvenience to merchants and others. It is to be hoped an immediate remedy will be applied.

THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY RIFLE ASSOCIATION will hold their Annual Meeting on Thursday, the 10th inst., when the Silver Challenge Cup and other prizes will be competed for.

PAPER MADE FROM WOOD.—Dr. M. R. FLETCHER, of Boston, has succeeded in making paper; specimens of the paper have been handed us. It is cheap and well adapted for printing posters, placards, &c., and also for paper hangings. The printing paper is made of 75 per cent. of wood pulp, sweepings 15 per cent., old papers 10 per cent. The wood paper hangings is manufactured from 60 per cent. wood pulp, 30 per cent. mixed rags and paper, and 10 per cent. Kentucky bagging; both papers answer for writing purposes. We are pleased to learn that our old friend, the Doctor, has formed a company, who are manufacturing the paper, for which there is a great demand from its adaptability and cheapness, for the purposes named. Its texture is smooth and the paper is well sized and tough.

We have blue books,—"Returns from the Chartered Banks of the Dominion of Canada," and a "Report of the Indian Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State for the Provinces," containing a Map of the Province of Manitoba, and portions of the North West Territories. We will refer to this report in another issue.

The "Canadian Illustrated News" we are pleased to notice is being liberally patronized here. Its illustrations are principally of views in the Dominion. Its accomplished artist in the Maritime Provinces, Mr. Russell, has furnished many sketches of places in New Brunswick, and will shortly give some fine views of places around St. Andrews, and other parts of the County. All that can afford, should take the "C. I. News."

WET WEATHER.—The late heavy rains have done considerable damage to the grain; in several localities oats and buckwheat are lying in swarth, and are much damaged. On low ground potatoes are almost all rotted. The constant rain from Monday evening until this morning has added to the injury already done to the growing crops; on the high lands, however, the loss will not be so great.

The "Daily News" states that a very malignant disease, which baffles the skill of physicians, is prevailing in Cambridge, Queens Co. Whole families of young persons have died, and the disease is spreading. It is said to have been contracted from the remains of a young man who died in St. John, of Diphtheria, last summer, and whose body was removed to his home in Queens County, and the coffin opened against the advice

of physicians, to see the remains. The family knew the disease was infectious.

AWFUL MURDER.—It is reported in the "News," that Capt. Mahoney, of the ship "Lizzie Fennell," murdered his wife and child, in a drunken fit, at Callos, on the 30th August.

Stopping the Trains Again.

To the Editor of the Standard.
Sir:—When any change is made which affects the public, it is due to the people that some explanation should be given. Notice has been given by the Manager, in hand bills, that on and after Monday, Sept. 30, Up Trains will leave St. Andrews, at 9.15 a.m., on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday for Woodstock and Houlton; and Down Trains will leave Woodstock and Houlton on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday for St. Andrews; but St. Stephen is still to have DAILY Trains each way with the above places. Is this only the beginning of the end? and is St. Andrews to be again in a few weeks without ANY TRAIN, as it was left some two years ago?
An answer to these queries is respectfully sought by the public.
Yours, &c.

ENQUIRER.
[NOTE.—Were our correspondent to enquire of the Manager, he would, perhaps, give his reasons for running only three trains a week. Several persons have made similar enquiries of us, and we referred them to him.—[Ed. Standard.]

Coal and Iron in England.

Whoever may be to blame, the colliers or the colliery owners, or whether the fact is an inevitable incident of trade, the price of coal has now reached a height so preposterous that it pays foreigners, who were but lately our customers for that article, to import it into these islands. On Tuesday the steamer "City of Ghent" unloaded forty tons of coal, and sixty tons of patent fuel, at Grimsby at 4s. per ton below the English price. The importation of a hundred ship-loads of coal would have scarcely more importance than that of this small parcel; the significance of the fact lies in the check which it may be presumed will now be given to exportation. Nobody will regret that, under the present circumstances, the export of coal should be greatly diminished; and it may be hoped that the manufacturers of iron will be facilitated by every reduction of the amount of coal sent to foreign countries. At some of our recent railway meetings the announcement has been made that for standard lines, the companies are resorting to the use of imported fuel. It is worthy of notice that all the chairmen of railways who adverted to the subject expressed a confident belief in the early reduction of the price of English coal; although no one expects that the commodity will become as comparatively cheap as it was six months ago. Referring to one of the causes of the dearness of coal, the chairman of the London and Northwestern Railway told the shareholders yesterday that "the other day he was shocked to see that the iron and steel which were now in use at their works at Cleve were foreign. These strikes had opened up new sources of supply and competition, which otherwise might have remained long unexplored, but which once opened would never again be closed."—[London News.]

