The Colonist.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY
W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States)..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.
Not more than one week—30 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.
Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.
Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisements inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

EUROPEAN NOTES.

The Kaiser's Splendid Reception of the Duke of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha.

German-American Extradition — Arrested for Sending an Infernal Machine—Socialist Congress.

BERLIN, Oct. 28.—The unusual splendor of Emperor William's reception to his uncle, the Duke of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha (Duke of Edinburgh) has caused a great deal of comment in this city. The reception took place at Potsdam, and upon the occasion of the first visit of the Duke of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha to the Imperial court since his accession to the Dukedom of Cobourg. The scene at the Wildpark railroad station was one of the most brilliant it is possible to imagine. Emperor William was dressed in British naval uniform as a compliment to his uncle, who is an admiral in the British navy, and was accompanied by all the princes at present serving with the regiments at Potsdam or at Berlin. This evening the Emperor and duke dined at the mess of the first regiment of Foot Guards.

The eldest son of Prince Albrecht, of Prussia, is now 19 years of age, and is spoken of as the future husband of the Queen of Holland.

The German press continues to regard the Franco-Russian fetes with indifference. As a matter of fact the feeling of Germany against Russia is far less strained than a few weeks ago.

The question of a German-American extradition treaty, which is still being negotiated, is not likely to come to a successful issue for some time.

The Socialist congress at Cologne closed this afternoon. The session was marked by tumult and excitement, culminating in Herr Bebel making a furious attack upon Herr Miquel, finance minister. Herr Bebel read a letter written by Miquel to Carl Marx years ago, in which the former says that he is a communist and atheist.

The arrest of the workman named Pikezki for sending an infernal machine to a former employer, a locksmith named Schwarck, which exploded while being examined, has developed an alleged plot to kill Emperor William during his recent visit to Spandau. Pikezki declared that he was offered 300 marks by the locksmith if he would throw an infernal machine into the Emperor's carriage. Pikezki added that all the details of his escape were arranged by a large crowd of confederates and his passage to America secured, but Pikezki says he declined to throw the infernal machine. The police are investigating the story, but do not place much credence in it. Pikezki was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

THE REPEAL BILL.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Standard, commenting on the passage of the Repeal bill, says a weaker man than Cleveland would have been beaten, owing to the division of opinion in the United States. The defeat of the silver men is the first step in the return to better habits in many things besides currency. If Cleveland can accomplish reduction of the tariff he will stand as the greatest administrator of the United States in the present generation. Without a reformed tariff reform in the currency will do no permanent good.

The Times says the victory shows the firmness and courage of Cleveland, and hopes repeal will restore monetary stability.

The Daily News says Cleveland's shrewdness and sagacity have won a decisive victory for honest money and common sense. It expects the McKinley tariff law to go the same way as the Sherman act.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The following is a summary of the vote by parties and sections:

	For.	Against.
Republicans	23	10
Democrats	20	18
Populists	—	4
Eastern senators	29	1
Western senators	4	14
Southern senators	10	17

PARIS, Oct. 28.—Le Temps commenting upon President Cleveland's attitude upon the silver question, says: By resisting to the uttermost Cleveland will render great service to the business world, and at the same time will help modify the constitutional equilibrium of the United States by transforming the members of his cabinet into quasi-parliamentary leaders. This is the most serious innovation involved in the financial crisis.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Westminster Condoles With Chicago—Coal Shipments for the Month.

New Vancouver Coal Company's Manager and Miners Will Discuss Wages.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 30.—Chilian Consul Morris announces that the World's Exposition of mining produce and machinery will take place at Santiago in March, 1894. The Chilian Government will pay the travelling expenses of exhibitors and attendants. Mr. Morris invites inquiries.

Stanley Smith says that Clarke and Braden have certainly been killed by Indians. He and Clarke's brother narrowly escaped death from Chilcotin Indians.

W. H. Jones to-day takes charge of the Inland Sentinel. On Saturday night Messrs. Jones, Spink and Finbow were banquetted by representative citizens of Vancouver.

Rumors are current that the Great Northern railway will extend their telegraph line from South Westminster to Vancouver. The local agent does not affirm or deny the rumor.

A New York firm has completed arrangements for a big shipment of mutton, by cold storage, on the Arawa.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 31.—Hallow E'en is being celebrated by the churches and private parties to-night.

