

Female: Length of body 18 mill.; breadth 2 mill. Head nearly circular, convex above, blackish fuscous, reddish in the centre, densely covered with short reddish hairs; eyes very small, below and a little behind the antennæ, scarcely visible from above, kidney-shaped; facets less numerous, smaller and not convex, as in the males; indeed the eyes of the female are compound, flattened eyes, though those of the males are nearly aggregated eyes; clypeus short, transversal, somewhat reddish; rhinarium large pale membranaceous; labrum large, rounded, light brown, darker in middle; maxillary palpi very pale brown, the two last joints longer; labial palpi same color, last joint longer; head beneath, blackish, fuscous reddish in the middle; mentum transversal, quadrangular blackish fuscous. Antennæ (only 21 joints present) short, perhaps as long as the head, blackish fuscous, hairy, articulations pale; 1st joint thicker than the others, cylindrical, less than twice as long as broad; 2nd as long as broad, 3rd very little longer, 4th to 6th very short, annular; the seven following alike, about globular, the rest longer, ovid. Prothorax about as broad as the head, quadrangular, a transversal sulcus after the apical third, and a smaller one on the base; mesothorax about twice as long as broad, a transversal sulcus near the base; metathorax as long as broad, quadrangular; no traces of wings; the 10 dorsal segments of abdomen alike, a little shorter than broad, except the last one, which is longer, rounded on tip, obtuse, deflexed at the end. The first 6 ventral segments alike, half as long as broad; 7th shorter, the apical margin widely emarginated, the middle forming a small transverse-oval plate, behind which is to be seen the large genital aperture in the articulation of the segments; 8th segment a little longer; 9th split longitudinally in two lobes for the anus. Thorax and abdomen shining black and remarkable for its thick and firmly chitinized integument; below a little paler, brownish, and as commonly the nerves of the chorda ventralis can be recognized through the integument. Appendages symmetrical, two-jointed, cylindrical, apical joint a little longer and thinner; blackish fuscous, pale on articulations, femora and first joint of fore-tarsi strongly enlarged; middle legs less strong and smaller; the inflated 1st joint of the tarsus of fore legs with an external apical black spine, longer than the 2nd joint.

Hab. Amballa, *E. India*, by Rev. C. C. Carleton, one specimen in alcohol. There can scarcely be any doubt that it is the female of *O. Michaeli* described by Mr. Wood-Mason. The difference of the situation of the genital aperture at the base of 8th segment (he says the 9th) is only