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London, Thursday, Jan. 16.

# The Nine Dominion Bye-Elections

Yesterday. Nine bye-elections for the Dominion House of Commons were held yesterday. To sum up at once, the result is that the Laurier Government gain one seat-West York-which gain means two additional seats for the Government on a division; and, if West Durham is counted, it means four on a di-

Two Opposition constituencies, Addington and West Hastings, yesterday returned candidates of the same political complexion as formerly.

St. James' Division, Montreal, gave a Liberal majority for Ald. Brunet (Liberal), of 720, notwithstanding differences among friends of the Government. All's well that ends well.

L'Islet, also in Quebec Province, eoes into the right column; as does Laval (Que.); and as did Beauce Que.), by acclamation, a week ago. n Kingston Mr., now Judge, Brit-, is succeeded by Hon. Wm. Harty, ntil a few weeks ago a member of ne Ontario Government. His oppont. Mr. Metcalfe, formerly representd Kingston in the Dominion House. and possessed many elements of strength. But Mr. Harty comes in ahead with the majority of 753. A re-

count will not be necessary. Down in Prince Edward Island, the Laurier Government holds its own by electing Hon. D. Farquharson by an increased figure.

West Durham again chooses Robert

Beith (Liberal). West York is redeemed by Mr. Archibald Campbell, our old Kent fighter, after a most interesting campaign. This was the seat held at the time of his lamented death by Hon. Clark Wallace, and the seat for which the late Conservative member was elected by a majority of 752. Mr. Campbell's opponent yesterday was the late Clark Wallace's brother, who, on sympathetic and other grounds, was The Language Question in Greece. conceded to be the strongest man the Opposition could bring out. Mr. Campbell yesterday turned the former ad-

majority of 156. The net results of yesterday's numerous bye-elections-a little general election, as it were-is that Sir Wilfrid Laurier not only holds all he held before, but his majority is four votes greater than before on a division. The constituencies have thus again spoken words of cheer to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues, bidding them go on with their great task of upbuilding, uniting and developing our prosperous and happy land.

# "The French-Canadian."

Mr. Byron Nicholson, of Toronto, has in preparation an important book under the above title. Mr. Nicholson is a sympathetic observer and capable writer, and his book will be well worthy of a place in the library. Perhaps we cannot do better than give a few extracts from the author's prospectus:

"The only apology which the author wishes to offer the public for the appearance of this little work is the earnest hope and sincere desire which he entertains that it may help to correct ature, "pure" some misapprehensions, and to soften, if not remove, some prejudices which, unhappily, prevail all too extensively amongst a certain class of Englishspeaking people in various parts of Canada concerning the French-speaking people of the Province of Quebec. He himself, born and educated in Ontario, once had similar misapprehensions, and was subject to the same prejudices. But actual intercourse with the people of the Lower Province, during a residence amongst them of some twelve years, has convinced him that he was mistaken; and he is persuaded that these people are much misunderstood, and are accused of holding certain obnoxious opinions which they have never entertained, and are not given credit for many a virtue which they undoubtedly possess.

"Believing that the continuance of this state of things, particularly if fomented by unprincipled partisans for unworthy purposes, must be followed by disastrous consequences in the not distant future, he determined to do what he could towards correcting it, thus helping to supplant feelings of racial strife and bitterness, by those of national brotherhood and a common citizenship between the two great peoples to whom Providence seems to have committed the shaping of the des-

tinies of this wide Dominion. "In so doing he has tried to avoid giving his readers an unduly favorable opinion concerning those of whom he writes, or to represent them as being in every way the most admirable and lovable people that can be imagined; for, indeed, human nature, as seen in them, is very much like human nature as seen in others-and, besides, the millennium is still in the future. But he has made an honest effort to sketch the French-Canadian as he is seen today in the Province of Quebec, feeling assured that if the man were only better known than he is, he would be ular, but in the 'literary' dislect, which more fully trusted and more highly es-teemed by a not inconsiderable portion ing." Hence, there was no need to habit.

of his English-speaking fellow-sub-

"The writer has also endeavored to ignore everything of a purely partisan character, to eschew partyism of every description; for his desire is to obtain an unprejudiced hearing from all fairminded people-no matter what their politics, their nationality, or their religion-who may do him the honor to read what he has written."