All the flags in the city and on the shipping are at half mast as a last token of respect to the late Sir John Abbott.

The free library committee have sent for $1,000 worth of new books.

To-day's mail train was cancelled.

The steamer Capilano leaves for the North on Wednesday on a halibut fishing venture.

Cheap rates to the East cease to-morrow.

Lee Lum kicked Jon Ge Leong so severely in the stomach that he may die. Lee Lum is to be arrested.

A session of the Supreme court was held before Justice Walkem to-day. In the Bank of British Columbia v. Devine, judgment was given to plaintiff. In Hans v. the Vancouver foundry, judgment was given for defendant. Several minor applications were made.

A number of sneak thieves are known to be in town.

James Lindsay, the clothes line thief, was sent down for two months to-day.

The anniversary of the establishment of the Pythian order on the Mainland is being celebrated with great eclat.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 31.—The City Council are changing the Health by-law, requiring doctors to report cases of typhoid and placard houses containing cases of diphtheria.

C. W. Robson, judge of the Vancouver Court of Revision, has made the addition of one name only to the list, and the list was confirmed as amended.

Policeman Calbick was present at the North Arm on Sunday to prevent a disturbance between religious factions there. Everything was quiet. Rev. Mr. Clinton preached in the postoffice and Mr. Buchanan in the schoolhouse.

H. J. Scott, manager of the Hamilton Powder Works, is in the city.

Dr. Robertson was thrown out of his carriage, yesterday, and painfully hurt, during a runaway, and Dr. Richardson and Mrs. Richardson were thrown violently from their cart, also by a runaway, on Saturday.

A number of hydraulic and electric hoists are being put in, in the city.

Capt. R. Hughes, of Messrs. Scott & Hughes, was married to Miss Green, of Cardiff, Wales, yesterday.

The Indians are slaughtering deer in the neighborhood of the city.

James Addison left yesterday for the East on a visit.

W. Datmars, formerly of the Doty Engine Co., later of the Jute Manufacturing Co., left for an extended trip East yesterday.

R. A. Renwick, of the Miner, is a guest of W. F. Topping.

The Trades and Labor Council have written to the City Council asking them to enforce the cubic space by-law. A correspondent offered to produce witnesses who had seen thirty Chinese sleeping on shelves in a room twelve feet square.

William Black, a sailor from an American ship in port, was arrested on Monday on a charge of religious insanity.

W. R. Gourley, U.S. immigrant agent pro tem., has arrived here.

C. L. Arnold claims he has secured ample English capital for the working of his rich mining property in Slocan country.

The city solicitor has returned from Ottawa where he went in the interests of the city on the appeal case against the C.P.R. re Gore avenue wharf.

Mr. Hamersley says that Sir Charles Tupper informed him that the Government would see that Canada got justice in the Coquitlam case.

Agent Walker, Canadian agent of the Australian Steamship Co. and the C.P.R. at Honolulu, is here. In speaking of the Miowera accident Mr. Walker said the harbor officials were to blame. He thought if the wind kept in its present direction for a few weeks the vessel could be got off all right; but otherwise it was difficult to calculate the chances. Business men in Honolulu, he said, were much gratified at the establishment of the line. They raised more products than California could take, and it gave them an opportunity to dispose of the surplus. There were 120,000 tons of sugar raised on the Island annually, and planters had a contract with San Francisco for three more years' to take 110,000 tons of this annually. After the expiration of this contract the Canadian line would have a show. Mr. Walker is British Consul in Honolulu, and is now on his way to England for an extended holiday.

The hull of the old steamer Pilot was towed in yesterday, having been purchased by the captain of the Kerr.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Oct. 30.—A young man giving his name as C. S. Butler, who was arrested on Saturday for attempting to negotiate a forged draft for $5,000 on the Bank of Montreal, was brought before the police magistrate this morning and remanded for eight days. It is learned that Butler is not the real name of the young man, but Gillet, and it is believed that he was not the forger of the draft, but a tool in the hands of more expert swindlers. Gillet was formerly in the service of the Bank of Montreal, and was last stationed at Peterboro, Ont., where it is reported he got into a nasty scrape with a woman and was obliged to fly. This was in December last, and since then he has been making a living in various ways.

A local company has been formed to engage in halibut fishing, and the steamer Capilano has been chartered for the work. She will leave for the North on Wednesday.

