THE CHIGNECTO POST
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W. C. MILNER, Proprietor.

CHIGNECTO POST.

Board of Works

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 15.--NO. 18. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1884. WHOLE NO. 747.

J. WILSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Marbleized Slate Mantels
—AND—
GRATES.
DEALERS IN
Stoves, Ranges, &c.
104 PRINCE WM. STREET,
ST. JOHN, - - - - - N. B.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—Denmark has 6,954 licensed cheese factories.

—There are 15,000,000 milch cows in the United States.

—Boston's Inspector of Provisions rejected 4,000 over-ripe watermelons in one day; also large quantities of vegetables.

—The first Montana cattle in Chicago for the season, arriving by the Canada Pacific route, sold at $5 per cwt.

—The first dairy fair was held in Wisconsin in 1875, and now Sheboygan county has no less than ninety cheese factories.

—Wyoming has 800,000 head of cattle, valued at $300,000,000. Seven companies own over one-third of all the cattle in the Territory.

—The sum of $2,500,000,000 is required to furnish the British people with the common articles of food and drink for a year.

—The most conspicuous feature of a diagram of the New-England "Agricultural" Fair Grounds at Manchester, N. H., is the "half-mile race track."

—A current paragragh suggests a slate, with pencil attached, hung in the kitchen, on which to jot down articles wanted from town, or odd jobs to be done.

—A potato-grower in Western New-York raised last year 13,000 bushels, which, on account of low prices, were mostly fed out upon his 400-acre farm.

—Among several transplanting machines shown at the British Forestry Exhibition was one which the inventor claims readily moves trees of ten tons weight.

—It is stated that 86,000 skeletons of buffaloes have been collected in Dakota this year, sold at railroad stations for $8 a ton, and shipped away to be ground into fertilizer for older fields.

—A Western New-York farmer has raised an acre of onions on the same ground several years. Last season's crop was 800 bushels. The dependence is exclusively upon barn-yard manure.

—Mr. B. B. Bruce believes it his duty to warn readers of *The Kentucky Live Stock Record*, of which he is editor, "against being caught by the Jersey mania so industriously worked by jobbers and speculators."

—A strong solution of tobacco is an efficacious remedy for many insect plants. Buy tobacco stems and soak them in water, a gallon to a pound of stems. The stronger the solution the better. Apply with a syringe.

—Of the vast herds of cattle in Texas it is claimed that 1,000,000 head are owned by parties living outside of the State, and that a revenue of $10 per head is annually received by outsiders on these investments.

—The Island of Guernsey contains 10,000 acres of tillable land, and supports a pupulation of 30,000. The largest farm on the Island contains fifty acres. They are the happiest, most contented and best-fed people in all Europe.

—Lemon fritters are especially delicious after this receipt:—Take one cup of flour, one egg, half a tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful sugar, one cup of sweet milk and the juice and grated pulp of one lemon. The grated yellow rind may be added to the sauce.

—A few dozen maples, singly or [illegible] the pikes [illegible] and [illegible] ich the [illegible] ort [illegible] ars [illegible] ich [illegible] ch [illegible] er [illegible] he [illegible] ch [illegible] ar [illegible] ch [illegible] ALE [illegible] ALTS

NEW GOODS

In the Whole History of Medicine
No preparation has ever performed su[illegible] marvellous cures, or maintained [illegible] wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as th[illegible] world's remedy for all diseases of th[illegible] throat and lungs. Its long-continue[illegible] series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally know[illegible] as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are th[illegible] forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and operation, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its healing effects, and will always cure where cures are possible, and is confident the route will become a favorite one with stock-raisers.

—Give the milch cows a little hay at the barn at night and a little grain. The feed may be abundant in the pasture, but it is so juicy and succulent that it increases the flow of milk greatly, and often at the expense of the flesh of the animal. If they lose flesh now it will take more grain to make it up in the fall than it would to keep up what they have now.—*Cultivator.*

—Dry pocket-glue is made of twelve parts of good glue and five parts of sugar. The glue is boiled until it is entirely dissolved, the sugar then put into the glue, and the mass is evaporated until it hardens on cooling. Lukewarm water melts it very readily, and it is excellent for use in causing paper to adhere firmly, cleanly, and without producing any disagreeable odor.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—At Jacksonville, Fla., a man has made $42.50 from a single rose bush this season.