The author's object is a patriotic one and deserves support. Orders for copies of the book, or requests for further particulars, may be addressed to Mr. Byron Nicholson, 571 Ontario street, Toronto.

### The Senate Rapidly Becoming Liberal.

It is now stated that when the Dominion Parliament meets, the Liberals will number 38 votes in the Senate, as against 43 Conservatives. This is a nominal majority for the Opposition of five only; but it is little more than a nominal majority, as a number of the Conservative members are of an age so advanced that they are tally likelier to be absent than present. For practical purposes, therefore, the Liberals will control the Senate during the coming session. Throughout the term of the previous Dominion Liberal Administration, Mr. Mackenzie never had a fair chance to govern the country to the best advantage, nor to fulfill his various pledges, because of the hostile majority in the Senate. Many of Mr. Mackenzie's most important measures were ruthlessly destroyed by partisan opponents in the Second Chamber. What it amounted to was this-Mr. Mackenzie was in power in the House of Commons, while Sir John A. Macdonald, through his Conservative majority, retained blocking power in the Senate. Even since the accession to power of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, on more than one occasion the Opposition Senators have made it awkward for those intrusted in 1896 by the country with the responsibility of governing. The startling changes wrought by time are shown in the fact that in five years and a half, the Laurier Government have made 30 appointments to the Senate, as against 41 appointments by Conservative Ministers in eighteen years.

An effective Liberal majority in the Dominion Senate is of importance to the smooth working of the machinery of government and therefore to the well-being and advancement of Can-

We read a little time ago of riots in Greece over the translation of the fantastic course that pleases them. verse majority of 752 into a Liberal New Testament, but brief telegraphic reports do not give a full and satisfactory account in matters of that kind. The outburst is a thing that has been prepared for and involves a variety of motives and interests. Mr. Walter Leaf, who writes to the Times, takes sides strongly against the academic leaders. Here is his account of the three languages of Greece:

> "There are in Greece three languages -first, the ancient classical Greek, which is as dead today in Athens as it is in Marseilles or Naples; secondly, the spoken vernacular, differing from ancient Greek much as ern Italian differs from Lat-in — a strong and flexible tongue, spoken by all Greeks, with the differences of dialect inseparable from all living languages—the tongue of the home, and of that rich treasure of popular poetry in which Greece is second to no other country; and, thirdly, there is a strange bastard jargon, a thing to set a linguist's teeth on edge, founded on the classical Attic, but altered in many of its grammatical forms, and hopelessly deprived of its vitality.
> This is the official language. It is facetiously called the "literary" or 'pure' language-"literary" because it has practically destroyed Greek liter-ature, "pure" because it is an artificial mixture of the classical and the vernacular, adapted to modern use by the liberal infusion of French phrases badly translated. It is only intelligible to the modern Greek so far as he has been laboriously taught it at school; it has been produced, not by any process of natural development, but from the inner consciousness of pedantic

According to this authority, the conflict was one between the real natura language of the people and the "jargon" of the professors. One would think that such a question would settle itself quietly by the natural and irresistible development of the people's life. But we are told the professors abandoned argument and appealed to prejudice; riot was called in to crush reason. Well, if that is a true statement, these so-called learned men will have to pay the penalty of misleading the people, when, as the result of their action, Athens was given up to a frantic mob, blood was shed and the Prime Minister nearly assassinated. But how could this happen over a legitimate dispute? Note the points: (1) Mr. Pallos, a wealthy and patriotic Greek, published in the Acropolis of Athens, a translation of St. Matthew's gospel in the vernacular. (2) The Queen, finding that the wounded soldiers in the late war were wholly unable to understand the gospels in the original Greek, interested herself in a modern version. (3) But the Queen is a Russian princess, and hence, in doing this pious thing, she was working for Pan-Slavism and would destroy Hellenism. Further, it was said that Mr. Pallos was a paid agent of the Queen in this nefarious scheme. But note on the other side, Mr. Pallos is a partner in one of the wealthiest firms in the world, and better able to pay the Queen than she is to pay him. "The translation in which the Queen interested herself was not in the vernac-

mix the Queen up in the business. But when people, professor or others, forsake the path of calm reason and appeal to passion, things always get worked up. But it will be the duty of the leaders in Greece to straighten them out and to see that intellectual battles are fought by intellectual weapons alone.

