

# CORPUS CHRISTI.

The Feast Solemnized with all pomp and grandeur—Divine Homage paid to the Sacred Host—The Procession—Impressive Ceremonies—The Line of March—The Archway and Decorations—The admiring multitude.

The great Catholic feast of Corpus Christi was solemnized on Sunday in this city by a grand religious procession. The day was ushered in with every indication that the weather would not interfere with the open celebration, but would add to its magnificence. From early morning the city began to wear the appearance of a day extraordinary. Every one was out in their holiday attire; flags were floating high, and numerous banners were being carried from various sections to a central point, the bands were playing at the head of the parish societies, the church bells sent forth their joyous peals calling the citizens to assemble and do honor to the Sacred Host on its triumphant march. The celebration proper took place in the Church of Notre Dame, which was crowded with an immense number of worshippers and admiring spectators. The ceremonies began by the offering up of Mass by the Rev. Father Larue, attended by deacon and subdeacon. During the Mass the various societies had assembled in the vicinity of the Church and formed into line of march in the following order:

- Band.
- The pupils of the Sisters' schools.
- Band.
- Congregation of the Immaculate Conception.
- Band.
- Congregation of Notre Dame de la Victoire.
- Band.
- Confraternity of St. Anne.
- Confraternity of Perpetual Adoration of the Blessed Sacrament.
- Confraternity of Ladies of the Holy Family.
- Band.
- The Congregation of Sisters Grises with their Orphans.
- Sisters of the Congregation.
- Band.
- Pupils of the Schools of the Christian Brothers of Comptons Marobands.
- Pupils of the Jacques Cardier Normal School.
- Band.
- Pupils of St. Mary's College.
- Pupils of the Montreal College.
- Congregation of Ville Marie.
- Band.
- Clergy of the Philosophical and Theological Seminaries.
- Priest and attendants with the Blessed Sacrament.
- The members of the Corporation.
- The members of the Bar and other officials.
- St. Patrick's Temperance Society.
- The Catholic Young Men's Society.
- Band.
- The Young Irishmen's L. & B. Society.
- St. Ann's Temperance Society.
- The Congregations of the various Churches with bands.

The Host was borne by His Lordship Bishop Fabre, attended by numerous clergy and by a guard of honor of a company of the 65th Battalion, under Major Dogas, who defiled on each side of the canopy.

The following was the ROUTE OF PROCESSION, Place d'Armes Square, Place d'Armes Hill, Craig, St. Lawrence Main, St. Catherine, Hubert, Dubord, St. Denis, Bonsecours and Notre Dame streets back to Notre Dame Church, where the procession dispersed.

The route selected was shorter than on previous occasions, and consequently much more time was devoted to the construction of the several arches, which were erected on a magnificent scale, particularly those on St. Lawrence, St. Catherine and St. Hubert streets. Along St. Hubert street the decorations were on a much more extensive scale than on any other part of the route, that in front of 157 being particularly gorgeous. A shrine to the Blessed Virgin was also noticeable on the same street.

ARCHES AND DECORATIONS. From Craig street up St. Lawrence Main street as far as the eye could reach the *Fete Dieu* decorations stretched their gleaming colors in endless profusion. Every street along this part of the route of the procession was hung with all kinds of colored silks and bunting. No effort had been spared to place this street in the head of the list. The citizens dwelling on St. Lawrence Main seemed to have vied with each other in showing how much they honored their God by the gorgeousness of outward display. There were four arches reared in this street, all of them of elegant structure, but one of them surpassing all the rest in beauty of design. The first arch was at the corner of St. Lawrence Main and Craig street. It was in the shape of a huge gate, and bore the following inscription about the main arch:—"Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini—ecce passus Angelorum factus cibus viatorum." Several pictures of saints adorned the two smaller arches. Another arch was reared on the corner of Viller and St. Lawrence Main. It bore above the central arch the Papal arms, the mitre and crossed keys executed in gold. At Laschere's street the third arch was erected. It bore no particular inscription, but was gaily adorned with the national colors. The fourth arch, and the best one, was on the corner of St. Lawrence and St. Catherine streets. It was four pillared, facing both streets. Its dimensions were grand, and it was easily perceptible that no effort had been spared to make it the finest structure of the kind along the whole route of the procession. On the side facing down St. Lawrence Main street was the inscription, "Ecce passus angelorum factus cibus viatorum." On the side facing east on St. Catherine could be read, "Adoremus extremum sanctissimum sacramentum." The national flags waved over the central arch. Without doubt this arch was the finest on the route. Another four pillared arch similar in construction to the last mentioned one had been erected on the corner of St. Catherine and Nunguet streets. A small arch also graced the corner of St. Elizabeth street concluding the list. Although there were some pretty decorations on St. St. Catherine street, this thoroughfare made the least display of any along the whole line of march. In three private houses private altars were erected, the beauty of which excited universal admiration. There were no arches on St. Hubert street, but the citizens on this street made amends by a most profuse display of bunting of all colors. In fact, the thickness of the trees made it unnecessary, as their spreading branches almost met in the middle of the street. On St. Hubert street especially an extra effort had been made to beautify the roadway with arches and overhanging boughs. At the entrances of a large number of private residences, miniature altars were very tastefully arranged with statues and lighted tapers. It was the day more generally observed

