YOUNG LIBERALS ENTERTAIN AGAIN

ENJOYABLE SMOKER HELD LAST EVENING

Good Speeches and Varied Programme Pleased Large Number at the A. O. U. W. Hall.

Oh! the Tory's delight, with boodle in sight
Is the election time,
With "stiffs" and "repeaters" they're surely world beaters
At good election time.
Election once over, no more they're in clover,
From office they downward climb,
And that is annoying, when they were enjoying
The good election time.

Chorus.

At the good election time, at the good election time,
The Dicky Birds are whistling the voters into line,
Alas for Dick and all his crew, the cemeteries are full
Of good old Tory voters who once gave them the pull.

To get a fat job and the country to rob
is Tory election time.
They preach Old Protection, which means "no detection"
At good election time.
But new lists have come, the Tories look glum,
"Repeating" is now a crime.
Farewell to Bob Green, McBride leaves the scene
This good election time.

These touching lines were rendered by the Victoria Young Liberal Club quartette to the tune of "In the Good Old Summer Time," at the smoker given by the club Thursday, and a full house took up the refrain with a will. Had the inimitable George Wilson, the elegant knight of minstrelsy, been present and beheld the enthusiasm with which the well-founded prophecy so melodiously voiced was received, he would have been delighted with the use to which had been devoted the captivating air that he introduced to a Victoria audience last year. So infectious was this enthusiasm that even a Tory, had he been there, could not have resisted the impulse to join in.

"Alas for Dick and all his crew, the cemeteries are full
Of good old Tory voters who once gave them the pull."

As before stated there was a large attendance, and the smoker in every way was on a par with its predecessors. The speeches were few and to the point, while a varied programme added to the social side. Charles Spratt presided and opened the programme with a few remarks. He intended, he said, to restrict the speakers to ten minutes each, and this course was religiously adhered to throughout the evening.

R. T. Elliott was the first speaker. In the course of an excellent speech he dwelt upon the utter failure of coalition governments, such as had prevailed in the past. Under the new alignment there would be a struggle for party supremacy. He then contrasted the records of the two parties federally, briefly alluding to the unprecedented prosperity which had blessed the Dominion since the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier had taken the reins of power. In regard to the provincial situation he pointed out that the campaign in Victoria would have a strong influence on the general result. Organization must be perfected, all previous animations must be forgotten and the party must present a united front. Without party unity the election could not be carried; with it success would surely crown the Liberal efforts.

A well rendered song by William Kettle followed. It was loudly encored and the singer had to respond to an encore.

The Victoria Young Liberal Club quartette, consisting of Dr. H. Dier, A. J. Thomas, J. Hunter and A. Blair, then gave the parody above referred to. It made a decided hit and the singers responded.

R. L. Drury was then called upon. He delivered a telling speech, which was punctuated by applause at frequent intervals. He complimented the club on its strength, as evidenced by the attendance, and made a happy allusion to the selection which had just been given, which to him had the ring of victory in it. The Victoria Young Liberal Club was destined to be a potent factor in the coming contest, and its growing numbers were an augury of victory. He then dealt with the record of the Liberal government in the Dominion, first taking up the preferential tariff. In this connection one of the visiting journalists had told him the other day that while at present it seemed that Mr. Chamberlain's policy along this line in England had met with a set-back, it would undoubtedly prevail in the end, and it was Canada that had led the way. (Cheers.)

The speaker then referred to the splendid contract made by the government with the Grand Trunk Pacific, a road which would open up the finest districts on the continent. In contrast with this eminently satisfactory bargain, the various features of which he enumerated, was the Conservative government contract with the C.P.R., which received enormous cash and land subsidies exempt from taxation. The speaker also reminded his hearers that had it not been for the Conservative party in the Senate there would have been an all-Canadian route to the Yukon, a road which, as everybody knew, was greatly needed.

In conclusion Mr. Drury expressed his great gratification at the personnel of the Liberal standard bearers chosen so far. Fearlessly there had never been a better class of men selected, and he was convinced that the Liberals would have a majority on the Mainland and on the Island. (Applause.) He did not say for one moment that the Liberals had a monopoly of the good men in the country, nor the Conservatives a monopoly of the bad, but he would say that the men in the past legislatures who had distinguished themselves by standing up for the rights of the people had been Liberals, and those who had distinguished themselves by endeavoring to advance their own personal interests at the expense of the country had been Conservatives. (Applause.) Mr. Drury's remarks were followed by a cornet solo by W. North, who played in his usual fine style.

B. J. Perry gave a short address, in which he urged the Liberals to place in the field the four best men they could get. He pointed out that on the present voters' list there were nine hundred new names. Of these he was positive that four-fifths would vote Liberal. He closed with a reference to the increasing strength of the Victoria Young Liberal Club, and the influence it would wield in the coming campaign.