# Another Vindication of Free Trade.

We cannot here discuss the work of the international conference on sugar bounties, or examine the whole question of bounties, but we may point to the instructive fact that this business of sugar bounties has worked itself to such a pass that the different European powers feel that something must be done. The lesson is that governments should hamper as little as possible trade in the people's food. For example, in France the tax on homeconsumed sugar is very near six dollars per hundredweight. This tax is levied on a certain estimated yield. The increasingly rich yield from the beet greatly reduces the actual proportion of excise paid, but the manufacturers base their prices to the public on the full rate of excise. This gives them an extra profit, which comes under the head of "indirect bounty." Besides they receive a bounty on the sugar exported. Other countries in Europe have something similar, so they must have a conference to straighten matters out. It is this state of things which leads the Times correspondent to say, "Free traders will see a triumph of their doctrines in the labyrinth of complexities and inconsistencies which have gradually grown up under an attempt to stimulate by artificial means a particular brand of industry, and to force trade into a certain channel because there is sufficient capital embarked in it warrant, in the protection-

ist's eyes, state intervention. As in most movements of this kind, experience seems to show that the consumer has had to suffer without corresponding benefit to the producer. If exports have risen in countries adopting the bounty, other trades have had to suffer in proportion. A homely illustration is seen in the fact that English jams made with Belgian bounty-fed sugar are purchased in Belgium at actually a lower rate than the ordinary household sugar. Yet to the average workingman the former is a mere luxury, the latter a neces-

A great many illustrations of this kind might be given, but it takes something stronger than illustrations to bring people to their senses who think that they can improve upon the order of nature and turn trade into any

was recently introduced into the United States House of Representatives for the purpose of giving mechanics and factory employes an opportunity to vote on election days without loss of time. The bill provides that on election days, the hour for beginning work shall not be earlier than eight o'clock, and that not more than eight hours labor shall be required of any person on such days. The right to vote is now an inalienable right of every citizen, and the new bill, should it become law, makes the opportunity of exercising such a duty consonant with the right.

# Hugh John Enters No Protest.

[Brantford Expositor.]

If Mr. Hugh John Macdonald has entered any protest against the disrespect which his successor in the premiership of Manitoba is showing his prohibitory liquor act, the fact is not

# A Sensible View.

[Hamilton Times.] Speaking of the absurd objections of some egotistically "self-respecting" sheets to Canadian cities accepting library donations from Mr. Carnegie, the London Advertiser says: Mr. Carnegie's givings are cosmopolitan, and go out to all parts of Great Britain as well as the United States. His splendid recent gift to the Scottish universities will be recalled by all. If Great Britain is willing to accept large gifts from Andrew Carnegie, why should not Canada accept them? The kick usually has been that rich men do not do enough in the way of benefactions towards public objects." That is a very sensible way of reviewing the matter. And it is dollars to dough nuts that the same persons who affect to regard the acceptance of Carnegie's donations to libraries as "degrading" would snap at a chance to be degraded did he make an offer of a few thousands to them personally.

# London's Scare.

[Boston Herald.] The reports published yesterday of the excitement in London on account of an outbreak of smallpox in the metropolis are possibly exaggerated, but no doubt there is much anxiety. Nine hundred cases in the city are quite enough to emphasize the need of active precautions, especially if at ordinary times the city is virtually free from the disease. We do not see why, even if there be a considerable increase of cases, the fact should prevent persons who have been vaccinated within a reasonable time from going to London to behold the spectacles that will occur at the time of the coronation. What is vaccination worth if it does not practically make one immune in such dangers? We had supposed that, despite the great population of London, its sanitary forces were so ample and had so large authority that they could be depended upon to prevent a contagious disease of this kind from getting the upper hand. Further reports will be watched for with inter-

Morphine is used extensively in the town of Juana Diaz, Porto Rico. It is estimated by the Insular Board of Health that out of the 2,500 inhabi-

# THEIR HOME

Caradoc Man and His Wife Burned to Death.