—Rum is made from sweet potatoes in Louisiana. Seven barrels of potatoes yield a barrel of rum.

—The coming corn crop in the United States is estimated at 1,297,000,000 bushels, against 852,666,000 last year and 812,771,000 in 1882.

—American milk and cream have been successfully shipped from New York to London by steamer, arriving in a perfectly fresh and palatable condition.

—The total meat product of the United Kingdom is 1,100,000 tons, from cattle, sheep and swine. It has remained practically the same for the past 20 years.

—The coffee fields of Brazil cover 2,000,000 acres, with 800,000,000 trees—that is, 400 per acre. Each tree averages one pound of coffee per annum, the industry employing 8,000,000 hands.

—In the English market wheat stands at quite as low an average price to-day as in any period during the past 100 years. London, and not Chicago or New York, fixes the price of American wheat.

—The Holstein Breeders' Association of America offers the following special premiums for butter from Holstein cows, to be exhibited at the Iowa State Fair: For best 40 pounds, $50; for second best 40 pounds, $25.

—The sugar consumption of the United States averages forty-five pounds a year to each inhabitant. One-fourth of all the sugar produced in the world is consumed in the United States, where the sweet tooth seems to be in everybody's mouth.

—In selecting a site for an orchard always bear in mind that a naturally drained soil is far preferable to one artifically drained. Also remember that a deep, rich, though warm, soil is to be desired, and that the highest land is always the warmest.

—Of farm animals, the ox contains in proportion to its weight, a very large percentage of nitrogen and a much larger percentage of phosphoric acid and lime than either the pig or sheep. The pig, it seems, contains the smallest amount of ash constituents.

—At a recent sale at Birmingham 370 Shropshire rams were disposed of in one day—some of them at very high prices; 170 and 120 guineas being the top prices made, while a goodly number sold at prices between 30 and 75 guineas each.

—The alarm about contagious pleuro-pneumonia is abating somewhat in the West; but there is no relaxation in the efforts to prevent the importation of any more affected animals, to stop the spread of the disease already in the State, and to stamp it out promptly.

—Lime slacked with a solution of salt in water, an then properly thinned with skim milk from which all the cream has been taken, makes a permanent whitewash for out-door work, and, it is said, renders the wood incombustible. It is an excellent wash for preserving wood, and for all farm purposes.

—A Baltimore paper says that city alone put up the past season 14,400,000 cans of peaches, 2,000,000 cans of peas, 300,000 cans of string beans and 100,000 cans of pears, 3,000,000 cans of tomatoes, 1,000,000 cans of fruits and other vegetables. This is an immense amount of what may be called a new industry. In the canning of corn and tomatoes and oysters she seems determined to soon become mistress of the markets of the world.

—The distilled essence of lemon, or citric acid, and the essence of lavender are good detergents to clean clothing, but, next to turpentine and benzine, ammonia is the most popular, being used above all for gentlemen's clothing. To clean the sleeves and collar of a coat it is best to proceed in this way: Mix equal quantities of ammonia and water, spread on a board or table the part to be cleaned, and well saturate it with the liquid. Then with a paper-knife scrape off the dirt, constantly wiping the knife and continuing till nothing more is to be removed. Saturate the stuff again till sure no dust remains, then rinse with a sponge dipped in clear water and wipe with a dry, clean cloth; then expose to air or fire till dry.

The Pencil Thief.

There is no meaner thief than the lead-pencil thief. He takes rank below the umbrella snatcher. He never has a pencil, in sight. He asks for yours, "just a minute" to sign a telegraph book, address a card, and then with a business-like air sticks it into his pocket, knowing that nine times out of ten you will never think of the pencil until you want to use it yourself, and then he will be far away, playing his game on some one else. They are shameless fellows, proud of their petty thieving. They throw back their coats to show you the spoils nestling in a vest pocket, and they tell you from whom they stole each pencil.—*Bob Burdette.*

GENERAL NEWS.

