

other than the party complaining, or upon the confession of the person sued, and the amount may be levied together with the costs, by a warrant under the hand and seal of the said Justice of the Peace, and by seizure and sale of the moveable effects of the offending party ;

2. One half of the penalty shall belong to the party informing, and the other to the Municipality within the limits of which the offence has been committed unless it is otherwise provided : If, however, the party informing or suing be an Inspector, the penalty shall, in that case go to the local Municipality in which the offence shall have been committed ; Application of the penalty.

3. Any Inspector may in his quality of Inspector sue for all infringements or contraventions of the provisions of this Act, unless otherwise provided for, and he shall have the same rights and privileges as any informer or party complaining for the recovery of his costs, expenses, or other claims ; Privileges of Inspectors as to such suits.

4. Whoever shall refuse or neglect, when required, to fulfil the duties imposed upon him by this Act, shall incur a penalty of five shillings for each time he shall so refuse or neglect to act. General penalty for non obedience to this Act.

XXXIX. 1. Any penalty for contravening the provisions of this Act, for which provision is not made by this Act, shall be nor less than five nor more than forty shillings, and may be sued for, recovered and made payable in the same manner as the penalties for which the present Act provides ; Recovery of penalties where no other provision is made.

2. Any person condemned to pay a penalty or damages and costs, as the case may be, and who shall not pay the same within eight days after judgment, shall be punishable by imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty days, if the party have no goods, moveables or effects, and the fact be proved to the satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace by the return of the person charged with the warrant of *saisie execution*. Party failing to pay may be imprisoned if he have no goods.

CHAPTER XIV.

General Provisions.

XL. Any person who shall knowingly take a false oath, in whatever case it may be, shall be liable to the pains and penalties provided by law for wilful and corrupt perjury. False oath to be perjury.

Appeals.

XLI. 1. It shall be lawful for any person who shall deem himself aggrieved by any judgment rendered in virtue of the provisions of this Act, to appeal to the Circuit Court for the Appeal to Circuit Court.