Suicide of a Young Woman in Peterboro-She Was Scandalized by Gossips-Terrible Tragedy in Pittsburg.

BOTH BURNED TO DEATH. St. Thomas, Ont., Jan. 16.-The Journal's Melbourne correspondent writes under date of Jan. 14: "A telegram arrived this morning containing the sad intelligence that Mr. and Mrs. Thompson had been burned to death in their home in the Western States. Mr. Thompson was a son of George Thompson, Longwood road, Caradoc, and Mrs. Thompson was formerly Miss Mabel Saxton, adopted daughter of Mr. Erret, of this neighborhood. They were married a little over a year ago and went west to make a home for themselves. The young couple were highly esteemed by a large circle of carry sadness to many hearts."

WORRIED BY THE TALK OF GOS-SIPS. Peterboro, Ont., Jan. 16.-Word has been received here relating to leath by suicide of Lottie Taylor, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Tho Taylor, a well-to-do and respectable farmer of Belmont, near Havelock. The young lady, in committing the act of self-destruction, took a dose of strychnine on Saturday night last, and left a note beside the spoon and bottle containing the poison, which indicates that she was wounded by talk, having recently attended a social gathering, and having been escorted home by a young man who was said to have been the worse of liquor. A doctor who was called to attend the case states that he could discover no motive for the young girl's awful deed.

TOO MUCH POISON. Guelph, Jan. 16. — Bert Stanley, a ome boy, working for Robert Walace, Nassagaweya, died suddenly on Friday night. He had recently taking powders in which he used strychnine, for kidney trouble. took one on the night mentioned at 10 o'clock and died two hours afterwards. He had put too strychnine in the powder. Deceased was 16 years of age.

HIRED MAN BLAMED. Ottawa, Jan. 16. - The murder of a boy named Gauthier at Kippewa is reported from Bryston, Que. The victim was left alone on Jan. 2, with hired man. Four days later when the boy's father returned he found the bed and furniture spattered with blood and the boy's body buried in the snow The hired man was gone and has not been seen since. The police are looking for the alleged mur-

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY. Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 16. - A ghastly discovery was made yesterday morning when some neighbors, hearing cries coming from the residence of Vincent Vencelsick, a Pole, broke open the doors and found the bedroom of the house saturated with blood. Mrs. Vencelsick lay beside her bed, her face and head almost crushed beyond recognition, dead. Three little chil-dren, their heads and bodies covered with cuts and gashes, and the hus-Vencelsick, almost dead, were band. lying on the floor. From what could be learned, it appears that Vencelsick came home intoxicated, and assaulted his wife with a rail cutter. The first blow inflicted an ugly gash on her shoulder and knocked her down, but she was on her feet again in an instant. and attempted to defend herself. The three children were asleep, and the father rushed to their bed, and rained blow after blow upon them. The children were hacked in a frightful manner and the hospital physicians say there is very little hope of their recovery. The attack on the children infuriated the wife, and with a knife in each

# CHOSEN FROM A MULTITUDE

The Preference Shown by Thinking People for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine - Record Sales Last Month.

Considering the large number of remedies for coughs and colds that are now offered to the public, and in view of the fact that nearly every druggist has a preparation of his own which he makes an effort to substitute for the medicine asked for, it seems truly remarkable that the de-mand for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine should increase by such leaps and bounds.