—Jay Gould's income is put down at $6,000 a day.

—The pay roll of the U. S. Government amounts to $20,605,836.95.

—There are at present 695 potteries in the United States, half of which are in New Jersey.

—There are 550,841 miles of telegraph in the world, of which 163,940 are in the United States.

—The mane of the late Emperor Napoleon's charger Hero, thirty-three years old, hangs to his knees.

—Instead of looking like the mother of a youth of 20, the Princess of Wales is thought to look like a young girl.

—In Bibb County, Alabama, there is a bottomless lake on a high hill. It never rises nor falls, and fish put in it disappear.

—General Grant has been engaged by the Century Co. to write a series of 20 war articles for their magazine. His compensation will be $10,000.

—Since 1878 the lay schools of France have gained 600,000 students, while the religious schools have lost 200,000.

—At Cerea, near Turin, a young woman poisoned herself last month on the marriage of her younger sister from fear of becoming an old maid.

—The electric light is said to be a flat failure in London, where $25,000,000 has been invested by sixty-two companies, all founded in 1882. The promoters got $4,000,000.

—Another human monstrosity comes to the front from San Angelo, Tex., said to be a little girl of natural form but completely covered with large scales like those of a fish.

—It is estimated the stoves in the United States are worth $180,000,000. They number about 8,000,000. The people of that country use more stoves than all the rest of the world together.

—A Connecticut inventor has perfected a machine for making barrels out of paper or straw pulp, which will turn out six hundred flour barrels a day at a cost of 23 cents apiece. They now cost 55 cents.

—The largest room in the world, under one roof, and unbroken by pillars, is at St. Petersburg. Its dimensions are 620 feet long by 150 feet wide. Twenty thousand wax tapers are required to light it.

—Last year the people of Paris consumed 107,426,000 gallons of wine. Every man, woman and child drank forty-seven gallons. There is very little alcohol, however, in the wine they drink.

—Five hundred and fifty dollars a month is paid as rent for a stall twenty feet by five feet in the main corridor of the new produce exchange building in New York. A lunch counter is relied on to bring in the money.

—The new (third) Duke of Wellington is the great-grandson of that Sarah Hoggins, whose elevation to the rank of Countess of Exter by the "Lord of Burleigh," who wooed and wedded her in the guise of a landscape painter, has been so beautifully related by Tennyson.

—Although the actual number of mines in Great Britain is less by over a hundred, than it was in 1882, during the year 1883 the number of persons employed in them increased. In the latter year there were 514,933 persons employed in coal mines, and 50,235 in tin and other metalliferous mines, and the amount of coal turned out was greater than that of the previous year by over 7,000,000 tons. During the year 1,140 operatives were killed in the mines.

—The Music Hall of the Worlds' Exposition at New Orleans, will accommodate 11,000 persons, not to speak of the stage that will hold 600 musicians besides the great organ. Two military bands of the Mexican Republic have been augmented, are now in training, and will be present when the Exposition opens in December. Persons who have heard these bands say the musicians are of a high order of excellence, and it is doubtful if their superiors can be found even in Europe.

—Bonner on one occasion went to the New York *Herald* with a six line advertisement which he wished inserted once in each column of one of the advertising pages, the rest of the column and page to be blank. The clerk taking the advertisement referred it to the publisher to whom Mr. Bonner said: "Can't I have a page to myself?" "Certainly you can," was the reply. "Can't I have two?" Bonner asked. "Yes." "Can I have four?" "I guess so." "How about eight?" There was some mechanical difficulty. Bonner had to content himself with his six-line advertisement inserted twenty-four times, at a cost for the single day's publication of about $2,000. But he always claimed to have "bluffed" the *Herald*. The apparent absurdity of repeating the same little announcement is twenty-four columns caused his minister to remonstrate with Bonner on his extravagance. "Why do you adopt such business methods?" he was asked. "Solely to make you and others notice them," was his sagacious reply. Such methods were the basis of the splendid fortune which enables him to own Dexter, Rarus, Maud S., and to house them like princes in a palatial stable.

