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INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR
SUPERVISION AND CONTROL IN CAMBODIA

Progress Report on the Implementation of the
Geneva Agreement
for the period ending December 31, 1954.

INTRODUCTION

1. The two parties to the Geneva Agreement on Cambodia, namely the Royal Government of Cambodia on the one hand and the Khmer Resistance Forces and Vietnamese Military Units on the other, achieved a cease-fire throughout the country by 7th August 1954. By 20th of October they had implemented the military clauses of the Agreement. The Joint Commission, made up of a delegation from each of the two parties, was dissolved on that date.

2. Since 20th of October, the only authority with which the International Commission has had to deal for the implementation of the remaining clauses of the Geneva Agreement has been the Royal Government of Cambodia. The absence of representation of the other side in Cambodia has meant that the Commission has had, in a few cases, to refer matters to the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam through the International Commission there.

3. The main tasks which now confront the International Commission and with which the Commission is constantly concerned are:

(a) The complete reintegration of demobilized persons into the National Community in such a way that they will be guaranteed immunity from reprisals and the enjoyment of all the rights of citizenship;

(b) The continuous control of the entry of war material and military personnel into Cambodia to make sure that nothing is brought into the country which goes beyond the country's requirements for effective defence;

(c) Reporting on the observance or non-observance by the Cambodian Government of its declaration concerning the establishment of foreign military bases and the conclusion of military alliances;

(d) Keeping a watchful eye on the implementation by the Cambodian Government of its declaration regarding democratic rights and the participation of all citizens in the forthcoming elections.