During October the sales Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine exceeded by several hundred bottles the record of any previous month in its history. When it is remembered that this preparation receives very little newspaper advertising the evi-dence seems to be conclusive that it makes its way by sheer force of merit. Thinking people recognize the harmulness and danger of using strong drugs which are said to cure a cold in a few hours. They prefer to cling to Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, which they know beyond a doubt to be a thorough and effective treatment for coughs, colds, croup bronchitis, whooping cough, throat

irritation, asthma, and even consump-The combination of linseed and turpentine, with half a dozen other ingredients of equal value for treating colds, in such proportion as they are found in Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, has proven to be a perfect protection against such velopments as pneumonia, consumption, and serious lung troubles. You can with certainty rely on this preparation to afford prompt relief

and perfect cure. Do you suppose that the sale of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine would be more than three times that of any similar preparation if it was not the most effective remedy that money can buy? It has stood the test and proven itself worthy of the confidence that is placed in it. People the good news spreads. Be sure you get the genuine, with Dr. Chase's portrait and signature on the wrapper. 25 cents a bottle. Family size, three times as much, 60 cents. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. recommend it one to another, and so

208, 210, Dundas St.

208, 210,

# DAY BARGAIN DAY

As usual, our special Friday offerings will be continued Saturday in order that our friends from out of the city may participate. We will not enlarge on the merits of the list. It speaks for itself. Every item is planned for the prudent. We won't sell what we can't recommend.

## Boots and Shoes.

Women's Prunella Gaiters (elastic sides), best quality; regular price 75c, Friday and Saturday ..... 39c Infants' Soft-Soled Shoes; regular price 50c and 60c, Friday and Saturday ..... 44c Average Leggins and Gaiters, Friday and Saturday at COST.

## Gents' Furnishings.

Men's White Laundered Shirts, slightly soiled; regular 75c and \$1, Friday and Saturday....... 55c Men's Heavy Leather Mitts, wool lined; regular price 65c, Friday and Saturday .....

# All Trimmed Millinery 50 Per Cent Discount.

Smallwares.

50 Jet Buckles; regular price 25c, Friday and Saturday, each ..... 15c 300 cakes Brown Windsor Soap; regular price 1c cake, Friday 2

#### Gowns and Drawers. Ladies' Flannelette Gowns, in pink, white and blue, Empire style,

trimmed; regular \$1 40, Friday and Saturday ...... 990 adies' Flannelette Drawers, in adies' pink, blue and white stripes; regular 25c, Friday and Saturday .. 19c

#### Mantles. All Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Mantles, 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

#### Furs. All Furs, 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT. Embroideries.

Mill Ends, 41/2 yards long, special 

hand she sprang at her husband and

managed to get in a number of blows

during the close battle, and finally

brought the cutter down on her skull

with all his force, crushing her skull.

his wife, he was exhausted, and sank to the floor, and there lay throughout

the night, unable to move. Vencel-

sick, it is said, was not married to

the woman, whose name, it developed

later, was Rosa Lock. A strange man

found in the house by the police was

LEAPED TO HIS DEATH.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 15.—Deceived by the

light of a village, and in a nervous con-

dition, J. E. Sible, an old and trusted engineer on the Wabash Railroad, was

fatally injured last night. The big locomotive of the limited was thunder-

ing along at a rate of 40 miles an hour,

ed, the old engineer gave a start and

shouted to Burt Frick, his fireman: "Jump for your life, Burt; the switch

is turned." The sentence was not fin-ished, for in an instant Sible had ap-

plied the safety brake, reversed the

lever, and had jumped. When picked up it was found that his skull had

ken, his ribs fractured and his spine

injured. According to Fireman Frick,

Sible has been more or less nervous

made it Necessary for Cleveland Company

to Erect a Large Plant in Sarnia, Ont.

[Cleveland Plaindealer.]

The Cleveland Sawmill and Lumber

Company which was organized 30

years ago and has continually operated

the year, has moved its manufactur-

ing and distributing point from Cleve-

land to Sarnia, Ont. During the years

that the company has operated in Cleveland, it has cut from its lands in

Michigan and manufactured in its

Cleveland mill upwards of 1,000,000,000

feet of white pine and Norway timber.