—The latest mode of carrying watches is to have the end of a short chain, about five inches in length, attached to the watch, and upon the other is suspended a handsome gold ball, in which precious stones are inlaid.

Consumption in its Early Stages.

To a very large extent consumption is a hereditary disease, either as directly propagated in its germ or taint, or as engrafted on a constitution too feeble to resist attack from without. It is not a local disease, like yellow fever, nor an occasional one, like cholera; nor is it confined to a certain period of life. Its deadly work is going on always and everywhere, from infancy to old age. Few others compare with it in fatality. It may mock its victims with hope to the last, but its grasp once fully fixed, is, in the majority of cases, relaxed only in death.

Shall we then give up to it in despair? By no means. It is an established fact that it can be cured in its earlier stage. Post-mortems reveals multitudes of healed and scarred lungs—probably self-cured—in persons who have died of other diseases; and medical history records many similar cures, the result of well directed treatment.

The condition out of which consumption is developed is always one of feebleness. Our only hope is in physical invigoration.

Says a distinguished British authority, "If we ask what treatment is attended by the best results, the experience both of the past and the present will, I think, unhesitatingly reply that which has for its object the improvement by every means possible of the general health. The most important indication in the treatment of this disease has been in the past, and probably will be in the future, to endeavor, by means of good hygiene, good food and suitable remedies, to promote and maintain, as far as possible, that normal performance of the digestive and assimilative processes which is essential to healthy nutrition."

The requisites to this end are rest from one's usual occupation; change of surroundings, outdoor exercise and a nutritious diet of easy digestion. Fat, which is so desirable, should be taken in the form of butter, cream, eggs, bacon, etc. To relieve the fatigue of the early morning cough, and to promote expectoration, warm tea or chocolate, with plenty of milk, is good before dressing. At night, to prevent night sweats, give egg and mild, or strong beef-tea, the last thing.

The special aim of the drugs administered should be to invigorate the digestive organs. "I would also say," adds the above author, "take care of the stomach, and the lungs will take care of themselves." Of course a skilled physician must direct the details.

The Supremacy of the English Language and Literature.

President Eliot, of Harvard, discusses the question, "What is a Liberal Education?" in the June *Century*. Its importance lies in the fact that so prominent a scholar and educator should take such strong ground in favor of making the sciences and the English language leading branches in the college course. While admitting that Latin and Greek are valuable studies, he says of English, "The first subject which, as I conceive, is entitled to recognition as of equal academic value or rank with any subject now most honored is the English language and literature. When Greek began to revive in Europe, English was just acquiring a literary form; but when Greek had won its present rank among the liberal arts, Shakespeare had risen, the English language was formed, and English literature was soon to become the greatest of modern literatures. How does it stand now, with its immense array of poets, philosophers, historians, commentators, critics, satirists, dramatists, novelists and orators? It cannot be doubted that English literature is beyond all comparison the amplest, most various and most splendid literature which the world has seen; and it is enough to say of the English language that it is the language of that literature. Greek literature compares with English as Homer compares with Shakespeare; that is, as infantile with adult civilization. It may further be said of the English language that it is the native tongue of nations which are pre-eminent in the world by force of character, enterprise and wealth, and whose political and social institutions have a higher moral interest and greater promise than any which mankind has hitherto invented. To the original creations of English genius are to be added translations into English of all the masterpieces of other literature, sacred and profane. It is a very rare scholar who has not learned much more about the Jews, the Greeks, or the Romans through English than through Hebrew, Greek, or Latin. And now, with all this wonderful treasure within reach of our youth, what is the position of American schools and colleges in regard to teaching English? Has English literature the foremost place in the programmes of schools? By no means; at best only a subordinate place, and in many schools no place at all. Does English take equal rank with Greek or Latin in our colleges? By no means; not in the number and rank of the teachers, nor in the consideration in which the subject is held by faculty and students, nor in the time which may be devoted to it by a candidate for a degree. Until within a few years the American colleges made no demand upon candidates for admission in regard to knowledge of English; and now that some colleges make a small requirement in English, the chief result of the examinations is to demonstrate the woful ignorance of their own language and literature which prevails among the picked youth of the country."

