The Weekly Observer.

HILLSBORO, N. B., July 18, 1889.

Observations.

Apology.

Being short of help and not receiving plate matter as soon as expected we are compelled to issue only a half sheet this week and also to leave out considerable interesting matter. We hope to be able to issue a well filled sheet next week.

Astray in his Geography.

From the following paragraph which appeared in a recent issue of the *Trader*, a Toronto paper, it would appear as though some of Ontario's newspaper writers are sadly in need of a geographical training:

CANADIAN GOLD MINING.—A recent despatch from Halifax, N. S., says that "A $5,000 brick of gold was crushed from 211 tons of quartz at the Molega mines last week." If these New Brunswickers keep on the way they have started they will soon turn Canada into a second Australia.

Disgraceful.

It is certainly not very complimentary to the readers of our leading dailies when we find those papers devoting two and three columns of one issue to a description of the Sullivan—Kilrain prize fight, introducing the matter with flashy display lines occupying about an eighth of a column. If they correctly gauge the literary tastes of their readers those papers must either circulate chiefly amongst the rowdy classes or else the (so called) better classes of society are becoming very degraded and brutish, in a literary point of view.

It would certainly be more to their credit did our *big* newspapers try to cultivate a taste amongst their readers for more ennobling literature, by publishing matter of a purer and more refining nature than accounts of brutal fights, instead of pampering to depraved tastes as they now do. Their one aim seems to be to scoop in the dollars without regard to anything else.

In Ten Years.

The present Dominion government has been in office since October, 1878. At the end of the fiscal year 1879 the amount of deposits in charted banks of the country was $63,636,000, in the savings banks $14,702,000, and in the loan companies savings department, $9,425,000. The figures are now: in the chartered banks, $122,016,000; in the savings banks, $51,195,000; in the loan companies, $19,000,000, or $193,211,000 in 1889 against $87,746,000! There appears to be some prosperity in the country despite the wailings of the dismal dolefuls.—*Ex.*

The Marriage Question.

Mr. Editor:

"Reason," subscribed to your "Dawson Settlement Notes" in your issue of July 4 1889, hits the nail square on the head when he asks, in reference to a couple, "Now the question is are they married?" and adds "as the minister is not a pastor of any church."

Those who solemnize marriages doubtless understand the law regarding the solemnization of marriage. Probably many who get married do not understand the law in reference thereto. Of the former it is expected that they thoroughly understand the law under which they act. Of the latter it is not expected that they all understand it. Therefore the former are inexcusable when they violate the law whilst most of the latter are excusable when the law is violated by those whom they pay well for performing *the* ceremony.

The interrogation of "Reason" is very suggestive and the importance of the matter with which it is connected cannot be overestimated when considered in all its bearings, legal, ethical and spiritual. I propose merely touching upon the matter legally.

The law (Consolidated Statutes of N. B., page 680) throws a sufficiency of true light upon the subject. There it is stated that he who may solemnize marriage in the province must (1st) be a christian minister duly ordained by the denomination to which he belongs, or by the rules of such denomination be received and recognized as a duly ordained minister by virtue of a prior ordination. (2nd.) He must be a British subject. (3rd.) He must have charge of a congregation which, if not all in the Province, must be connected with the Province, *i. e.* the congregation may be partly in the Province and partly in the U. S. A. or in some other Province. This is the law—Now has C. B. Welton, the insurance agent, the above three legal qualifications for marrying any couple? Evidently not. Doubtless he is an ordained minister and a British subject. But has he charge of any congregation? No, emphatically *no*. Unless a person has all three qualifications he is not legally qualified to solemnize marriage. Therefore a person who has only the 1st and 2nd, or the 1st and 3rd., or the 2nd and 3rd. qualifications without the other is not legally qualified to solemnize marriage. Wherefore if C. B. Welton has not charge of a congregation he is not legally qualified to solemnize marriage, and therefore "Reason's" enquiry must be answered in the negative. A couple is no more married after a ceremony by such a person than before it. And who would consider themselves married without the performance of any ceremony? Certainly no couple in this Province would consider themselves married without a ceremony. Then do not persons over whom the marriage ceremony has been performed by a minister not qualified to do so legally, live in concubinage? And are their children lawful children? And, if under proper circumstances such children would be heirs, can they not be dispossessed under such circumstances? The assertion may be ventured that in this Province there are scores of children illegitimate because their parents were never lawfully married. The result in a legal sense, is truly appalling and is every year becoming more widespread.

