

are beginning to be taught. I have reason to expect this Establishment, will in time produce a good effect. The Proprietors of the College solicited me in September last to let them have a Professor of Philosophy and Mathematics, and I shall do all in my power to procure them one. The College belongs to the Administrators of the parish church. Revenues of Montreal, it has no other fund than the board paid by the Students, and the liberality of the Ecclesiastics of the Seminary. The Churchwardens seem to have its support much at heart, it is already of great public use. Boys, who cannot afford to live in the College as boarders, are received as day scholars, for the moderate sum of one guinea per Annum.

The Seminary at Quebec was founded and endowed by Mr. Francis De Laval de Montmorenci first Bishop of Canada. Its own revenues support it. The administration of those revenues is submitted to the inspection of the Bishop, who annually examines the accounts of the income and expenditure, as well as those of acquisitions made under the Foundation. This Seminary, by its constitution, is only held to instruct young Clergymen for the service of the Diocese; but since the conquest of the province by His Britannic Majesty's arms, public instruction has been voluntarily and gratuitously given. Theology, the Classics, Rhetoric, moral and natural Philosophy, Geography, Arithmetic, and all the different branches of the Mathematics are taught. It has produced, and produces daily learned men in all the sciences they have studied, capable of doing honor to their education, and to their country, witness Mr. De Lery, Mr. De Salaberry, Mr. Cugnet the younger, Mr. Descheneaux, &c. without naming a great number of Ecclesiastics who distinguish themselves among our Clergy.

When English young Gentlemen have desired to come into the Seminary,