

Ontario Cannot Afford to Dismiss Sir Oliver Mowat ---Principal Grant.

The honest, quiet citizen has an imperative call to rally to the support of Sir Oliver Mowat by supporting those candidates who are pledged to support him. Sir Oliver Mowat has preserved the business credit of this Province, while other countries have shaken to the center. Sir Oliver Mowat has fought and won for Ontario 100,000 square miles of valuable territory of which her opponents sought to deprive her. Sir Oliver has kept Ontario out of debt—the only Province of which that can be said. Is it of no moral consequence that our young men should have had before them for all these years the example of a pure-minded, God-fearing, upright statesman at the head of Provincial affairs? Much can be done by the quiet elector, through quiet, unconvoluted and persuasive talk, to discourage all attempts to bedevil the community by the raising of false issues—that community in which all of us, whether Conservatives or Liberals, Jews or Gentiles, have to mingle in friendly business and general intercourse after the 26th of June. As Principal Grant puts it, "Ontario cannot afford to dismiss Sir Oliver Mowat."

Exit Muley.

Sudden Death of the Sultan of Morocco.

English Correspondents Believe He Was Murdered.

British Mine Owners Decide to Reduce Wages—Death of "Belle Bilton's" Boy.

Cycling on the English Channel. PARIS, June 11.—Geo. Pinkert, the cyclist, who has invented a water cycle, will try to ride on his new machine across the channel from Grimsby to Folkestone, on June 27.

Miners' Wages to be Cut. LONDON, June 11.—The English combination of mine owners have decided to make a general reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of the miners. The latter are organizing to resist the cut.

Death of Belle Bilton's Boy. LONDON, June 11.—The Hon. Francis William, younger son of the Earl of Clanmurray and Belle Bilton (formerly a music hall singer and now Countess of Clanmurray), died on Saturday evening at his father's family residence at Garbally, Ireland. He was 23 years old, and was the younger by an hour of twins.

The Cabbies' Complaint. LONDON, June 11.—Home Secretary Asquith, who was called on to arbitrate between the striking cabbies and their employers, announced his decision this evening. For the next six weeks, which are the height of the season, he fixed the minimum average daily hire of the best cabs at 12 shillings and 3 pence, and the maximum at 16 shillings. A permanent scale will be announced later. Some of the cabbies dissent.

Was Muley Murdered? TANGIER, June 11.—The Sultan of Morocco, Muley Hassan, is dead. No details of his death have yet been received, but the representatives of the foreign Governments are in consultation upon the subject. It is rumored that the Sultan's son, Maulia Abdul Aziz, has been proclaimed Sultan of Morocco.

There have been no disturbances, and no disorder is apprehended. The Sultan died while traveling between the capital and Rabat. TANGIER, June 11, 4 p.m.—The latest news received here this afternoon is to the effect that the Sultan died on June 7, and that his son, Abdul Aziz, was shortly afterwards proclaimed Sultan by the army and by the Ministers who accompanied the late Sultan on his journey.

LONDON, June 11.—A prominent banker of this city has received a dispatch from Tangier, dated this afternoon, saying the belief prevails that the Sultan of Morocco has been foully murdered. Muley Hassan was born in 1821, and succeeded to the sultanate on Sept. 25, 1873. The old Sultan's famous one-eyed son, the first born of his numerous children, is already regarded as a pretender, and it is feared he will take advantage of the first

opportunity to incite the people to rise in his behalf. Warships have been ordered to Mazagan, Tangier and Rabat, all ports of Morocco, as the Spanish Government fears that the change of sovereigns may prove the signal for numerous outbreaks.

Earthquakes in Spain. MADRID, June 12.—An earthquake shook the district of Andalusia yesterday. In the towns of Granada and Almeria many houses were destroyed and several persons were killed.

The Woman on Top. LONDON, June 12.—In the senior class of mathematics at Cambridge a young woman named Johnson has won the honor of sixth wrangler for 1893, distancing all her male competitors.