All of the lands on which it had tim-

ber that could be brought to Cleveland

have been cut over, but it still has

in Canada upwards of 300,000,000 feet

Several years ago the Canadian Gov-

ernment retaliated for the duty impos-

ed by the United States on lumber, by

putting an export clause on logs, pro-

hibiting their being taken from the

Dominion. This necessitated the erec-

tion of an immense plant by the

Cleveland Sawmill and Lumber Com-

pany at Sarnia, Ont., opposite Port

Huron, for the manufacturing of its

Canadian timber, and in the future its shipments will be from that point,

although the main office will be con-

Following the same plan as that of Pack, Woody & Co., and Gilchrist &

Co., who, upon the cutting of their

timber lands, disposed of their Cleve-land yards, the Cleveland Sawmill and

Lumber Company has sold its entire stock of lumber in this city to Ralph

During all the years of its business

tinued at Cleveland as formerly.

to that extent

of standing white pine timber.

sawmill at Cleveland to the

since he was in a wreck at Lafayette

some months ago.

THE CANADIAN

crushed, an arm and a leg bro-

DUTY UPON LOGS

the lights of Attica appear

Vencelsick had killed

stabbed him a number of times.

208, 210,

2101/2 and 212

Dundas St.

By the time

# \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Wrapperette Bargain 10c and 121/2c, for 71/2c.

1,300 yards Fancy Colored Wrapperettes and Flannel-ettes, 35 different designs, all colors, regular price 10c and 121/2c, Friday and to clear ...... 7½c

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 140 yards Gray | Flannel, in plain and twill, extra weight,

regular

175 yards Linen Crash Toweling fancy good weight regular price 9c, price 20c, Friday and Friday and Saturday, Saturday, per yard .....15c yard .... 51/20

#### Clothing.

Men's Heavy Wool Tweed Pants, regular \$1 50 to \$1 75, Friday and Saturday ..... \$1 20 Boys' Frieze Pea Jackets, sizes 23 to 28, regular price \$2 50, Friday and Saturday ......\$1 85

#### Groceries.

22 pounds Redpath's Granulated Sugar for .......\$1 00 10 only 3-pound tins Pure Food Asparagus, regular 35c, for, per Strawberry, Plums, Peach and Raspberry, 7-pound pails of Jam

Japan or Green Tea, per pound. 25c 6 pounds Granulated Sugar...... 25c Our own reliable blend of Pure 

and 1 can Tomato Catsup for .... 25c Morton's Kippered Herring, per tin ...... 15c

## Dress Goods.

Fancy Silk Velvets, black ground, colored figures, in blue, green, red and brown; regular 75c, Friday and Saturday, per yard ...... 25c 1 piece of Stripe Brown Velvet; regular 40c. Friday and Saturday, per yard ..... Plain Corduroy Velvets, in light green, purple and myrtle; regular 45c, Friday and Saturday, per yard ...... 35c Remnants in Dress Goods, Friday and Saturday at 1/2 and 1/2 off.

# Hosiery and Gloves.

Boys' Extra Heavy Wool Hose; regular price 25c, Friday and to blood, with self and black stitching; also black with white stitching; regular price 89c, Friday and to clear ...... 490 All of our \$1 25 Kid Gloves, in colors, Friday and Saturday only, per pair ..... 99d

## House Furnishings.

pairs only English Tapestry Curtains, blue and bronze colorings; regular price \$7, Friday and Saturday ......\$4 93 10 only Plush Door Mats, crimson and bronze; regular price \$1, Friday and Saturday ...... 750 Extra Heavy Comforters, large size, good coverings; regular \$1 25, Friday and Saturday ..... 950

### Crockery.

Toilet Sets, rolled edge basin, assorted colors, gilt decorations; regular \$2 50, Friday and Satur-ors, gilt edges and illuminated; regular \$11, for .....\$8 50

Dundas St.

# UNION MAN "FIRED"

Because He Refused to Give Up His Card-Steel Mill Manager Indicted.

Wellsville, Ohio, Jan. 15.-As a result of the sitting of the grand jury at Lisbon, Ohio, yesterday, D. S. Brookman, manager of the Wellsville plant of the American Steel Company, was indicted on the charge of discharging one Leonard Shaffer, an employe at the local mills.

Shaffer was one of the men who went out on a strike last summer in order to join the Amalgamated Asso-When the strike was settled ciation. he was taken back in the mill and was given a job of rolling. A few weeks him for his union card. Shaffer refused to give it up and in a few days thereafter he was discharged. The Amalgamated Association took up Shaffer's case, with the above result. and will be bitterly contested. Judge P. M. Smith, of this city, has been employed to defend Mr. Brookman, FIFTY YEARS OLD.