as far as private decorations were concerned. At the foot of St. Hubert street, a grand double arch had been erected. Inside of this on a raised platform, were three young ladies attired in the garb of angels, holding in their hands salvers and kneeling in an attitude of prayer. From this arch, up the street as far as Dorchester, the sight was a beautiful one. At almost every private dwelling, extensive efforts had been made to decorate the surroundings in a manner suitable to the occasion.

At the corner of St. Catherine and St. Hubert streets, a rich and beautiful repository was erected. After the golden canopy had reached this spot, a general halt was made and His Lordship the Bishop carried the Host to the altar and Benediction was given with great solemnity. The multitude which crowded the thoroughfare at this junction paid their homage to the Blessed Sacrament on bended knees, and sang the hymn of adoration, *Tantum Ergo*, in a grand ensemble, which produced a profound impression. The surroundings of the repository were really handsome and attracted considerable attention.

On St. Catherine street, in three or four places, a palmy pile spanned the street. Along Notre Dame street the decorations were also very profuse and striking. At the Cathedral the sight was a grand one. Everywhere were banners, streamers, palms and evergreens massed together, which produced an admirable sight.

After the procession had returned to the Church of Notre Dame the principal societies entered with the Bishop and assisted at the mid-day Mass, which brought the celebration of the Feast to a close.

The procession was a very large one, it having taken two hours and several minutes to pass a given point. It was witnessed by thousands of spectators who thronged the line of march, as well as every available space that windows or roof could provide. The many strangers who were in the city were particularly long in their expressions of admiration. The sight was as novel to them as it was grand and significant.

## THE FETE DIEU IN MONTREAL.

Whence all this pomp and pageantry displayed? Why do triumphal arches proudly rise, And send down bells from out grey towers peal forth? And flags and pennons float on heaven's cool breeze? Why swell that wave of harmony sublime, From many thousand voices chanting praise. And in one strain of music, soft and sweet, The bells, the chorals and the voices blend.

Who is this mighty King that onward moves, Through reverent multitudes bowed down in awe? 'Tis He, the Healer of the sick, the blind, Whose word full oft hath raised the dead to life! 'Tis He that old maid Judas's bills, And scattered blessings ever as he went.

Lo! when He comes with martial music's swell, With shouts of flow'rs and incense floating round, Then bow the head and lowly bend the knee, While Jesus, SON OF DAVID, passeth by—And angel-choirs their grandest anthems sing, With Alleluia heaven and earth resound!

J. A. RADLICK.  
Montreal, Feast of Corpus Christi, 1882.

## OBITUARY.

The Rev. J. F. Blanchet, Vicar of St. Rochs died on Saturday June 10th.

Mr. James Hogg, a much respected citizen of Belleville, Ont., died in that city on the morning of June 8th.

The death of the eminent engineer and ship-builder, Mr. John Scott Russell, is announced from London.

Mr. Dansereau, Sr., father of Mr. C. A. Dansereau, of Montreal, died at the latter's residence on Wednesday night, June 7th, after a brief illness.

Levy, the English claimant to the Enfield estate, in Tunis, is dead. It was the difficulty about the possession of this property which precipitated the French movement against Tunis.

Professor James Spence, F. R. S. E., F. R. G. S. E., is dead. He was born in 1812, and received his medical education at the Royal College of Surgeons in Edinburgh. He was appointed professor of surgery in the University of Edinburgh in 1864, and in 1865 was made surgeon in Ordinary to the Queen in Scotland. In 1871 he published two volumes of "Lectures on Surgery."