The Americans in England. LONDON, June 12.—The reception given on board the United States cruiser Chicago at Gravesend yesterday was largely attended, and was a brilliant affair in spite of rainy weather. The spar deck of the ship was covered with a canopy and decorated with flags of all nations, those of the United States and Great Britain spanning the vessel amidships. A cold collation was served to the guests on the gun deck. The officers of the ship were in undress uniform, and the music was furnished by the ship's band. A committee of citizens of Gravesend received the guests on the pier and conveyed them to the cruiser on the steamer Collo. They were received on board the ship by Lieut. Porte, who acted as master of ceremonies. Rear-Admiral Erben and Capt. Mahan received Ambassador Bayard and his party at 4:10 o'clock, when a salute of nineteen guns was fired. Nearly 400 were present, among them being Prince Louis of Battenberg, Lord Brassey, Lord Charles Beresford, the Earl of Carlisle, the Earl of Denbigh, Lord George Hamilton, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Dean of Rochester, Admirals Derriman, Dent, Fanshawe, Fairfax, Sir R. Vasey-Hamilton, Dowell, McClintock, Bridge, Col. Comb Hornby and Dale, the Countess of Carnarvon, Mrs. Mackay, Hiram, Maxim, ex-Vice-President L. P. Morton, Thomas Nast, Henry Irving, the attaches of the various embassies and legations and Sir Julian Pauncefote.

WILD WEST WAYS IN CANADA!

Armed Tramps Shoot Down a G. T. R. Conductor.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., June 11.—Great excitement prevails in the city tonight over the shooting affair at Jordan station this afternoon. It appears that as Conductor Turner, of the Grand Trunk Railway, who runs the daily local freight between the Falls and Hamilton, was on his trip west this afternoon he spied a gang of tramps on his train in a box car. He ordered them out of the car, which they refused to do, one of the tramps firing three shots from a revolver, all of which took effect in Turner's head. The tramps then escaped to the woods. There was a boy with them.

The tramps were overtaken in a bush a short distance east of Jordan station and surrounded by 30 or 40 villagers armed with shotguns, rifles and pistols.

After the police from St. Catharines and Niagara Falls arrived on the scene the advance into the woods was made. One of the tramps opened fire on Officer Parnell of the St. Catharines force. The fire was returned, seven or eight shots being fired, and after a hot encounter the men were arrested who, it is said, shot Conductor Turner. Subsequently all of the five tramps and the boy were captured. The boy is said to have identified the man who shot Turner. The police brought all the prisoners to this city. The tramps are all young-looking men, apparently between 20 and 30 years of age. They were marched from the depot to the police station all chained together, followed by a crowd of citizens. They were all armed and rough-looking customers. Policeman Black, of St. Catharines force, has found the revolver that Turner was shot with. Conductor Turner comes from Hamilton, where his family reside. The doctors report him very low. He was taken to the Hamilton hospital.

COMING TO TERMS.

HAMILTON, Pa., June 11.—The strike at Wentz & Co's. collieries has been settled by the operators conceding the demands of the employees. Both breakers will resume work tomorrow with the old hands and a full force.

The Iowa coal strike has been settled and the men go to work June 13.

COLUMBUS, O., June 11.—The conference of operators and miners reached an agreement this evening and the miners will go to work tomorrow.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitting of the muscles, erythema or elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, starting eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. These who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. Y. LUDON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

The Franchise Bill

To be Laid Before Parliament on Thursday.

Defaulting Witnesses in the Turcotte Case to be Arrested.

Fortnight Questions That Government Supporters Fail to Answer—Inquiry Bailed by 28 Majority—The Sabbath Observance Bill Materially Amended.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, June 11.—In the House of Commons today Dr. Bergin introduced a bill to enable the hours of labor on canals to be regulated by order-in-council so that twelve hours should be the maximum day's work. As no notice had been given, the motion to introduce the bill was declared out of order.

Sir Hilbert Tupper secured a first reading for a bill amending the Steamboat Inspection Act in an unimportant particular.

In reply to Mr. Laurier, Sir John Thompson said he would introduce the Franchise Bill on Thursday. The first order of the day was the attendance at the bar of the House of J. B. Prevost and O. E. Larose, defaulting witnesses in the Turcotte case. The sergeant-at-arms announced that these persons were not in attendance at the bar. Thereafter Sir John Thompson moved that Mr. Speaker do issue his warrant to the sergeant-at-arms to take these persons into custody and bring them to the bar of the House. This was agreed to.

There were a number of questions on the paper. Sir John Thompson told Mr. Langille that he had not promised a fast line of steamers for Quebec if a friend of the Government was elected in Quebec West. The Postmaster-General stated that F. D. Barwick was removed from the office of postoffice inspector at Toronto for neglect and detention of certain sums of money received by him. The money had since been made good.