John Edward Freese, aged 66, a native of Ohio, died at his home here this morning. He was a forty-niner and fifty-eighter, and died well-to-do and generally respected.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Oct. 31.—At a meeting last night the City Council passed a resolution authorizing the Finance committee to draw up a letter of condolence and regret with the Chicago City Council on the murder of Mayor Harrison.

It is proposed to incorporate the parish of Holy Trinity under provisions of the act passed by the last Provincial Legislature.

Another robbery was committed last night, some persons stealing three cases of benzine from the rear of Mayor Curtis's drug store. Somebody evidently has a penchant for the belongings of the Mayor.

John A. Murray, champion axeman of British Columbia, was in the city to-day, and in conversation with your reporter stated he would not be able to accept Brewster's challenge to chop for $200 a side at present. He is training for a regatta to be held shortly at Vancouver, and cannot stop to get into form for a chopping match. Murray considers that the proposed stakes, $200, are altogether too small, but he will meet Brewster later in the season and chop him for that amount, or a larger stake, and the championship of British Columbia. As to his ability to beat Brewster, Murray thinks he would have a snap.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Oct. 30.—Canon Beanlands occupied the pulpit at St. Alban's yesterday, at both the morning and evening services.

A concert and dramatic entertainment in the Y.M.C.A. rooms this evening was well attended and gave general satisfaction.

A special meeting of the Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon to arrange for the reception of the visiting Ministers, Hon. G. E. Foster and Hon. A. R. Angers, who were expected on the steamship Quadra last night. Owing to the fog the Quadra did not leave Vancouver till to-day.

NANAIMO, Oct. 31.—Golden lodge, C. O. O. F., held a successful social entertainment in the Oddfellows Hall this evening.

The three month's agreement between the New Vancouver Coal Company and its employes, regarding the 20 per cent. reduction in wages, came to an end to-day. According to a promise made by the superintendent when the reduction was accepted by the miners, a new arrangement will now have to be made. The result of Mr. Robins' meeting with the men is anxiously awaited. It is expected that the superintendent will arrive from San Francisco to-morrow, and that he will at once send for the miners' committee and lay before them whatever proposition may have been decided upon with the agents at San Francisco. There has been no marked improvement in the coal market during the period that has elapsed since the reduction in wages went into force, so that the majority of the men do not anticipate the return of the full 20 per cent., but many think that at least a rise of 10 per cent. will be offered. Whilst some talk of a shut down is heard in case no raise is offered, the general impression is that the men will accept whatever terms the company may propose, though at the present rate of wages, many of the miners are making barely sufficient to pay living expenses.

A mass meeting of underground employes of the New Vancouver Coal company will be held to-morrow morning.

There was a heavy fall of snow this morning; the first time snow fell in October since 1875.

The foreign shipments of coal for the month amount to 46 268 tons—by the New Vancouver Coal company, 25,553 tons; Wellington, 20,935 tons; East Wellington, 1,930 tons.

The New Vancouver Coal company's steamer Skip lost her propeller this afternoon coming from Protection Island to the Esplanade wharf. She had to be towed in by the ss. Esperanza.

Sailed—Bark Rufus E. Wood, ship India, steamer Empire.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Oct. 30.—Captain Malcott, S. Richardson, J. Musgrave, R. Musgrave and C. W. Dunn went down to Victoria on Friday and returned by Saturday afternoon's train.

A meeting of sheep owners was held in the Agricultural hall on Saturday, Captain Barkley in the chair, when it was resolved to form an association to protect the interests of sheep owners and to endeavor to have the law as to bounty on panthers amended so as to encourage their destruction and extinction.

A. R. Johnston, of Nanaimo, and H. A. Morley, Victoria, visited Duncan on Saturday.

Messrs. H. T. Fall and H. H. Mayo, lately from England, have purchased from Mr. Parmfelt the farm formerly belonging to Joseph Dargan, at McPhersons.

Mrs. Rogers, wife of Mr. Alfred W. Rogers, of Little Shawnigan Lake, Cobble Hill, one of the old settlers in Cowichan, died of paralysis on Friday last, and was buried at St. Peter's, Quamichan, yesterday (Sunday). A large number of inhabitants attended the funeral.

Messrs. Dempster & Co. held a successful auction sale of dry goods at the Agricultural hall on Saturday, to be continued to-day.

The Cowichan Pleasant Evenings Society hold their next entertainment and dance on Thursday evening next at the Agricultural hall.