More can be said from a legal standpoint. Of what are the ministers themselves guilty? What the punishment? Trusting that some one will enlarge on the legal aspect of this question, while others discuss the ethical and spiritual aspects of the same, I subscribe myself in reality.

W. ROMMEL

Alma, N. B, July 6th, 1889.

Wedding at Harvey.

On Monday evening, July 15, the Harvey Baptist Church was filled to its utmost capacity, by the age and wisdom, the youth and beauty of Harvey and Hopewell, who assembled to witness the marriage of Miss Annie, eldest daughter of Judson Bishop Esq. of Harvey, and H. V. Brewster (second son of G. Brewster Esq. of Her Majesty's Customs, Harvey) Albert's popular Station Agent. The church was tastefully trimmed for the occasion reflecting much credit upon the decorators. The bride, who was escorted to the altar by her father, was attended by Misses Annie Downie, May DeWitt and Julia Bishop of Harvey, while J. Clark Foster, of the firm of Graves & Foster, Harvey Bank, attended the groom.

After the ceremony, which was impressively performed by Rev. J. W. Brown, the pastor of the Harvey Baptist Church, a large number of invited guests repaired to the residence of the bride's father where they did ample justice to an elegant repast prepared in a style calculated to convince everyone present that Mrs. Bishop well deserves her widespread fame as a *culinary artiste*.

The bride was very becomingly attired in a beautiful robe of cream nun's veiling with lace draperies; natural flowers; gold ornaments. Miss Downie wore white lawn; lace draperies; natural flowers; gold ornaments. Miss DeWitt cream nun's veiling; natural flowers; gold ornaments; Miss Julia Bishop, white lawn; pink sash; natural flowers.

The presents, some of which were very costly, were too numerous to mention.

The party did not break up till 5 a. m., when the newly wedded couple left per train for St. John and elsewhere, followed by the best wishes of hosts of friends, tendered amid showers of rice, old boots, etc.

COM.

The OBSERVER extends hearty congratulations to the happy couple trusting the best wishes of their truest friends may be fully realised by them.

A Terrible Tragedy.

BOSTON, July 13.—Mrs. Catherine Smith and her son Thomas, aged 14, were shot and killed at 12 30 this morning at Somerville, by Augustus Rosenbury. Two other children of 12 and 7 years were wounded. Rosenbery, who was supposed to be the woman's second husband, jumped from the window after accomplishing his work, and his dead body was found in the yard without wounds, but signs of poisoning were present. No motive is assigned for the horrible deed. The general theory is that Rosenbury was the insane woman's first husband, Charles Smith, who was supposed to have committed suicide by jumping from the Portland boat about a year ago.

The Deadly Cigarette.

Teachers, have you reason to suspect that any of your boys have formed, or are in danger of forming, the habit of cigarette smoking? If so, read to them the following from high authorities:—Sir Morell McKenzie, addressing particularly those who have to speak much, while condemning "tobacco, alcohol, and fiery condiments of all kinds," is especially emphatic against the use of cigarettes. He describes the effect of cigarette smoking as "cumulative," and warns smokers that "the slight but constant absorption of tobacco juice and smoke makes the practice far more noxious in the long run than any kind of smoking." As in the experience of the tippler, the smoker of cigarettes gradually gets his nervous system into a state of chronic inflammation. Then there are the local effects of the practice. "The white spots on the tongue and inside the cheeks, known as 'smokers' patches,' are believed by some doctors with special experience to be more common in devotees of the cigarettes than in any other smokers; this unhealthy condition of the mouth may not only make speaking troublesome, or even painful, but it is now proved to be a predisposing cause of cancer."

Here is what Professor Laflin says on the same subject:—

"Tobacco in any form is bad, but in a cigarette there are five poisons, while in a good cigar there is only one. In the cigarette there is the oil in the paper, the oil of nicotine, saltpetre to preserve the tobacco, opium to make it mild, and the oil in the flavoring. The trouble with the cigarette is the inhaling of the smoke. If you blow a mouthful of smoke through a handkerchief, it will leave a brown stain. Inhale the smoke, and blow it through the nostril, and no stain will appear. The oil or poison remains in the head or body. Cigarettes create a thirst for strong drink; and there should be anti-cigarette societies, as there are temperance societies."

There are for the reflective mind few sadder sights than the one so often met with in the streets of our cities, of boys who have scarcely reached their teens, swaggering along the streets puffing their deadly cigarettes. The future of such youths is dark, almost hopeless. It seems utterly unreasonable to expect any noble achievement or true success in life from a boy who has once given himself over to be the slave of this habit. As a matter of fact one does not expect it. He feels that here is a life ruined at the very outset. The bud is blighted before it unfolded. Neither flower nor fruit of noble living is to be expected. The schools should do their utmost to root out the cigarette.—*Canada School Journal.*

An "Anti's" Comparison.