IMMENSE WHEAT FARMS.—There are three wheat farms in the St. John valley with acres respectively of 35,000, 23,000, and 17,000 acres. On the largest of these farms the wheat crop this year is reputed to be equal to an average of 40 bushels to an acre, the yield running up on some parts of the farm to 60 bushels. The product of this farm for the past year is 1,400,000 bushels. The boundary on the one side of this farm is about seventeen miles long. At the season of ploughing, ten four horse teams were attached to ten gang ploughs, each having four ploughs—or forty horses with as many ploughs were started at the same time, the teams following in close succession. Lunch or dinner was served at a midway station, and supper at the terminus of the field, seventeen miles distant from the starting point. The teams returned on the following day. The wheat in this immense field was cut with twenty reapers, and we believe has now all been threshed and put in sacks. It would require over forty ships of medium size to transport the wheat raised on this farm to a foreign market. Even the sacks required would make a large hole in the surplus money of most farmers. We have not the figures touching the product of the other two farms; but presume that the average is not much below that of the first. There are thousands of tons of wheat which cannot be taken out of the valley this season, and must remain over as dead capital; or, what is nearly as undesirable, will only command advances at heavy rates of interest.—[San Francisco Bulletin.]

BOGUS GREENBACKS.—Counterfeit American Bills to a large amount have been put in circulation in this place. They are so well executed as to be very difficult of detection. We have already heard of several persons who have been seriously victimized by this bogus money, and it is to be feared that it has been operated in very extensive degree. We have been shown several hundred dollars of these Bills, all of which have the appearance of being much worn. The public cannot be too much on their guard against this fraudulent money.—[Yarmouth Herald.]

WHITE BLUEBERRIES.—A few days ago we received a lot of what is called "white blueberries," which were gathered by Miss Julia Meuse and Miss Vitaline Doucet, of Tuskett Lakes. In taste they were precisely like blueberries, and about the same size. They are the first of the kind we have ever seen, and are said to be a great curiosity.—[Yarmouth Herald.]

—Sir John A. Macdonald will not be able to

proceed, as intended, to England to be sworn in as a member of Her Majesty's Imperial Privy Council. The absence of Sir George de la Potherie upon Sir John a double share of responsibility and labour.

—The Rt. Hon. Robert Lowe visited Glasgow on the 27th and received from the municipality the freedom of the city. In returning thanks for the honor, Mr. Lowe alluded to the result of the Geneva Arbitration. He expressed the opinion that the Americans have come out of the struggle very much irritated. But England's object was not to gain legal triumph. She acted therefore, not as a litigant, but as a friend. The money, he declared, should be paid without a murmur or delay.

—At Lieutenant Governor Howland's Grand Ball in Toronto, last week, the Governor General was, it is said, "conspicuous among the votaries of the mazy waltz or gliding galop." His Excellency seems to have the faculty of doing enthusiastically whatever he undertakes.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—The October number of "Harper's Magazine" is a rich treasury of illustrated and miscellaneous reading. It contains contributions from Wilkie Collins, Charles Reade, Emilio Castelar, Miss Thackeray, Bayard Taylor, Justin McCarthy, R. H. Stoddard, Richard Henry Dana, Junius Hongi Browne, Colonel T. B. Thorpe, the "Old Stager," G. W. Curtis, Spencer F. Baird, and other writers less widely known.

The reproduction of Richard Henry Dana's celebrated poem, "The Buccaneer," originally published for readers of the last generation, but now scarcely accessible to general readers, was a happy conception. Not only does it place before a million of readers one of the most remarkable productions of our early literary era, but does so in connection with nine effective illustrations by Sir Eytinge, Jr., Charles Parsons, and Elbert Foster.

"Down the Danube"—a beautiful illustrated paper—by Junius Henri Browne, gives us very graphic pictures of the scenery, and the population along the banks of that river, which, to use the author's words, is "much larger than the Volga, the Vistula, or the Dnieper, and has every advantage of scenery—possessing the soft charm and quiet loveliness of the Moselle, with more than the bold outline of the Elbe, added to the beauty and the grandeur of the Rhine." This paper will be concluded in the November Number.

Mrs. M. D. Brine is the author of "Fishing—May and I," a charming little poem, accompanied by a very beautiful engraving. "October's Song" is a very sweet and timely idyll by Constance F. Woolson; and Bayard Taylor gives us a third improvisation.

The five editorial Departments are well filled, and the Drawer comes to us this month with the added charm of illustrations.

SUMMARY.

A VALUABLE RELIC.—A San Francisco despatch says: "Some months ago a young man, evidently far gone in consumption, arrived here from the East, took rooms in a retired boarding house, was very reticent about his affairs, but said he came here for his health. He died a few days since. Funeral expenses absorbed all the ready money left by him; but among his effects was found a diamond mounted sword, bearing the inscription: 'To our well beloved and faithful subject, Col. Allen McDowell, in recognition of distinguished services to William IV.' With the sword were two letters—one directed to Peter McDowell, son of Captain Geo. McDowell, formerly of Mira River, Nova Scotia, evidently supposed by the writer to be in California, requesting him to take charge of the heirloom and cover part with it. The sword is in the charge of the Chief of Police. Its value is at least \$1,000."