James Flett, H. Wilson and Miss Wilson, the latter on her way to Eastern Canada, took Saturday morning's train for the Capital.

REVELSTOKE.

(From the Kootenay Star.)

Geo. Laforme arrived down from Big Bend with his pack train Sunday afternoon, bringing several chamois leather bags full of nuggets from the Consolation placer mine on French creek. They were taking out $25 a day per man, having picked up $200 worth of nuggets the day he left, and the previous nine days had netted $1,052 for four men. The gold is mostly nuggets worth from $2 to $20 each. Gus Lund's placer mine is looking up well. Mr. Laforme and Pete Lavecque left Wednesday morning for Big Bend. The snow was lying a few inches deep when they left, but they found the snow deeper, and further on found it impracticable to proceed, so they turned round and came back, arriving here Thursday morning.

The first snow of the season fell in Revelstoke on Tuesday. It snowed nearly the whole day, but melted away as it fell, until evening, when the flakes became larger, and by midnight the ground was covered four inches. The two days following were warm and wet, and by yesterday morning the heavy rains had washed away every vestige of the snowfall.

The recent snowfall and subsequent warm rain have sent the river up a few feet, and navigation can go on uninterruptedly for some time.

A gang of C.P.R. bridgemen under Mr. Graham left here on Wednesday to build additional snowsheds at Illecillewaet.

KASLO-SLOCAN.

(From the Examiner.)

The last carload of ore shipped from the Wellington mine was landed at Bonner's Ferry at 7 o'clock in the evening, the transfer was made in the night and the ore left on the 1 o'clock freight train the next day with no delay whatever.

Ore shipped by way of Bonner's Ferry and the Great Northern Railway reaches San Francisco in seven days from the time it leaves Kaslo and reaches Tacoma in four days from the time of leaving here.

Kaslo people are talking about the probability of the Great Northern purchasing the Kaslo-Slocan railway. Since Messrs. Hendry, Munn, Foley and Guthrie left last Saturday en route for St. Paul it has been generally believed that these gentlemen would hold a conference on Thursday with the head men of the Great Northern, and that word would be telegraphed to Kaslo as soon as any decided action was taken.

Capt. Sanderson, who owns a quantity of land at the hot springs on Upper Arrow lake, has sent down 80,000 feet of lumber for a large hotel. Mr. Sanderson is busy with his steamer, Marion, towing logs, etc., on the Arrow lake, and will commence work on the hotel directly navigation closes.

On Tuesday three C.P.R. engineers and the local bridge inspector spent several hours examining the Columbia river bridge.

J. D. McDonald, who has located two fine ledges on the divide between the Duncan and Lardeau, has been in town for a week under surgical treatment. He brings a splendid sample of galena and grey copper from the Glengarry claim, which assayed 400 ounces silver, 26 per cent. copper and about one ounce gold. The ore from the other group (the Sir John) also assayed high. There are over 1,000 tons of rich ore in sight.

NELSON.

(From the Miner.)

Little is being done in the Similkameen, as capital is required to work the placers.

The East Kootenay placer claims have been laid over till June 1, 1894.

Gold Commissioner Cummings of East Kootenay has located a wagon road to Mark creek and St. Mary's district. The route chosen was up Cherry creek and across Lake creek to Mark creek, a distance of 14 miles.

The Bedrock Flume Co. are operating on Rock creek in the Okanagan country. They have been working about two months and are reported to have good prospects.

Rev. Thomas H. Rogers, the first Presbyterian missionary in the Southern Kootenay district, took leave of his many friends in Nelson Wednesday morning.

The Bank of Montreal recently purchased the Barrett block for some $6,500.

The Reed and Thompson group, on Four-Mile creek, was recently bonded by John Finch and Patsy Clark for $40,000. A further bond of $10,000 has been placed by the same parties on the Jenny Lind, an adjoining claim. The Reed and Thompson was bonded by Messrs. Jowett and Chadbourne for $10,000 on behalf of a London company, but it was dropped at the beginning of the silver slump.

The result of the season's work on the North Star mine, recently bonded for $40,000, is reported as follows: The ore body consisting of a mixture of carbonates and galena, has been exposed by four cuts. No. 4 cut, about 150 feet south of the shaft, shows 60 feet of ore from wall to wall. No. 3 cut shows 50 feet of ore, and two bodies of galena each about 10 feet wide. The other two cuts present almost equally fine showings. An average sample of the galena is reported to have returned an assay of 71 ounces.