A citizen of Pictou belonging to the old school of Anti-Confederates which is fast becoming extinct, writes in the *News*, of that town:

"It may suit some to say we are in confederation and cannot get out. This is doubtful The Children of Israel were once in bondage but a merciful God heard their prayers and took them out by the hand of Moses. Let us pray also and He will send us a Moses who will lead us out and give us liberty, making us a people again."

It may be remarked that the Children of Israel and the Grits of Nova Scotia differ in several particulars. Neither do the Grit leaders partake of the Mosian type in any vast degree. Unlike Moses, the Grit leaders who have arisen in rapid succession have developed a good faculty for misleading, and their weary followers view the promised land of offices and spoils, afar off.—*Amherst Record.*

How He was Cured.

A wealthy Georgian who served in the Confederate army throughout the Rebellion, was some time afterwards seized with the fancy that there was a small drum in the top of his head and that he would never more have peace. He was rational in every other particular. He was sent to a private lunatic asylum where the doctors finally hit upon a happy idea. They told him they would perform a surgical operation and take the drum out. So they had a minature drum made, and one of them kept it in the palm of his hand, where the patient could not see it. They then cut the scalp on the top of his head until the blood came, and the physicians pretended to draw out the drum through the top of his head, stitching the wound after doing so. The man was cured the minute he saw the drum.

How the Bill Grew Less.

The Rev Charles Garrett in a recent temperance address said:—"I remember that I once persuaded Dr. Munro of Hull, one of the finest doctors of his time, to become a teetotaler; and some time after when I met him he said to me:—'Mr. Garrett, it was a bad day for me when I got to know you. 'How is that,' I asked. 'Did you not persuade me to try teetotalism?' 'Yes, I think I did, but that has not done you any harm, has it?' 'Not a bit of it,' was the reply, 'It did me a great deal of good' 'How then, I asked, 'could it be a bad day for you?' 'Because I was fool enough to tell my patients. was the reply. 'It I had only kept it to myself I should have been all right, but it did me so much good that wherever I went I told my patients, and they imitated me, and the result is that they all got well very soon, and kept well' I said, 'You don't mean that,' 'I do,' he replied. and then he referred me to a certain family that I knew very well, and said:—I have been the medical adviser of that family for 40 years. and seldom or never had a bill of less than £20 to £40 yearly; but I persuaded them all to become teetotalers, and I declare to you that my bill for the last year was only 17s."

The Latest Device.

There will be no longer an excuse for the man who allows his umbrella to drip down your neck, or who runs into you when you are walking in an opposite direction. The Englishman who invented the glass window by which one's course in a storm may be sighted deserves the thanks of Christian men throughout the world. This window consists of a small oval piece of glass with a brass or silver frame which is easily mounted in a rib of the umbrella, while it is fixed to the silk by sewing it through the little perforated holes in the frame. These windows can be placed in new or old umbrellas in a manner which will not injure the fabric in the least.—*Ex*

Nine Million Witches Burned!

Sprenger computes that during the Christian era no fewer than nine million witches were immolated. In England the last execution for witchcraft took place in 1716, but in Illinois as late as 1780 to 1790, several unfortunates were put to death. This is a terrible reflection on the boasted enlightenment of the age; but we must not be over censorious, while we daily see friends going down to death, ignorance or prejudice preventing the use of remedies which might save them. Many a cold runs into consumption, while indigestion and impure blood debilitates the system, inviting fatal attacks, when the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery would have ensured health and happiness.

Religious Services.

For Week Ending July 27.

Prayer Meeting at Weldon, Tuesday, 7 p. m., at Hillsboro, Thursday 7.30 p. m.; Young People's Society at Hillsboro Friday 7.30 p. m.; Prayer Meeting in Valley Church, Friday 7.30 p. m.; in 3rd Hillsboro Church, Wednesday 7.30 p.m.; Prayer meeting in Hillsboro Methodist Church, Monday 7 p. m. Class Meeting, Wednesday 7.30 p. m. Young peoples prayer meeting at Dawson Settlement every Thursday, 7.30 p. m. Prayer meeting in Baltimore church every Wednesday, 7.30 p. m. Prayer meeting in Caledonia church every Tuesday, 7.30 p. m.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the stock holders of the Albert Manufacturing Company will be held in the office of the Company in Hillsborough on Wednesday, the 7th day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. J. OSMAN,
SEC'Y.