About the Devil.

Scotch Highlanders have the habit, when talking their English, of interjecting the personal pronoun 'he' where not required, 'The King he has come.' Very often, in consequence, a sentence is rendered extremely ludicrous. A gentlemon says he lately listened to the Rev. M——, who began his discourse thus: 'My friends you will find my text in the First Epistle General of Peter, fifth chapter and eighth verse: The devil he goeth about like a roaring lion seeking whom he may devour.' Now my brethren, for your instruction I have divided my text into four heads. Firstly we shall endeavor to ascertain who the devil he was; secondly, we shall inquire into his geographical position, namely, where the devil he was, and where the devil he was going; thirdly, who the devil he was seeking; and fourthly and lastly, we shall endeavor to solve a question which has never yet been solved; what the devil he was roaring about. —*Exchange.*

An Old Lawyer's Lesson.

Young Lawyer (much elated)—"Mr. Coke, congratulate me! You know I told you I had a case. Well, sir, I've won it. Yes, sir; actually won my first case?" Coke (an old lawyer)—"You're excusable under the circumstances, but with a little experience you may yet do honor to your profession." Young Lawyer—"Excusable under the circumstances! I don't understand your meaning, Mr. Coke." Coke—"Don't understand. Listen: If you had been a lawyer of experience you would have lost that case; then you would advise your client to appeal, and if skilfully managed, it might have been made to last for years, or at least as long as he had any money. But you have won, and that's an end of it. Let it be a lesson to you in future."—*Boston Transcript.*

Our Way.

Instead of joy we seek for sorrow,
And gather trouble for to-morrow,
Our present peace we cherish not,
And favors past are quite forgot.

The tiney cloud we keep in sight,
While the broad sunshine, streaming bright,
We turn into perpetual night.

Did we but let the clouds pass by
And Heaven's fair sunlight catch the eye,
Our darkest night would be as day
And all our woes would flee away.

EAK.

TO PERSONS OF A
Nervous Temperament
WE WOULD RECOMMEND
ESTEY'S
Iron and Quinine Tonic.

IT WILL REMOVE that low, despondent feeling so peculiar to nervous persons. After using it for a short time they will find their appetite improved, and their spirits become more cheerful, sleepless nights, twitching of the muscles and trembling of the limbs will all disappear, and they will feel and know that every fibre and tissue of their body is being braced and renovated. The peculiar operation of this medicine has undergone long and close observation, and it is believed it will never fail if properly and judiciously administered, unless other diseases predominate of a different character. Pale, sickly females will derive the greatest benefit from using a few bottles of ESTEY'S IRON AND QUININE TONIC. It is stimulating, appetizing and strengthening, and that power in it depends upon the Iron and Quinine which it contains, and not upon alcohol or opium, or any narcotic whatever. Price 50 cents. Sold by druggists.

PREPARED ONLY BY
E. M. ESTEY,
Pharmacist, Moncton, N. B.

MILLINERY.

MRS. C. H. BENT wishes to inform her numerous friends and the public that she is prepared to do
All Kinds of Millinery.
Having secured the services of Miss McKEE, of St. John, N. B., for this department, whose long and varied experience we feel assured will give satisfaction.
In addition to her large and complete Stock she is daily receiving
NEW GOODS
OF THE LATEST STYLES IN
Plain and Fancy Straw, Chip and Tape,
Also Trimmings of the Latest Designs.
She wishes to further inform her patrons that she has added a Complete Assortment of Ladies' and Children's Underwears, and at prices to suit the times. ☞An examination of Stock and Styles is solicited—at the Old Stand formerly occupied by Mrs. Barnes.
MRS. C. H. BENT,
AMHERST, N. S.

Stephens & Figgures,
Wholesale Grocers,
61 Dock Street, ...St. John, N. B.
365 HALF-CHESTS EXTRA VALUE CONGOU TEA;
150 Boxes CONGOU TEA, Rx. Value;
25 Sacks JAVA COFFEE;
100 Sacks RICE;
75 Barrels and Cases CURRANTS;
55 Bags NUTS—Assorted;
120 Cases LOBSTERS, Oysters, Corned Beef and Peaches.
At Lowest Rates.
sept10

Business Cards.