INTERESTING BUT DANGEROUS MAMMA AND BABIES.—Dr. Shortt writes to a Madrid contemporary as follows:—Allow me to record a most interesting occurrence that took place in my house on the night of the 20th ultimo. A Russell's viper (Daboia elegans) that I have had for some seven weeks, being the same that I exhibited at the recent lectures at the Medical College on the 24th June last and following days, measuring three and half feet in length, has produced thirty nine young. Each little one measures eight and a half inches in length, and one out of these, about six hours old, in an experiment, killed a young partridge weighing nine and a half pounds in ten seconds. This proves how very prolific these deadly snakes are, and when the young are put together they will exceed the mother nearly eight times in length. I am glad to add that mamma and babies are doing nicely.

ROYAL PRESENTS.—The "Madras Standard" gives some information relative to some presents made by the Queen to His Majesty of Siam, and by His Majesty of Siam to the Emperor of Austria. The former were, as despatched from London, a jewelled scimitar, a collection of atlases and geographical works, a coloured picture of the Royal Family of England, a clock with a revolving globe dial, a supply of stationery stamped with the King's arms, a pair of pistols silver mounted, and some books, but when received at Bangkok the books, paper, and picture were spoilt with sea water, the pistols were gone out of their holsters, and the clock was broken. Finally, the scimitar, there being some confusion in the matter, was returned. Not long afterwards His Majesty sent to Austria a number of Or-

ders of the White Elephant, some set with diamonds, for the Ministers of State, in commemoration of the Treaty of Commerce lately agreed upon. In transit many of the Orders were stolen.

MILWAUKEE.—The heaviest rain storm ever known in this vicinity commenced night before last 22d, and continued until noon next day. Streets and cellars were flooded, and considerable damage was done. Several barns in the country were struck by lightning and consumed. A young man and girl and two men were killed by lightning. The lightning was continuous during the storm.

An American paper puts the question:—"What sort of 'Temperance men' do they have in England?" It is reported that Thomas Hughes M. P., attempting to address his constituents at Frome recently, was so constantly interrupted by the 'Temperance' men, who are bitterly opposed to him, that the meeting was finally broken up in disorder and the police cleared the hall.

SENTENCED.—Whalen, the Halifax watch thief, has been tried, convicted, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$100, or to the City Prison for six months.

—The autumn tariff of the Grand Trunk Railway makes the rates from Toronto to Halifax 95 cents for flour and 48 cents for grain; to St. John 90 cents for flour; 45 for grain.

DIED.—On the 26th inst. Herbert, aged 13 months, youngest son of Mr. Howard Hannah.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Sept. 20, Schr. Linda, Peacock, Eastport, ballast.

"Down the Danube"—a beautiful illustrated paper—by Junius Henri Browne, gives us very graphic pictures of the scenery, and the population along the banks of that river, which, to use the author's words, is "much larger than the Volga, the Vistula, or the Dnieper, and has every advantage of scenery—possessing the soft charm and quiet loveliness of the Moselle, with more than the bold outline of the Elbe, added to the beauty and the grandeur of the Rhine." This paper will be concluded in the November Number.

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Assessor's Notice.

THE undersigned Assessors of Rates for the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, hereby give notice, that they have this day received a Warrant of the General Sessions of the said County, requiring them to assess the sum of three hundred and eighty three dollars and forty cents, (\$383 40/100) under the Provisions of "An Act to authorize the town of St. Andrews to aid the St. Andrews Hotel Company," upon that part of the Parish of St. Andrews which lies to the Southward of a line running parallel with the south side of Harriet Street, in the town of St. Andrews, extending from the Harbour of St. Andrews Eastwardly to the shore of Passamaquoddy Bay. Every person liable to be assessed by virtue of the said warrant, may within thirty days after publication of this notice, furnish the Assessors with a written Statement on oath of his real Estate in the above assessed part of the said Parish, and his personal Estate and income; specifying therein the value of the real estate and the amount of his income and personal estate, deducting from his personal estate the just debts he owes, and such person shall be rated accordingly.

Dated the twenty-eighth day of September, A. D., 1872.

ROBERT GLENN, } Assessors of Rates.
WILLIAM HIDEOUT, }
ROBERT DENSMORE, }

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Real Estate Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872, and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c., is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law:—
Benjamin Hanson Property \$5.40.

RONALD CAMPBELL,
St. George, Sept. 28, 1872 Collector.

Notice.

OFFICE SCHOOL TRUSTEES,
St. Andrews, Sept. 24, 1872.
LIMITED number of girls, properly qualified, will be admitted as pupils at the Grammar School on and after the first of October next.

CHAS. O'NEIL,
Secretary.