The decision to send Lord Kitchener to the near east, the premier added, was taken by the cabinet on Thursday (Nov. 4.) Serious information, which led the government to take to the decision, was brought to their knowledge, for the first time, on Wednesday. In the interests of public life he protested against the charges that the king was being directed against the head of the government, as likely, if believed, to do incalculable harm to the country throughout the world. He repudiated the charge that the Globe had been singled out for special treatment.

Mr. Hogge and William M. R. Pringle, member for Northwest Lanarkalire, however, insisted that other papers, which were equally guilty, had not been proceeded against.

"Clear Foreign Office Out."

been from any want of Great Br will. The French and British ge-ments had offered to send 150,000 ments had onered to send tautout to Saloniki to enable Greece to her treaty obligations to Serbia. had sent the men who were availa once and had begun to make prepar for the transport of troops from places, but these could not be ob without due regard for the milital igencies.

The Semi-Meekly Telegraph

& The News

VQL. LV.

Greece Withholds Assurance That Allies Will Not Be Disarmed; French Forces Join Serbians, British 40 Miles From Bagdad

CONSTANTINE'S CROWN BALANCES ON REPLY TO ALLIES: HARD FIGHTING

London, Nov. 15—The intimation of the Greek government that any Entente Allied troops seeking refuge in Greek territory will be disarmed has been the cause of considerable anxiety to the Entente Powers, and consequently Field Marshal Earl Kitchener's near east visit gains added importance.

According to belated despatches received from Athens, Greece bases her decision on international law, while the Entente ministers contend that the right

likely to draw the attention of King Constantine and his government to the fact that the constitutionalism of Greece was guaranteed by France, Russia and Great Britain, and that it was only obtained after Great Britain had ceded the Ionian Islands to that country, and the three powers had agreed to contribute 4,000 pounds (\$20,000) yearly for the personal use of the king.

This, it is contended, binds the Greek people to the Entente Allies, and should King Constantine overrule the constitution, which the followers of M. Venizelos insist he did when he dissolved the chamber, it is suggested, in some

one of Greece depends on the continuance of friendly neutrality toward the

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ALKUSS SULZ Winston Churchill Says Wastage of German Man- - RIGHT-

Visit to Constantinople Said to Herald Campaign Against

GERMAN OFFICER ALREADY ON WAY

Russia Takes Firm Steps in Persia to Quell Huns' Propoganda There-Sultan of Turkey Gives Army Credit

AUNCHATTACK REACHING BERLIN MORE OF HUNS

Britain Possesses Reserve Force, Says Fighting Member of Cabinet, and it is Time for This Force to be Used to Last Man-Some Inside History of War Moves Wins BRESCIA TARGET Churchill Exoneration From Charge of Responsibility for

hood Will Make Victory for Allies Possible in 1916 Campaign

London, Nov. 15—In his speech in the house of commons today, Winston Churchill declared that if any operations in the history of the world were worth carrying through with sustained fury and utter disregard of life, the operations at the Dardanelles were worth

"We are passing through a bad time, which probably will be worse before it is better, but it will be better," Mr. Churchill said. "If we endure, the campaign of 1916 should be decided against Ger-

many by her shortage of men."

"We are the reserve of the Allied cause," said Mr. Churchill in the course of his address "and the time has come when that reserve

Austrians Apt Pupils of the Kaiser's Policy on Sea

FOR DEATH BOMBS

Submarines in Mediterranean Brought from Kiel to Trieste, Put Together There and Operated by German Officers-Italy's Protest to Neutral