vants for that protection which the laws could not give. They are remarkably foud of poetry and music. In the time of Ossian the harp was the chief instrument; but afterward yielded to the bagpipe, which is used for marriage and funeral processions and other great occasions. Every family of note had a historian to relate its heroic deeds, or bard who sung the praises of the chieftain and his clan. Their poetry is tender, sim-

ple, beautiful and sublime.

Their cottages are built of round stones and turf, thatched with heath. They lie upon the gound, having under them fern or heath, covered with a sheet or blanket.— Their dress is said to resemble that of the ancient Romans: it consists of a tartan jacket, of red, green, blue, and black. kilt, is a short petticoat, reaching the knees, and hose woven in diamonds of red and white, tied under the knee with ornamented garters—a cloak of tartan wrapped round them and fastened with a belt. When embodied for battle, each was armed with a broadsword, dagger, target, musket and two pistols; in close engagement they were irresistible. They are now availing themselves of the resources of their country, in manufacture, agriculture and the arts.

Edinburgh, the capital of Scotland, contains 138,000 inhabitants. The city is surrounded by Carlton hill, Arthur's-seat and Salisbury-craggs on the east, Braid and the Pentland hills on the south; on the west, the hill of Corstorphine. The city stands on