The funeral of ex-Mayor Morrison took place in Toronto on the afternoon of June 12th, and was largely attended by citizens of all classes. The interment was taken in hand by the municipal authorities, and assumed the form of a public funeral. Mayor McMurich and members of the Corporation were in attendance, the former being a pall bearer, representing his father, Hon. John McMurich, who is out of the city. The body was attired in the dress of a Queen's Counsel. The pall-bearers were Hon. Mr. Cayley, City Treasurer, Harman, La-Coll, Arthur, Mr. A. T. Todd, Mr. Robt. Hay, M. P., Mr. D. B. Reid, Q. C., and Mr. Jas. L. Michie, Rev. D. A. Macdonnell, of St. Andrew's Church, conducted the services.

Hon. Lucius Robinson died at Newport, Vt., on the morning of June 8th after several weeks of intense suffering. At first a sore on the nature of gangrene appeared upon the right leg, and, though painful, it was thought by the physicians that it could be controlled, and no serious results were immediately apprehended further than the probable loss of a part of the foot. It continued for four or five weeks, when a rapid decline, with great loss of strength and a general breaking down of the entire system, took place. Prominent physicians from Boston, Montreal and the surrounding country were summoned, and at length, as the last hope, on Tuesday forenoon last, one leg was amputated above the knee. The operation was successfully accomplished, and the patient bore it as well as could be expected. It did not avail, however, but though his death was not expected so soon, it is not supposed the amputation had any effect, certainly not to hasten his death. The immediate cause was no doubt mortification. Mr. Robinson was born in Derby, Vermont, about four miles from Newport, on April 5, 1823, and had just passed his 59th birthday.

The new series of excavations commenced by Dr. Schliemann this year at Hissarlik remained for many weeks undisturbed by any discoveries of moment. A communication, however, which has just been received from him by Prof. Virchow, of Berlin, announces that he has once more been successful. He has brought to light architectural remains of the highest interest. In the lower portion of the hill of Hissarlik he has opened a series of halls, corridors, and vaults, which, according to his confident belief, are ruins of the citadel of ancient Pergamos. Dr. Schliemann adds that the researches he has recently been prosecuting have convinced him that the views he has hitherto held respecting the site of Ilium, and of many of the relics he formerly discovered, will require much modification.

# CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

There were 87 interments in the Catholic and 18 in the Protestant cemeteries during the past week.

The Superiors of the various convents connected with the "Congregation de Notre Dame" throughout Canada and the United States, who have been in retreat at the convent of Villa Maria, have elected the Rev. Mother St. Bernard, Superior of the convent in Montreal, to the office of Superior-General; Rev. Mother St. Victor, late Superior-General, was appointed First Assistant Superior, and Rev. Mother St. Jean Baptiste was appointed Second Assistant Superior.

## THE LUCKY NUMBERS.

The following is a list of the winning numbers for the drawing of prizes which took place during the gift concert in St. Ann's Hall on Monday evening last.—137, 4149, 1212, 1378, 3020, 2855, 820, 1309, 4582, 1966, 5165, 4695, 605, 217, 1844, 2295, 4218, 2019, 5879, 2914, 2070, 2366, 1048, 1584, 3383, 1819, 462, 5806, 4585, 1826.

## DEATH OF AN OLD TYPO.

The members of the Art Preservative of all Arts have received a sad blow in the death of Mr. William Wilson, who expired this morning at the comparatively early age of 57 years. Mr. Wilson was one of the oldest printers in this city, and was highly esteemed and respected by the members of the craft, not only here but throughout the whole of Canada and the United States for his many sterling qualities. Last year he represented the Typographical Union of Montreal at the Convention held in Toronto. He was one of the founders of the Union in this city, being its first President, and was a staunch member up to the time of his decease. His many friends and Union men generally regret his somewhat unexpected death.

## ANOTHER CHARLIE ROSS.

A letter has been received from the Chief of Police of Elizabeth, N. J., stating that on 31st March last, a little boy named Charles M. Dunham, 13 years of age, was abducted from his home on 31st March last. He is 4 feet 4 inches high, has black hair and eyes, scar on the top of his head, sore eyes and a sore over the shin bone of the leg, which at times causes him to limp. The abductor is named Amos Dunham, who goes under various assumed names, one of his aliases being William Riley. He is 5 feet 5 inches high, light complexion, light hair and light moustache, 39 years of age. He goes around the country peddling false, and pretends various physical infirmities in order to get sympathy, money and sympathy. Twenty-five dollars is offered to any one causing the arrest of the abductor.

## ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.

A grand convention of the former scholars of St. Mary's College, among whom are many of the leading men of the country, will be held at the College on the 19th and 20th of July next. Leading citizens from all parts of the Dominion who have received their education at this time-honored institution will grace the convention with their presence. The convention will be opened by the celebration of High Mass on the morning of the 19th, and the convention proper will be opened at 2.30 in the afternoon, and an entertainment will be given in the evening. On the second day the proceedings will be opened by the celebration of Mass for deceased scholars, after which the principal places in and around Montreal will be visited. In the evening a grand banquet will be held, and the whole College will be beautifully illuminated.

## ONENIA KANATHAROCATINAM.

The above is the name of an Indian from Canbynawaga who was fined \$25 and costs in the Police Court this morning for having liquor in his possession. He and five companions were on the train from Montreal to St. Ann's on last Saturday. They were all very drunk, and Onenia was exhibiting a two gallon jar of whiskey to his comrades. Deputy High Constable Contant was in the same car, and attempted to take the whiskey from his owner. The latter resisted what he thought an unjust interference and showed fight. The conductor, however, added the weight of his authority to that of the officer, and the poor Indian had to deliver up his fire water and submit to the disgrace of being arrested by a pale face. This morning the two gallon jar of whiskey was the strongest evidence against him. The fact of the liquor being found on him was sufficient for his condemnation. The clerk who took down the minutes of the case has had leave of absence for a week to recruit after the immense effort in writing down the defendant's name half-dozen times without misspelling it.

## "NORA'S" LETTERS.

We clip the following from the Witness: To the Editor of the Witness: Sir,—Noticing in a late issue of the Witness a paragraph intimating that the letters of "Nora" were in the press, I beg to enclose two dollars (\$2.00) as a small contribution to the fund intended to defray part expenses of publication. An attentive reader of Mrs. McDougall's letters, I am bound to say that their broad and noble tone, so graceful and attractive in style, have the ring of the true metal about them. Knowing as I do that they touch the very inmost core of Irish discontent and misery, I heartily wish for them a wide circulation.

I am, yours truly,

JOHN KRANE.

Ottawa, June 6, 1882.

## POSTAL STATISTICS.

### SOME INTERESTING FIGURES.

The following figures have an interest as indicating the relative proportions in which emigration has flown from a certain section of this Province to the Eastern and Western States respectively. On Monday last, in the day postal car from Quebec to Montreal, on the North Shore Railway, enumeration was made of the number of letters collected on the way up for those two opposite portions of the American Union. The count does not include any letters from the city of Quebec itself, but it embraces the country on the north shore of St. Lawrence, after leaving Quebec, until Montreal is reached: For Massachusetts 208, of which 48 were for Lowell; Boston 15; Rhode Island 42; New Hampshire 62; Connecticut 32; Vermont 32; New York State 51; New York City 13; Maine 12; total 472. The total for Western States was 211, of which nearly half, 106, were for Michigan. The indication is that from the section of country in question, the settlement of French-Canadians is in the Eastern States more than twice what it is in the Western. The small number of letters for Boston and New York shows that the population of these North Shore counties has been drawn only to an inconsiderable extent to the two large American cities. It is Massachusetts, with its many manufacturing

towns, which has exercised the strongest attractive powers. For Manitoba there were 26 letters.

## SUBURBAN ANNEXATION.

The special committee on suburban annexation have presented a report to the City Council recommending that the Municipality of Hochelaga should be annexed to the city on the following conditions:—1st. That the city will assume all the liabilities of the Municipality, which are heretofore enumerated. 2nd. That the Municipality will transfer and make over to the city all its assets and property. 3rd. That the portion of Hochelaga which is annexed to the city will be added to and form part of St. Mary's Ward the representation of which will not be increased, but the representation of the remaining wards will be proportionately decreased. The report was adopted.

