

use of, for the skins of seals, and such other animals, the fat of which lies between the skin and the flesh. A seal &c. is said to be **PELTED**, when the skin and fat are taken off together.

**PHIPPERS.** The fin-like feet of seals, and other amphibious animals.

**PILE OF FISH.** A large quantity of dry fish, built up in the form of a round haystack. When they are sufficiently cured upon the flakes, they are made up into a pile, in order to preserve them from wet; to get a gentle heat, and to make room for others.

**PINOVERS.** Bits of flannel, which are tacked to one side of the Northwesters, and pinned to the other; one covering the nose, and the other, the chin.

**PLANTER.** A man who keeps servants of his own, and carries on business for himself; but who, by not having a vessel, buys his necessary supplies from, and sells the produce of his concerns to a merchant in the country.

**POOLER.** A salmon which has lain a long time in a river, but has not yet spawned.

**POST.** A stout piece of timber, standing perpendicularly under a beam. A station from whence a fishery is carried on.

**PRYOR-POLE.** A long pole, which is fastened to that end of a shoal-net that is farthest from the land, by a piece of rat-line; which, not being long enough to reach to the surface of the water, causes the top of the pole to appear, when the water is covered with ice or lolly.

**PTARMIGAN.** A bird of the grouse kind; it generally weighs about a pound, but seldom more.

**PUNT.** A small boat.

**RAFTING OF ICE.** Ice is said to raft, when, by being stopped in its passage, one piece is forced under another, until the uppermost ones rise to a great height.

**RAND OF FAT.** A sealer's term for a large piece of fat, just as it happens to be cut off the animal.

**RAPID, IN A RIVER.** Where there is a sudden declivity of the bed of a river, the stream runs quicker; such places are called *Rapids*.

**RATTLE, IN A RIVER.** Where there is a succession of falls in a river (which are frequently to be met with in mountainous countries) the falling water makes a great noise; such a place is called a *Rattle*.

**RENDERING OIL.** A sealer's term for melting fat into oil.

**RINDING.** The action of taking the bark from trees. In this part of the world, one length only, of six feet, is taken off the lower part of the trunk of a tree. The chief use of rinds is, to cover the roofs of houses and piles of fish.

**RODE.** A small tow-line, of four inches and an half; made use of by shallops, by way of a cable.