R. BARRY SMITH,
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary,
Main Street, - - Moncton, N. B.

Lawson & Wallace,
Carriage Builders,
AMHERST, N. S.
Carriages and Sleighs of all descriptions made at short notice. Top and Open Phaetons a specialty.

D. I. WELCH,
Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.
Moncton, - - N. B.
All Legal Business attended to promptly.

New Harness Shop.
Opposite Brunswick House.
Down with High Prices.
PLEASE call and inspect our Stock, all new and of best American Oak Tanned Leather, before purchasing elsewhere. ☞Repairs cheaply and promptly attended to.
june12 1y JOHNSON & DOBSON.

Custom Shoe Shop.
THE subscriber has removed his Shoe Shop to Allison's Building, Bridge Street, nearly opposite M. Wood & Sons' Store, where he will carry on First-Class CUSTOM SHOE MAKING in all its branches. REPAIRING neatly and promptly executed.
june11-3m W. A. THOMPSON.

J. H. OGDEN,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.
Music Hall Block,.....SACKVILLE, N. B.
A good Assortment of Silverware and Jewellery constantly on hand.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
100 Columns and 100 Engravings in each issue.
43rd Year. $1.50 a Year.
Send three 2c. stamps for Sample Copy (English or German) and Premium List of the *Oldest and Best Agricultural Journal in the World.*
ORANGE JUDD CO. DAVID W. JUDD, Pres.
751 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Apples. Apples. Apples.
CHARLES DONALD & CO.,
79 Queen Street, LONDON, E. C.
WILL be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business. They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances.
aug13 9m

J. R. WOODBURN & CO.
Were Awarded the ONLY MEDAL given for
CONFECTIONERY
At Dominion & Centennial Exhibition.
Samples now on view in our Warerooms. An inspection is invited.
DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

HATHEWAY & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
22 Central Wharf, Boston,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, CORN MEAL,
PRODUCE, LUMBER, SPILING,
R. R. TIES, FISH, POTATOES, EGGS, CANNED LOBSTERS, BERRIES AND MACKEREL.
Best Prices Obtained for all Shipments.
july23 tf

Watches, Jewellery, &c.
JUST opened at T. H. GRIFFIN'S, next door to Lamy's Hotel, a very large Assortment of Fine Goods in LADIES' and GENTS' GOLD WATCHES, GUARDS and VEST CHAINS; Fine Gold Wedding Rings in Flat Band and Half-Round; also Engagement Rings of latest design; Fine Gold Sets, Necklets, Lockets, Bracelets, Ear-Rings, Bar-Pins, Gold Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Gold Pens and Pencils.
A Large Stock of Silverware
suitable for Wedding Presents. Best lines of low-priced AMERICAN CLOCKS and TIME PIECES. This is the Finest Stock in this line ever shown in Amherst. No misrepresentation. Every Article Guaranteed as represented, and at very close prices. ☞Watches, Clocks and Jewelry cleaned and repaired.
THEO. H. GRIFFIN.
AMHERST, N. S., May 19, 1884. 1y

The St. John Bolt and Nut Comp'y,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Track Bolts, Car Bolts,
Machine Bolts, Bridge Bolts, Sleigh Shoe Bolts, Turnbuckles, Lagscrews, Fish-plates, Washers, Carriage Rivets, Boiler Rivets, Wharf Spikes,
Hot Forged and Pressed Square and Hexagon Nuts.
ALL KINDS OF
Railway, Mining and Builders' Supplies.
Factory: ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.
dec19 1y

Rotary Saw Mills.
Oxford Foundry & Machine Shops.
Machine Castings,
Bedstead Fastenings,
Saw Teeth, &c.
MANUFACTURED TO ORDER.
A. MacPherson & Co.,
OXFORD, N. S

"CERES"
SUPERPHOSPHATE.
Three Sizes Ground Bone.
The Best Fertilizers in the Market.
Manufactured at the Chemical Fertilizer Works.
JACK & BELL, Proprietors.
OFFICE: - - PICKFORD & BLACK'S WHARF,
HALIFAX, N. S.
Agents wanted in unoccupied territory.