Mr. Brodeur moved for a select committee to inquire into the irregularities in the civil service examinations at Montreal in November last. The member for Rivest recited the facts already known, and asked why when nearly 50 persons were personally interviewed and were prosecuted, and they were not the persons but the persons. Two of the scrutineers accepted bribes to connive at the fraud, but they were not prosecuted. Was it, he asked, because Desilets, one of the guilty scrutineers, was the son of a prominent Three Rivers Conservative? The other scrutineer, Berteau, was a nephew of the Minister of Public Works in the Quebec Cabinet. The two students Wilson who were prosecuted were Liberals, and Mr. Brodeur wanted to know if this was the explanation of the Government, prosecuting them and them alone. The two scrutineers were students in the university which furnished nearly all the persons and consequently knew of the fraud. One Bourassa, an appointee of the Minister of Public Works, went to Wilson and asked Wilson to personate him, and said he was a friend of Mr. Oimette, the Minister of Public Works, and would see Wilson protected if anything went wrong. He went farther, and showed Wilson a letter advising him to be personated in order to be promoted in the civil service, and that letter was declared by Bourassa to be signed by the Hon. J. A. Oimette.

At this point Mr. Oimette rose and protested against such an insinuation. He might have written to Bourassa, saying that if he desired promotion he should pass the examination, but he never advised personation.

Mr. Brodeur—Then Bourassa added forgery personation and was doubly guilty, yet, although the law compelled the Government to cancel the certificate six months ago, they had not prosecuted Bourassa or even dismissed him. Up to a week ago he was still in the employ of the Government in the Montreal postoffice.

Some considerable discussion followed. The Premier stated that instructions had been issued to prosecute all those concerned in the frauds against whom there was sufficient proof. Until that was done the motion to appoint a committee of inquiry should be deferred.

Mr. Laurier reminded the Premier that the motion called for an inquiry into the whole system as well as into these latest frauds. He thought there was a display of the cleven foot against whom there was sufficient proof. Until that was done the motion to appoint a committee of inquiry should be deferred.

Sir Adolphe Caron said that Bourassa had recently been dismissed. Mr. Brodeur—Why was Wilson, who personated Bourassa, prosecuted, and Bourassa, who was still more guilty, not prosecuted?

Mr. Oimette replied that this was a reasonable question to which he could not furnish the answer.

Mr. Oimette warmly defended Bourassa, who was a young man incapable of breaking the law. He denounced Mr. Brodeur and the Opposition generally for making assertions on the floor against others. It was a practice too common among the Opposition.

Mr. Mulock said that the country would learn with surprise that the Minister of Public Works objected to revelations of fraud in regard to a candidate for the penitentiary, and rebuked Mr. Oimette for trying to throw the cloak of nationality over the culprit.

The House divided on the motion, which was rejected by 40 yeas to 88 nays, a Government majority of 23.

In calling of the names, Mr. Rouleau, the assistant clerk, called out "Sir John Costigan." Mr. Costigan blushed and smiled, the House laughed and cheered, but the Prime Minister looked stern, and shot an angry glance at the unfortunate assistant clerk. It was evident that unwittingly a sore spot had been struck.

After recess Mr. Charlton's bill for the better observance of the Sabbath was again considered in committee and amended by a sub-committee exempting church and Sunday school literature. The bill was reported and the Speaker put the motion for the third reading. There ensued a series of amendments, moved with the object of defeating the bill.

adopted by 60 to 52. Sir John Thompson and Mr. Laurier both voted against the motion. The clause as finally adopted simply prohibits the "sale" of Sunday newspapers.

Various amendments—some frivolous, some absurd, some out of order and some serious—were moved, one after the other, but the bill survived, and was finally passed without further amendments.

Consideration of Mr. Coatsworth's bill to further provide against cruelty to animals or birds was concluded in committee.

An amendment by Mr. Tisdale to exempt the shooting of birds from traps from the operation of the act was left in abeyance, and the committee reported progress. The House then adjourned.

NOTES.

The French treaty will be introduced on Wednesday by Mr. Foster.

Mr. Thompson gives notice of an amendment to the criminal code making unauthorized carrying of railway passengers free an indictable offense on the part of conductors.

This Looks Better!

Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney Says Flood Reports Have Been Exaggerated.

And That the Greatest Damage is the Loss of This Season's Crop.

For Centra Come Accounts of Heavy Losses and Rivers Still Rising.

OTTAWA, June 11.—A few days ago Lord Aberdeen telegraphed to the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia alluding to the general feeling of concern and sympathy which had been evoked by the account of the devastating floods along the Fraser River, and asking to be informed as to any step which might be taken in the Province with a view of ascertaining the amount of the distress.

His Excellency received in reply to-day from Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney mentioning that the effects of the flood had been overestimated; that the greatest loss was in this season's crops; that no lives had been lost; that at the time of telegraphing there was little or no news of crops having been destroyed, and that the Lieutenant-Governor would wire his Excellency any further information that he might obtain.