## THE MONTREAL & CHAMPLAIN JUNCTION RAILWAY.

Howick, June 12.—The work of construction of the Montreal and Champlain Junction Railway through Chateauguay County was begun here to-day amid great rejoicings and in the presence of a large and enthusiastic assemblage. The first sods were turned by Thomas Gibbie, Esq., Senator Bureau, Mr. S. Foster, Vice-President of the company, and Mr. T. D. Hannaford, and the ceremony concluded the three former gentlemen briefly addressed the audience, in which was a large number of ladies, upon the position and purposes of the railway company. The proceedings closed with hearty cheers for Mr. Joseph Hickson, President of the Company, and a declaration of thanks to him for his good faith in pushing forward the work of construction and his determination to give the people of the Chateauguay Valley an early connection by rail with the commercial centres of the country.

## THE NAMES OF STREETS.

A report was read at the meeting of the City Council from the Road Committee expressing the opinion that calling the names of thoroughfares running in a direct line different names was a source of annoyance to the public and recommending that the names of St. Joseph and St. Mary streets be changed to that of Notre Dame street through its entire length, from McGill to the city limits west to be called Notre Dame street West; from McGill street to Dalhousie Square to be called Notre Dame street Centre, and from Dalhousie Square to the city limits east to be called Notre Dame street East, and that the name of St. Bonaventure street be changed to that of St. James from McGill street west to be called St. James street West, and from McGill street East to be called St. James street East. On motion of Ald. Laurent the report was adopted.

## VETERANS OF THE POTOMAC.

General S. Moffat, Collector of Customs at Plattburg; General Wells, Collector of Customs at Burlington and Special Customs Agent Biglow, of Plattburg, are in town, stopping at the St. Lawrence Hotel. They are en route for Detroit to attend the grand reunion of the veterans of the army of the Potomac, to be held in that city on next Thursday.

## BREVITIES.

Forest fires are raging in parts of Wisconsin. The damage done by the fire at Hull, Que., on Sunday, amounted to \$10,000.

The writs for the Dominion elections arrived at Victoria, B. C., on Sunday.

C. D. Woodley, a fruit merchant of London, Ont., has left that city unexpectedly.

The freshest on the Fraser River, B. C., continues, and many settlers are ruined.

A young man named McCarthy was drowned yesterday at Brampton, Ont., while bathing.

The examinations in the Medical Faculty of Laval University commenced yesterday afternoon.

Several Russian Jews created a disturbance yesterday in New York and were clubbed by the police.

Mr. J. E. Deblais, of Beauport, uncle of Hon. Mr. Caron, fell from a scaffolding yesterday and broke his leg.

Hanlan has sent away an order for oars and rowlocks, being determined to go to Winnipeg as soon as he is able.

Archbishop Taschereau left Quebec yesterday afternoon for Laval to resume his pastoral tour through the Archdiocese.

The chief desire of Vankoughnet, the condemned murderer in jail at Kingston, is tobacco, which he begs for piteously.

News from Kicking Horse Pass, B. C., states that the engineers have found an excellent line for the railway through the Pass.

The Sparrow counterfeiting case at Ottawa has been enlarged for a week, and in the meantime it is expected that further arrests will be made.

A picnic under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church at Kemptville, Ont., will take place on Wednesday next. Father McDonnell, the popular parish priest, will manage the affair.

A son of Mr. J. Peterson, of Maryboro, Ont., while handling a dynamite cartridge accidentally exploded in his hands, mauling them fearfully. It is likely his right hand will be completely destroyed.

Miguel Otero, Vice-President of the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, was about to die in Denver. He was a Roman Catholic, and the Rev. Father Pinto was called to attend him. The priest told him that before he died he must renounce Free Masonry. He refused, and died under the ban of the Church. Acting under the order of his Bishop, Father Pinto excluded the remains from the Catholic church and graveyard. This caused excitement, and the Masons conducted burial service with unusual pomp.

On May 24 Queen Victoria completed her 63rd year, an age which has been exceeded by eleven only of the sovereigns of England, dating from the Norman Conquest, viz.: Henry I., Henry III., Edward I., Edward III., Queen Elizabeth, James I., George I., George II., George III., George IV., and William IV. On the 20th of June next her Majesty will have reigned over the United Kingdom for forty-five years, a reign which in length has been exceeded by those of three only of the Kings of England, viz.: Henry III., Edward III., and George III.