Constable P. Miles had the Majestic claim bonded to a Mr. Pierce, and he failed to make up the bond. The Majestic is a free-milling gold property located about three-quarters of a mile west of the Poorman mine. The lead shows two and a half feet of clean quartz and is strong and well defined. It has been traced for a distance of 1,300 feet and stripped at various points. Average assays gives the ore a value of $25 per ton. Pierce drove the tunnel in to 140 feet and left 250 tons of ore on the dump, but his eastern backers failed to come to time, and so now the constable considers himself $10,000 ahead by the fact.

The rails in the Nelson and Fort Sheppard railroad will be in town in three weeks. The tracklayers are within a dozen miles of it. Construction work will be completed to the lake level this winter. The delay in tracklaying is occasioned by the method pursued in trestle building. The timbers are not brought on the ground until the rails are laid up to the edge of the stretch to be covered by the trestle. This saves much teaming. Engineer Taber is assured that it is Corbin's intention to operate the road this winter.

FRENCH CREEK.

FRENCH CREEK, Oct. 30.—Mr. Rath has added another panther to his already large list. He shot a monster last week.

The slaughter of two cow elk by three men from Nanaimo has caused quite a sensation all over the district. Thanks to Mr. Tom Hillier, information was lodged with the constable and the carcasses seized. Mr. Hillier deserves the greatest credit for his sportsman-like action in the matter. Such a breach of the game laws does not often happen in a settled district, and the offenders, one of whom is an experienced hunter and knows the country well, according to the Free Press, Nanaimo, ought to be made an example of.

DONALD.

DONALD, Oct. 31.—The guests of the Selkirk house were aroused this morning at 5 o'clock by the cry of fire. It was in the cellar under the kitchen and it was beyond control when first seen. In an hour after the alarm was given the building was one mass of flames. The structures just east of the Selkirk house, occupied by E. W. Pattmore, general store and post-office, were then attacked by the flames and were soon all ablaze. Both buildings were reduced to ashes inside of two hours. The guests of the hotel saved their personal effects. The greater part of the hotel furniture was destroyed. Mr. Pattmore saved the post-office effects and most of his stock. Both losses are covered by insurance. The wind was blowing from the west, which was very fortunate, as had it been from the opposite direction the whole business portion of the town would have been destroyed.

A Business Letter.

T. Milburn & Co., Tilsonburg, March 15th, 1837.
SIRS,—Please ship at once three dozen B. B. Bitters. Best selling medicine in the shop. Sold seven bottles to-day. Yours truly,
C. THOMPSON.

The above sample is but one of hundreds of similar expressions regarding B. B. B.

ITS LAST DAY.

The World's Columbian Exposition Officially Rung Out of Existence at Midnight.

Chicago Day Over Again—Awards Presented—"Auld Lang Syne" Enthusiastically Sung.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—As the sun sets in the West to-night, the flags that have proudly floated in the breeze upon towering staffs, over buildings and entrance gates, day in and day out since that memorable May Day, when Grover Cleveland, as President of the United States, declared the World's Exposition opened, will be furled in token that it is passing into history, while a few hours later, when the clocks are chiming the hour of midnight, each passing stroke will be the death knell of what is claimed to be the greatest, the grandest and most glorious exposition of the world's art, and science and manufacture that the universe has so far seen. Perhaps, too, for many weeks to come there will remain enough and more than a sufficiency to tempt the wayfarer into making the journey from the business part of the city to that portion of the sands of Lake Michigan, where for six months the White Metropolis has reigned supreme.

The booming of cannon on the lake front awakened the sleeping city at daylight, and less than an hour thereafter the exodus to the southward limits was in full swing. Despite the fact that the day had not been declared a general holiday, it seemed as though the entire population of the city, together with a half-million of transient guests, had turned out to the obsequies of the exposition. At seven o'clock the terminals of the various steam, street railroads and elevated roads were besieged by crowds. At 9 o'clock it was a simple case of traffic congestion. Men, women and children fought and tore and struggled for a chance, not merely to get inside of the cars but to stand on the platforms, or even to sit on the roofs. It was Chicago day over again, only that, for the time being, the pressure was more tremendous. Down at the fair grounds the forty-five entrance gates were kept on an eternal click from the moment that the ticket takers had reported for duty, and although crowds are deceptive it was calculated at noon that fully half a million people had passed from Stony Island avenue into the grounds of the White City. There was no formal programme for the morning. As the noon hour was chimed the guns boomed a greeting, which was interpreted by the multitude as a prelude to the formal exercises in Festival hall, which were to mark the final dissolution of the great enterprise.