Business Cards.

DOCTOR FRENCH
HAVING returned to Sackville will attend to the usual practice of his profession. ☞Chief attention devoted to GENERAL DEBILITY and CONSUMPTION.
Hutchinson Place, Westcock.
sept10tf

DR. E. T. GAUDET,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE: Opposite St. Joseph's College, MEMRAMCOOK, N. B.
☞Special attention given to diseases of the EYE and EAR. 1y dec29

L. WESTERGAARD & CO.,
Ship Agents & Ship Brokers
(Consulate of the Netherlands,)
(Consulate of Austria and Hungary,)
No. 127 WALNUT STREET,
L. WESTERGAARD, GEO. S. TOWNSHEND, } Philadelphia.
july 24

W. F. COLEMAN, M. D.
Memb. Roy. Col. Surg., Eng.
OCULIST AND AURIST
TO ST. JOHN GENERAL PUBLIC HOSPITAL,
PRACTICE LIMITED TO
EYE AND EAR.
OFFICE 40 COBURG ST. ST. JOHN, N. B.
Dr. Coleman will discontinue practice in St. John on 15th October, 1884, when Dr. Bruce will succeed.

DENTISTRY.
DR. E. L. FULLER,
Surgeon Dentist,
Graduate of New York College of Dentistry,
AMHERST, N. S.
TEETH extracted without pain by means of Nitrous Oxide Gas. No charge for extraction when Artificial Teeth are inserted. Special attention given to the preservation of natural Teeth, and to the insertion of Artificial Teeth on Celluloid.
Office hours—From 9 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 6 p. m.
☞Office opposite the new Presbyterian Church.
mar5 tf

DR. J. W. SANGSTER,
DENTIST,
HAS removed his office to the office formerly occupied by Dr. Botsford, near Chignecto Hall, where he may be consulted professionally each week day—Monday excepted.
No charge for examining Teeth or extracting Teeth when replaced by Artificial ones.
Particular attention paid to preserving Natural Teeth.
Office hours: 9 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 5 p. m.
At Dorchester on Monday of each week. Rooms over Jas. Cook's Oyster Saloon. mar21

S. B. ANDRES.
Marble, Freestone & Granite Works;
AMHERST, N. S.

On hand, a Choice Lot of Monuments, Tablets and Head-Stones of New and Elegant Designs. The subscriber has taken pains in the selection of the BEST Quality of Stock for Durability and Fineness of Texture, and is prepared to attend to orders to the satisfaction of all who may favor him with their patronage. Designs furnished on application free of charge.
july2 S. B. ANDRES.

Nails, Tacks and Brads.
S. R. FOSTER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CUT NAILS;
ALL KINDS OF
Shoe Nails, Tacks & Brads.
Office, Warehouse and Manufactory:
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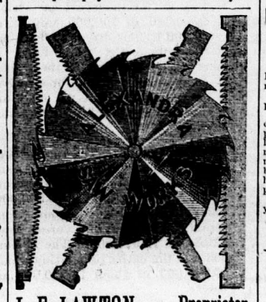
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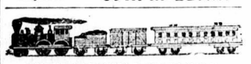

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1884 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1884

ON and after Monday, the 2nd June, the Trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

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Express for Halifax and Pictou	3.32 a.m.
Accommodation for Moncton	8.00 a.m.
Express for Halifax & Pictou	12.35 p.m.
Express for St. John	1.27 p.m.
Spring Hill Accommodation	7.38 p.m.
Express for St. John & Quebec	11.27 p.m.

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Express for St. John & Quebec	12.25 a.m.
Express for Halifax & Pictou	3.07 a.m.
Accommodation for Moncton	8.45 a.m.
Express for Halifax & Pictou	12.10 p.m.
Express for St. John	1.52 p.m.
Spring Hill Accommodation	6.38 p.m.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

B. BOTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., May 28th, 1884.

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