# THE RUSSIAN JEWS.

London, June 6.—At a meeting of the Mansion House Committee for the relief of the Russian Jews it was stated that the amount of £24,458 had been collected, of which there remained £25,000. It was resolved to send commissioners to Hamburg to superintend the departure of the emigrants.

## THE REFUGEES IN TURKEY.

Our Constantinople correspondent sends the following:—Turkey is about to share with the United States the honor of providing an asylum for the Jewish fugitives from Russian and Roumanian intolerance and persecution. Mr. Lawrence Oliphant and Mr. James Alexander—the Moses and the Aaron of the situation—are now here, and several hundred half-naked and starving men, women and children, forming the advance guard of the exodus, have already arrived in Constantinople. This morning I visited these poor refugees, who are temporarily cared for in the Jewish quarter of Balata, on the Golden Horn. Most of them have escaped from the devastations of Balta and Elizabethgrad. Their wan, terror-stricken countenances told their story far more eloquently than words. About half of them were women and children and orphans. An unusually large proportion of the women were far advanced in pregnancy and nearly all were accompanied by children of the most tender ages. All the emigrants with whom I spoke expressed their joy at getting out of Russia and declared that they had left behind them thousands of their co-religionists whose only immediate object in life was to get out of Russia, no matter how, even if they knew that they must die of want in any other country. A general influx of Jewish refugees in Constantinople would involve the greater misery and suffering where there is already great privation and want among the poorer classes of the regular inhabitants. Such an influx is, however, deemed inevitable, and the only hope is that the general stampede toward Constantinople can be retarded for a few months, when preparations of some kind can be made to lessen the suffering. In the meantime the Jews already arrived are provided with food by means of local subscriptions, and the Mansion House Committee has been applied to for funds. Besides an exodus from Russia we are threatened with an exodus from Roumania.

## MR. OLIPHANT'S MISSION.

Mr. Lawrence Oliphant, who recently arrived here from Jassy, states to me that although no violent outbreak has yet occurred in Roumania, nevertheless the entire Jewish population is in hourly dread lest the outrages which spread like a contagion from Balta to Bessarabia shall in turn extend to Roumania, where, within the past two weeks, the Jews have been deprived of almost all their civil rights—where they cannot hold land, nor pursue their trades or ordinary occupations, nor express their opinions in the street and where life has become intolerable. There are over two hundred and sixty-five thousand Jews in Roumania, and Mr. Oliphant believes that over 200,000 of them will emigrate. Sentiment and reverence for the traditions of their race draws them to Palestine rather than toward America. Last week the Central Jewish Committee, which represents 49 local committees, met at Jassy, and 20,000 were at once subscribed to start an exodus from there. The Roumanian Jews, added to the Russian Jews, will so augment the numbers coming to Turkey that all preparations for caring for them will probably prove inadequate, and Mr. Oliphant issued a circular from Jassy begging and imploring them to delay their departure for at least four months. The Sultan does not want to have another *inspiration in imperio* in his dominions, and consequently will never consent to the formation of any autonomous colonization schemes in Palestine. He has, however, expressed his warmest sympathy with the oppressed Jews, and the Turkish authorities are instructed to issue Ottoman passports to all Russian or Roumanian Jews who express a desire to settle anywhere in the Ottoman dominions with the sole exception of Palestine.

## A DUCAL PILGRIMAGE.

New York, June 6.—A London correspondent says: Much interest is felt in social circles at the return of the Duke and Duchess of Norfolk from the miracle-working spring of Lourdes in France. Their journey has been made in the faith, worthy of times long past, that a pilgrimage to the shrine of our Lady of Lourdes would remove the dreadful affliction of blindness from their infant son and heir, the little Earl of Arundel and Surrey, and I am informed that even now their Grace have not given up hope, though at present there is no sign of improvement in the child's condition. This modern pilgrimage, I am sorry to say, excites derision in some quarters, but the feeling generally is one of deep sympathy for the suffering parents. It is said that Cardinal Manning, rather discouraged the journey, but the family position urged it, and their advice prevailed finally. The child and his parents are now in London in the strictest isolation.

## MRS. LANGTRY TO AN EDINBURGH AUDIENCE.

From the Scotsman.—When Mrs. Langtry closed her engagement at Edinburgh on Saturday night, May 20, the Theatre Royal was again packed from floor to ceiling, the audience numbering little short of 2,000 persons.