Thousands were fain to be content even with a sight of the building within which the funeral oration of the great White City was to be pronounced. Presently a burst of patriotic music penetrated the walls of the structure. The multitude within was singing the "Star Spangled Banner." The multitude without took up the chorus, and the old air was sung as it had never been sung before. Then to those on the outside there was an interval of quiet. Once again the shrill notes of the band were heard, once again the torrent of voices rolled out into the open, once again the tens of thousands of voices took up the refrain. Three times and once it was repeated, and as the voices instinctively died down the refrain echoed like a requiem through the streets and shrubbery:

"Should auld acquaintance be forgot
And the days of Auld Lang Syne!"

In Festival hall the exercises were simple, but at the same time impressive. "America" was rendered by the orchestra, and after a brief prayer had been offered an address was delivered by ex-Senator T. W. Palmer, president of the World's Columbian Exposition. Then the band played "Dixie" and Director-General Davies in a short but appropriate address presented to President Higginbotham a list of the awards that had been made in the various departments. After more music the awards were presented to the representatives of the American exhibitors, and the same programme was followed with the foreign exhibitors, preceded by an address from Imperial Commission General von Weimuth, of Germany. After the band had rendered the "Star Spangled Banner" there were addresses by John C. Wyman, on behalf of the State Commissioners, and by President Palmer for the National Commission, the latter in closing his remarks said clearly and with emphasis: "I now declare the World's Columbian Exposition closed for time and eternity." As he spoke the last words Professor Tompkins waved his baton, and, as if moved by a sudden inspiration, the vast audience burst into song to the strains of Auld Lang Syne. The still greater audience on the exterior joined in the refrain, the cannon on the lake front boomed, the bells in the belfry rang a peal, the steamboats on the lake and the smaller craft on the lagoons turned steam on their whistles, and amidst a conglomeration of enthusiastic demonstrations the World's Columbian Exposition became officially a thing of memory.

KASLO-SLOCAN.

Subjoined is a return made from the customs entries of the quantity and value of ores shipped from Kaslo on the dates mentioned:

1893.	Quantity—Lbs.	Value.
Aug. 7—Wellington	36 720	$ 3,676
14—Bon Ton	9,000	1.0 0
30—Wellington	31,160	2 890
Sept. 6—Blue Bird	90,000	4,700
8—No. 1, Ainsworth	66 000	3,300
12—Dardanelles	25 262	6,373
Idaho	40,947	3,200
16—Mountain Chief	41,091	2,960
18—Mountain Chief	108 061	7 7 0
20—Freddie Lee	98 000	7,644
23—Wellington	34,545	3,055
25—Dardanelles	32 757	6,273
Noble Five	211,1 6	14,3 3
Blue Bird	60,173	4,143
28—Washington	80,140	5,524
30 Idaho	39 670	3,041
Oct. 5—Idaho	38,500	3,085
9—Miner Bay	7 448	551
Idaho	63,400	4,906
Sampling Works	1.570	200
Northern Belle	330	30
10—Mountain Chief	40 0 0	2,771
14—Dardanelles	25,647	2,634
21—Idaho	40,000	3,030
Total	1,211,142	$97,084

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Oct. 27.—New light has been thrown on the sinking of the gunboat Alexandre Petion, which was said to have gone down in a hurricane near Cape Tiburon about a month ago. It appears that when the ship sunk the sea was perfectly calm, and that instead of being overcome by the storm, the vessel was sent to the bottom by the paid agents of General Manigal, leader of the revolutionary party, which for years has been plotting for the overthrow of General Hippolyte. Only one negro sailor is said to have escaped, and yet the ship foundered less than three miles from shore.

ABORTIVE OPPOSITION.