Detroit Jan. 16 .- Detroit Typographical Union, No. 18, will be 50 years old on March 16. The event will be celebrated with a reception and banquet at one of the leading hotels, to which all the 425 members of the organization will be invited, as well as many former members. Very few of the charter members are living.

SETS THEM GUESSING. New Orleans, La., Jan. 16.-It is becan mules, bound for South Africa. a Boer spy in the Gulf of Mexico, or has foundered. A schooner arriving are false.

on the lower coast reports hundreds of dead mules floating for a distance 30 miles.

208, 210,

2101/2 aud 212

# AMONG THE "SAINTS"

Smallpox Appears Near Beamsville-"The Saints" Oppose Vaccination.

Toronto, Jan. 16 .- "The Saints," & local sect in Clinton township, near Beamsville, are likely to get themselves into serious trouble. An outbreak of smallpox has taken place among the Saints, and they refuse on any terms to be vaccinated, saying they will go to jail first. The local authorities have quarantined them, and have asked Dr. Bryce if the law does ago, it is alleged, Manager Brookman called him into his office and asked not warrant using force to vaccinate them. Dr. Bryce has replied that the use of force is quite justified under the circumstances, and interesting developments may be looked for.

New cases of smallpox are reported The case is one of unusual interest, from widely extended areas, one of the most serious items of news being that a smallpox suspect under observation in a hotel at Huntsville has escaped. Smailpox has resulted in the closing of several schools in Toledo.

SCHWAB SAYS IT'S ALL FALSE-HOOD.

New York, Jan. 16 .- The following cable dispatch from Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, is self-explanatory:
"Nice, Jan. 14.

To the Associated Press, New York: "I have today learned of the sensa-tional statements regarding gambling lieved in shipping circles here that a British transport, laden with Ameriautomobile trip through the south of France with a party of friends. 1 did has been intercepted and blown up by visit the Casino at Monte Carlo, but

# Andier's Petroleum Emulsion

STOMACH AND BOWEL DISORDERS

The antiseptic, soothing and healing properties of Angier's Petroleum Emulsion especially adapts it to the treatment of stomach and bowel disorders of catarrhal, fermentative, ulcerative and tubercular nature. It soothes and disinfects the entire ailmentary tract, checks fermentation, cleanses away foul mucus and leaves the digestive organs in a healthy condition to perform their functions naturally. The medical profession prescribe Angier's Petroleum Emulsion for Chronic Diarrhoea and Dysentery, Gastric and Intestinal Catarrh and Ulcers, Tabes Mesenterica, etc. It has cured many long standing cases of Chronic Diarrhœa after other remedies had failed.

BTOMACH ULCER: — I was taken ill in November, 1896, with an ulcerated stomach, and was under four eminent doctors' treatment up to May, 1897. During March and April I had four relapses, and was given up, and told that I could not live more than six weeks. I had always fancied Angier's Petroleum E mulsion would do more than six weeks. I had always fancied Angier's Petroleum E mulsion would do more for me, I got a bottle, and felt the me good, and when the doctors could do no more for me, I got a bottle, and felt the me good, and when the doctors could do no more for me, I got a bottle, and felt the totake it up to September, 1897, and lawe not felt any pain since, or been troubled with to take it up to September, 1897, and have not felt any pain since, or been troubled with my stomach in any way. My cass is well known all about here, and the vitar and my stomach in any way. My cass is well known all about here, and the vitar and curate from our church say if ever a man was brought from death's door I was.

JAMES BAMBER, Assurance Agent, 43 Butte St., Liverpool, Eng.

All druggists sellit. Two sizes, 50 cts. and \$1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get ANGIER'S. YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS on a postal card will bring you a free copy of a valuable booklet entitled, "About Your Throat and Lungs." It tells how to care for the Throat Lungs, and Digestive Organs. It gives good advice as to Diet and Hygiene, also Exercises, which are illustrated.

ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY BOSTON, MASS