When the curtain fell for the last time the enthusiasm of the audience reached a climax, and in response to the plaudits showered on her, Mrs. Langtry made the following speech:

"I should like so much to tell you before I leave Edinburgh how grateful I am for the kind way in which you have received me—really so much more than I deserved or expected; because, of course, I am quite a novice, and all the grand talent comes here from all parts of the world. I have only been on the stage a very short time—since the 13th of January, so that this makes my nineteenth week. Now, it is impossible to learn to act in that short time, any more than to find a picture. I am as much surprised to find myself standing here before you as you must be to see me. I have a great deal to learn; but I shall work very, very hard, in the hope that next time I come here I may really merit your approval. I shall remember my first visit to Edinburgh with the greatest pleasure; and, indeed, I ought to feel quite at home here, for I am half Scotch. My mother is a Scotchwoman, and was born in this town. I am very proud of it. I can only repeat my thanks, and hope that it may not be long before I come back to this beautiful Edinburgh and to bonnie Scotland."

During the delivery of this impromptu speech Mrs. Langtry, who had been present on with three bouquets, was again and again applauded. On leaving the theatre for the Royal Hotel she was followed by a large crowd, who cheered lustily. Earlier in the day about 1,600 persons had assembled in front of the hotel to see her go out for a drive, and on Sunday afternoon several hundred persons congregated for a similar purpose.

# ROUND THE WORLD.

Germans are gradually becoming the bakers of London.

The King of the Belgians has given \$24,000 for Courbe's "Stone Breaker."

The O'Connor Don has been made a Privy Councillor, and becomes the Right Honorable.

The fattest man in Maine is dead. His name was Joe Barry, and he weighed 400 pounds.

Stock of the Bank of Ireland is selling at 310—that is higher than stock of the Bank of England.

The East India tea trade is making immense advances, and threatens to do that of China serious injury.

Miss Chamberlain, who is making such a sensation in London, is from Cleveland, Ohio. She was at school in this city.

Emmeline West of Richmond has been poisoned once, shot twice, and stabbed three times, but is still alive and well.

The House of Commons had not until last month sat on the Derby day for thirty-six years. It is not to form a precedent.

Mr. W. E. Forster, the late Irish Secretary, is a crack shot with rifle and revolver, and is said to carry one of the latter.

The old Baroness's husband has changed his name once more. This time he is William Lehman Ashmead Bartlett Burdett Courts.

The King of Siam, who has just built a new palace for \$5,000,000, is furnishing it with 400 tons of furniture, at a cost of \$500,000.

Twelve million bushels of corn were last year made into glucose in the United States alone. Brewers were the largest consumers.

It is remarkable that O'Connell's family do not take the slightest part in Irish agitation to-day, and the sons of Mr. Smith O'Brien hold as severely aloof from it.

The Chief of the Fire Department of Coldwater, Mich., is under arrest for setting fires. His object was to keep the firemen interested by giving them something to do.

A man was arrested and fined for kneeling and praying about in the streets of Wichita, Kansas, and the Times declares that he could have stood up and sworn with impunity.

The Boston dry goods firm of Jordan, Marsh and Co. will send twelve of their employees on a European tour this summer, paying all expenses. This is to be made a yearly practice.

A Polish Roman Catholic nobleman, member of the Austrian Imperial Parliament, lately paid off the debt (30,000) florins of a Polish synagogue in Vienna, thus saving it from the hammer.

One of the lions in a circus got tired of being tamed, and at Lansing, Mich., fastened its teeth so firmly in the arm of the tamer that it had to be shot and its jaws pried open before the man could be released.

A Missouri woman was asseanded when a man took her suddenly in his arms and jumped into a pond with her; and grateful when she learned that her dress had been in a blaze, which the leap extinguished.

In an after-dinner conversation as to the qualities most important to a Prime Minister, one said, "Eloquence," another "Knowledge," a third "Assiduity." "No," said Pitt, "patience." Mr. Gladstone most feel this to-day.

Witchcraft is looking up in Boston. Mrs. Eddy says that her husband was killed by evil mesmeric influences. The witch is a spiritual medium, and she makes no denial—possibly with a view to the incidental advertising of her business.

The widow of Lord Rolle hero of the political satiric poem "The Rillad," so famous and often quoted eighty years ago, is thriving to-day on the \$60,000 a year, with two incomes, he bequeathed to her. He died in 1842. If living he would be 126.