TO THE EDITOR:—I see you have shown what a ridiculous farce was enacted at Kamloops the other day. Anything more inane than were the resolutions passed at the "Constitutional League" meeting I have never known to emenate from a body of presumably intelligent men. The advocates of separation found no response to the *ad captandum* cry raised at Vancouver by a few hot-headed irresponsible individuals. Mr. Kitchen repudiates his bantling on his rounds in the interior. How suddenly the cry subsided! It shows what little hold these prattling demagogues have on public attention. But we purpose, from time to time, to remind one another of the fact that such men who presume to lead and are probably aspirants to premierships are not worthy of the least confidence. The interests of the Island, the "Mainland" and the interior are identical, and anyone who attempts to separate them by a narrow sectionalism deserves the deepest reprobation.

With particular reference to the meeting at Clinton, I have somewhat to speak. Mr. Davie, as was just and reasonable, took advantage of the number of the electors who attended court to address them on matters of local and general interest. The speech was clear, forcible and convincing. The meeting, with the exception of a few, was persectly satisfied that their interests were in safe hands and that the Province had a live, progressive and stable Government. Facts and figures were adduced by the Premier to show what had been done to develop the resources of the country in the way of opening up roads and building bridges and erecting court houses, Government agents' residences, etc. The contingent that came here from the lower Fraser, and the junior member for Yale endeavored to do their best under the most adverse circumstances. Their effort was made up of a lame attack on the expenditure of the party in power. It is remarkable in the history of the present Opposition that during the last number of years it had rest to recuperate its flagging energy not a single plank has been laid in its policy. The present Opposition is as barren of a an original idea to advance the prosperity of the country as it is possible to imagine. Usually an Opposition has some scheme or policy to present to the electorate. The present Opposition's policy is blank. To gain the Government benches seems to be the goal of their ambition. This object, while the Government pursues its liberal and progressive policy, has not the most distant prospect of realization.

We have the curious anomaly in our politics, an independent supporter of an opposition. Independents generally give an independent government support. It shows us how heterogeneous the elements composing the opposition to the government is. At any rate the visit of Messrs. Brown, Kitchen and Semlin resulted in complete failure. The Opposition press have endeavored to make a little capital out of this meeting. Clinton sent no delegates to Kamloops and no resident of Clinton attended the Tooley street tailors meeting that next morning elected the forlorn hope that went there. There were just seven present, and four of these were sent on the hopeless errand to bring about a revolution. Nonsense and rant about "tyranny" and "responsible government," were flippantly indulged in. This, with the absurd petition presented to the Government to veto the Act authorizing the building of the new Parliament buildings is only calculated to bring the Province into contempt. Did the promoters of this petition seriously believe that the Governor-General could be guilty of so unconstitutional a proceeding? If so, they have shown an inexcusable ignorance of provincial rights which were so carefully guarded by the B. N. A. Act.

The origin of the opposition to the Parliament buildings is patent to every one. The grievance was not the burden imposed by the expenditure of such an undertaking, but that the capital was "anchored" in Victoria. What did we care about the location? We feel perfectly convinced that had the Government placed these buildings at either Vancouver or New Westminster, neither Mr. Cotton, on the one hand, nor Mr. Brown on the other, would have had the slightest objection to the "enormous" expenditure that will extend over fifty years. I suppose if the buildings were not required they would not be built. The other provinces of the Dominion have splendid Parliament buildings, why should not the largest and most prosperous province have such public buildings as would be a credit to the country. The people have the fullest confidence in the ability and integrity of the Government. They believe it conducts its affairs honestly and economically. This confidence they have earned during the last few years, and no attempt of their opponents can successfully deprive them of it.

RUSTIC.

Clinton, October 25.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—A full speed trial of the cruiser Havoc, the first of twelve high speed vessels that are about to be added to the navy, was made to-day. The trial was highly successful. The vessel developed a speed of thirty miles an hour and maintained it for three hours. The speed test was made at the mouth of the Thames. The Admiralty is highly pleased with the result. These new vessels will be known as torpedo destroyers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 31.—Details have just been received here of the burning of the chief mosque of Damascus, on the night of the 14th instant. The fire extended to and destroyed all the houses on the street adjacent to the mosque. The loss is estimated at £1 000,000. The Sultan has contributed £500,000 to help to rebuild the mosque and relieve the poorer sufferers.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—Letters from Warsaw attribute the recent illness of General Gourko to poison, administered by his chief cook. Ten attaches of the General's palace were arrested for complicity in the attempt to poison the General. The guilty cook is supposed to have escaped to Austria. The Russian papers were allowed to say nothing more than that General Gourko was suffering from a heart affection.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.
ttsa