A sandstorm on Sunday, June 3, cut a swath through towards Grand Prairie and Ducks, blocking the track.

A dispatch from Quesnell says the river has risen an inch an hour during the last 36 hours. About \$18,000 additional damage has been done.

At Ashcroft the river has risen another three inches, and the settlers are now feeling the first effects of the flood on the high lands. Half the potato supply of the Province comes from here. The loss by the potato crop has been something enormous.

ON THE OTHER HAND. MONTREAL, June 11.—The following is a Star special: "Vancouver, B. C.—Engineer Tracy came through from Ashcroft by handcar, steamer, rail, train and tramway Saturday night, being the first passenger from the east in a week. He reports that it was a cloudburst up the line which tore away the track and trestle work at Pennys and Gladwin."

Half a million of dollars' worth of Government bridges have been washed away on the Thompson, Bow and Columbian rivers.

There are washouts at Savona, Ashcroft, Lytton, and trouble at Kicking Horse Pass, and Heli Gate, which is 100 feet above low tide, is out of sight. The distress in many districts is very great.

A Maple Ridge item says the waters of the Fraser River have backed up against Lillooet River, and the latter river having no outlet has simply spread itself sideways, climbing the hills and rushing furiously through the valleys. In the history of the Province the Lillooet has never before overflowed its banks. So quietly did the water rise that farmers were awakened from their sleep by the floods trickling along the floor. Half of the stock, it is thought, has perished. The postmaster at Hammond says the river is commencing to give out its dead. A woman was found at Point Henry with two children strapped to her. The corpses had been a long time in the water.

THE WEATHER MORE FAVORABLE.

MONTREAL, June 11.—Latest advices from British Columbia state that the water has not subsided sufficiently for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to decide upon the exact amount of damage done.

The weather is colder, which is favorable to the subsidence of the flood.

A TERRIBLE PLAGUE

Raging in China—Tens of Thousands Carried Off.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A letter to the Herald from Shanghai, dated May 10, says: The plague has long been raging in Canton and Peking, and it has carried off tens of thousands of victims in the last few weeks. It reached Hong Kong last week, the alarm became great and threw the foreign and native residents of the coast ports into a state of terror. The French steamer which left Shanghai for Europe on May 12 refused to call in Hong Kong for fear of passengers and since then all vessels have given it a wide berth. The disease is of a bubonic character, with purplish black swellings in the glandular regions, in the groin, armpit, under the knees and in the neck, accompanied by terrific fever, the temperature going at a bound up to 105 and over 106. It is frightfully rapid in its course. Purging diarrhea at once sets in, and a state of delirium followed by coma is reached in three or four days; in bad cases death ensuing and the body turning black, putrid and swelled to thrice its size in the course of 12 to 24 hours. Six thousand fatal cases have occurred in the district of Canton. European residents in Canton and Hong Kong have escaped the ravages of the disease.

PLEASANT FILES: Itching Files.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At drugists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

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Great WE MUST CALL TIME! Stock of Spittal, Burn & Gentleman, Bought at 59c On the \$.

Close June 16th.

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Silks SPECIAL LOT 22 1/2 inch Colored Chinas, regular price 35c, sale price 22c. 24 inch Colored Shanghais, regular price 60c, sale price 42c. 24 inch Colored Surahs, regular price 60c, sale price 41c. 22 inch Black Satin Moire, regular price 85c, sale price 59c. 22 inch Black Gros Grain, regular price 90c, sale price 69c. Skirts

Dress Goods 46 inch Galloway Dress Patterns former price \$3, sale price \$2 64. French Dress Patterns: \$9 50 reduced to \$5 25. 9 50 reduced to 4 75. 10 50 reduced to 6 00. 10 50 reduced to 5 00. 5 50 reduced to 3 75. 5 50 reduced to 3 25. Look at our windows.

Staples Cottons at 3 Cents 4 " 5 " 6 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 " Ticking at 9 Cents 10 " 12 1/2 " 15 " 17 " 18 " 20 "

Hosiery and Gloves Seamless Fast Black Hose, 3 pairs for 25c. Seamless Fast Black Extra Fine, regular price 25c, sale price 17c. Extra Fine Fast Black Lisle Thread, regular price 40c, sale price 28c. Extra Heavy Black Taffetas, regular price 25c, sale price 17c. Very Fine Pure Silk Gloves, double tips, regular price 65c, sale price 40c.

Ribbons and Laces Ask to see our Fancy Silk Ribbon, 3 inches wide at 14 15 18 20 25 Cents A yard.

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