benefit. injury.
advantage. disadvantage.
profit. loss.
favour. hindrance.
service. disservice.

EXERCISE.—Benefits and injuries are properly acts. Advantage and disadvantage are properly states of superiority and inferiority respectively. We confer benefits. We do injuries. We enjoy advantages. We lie under disadvantages. We have or gain profit. We suffer loss. Favours come from superiors; services from inferiors or from equals. Hindrance prevents us from actting; disservice acts so as to do us harm.

deny, affirm,
dispute, assert,
contradict, declare,
oppose, maintain.

EXERCISE.—We affirm or deny statements. We assert or dispute rights and claims. We declare intentions and convictions. We contradict what we do not believe. We maintain a cause, and we appuse an enemy. Men are prone both to affirm and to deny without sufficient knowledge. He asserted his rights with calmness, and maintained them with courage. His claim was disputed by his cousin, who apposed him with all his might. Witnesses, in giving evidence, often contradict one another, sometimes even themselves.

common. rare.
ordinary. remarkable.
vulgar. polite.
mean. noble.

Exercise.—Common things are cheap; rare things are dear. A man of common education. A man of rare ability. An ordinary occurrence. A remarkable genius. A remarkable result. The manners of an uneducated man are vulgar; those of one who has mixed in good society are polite. A mean action. A mean spirit. A mean advantage. A mean trick. A mean fellow. A noble action. Noble conduct. A noble institution.

increase.	abate.
enlarge.	lessen.
magnify.	diminish.
aggravate	mitigate.
augment.	reduce.

EXERCISE.—A storm abates or increases. Our interest in a subject abates or increases. Hope lessens. Projects are enlarged. Strength is often diminished in reality when it is magnified by report. When an offence is aggravated by previous misconduct, punishment is not likely to be mitigated. A man's income may be reduced or augmented. Friendship magnifies a man's merits, and lessens his faults.

authentic.	fictitious.
genuine.	spurious.
true.	false.
real.	counterfeit.

EXERCISE.—An authentic history, is one whose statements may be accepted as facts. A genuine work, is one which is really the production of the author whose name it bears. A work which is not genuine as to its authorship, is spurious; a work which is not authentic as to its facts, is unreliable or fictitious. A true or a false statement. A true friend. A false impression. Real diamonds. Counterfeit gems.

neglect.	attention.
omission.	observance.
disregard.	regard.
contempt.	esteem.

EXERCISE.—Neglect of duty is a serious fault, deserving punishment; neglect of parents or friends dependent on us is culpable in the highest degree. An omission may be the result of accident, and is a less serious offence. Attention implies more effort of will than simple observance. Culpable neglect. A slight omission. Close attention to duty. Regular observance of the laws. We have regard for friends; we disregard advice. We esteen honour, and feel contempt for meanness. Regard for the truth. Sabbath observance. Contempt of court.—From Nelson's Royal Reader.