Hillsborough, July 15th, 1889.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the Hillsborough Branch Railway Company will be held in the office of the Company in Hillsborough on Wednesday, the 7th day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. J. OSMAN,
SEC'Y.

Hillsborough, July 15th, 1889.

JAMES CRAWFORD,
Moncton, 'B

NEW BRUNSWICK;
{L. S. / Copy} County of Albert; SS.

To the Sheriff of the County of Albert or to any Constable within the said County, Greeting:

Whereas Mary Ann Baizley, Administratrix of the goods and chattels, rights and credits of John J Baizley, late of Hillsboro, in the said County, deceased, has made it appear that the personal estate of the said deceased which has come to her hands to be administered is not sufficient to pay the debts owing from the said estate and has prayed that license to sell the real estate of the said deceased for the payment of the said debts, may be granted to her in due form of law:

You are therefore required to cite the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased and all others interested in the said estate to be and appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the office of the Registrar of Probates at Hopewell Cape, on TUESDAY the thirteenth day of AUGUST next at nine o'clock a. m, and show cause if any they have or know why license to sell the real estate of the said deceased for payment of debts, shall not be granted to the said administratrix as prayed for by her

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Probate Court at Hopewell the eighth day of July, A. D. 1889.

(Signed) W. ALDER TRUEMAN,
Judge of Probate, County of Albert.
(Signed) S. G. Morse, Registrar Probates,
County Albert.

PUBLIC SALE.

There will be sold at the residence of the undersigned at Alma, on the 20th day of JULY next, at 2 o'clock p. m. 2 horses, 1 carriage, one set single and one set double harness, belonging to the estate of Robert Connely.

PRINGLE KELLY.
ASSIGNEE.

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The WEEKLY OBSERVER is pleased to announce the completion of special arrangements whereby it is enabled to offer its readers two of the best of family journals for but little more than the price of one.

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OFFICE OF CHARLES A. SNYDER, BREEDER OF CLEVELAND BAY AND TROTTING BRED HORSES. ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Dear Sirs: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles, I would like prices in larger quantity. I think it is one of the best liniments on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.

Yours truly, CHAS. A. SNYDER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 3, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Dear Sirs: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure, I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

Yours truly, A. H. GILBERT, Manager Troy Laundry Stables.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SANT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 19, 1888.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.

Gents: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of Ring Bone, nine afflicted with Big Head and seven of Big Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.

Yours truly, ANDREW TURNER, Horse Doctor.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TIME TABLE OF STMR. ARBUTUS,

—RUNNING BETWEEN—

Moncton, Hillsboro, Hopewell and Dorchester,

FOR JULY, 1889.

(Local Time Given in all cases.)

	DORCHESTER.	HOPEWELL CAPE.	HILLSBORO.	MONCTON.
July 4, Thursday,	11.40	12.20	1 00	3 40
" 5, Friday,	12.25	1.05	1 45	4 25
" 6, Saturday,	1.25	2.05	2.45	5.30 p. m.
" 8, Monday,	3.25	4.05	4 45	7.30 a. m.
" 9, Tuesday,	4.40	5 20	6.00	8 45
" 10, Wednesday,	6.00	6.40	7 20	10 00
" 11, Thursday,	7.00	7 40	8.20	11.00
" 12, Friday,	7.45	8 25	9.00	11.45
" 13, Saturday,	8.30	9.10	9.45	12 30 p. m.
" 15, Monday,	9.30	10.10	10.45	1.30
" 16, Tuesday,	10.20	11.00	11 30	2.10
" 17, Wednesday,	11.00	11.40	12.10	2 50
" 18, Thursday,	11.40	12.20	12.50	3.30
" 19, Friday,	12.25	1.05	1.35	4 15
" 20, Saturday,	1.10	1.50	2.20	5.00
" 22, Monday,	3.40	4.20	4.50	7.50 a. m.
" 23 Tuesday,	4.30	5.10	5.50	8.30
" 24, Wednesday,	5.25	6.00	6.40	9.20
" 25, Thursday,	6.00	6.40	7.20	10.00
" 26, Friday,	6.45	7.25	8.05	10.45
" 27, Saturday,	7.30	8.10	8.50	11.30
" 29, Monday,	9.00	9.40	10.20	1 00 p. m.
" 30, Tuesday,	9.30	10.10	10.50	1 30
" 31, Wednesday,	10.00	10.40	11.20	2 00

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR

W. H. DUFFY'S

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

LOOK.

