

## NEGOTIATIONS

•Negotiations to expand bilateral air services got off to a good start in Ottawa on April 11 and 12. Canadian and U.S. negotiators agreed on the broad objectives and key issues to be addressed in the negotiations. High on the list for Canada is effective U.S. airport access, including slots, gates and other facilities. The next round will be held on June 5-7 in Washington.

•Congress will decide by June 1 whether to extend fast-track implementation procedures to allow the President to negotiate a North American Free Trade Agreement and complete the GATT Uruguay Round negotiations. Many Members of Congress have expressed serious concerns about environmental, labour and adjustment issues raised by a negotiation with Mexico. The Administration response to these concerns, expected by May 1, will weigh heavily in the outcome of the debate on fast-track extension.

•On April 25 in Montreal, Canada's new Trade Minister, the Honourable Michael Wilson outlined the potential benefits to Canada of a North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA). He made it clear that Canada will not allow the United States to obtain concessions that it failed to win in the Canada-United States FTA. In particular, Canada's cultural policies are non-negotiable. While improvements to the FTA may be possible, reducing the benefits to Canada from the FTA is not a price Canada is willing to pay for a North American accord.

## UNDER THE FTA

ein the processed pork case (injury), an the Extraordinary Challenge Committee has been formed to review the FTA binational panel's decision (which in effect reversed the U.S. International Trade Commission's finding of injury). Two of the three members are Canadian: the Honourable Mr. Justice Willard Z. Estey, formerly Chief Justice of Ontario and Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, and the Honourable Mr. Justice Gregory T. Evans, formerly Chief Justice of Ontario. The Committee will be chaired by the Honourable Arlin M. Adams, formerly a judge of the U.S. Court of Appeals. Briefs from the participants were submitted April 19, rebuttals are due May 2, a hearing will be held May 15 and a decision is scheduled for June 14. The Committee can affirm the decision of the FTA panel, vacate it or remand it back to the panel for reconsideration.

•On processed pork (subsidies), on April 11 the U.S. Commerce Department complied with the FTA binational panel's decision upholding Canadian arguments on two of the three programs under review. The countervailing duty on Canadian exports to the United States decreases from approximately 8 cents per kilogram to 3 cents per kilogram, pending the outcome of the injury case and of the GATT panel. •The annual process for determining Canadian and U.S. support levels for wheat and barley and their products has begun. Under the FTA, if U.S. support levels remain higher than Canada's, Canadian import permit requirements for imports from the United States stay in place. If U.S. support levels are equal to or less than Canada's, import permit requirements are to be removed.

Canada intends to implement border inspection of meat imports from the United States in order to generate support in the United States for an open border for meat inspection. U.S. shipments of meat to Canada would face inspection procedures similar to those experienced by Canadian exporters of meat to the U.S. market.

## IN THE CONGRESS

Comprehensive national energy security legislation (Johnston-Wallop bill, 5.341) is moving quickly through committee stage in the Senate. The Embassy is objecting to provisions which would open the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska to exploration and drilling. The Embassy is also protesting an amendment sponsored by Senators Domenici and Wirth which would discriminate against imports of Canadian natural gas by subjecting them to a discriminatory test in violation of the FTA.