MEN'S OIL COATS, $2.20 to $6.80.

New shipment of English Coats just open.

BOYS' OIL COATS, $2.40 to $2.90.

BOYS' HATS, 35c.

New Rainproofs.

The newest storm-proof garments on the market. Just what you have been looking for—garments with something back of them, something that you can depend on.

STYLE, QUALITY and DURABILITY, Waterproof garments that are Waterproof. Dependability assured,

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S AMERICAN BLACK RUBBER RAYNSTER COATS....$7.30 up

LADIES' KENREIGN WEATHERPROOF MACKINTOSHES—
Grey, $8.60, $10.30, $10.70, and $14.00 Fawn

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Fits 6 to 14 yrs.

THREE-PIECE MACKINTOSH, SCHOOL BAG and DUTCH BONNET.

UMBRELLAS.

Gent's .....80c. to $4.00
Ladies' .....85c. to $3.80
Children's .....45c.

10 dozen
Girls' Rain Hats.
only 25c. each.

Ladies' Rain Hats.
85c. to $1.70.

War News.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A.M.

FRENCH CAPTURE CRAONNE.

PARIS, May 4.

Northwest of Rheims the French troops pierced the German line on a front of 2½ miles, capturing 600 prisoners in operations on the eastern end of the Vauilers Plateau. The statement from the war office this evening adds that the village of Craonne has been captured by the French. More than 150 prisoners as well as several points of support east and north of Craonne also fell into the hands of General Nivelle's forces.

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD, May 4.

When Foreign Minister Milukoff saw the banners inscribed with the words, "Down with Milukoff," he addressed the demonstrators from the balcony of the Palace saying he was fearful not for Milukoff but for Russia. If the inscription interpreted the feelings of a majority of the citizens he asked, what must be the condition of Russia? The Entente would say Russia had betrayed her Allies and had struck her name off the list of the Allied Powers. The Provisional Government cannot accept that view of things, continued Milukoff. "I declare to you the Provisional Government and myself, as Minister of Foreign Affairs, will defend the position so that no one will dare charge Russia with treason. Never shall Russia consent to a separate peace. The Provisional Government is a sailing vessel which can only move with the help of the wind. We look then for your trust, which is the wind that is to make our ship go forward. I hope you will supply us with that breeze, that your confidence will aid us, propelling Russia towards liberty and prosperity and upholding the dignity of our great free country." The words of the Foreign Minister caused hearty cheering.

PRISONERS TAKEN BY BRITISH.

LONDON, May 4.

The war office this evening says the number of German prisoners captured exceeds 900, including 28 officers. During the day our troops strengthened their positions in the sectors of the Hindenburg line captured yesterday and have progressed eastward along the enemy's trenches killing many Germans and taking several prisoners. A number of successful bombing raids were carried out by our airplanes yesterday resulting in severe fighting in the air. Three hostile machines were brought down by our airplanes and five others driven down out of control. Two other German machines were shot down by fire from the ground and another was compelled to land beyond our lines. Two of ours are missing.

TRAINING OFFICERS.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

A full outline of the plans for the training of the first ten thousand officers for the 500,000 troops to be raised by selective conscription, was made public to-day by the War Department. After three months' instructions in training camp the 10,000 officers for sixteen infantry and two cavalry divisions will be selected on merit from a total of 40,000, and assigned to the regiments which would be called to the colors a month or two later. The other thirty thousand men who are qualified will be commissioned officers of reserve corps called out for duty as needed.

VON BETHMANN HOLLWEG.

COPENHAGEN, May 4.

If the silence of the German Imperial Chancellor, Von Bethmann Hollweg, concerning Germany's peace terms, is as it is declared, based on the desire to avoid disrupting the unity of feeling in the country by a discussion of such a contentious question, and not as some uncharitable German critics assert, upon the absence of a definite Government peace policy, it has failed of its object. An acrimonious controversy is now raging in Germany between the big annexationists and the little annexationists and the advocates of no annexations and indemnities whatever. The pan-German league has sent circulars to its branches throughout the country, asking them to organize meetings everywhere in the interests of German peace, against the Socialists' peace programme. The Conservatives introduced an interpellation in the Reichstag in an endeavor to smoke out Von Bethmann Hollweg and force him to declare himself for or against the Scheidmann programme. The pan-German league and army and navy leagues are demanding peace with indemnity, increased territories and greater power for Germany. The Socialists, on the other hand, are making and strengthening public opinion for peace with no indemnities and no annexations. It looks as if Von Bethmann Hollweg will be forced in self-defence to make a further statement of Germany's peace proposals, but he has wide possibilities for the unclear and generalized declarations to which he is addicted.

ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

Sir Geo. E. Foster, Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce, said to-day: Any plans for fixing the prices of wheat on the North American Continent to be carried on jointly by the States and Canada, would depend on the extent of the food control the States Government takes as a result of the bills now pending in Congress. One of the main topics of discussion before the British mission here is more complete economic co-operation between the States and Canada in the war against Germany. The States and Canada, Sir Geo. Foster said, should form practically a single economic unity. An enormous saving could be effected, he said, by centralized control and wise co-ordination of resources. Sir George Foster intimated that the present conference while reaching agreements in principle, might not lead to public announcements for some time especially because the control was still in process of construction. It was quite possible, however, that a group of control committees might be built up in each country to co-operate with one another and with the Allies. At the present time, Sir George said, there is no price-fixing in Canada.

INDIAN UPRISING.

PERU, May 4.

An Indian uprising is in progress in the Sandia region gold mine district, in southeast Peru near the Bolivian border. Many owners of estates and their employees have been killed by raiding tribesmen.

HAITI NEXT.

PORT au PRINCE, Haiti, May 4.

President Arguenave has sent a message to the Senate and Chamber of Deputies of Congress, demanding a declaration of war against Germany. A committee has been appointed to consider the question. His action was taken in consequence of the fact that among the victims of the torpedoed French steamer Montreal were five Haitian members of the crew and three Haitian passengers. The Montreal was plying between Bordeaux and Haiti. She was 3,342 tons gross, and 345 feet long. No previous report here of her destruction had been received.

BRITISH DESTOYER SUNK.

LONDON, May 4.

An Admiralty statement issued tonight, says: The Admiralty announces that a destroyer of an older type struck a mine on May 2 in the English Channel and sank. One officer and 61 men are missing, and are presumed to have been drowned.

ON THE WAY HOME.

NEW YORK, May 4.

Count Adam Tarnowski Von Tarnow, unreceived Austrian Ambassador, sailed this afternoon for home on the Holland-American liner Ryndam, accompanied by over 200 diplomatic consular representatives of the Central Powers, who had assembled at New York from cities of the United States, from Cuba and from China, waiting for arrangements to sail on a ship which would be given safe conduct by the Entente Allies.

FRENCH ENVOYS AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, May 4.

The French envoys arrived here at noon. Marshal Joffre and former Premier Vivani were greeted with cheers as they stepped from the train. Major-General Barry, Commander of the Central Department of the U.S.A., and Staff-Major Thompson welcomed the visitors to Chicago. They were protected at the pier by a large force of secret service and customs officials.

AMERICAN PROPERTY SEIZED.

PARIS, May 4.

American schools and a printing establishment at Beirut, have been seized by the Turkish Government, according to information received here from a semi-official source.

BERLIN NEWSPAPER COMMENT.

AMSTERDAM, May 4.

The Berlin Zeitung, under the caption "Embarrassment at the Capital," discusses the results of the Anglo-French mission to Washington, and says that "after the beautiful speeches and grand general promises the members of the missions have come down to hard facts to find that the United States cannot produce ships by magic. Besides, the ocean is ruled by the German submarines." The newspaper adds the loans to France and Italy so far amount to a mere tip in order to keep those countries quiet. We do not underestimate the American danger where it really exists, namely, after war on the commercial question, says the paper. For the Entente's momentary needs America has nothing to offer but a blown egg-shell. Therefore the whole fury of the party assembled at Washington has burst over the neutrals. Food that cannot be shipped to England, they say, shall not be shipped to Scandinavia, Holland and Switzerland. The alleged reason is light crops, but more probably political revenge for the refusal of these neutrals to come under their heel. Neutrals should not be unduly alarmed. It is an empty threat, for if the American farmer has grain to sell he will sell it to neutrals if he cannot sell it to England.

COMPULSORY SERVICE FOR SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, May 4.

The Swedish Government will ask the Riksdag to adopt a proposed law establishing compulsory civilian service for males and females between the ages of 15 and 60.

CANADIAN LIEUT-COL. DEAD.

TORONTO, May 4.

A cable announces the death in action of Lieut.-Col, Russel Britton, of Gananodue. In January he was awarded the D.S.O.

IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

Herbert C. Hoover, Director of the Belgian Relief, and now Chairman of the Food Committee of the Council of National Defence, arrived here to-day to report on the food situation abroad. He will present a comprehensive summary of the conditions in Allied countries as a basis for working out a plan for apportioning American food shipments. There was serious food shortages both in England and Italy. France was faring somewhat better, but is in need of coal. Hoover's report will also deal with conditions in Northern Europe and neutral countries and will show how much food must be sent from the United States.

IN PETROGRAD.

PETROGRAD, May 4.

At three o'clock this afternoon many hundreds of factory workers men, women and boys, preceded by a double file of soldiers, marched down Nevsky Prospect with a banner inscribed "Away with the temporary Government." Otherwise the city has been normal throughout the day, though the tenseness caused by the situation yesterday still prevails.

STEAMER STRIKES ROCKS.

SYDNEY, N.S., May 4.

The steamer Lord Antrim, with a cargo of flour for an English port, limped into Louisburg to-day with her bottom ripped from stem to stern. The Lord Antrim went on the rocks two and a half miles off the coast in a heavy fog and was with the greatest difficulty brought into Louisburg. It was necessary to beach her in order to save her. Her cargo is being removed, and after a few temporary repairs are made, she will be taken to Halifax. She was bound from an American port.

FRENCH OFFICIAL.

PARIS, May 4.

Further progress was made by the French last night on the Champagne front, says to-day's official announcement. The statement follows: The night was marked by great activity of the military on the front northwest of Rheims. In Champagne we made progress in the wood west of Mont Cornillet and repulsed a grenade attack on one of our small posts. On the left bank of the Meuse on the Verdun front, two surprise attacks on the German lines, one at Deadman Hill and the other in Avicourt Wood enabled us to take prisoners. West of Deadman Hill we checked the German attack promptly. The night was calm on the remainder of the front. Yesterday our pilots brought down five German airplanes.

STILL FIGHTING.

LONDON, May 4.

Throughout the night guns continued to boom without intermission on the Arras battlefield and frequent bursts of machine gun and rifle fire told of three attacks and counter attacks along various parts of the front of the British offensive. Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters telegraphs this morning that apparently there has been little change since the official communication of last evening issued by the British. They made a small but important progress at several points.

AHEAD OF SCHEDULE.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

British forces on the western front are two weeks ahead of their attacking schedule, according to a cablegram received here to-day by Secretary Balfour from the Foreign Office. The advance, it said, has been much faster than expected and losses smaller. The losses were said to be only one-half as large proportionately, as those on the Somme offensive last year. This is attributed by the members of the mission to an incomparably better artillery preparation and the fact that the men are not allowed to outrun the guns.

Salves Can't Cure Eczema.

In regard to skin diseases, medical authorities are now agreed on this.

Don't imprison the disease germs in your skin by the use of greasy salves, and thus encourage them to multiply. A true cure of all eczematous diseases can be brought about only by using the healing agents in the form of a liquid.

WASH THE GERMS OUT.

The D. D. D. Prescription is a new skin discovery which is becoming famous throughout Newfoundland and Canada. It is a simple wash, compounded as a scientific antiseptic remedy for Eczema, Bad Leg, Ulcers, Sores, Pimples and all skin eruptions. This wash penetrates to the disease germs and destroys them, then soothes and heals the skin as nothing else has ever done.

Don't delay—this wash will cure. Get a bottle of D. D. D. Prescription to-day. Sold everywhere. Recommended by T. McMurdo & Co., A. W. Kennedy, M. Connors, Peter O'Mara.

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Teeth Extracted without pain ..... 25c.
Full Upper or Lower Sets, best quality $12.00

Artificial teeth repaired and made as strong as ever.

All branches receive careful and personal attention.

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Fresh Smelts and Fresh Haddies at ELLIS'.

HERRING PLENTIFUL.—The biggest catch of herring for this season was secured at Portugal Cove yesterday morning.

Buy a bottle of Stafford's Phoratone Cough Cure for 25c. and receive a numbered ticket. See advertisement.—may1,tf

A little colored iodine can be rubbed into the scratches on oak furniture and the whole then gone over with furniture polish. You will hardly be able to find the spot.

Received a shipment of Scotch Coopers' Tools. BOWRING BROS., Ltd., Hardware Dept.

HITT AND RUNN—Listen Bo, When You Think You've Put One Over On the M. D. You Have Another Guess Coming!