Having done business in Canada for years, our reputation and responsibility is established. We want three men in your vicinity to represent us, to whom exclusive territory will be given. Handsome outfit free. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Previous experience not required. Write at once, for terms. Hardy stock for Canada a specialty.

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We have taken the stable lately occupied by F. N. Steeves, corner Foundry and Main Streets, and solicit a share of patronage. First class rigs to hire. Horses boarded on reasonable terms. Careful attention given to traveller's teams.

A good Hostler always in attendance.

TERMS MODERATE.
WEST & CRUE.

Moncton, Nov 1. 1888

Sheriff's Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction at the Court House in Hopewell, in the County of Albert and Province of New Brunswick, on FRIDAY, the thirtieth day of AUGUST next, between the hours of TWELVE o'clock noon and FIVE o'clock in the afternoon:

ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim or demand, of William H. Nichol, his possessory right, and right of entry, both at law and in equity, of, in, and to, that certain piece or parcel of land and property, situate, lying and being on Little River, in the Parish of Elgin, County of Albert aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, viz: on the West by lands granted to the late William Beeman; on the North by lands applied for by Sanford Parkins; on the East by lands granted to G. L. Shaw, and containing by estimation one hundred acres more or less, it being the same Lot of land referred to by a certain Deed bearing date October 24th, A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the Albert County Records, reference being made thereto all things will appear.

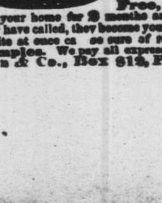
The same having been seized under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of L Wesley McAnn versus the said William H. Nichol.

ASAEL WELLS,
SHERIFF.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Hopewell, May 28, A. D 1889.

HOSPITAL REMEDIES.

What are they? The growth of intelligence in medical matters has given rise to a demand for a class of genuine, reliable medicine. The opportunity of the ignorant quack, who grew rich curing everything out of a single bottle has passed. To supply satisfactorily this demand this list of remedies has been created They are the favorite prescriptions of the most famous medical practitioners of the day, gathered from the hospitals of London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna. Prescriptions which cost the patients of these specialists from $25 to $100 are here offered prepared and ready for use at the nominal price of *one dollar each*. Not one of them is a cure all; each one has only the reasonable power of curing a single disease, and each one keeps is contract. Sufferers from Catarrh, Diseased Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Fever and Ague, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa or Nervous Debility, should send stamp for descriptive catalogue to Hospital Remedy Co., 303½ West King St., Toronto, Canada. If your druggist does not keep these remedies remit price and we will send direct.

FREE  FREE

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Sheriff's Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction at the Court House in Hopewell, in the County of Albert and Province of New Brunswick, on FRIDAY, the thirtieth day of AUGUST next, between the hours of TWELVE o'clock noon, and FIVE o'clock in the afternoon:

ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, that the late Miles Peck had on the twenty-fourth day of June, A. D 1887, his possessory right, and right of entry, both at law and in equity, of, in, and to, all those certain lots or parcels of upland and marsh lands, situate in Hopewell, Albert County aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the mouth of a ditch that empties into the Calkins creek on the line of the James Calkins farm; thence North along said ditch to the upland; thence straight to the rear of the lot of the Calkins farm; thence Easterly along the rear of the said farm until it comes to the line of lands sold by Obadiah Calkins to Harris E. Calkins; thence South by the line of the said Harris E. Calkins land to a certain ditch in the marsh which empties into the Calkins Creek; thence by the said ditch to the said creek; thence by the channel of said creek up stream to the place of beginning, and containing by estimation two hundred and eighty four acres of upland and twenty four acres of marsh land, be the same more or less.

Also a certain piece or parcel of marsh land situate in Hopewell aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the mouth of the line ditch, so called, on the north side of the Calkins Creek and running up stream the different courses of the said creek to Bray's line near the saw mill; thence Eastwardly along the edge of the upland to the said ditch; thence Southerly by the said line ditch to the said Calkins Creek or place of beginning, containing by estimation 10 acres more or less; together with all the improvements and privileges and appurtenances belonging to the same, excepting nevertheless, a certain piece of marsh land heretofore sold to the late W. A. Coleman on the south side of the Highway.

Also all other lands of the estate of the said Miles Peck, wherever situated and however described within my Bailiwick.

The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the County Court of Albert, at the suit of the Halifax Banking Company vs. the said Miles Peck.

ASAEL WELLS,
SHERIFF.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Hopewell, May 29, 1889.

THE WEEKLY OBSERVER

AND THE

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