Preceding Mr. Perry's speech a very clever exhibition of sleight-of-hand work was given by Herr Peters, who completely mystified those present. He was considerably handicapped by the limited platform and the absence of other facilities, but despite this he performed several excellent feats.

James Hunter sang "Asleep on the Deep" in fine voice and received an enthusiastic recall.

During the evening an orchestra was in attendance and greatly added to the enjoyment of the audience by their excellent music. The "National Anthem" brought the programme to a close.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

Golds Fields of the Yukon and Atlin Are Promising Well.

Advices from the North continue to give favorable reports of the Alsek diggings. S. F. Cottrell, of Skagway, pronounces the new district very similar to Atlin. Some parts will, he thinks, prove very rich. He brought some gold out with him which came from the rim rock on Ruby creek, which averaged about ten cents to the pan. It is shot gold and easy to save. The fine gold is only found on the bars. Among the creeks not heretofore mentioned in the new district, upon which discoveries have been made, are: Snyder, Larose and Lake Gulch; Fireworks Gulch, Granite, Whitefish and Dixie. Mr. Cottrell says that Weisdupp and McMillan are pushing down, and will reach bed rock before long on Ruby creek. There have been 450 locations recorded at White Horse on the various creeks. A townsite has been laid off at Mendenhall Landing, called Champagne.

The White Pass Company has announced the following freight tariff on the Clossett, between White Horse and Mendenhall, either way: Freight, $20 per ton; horses and cattle, $10 each; dogs, sheep, hogs and calves, $2; canoes and small boats, $5. Between White Horse and Tahkeena Landing, and between Mendenhall and Tahkeena Landing, either way, half the foregoing rates apply.

An "All-Alaska" convention is to be held at Juneau on October 26th to urge the claims of Alaska for full territorial government. There will be present delegates from Juneau, Skagway, Douglas, Treadwell, Ketchikan, Wrangel and Valdez.

The conditions in the Yukon have improved for navigation. Heavy rains have caused a rise in the river and on August 11th a gain of three inches was reported.

J. J. Hackett, a telegraph operator in the United States signal service, committed suicide at Keystone, a short distance from Valdez, on the Valdez-Eagle telegraph line. He is the second operator on this line to commit suicide this year. Hackett shot himself through the heart with a rifle. He was a native of Vermont, about 25 years of age, and joined the United States army five years ago.

From Atlin also comes promising news. In the opinion of S. M. McCawley, a pioneer of the Atlin district, the quartz properties will make it a permanent camp. Mr. McCawley is one of the successful contestants for the title of the Yellow Jacket on Pine creek, upon which is situated the only stamp mill in the district. In an interview Mr. McCawley said: "Atlin is now one of the best camps in the country, and it is going to get better for years to come. Its quartz properties will make it everlasting as a gold producer. The Yellow Jacket is being prospected with a small mill and eight to ten men, and it is showing as well as those who have been at law over it for years could hope. It was worth fighting for. The hydraulic companies are doing more work this year than ever before, but with them, as with the quartz operators, the best years are yet in the future. The Pine Creek Power Company is making big clean-ups regularly. It is working 40 men. The French company on Spruce creek, under the management of Mr. Boulette, took out 500 ounces in a month, with a small plant and a small but well-paid crew of good men. The De Witt boys have just begun to wash out dirt, and they are surely going to do well. Gaddis and others of Spruce are doing a great deal of work. The British-American Dredging Company is putting in their big plant on Gold Run, and is working 75 men. I understand it will put in an electric car line from Atlin to Surprise Lake next year, besides electric lighting plants. It will utilize the falls for power for the dredging plant and the others things it is going to do."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

Are Entitled to Appoint One of Vice-Presidents of the Reichstag.

Berlin, Aug. 21.—The Socialists are entitled to have appointed from their party one of the three vice-presidents of the Reichstag on account of their increased representation and the other parties appearing willing to concede this. The Socialist leaders, however, differ as to whether they ought to accept the office, because it would limit their complete freedom of obstruction and opposition.

Forest fires are reported from several sections in Montana, northwest of Anaconda, near Blue-eyed Nellie mine. Two huge forest fires are destroying timber above Hamilton on Lost Horse creek, and the other on Hughes creek. The fires are running over the heaviest timbered district in the state.

LIBERAL NOMINEE FOR ESQUIMALT

JOHN JARDINE WAS SELECTED YESTERDAY

John Oliver's Scathing Denunciation of the Corservative Leaders—Candidates Now in Field.

Chilliwack—Chas. W. Munro, Liberal; J. L. Atkinson, Conservative.
Comox—F. McB. Young, Liberal.
Cowichan—J. N. Evans, Liberal; E. M. Skinner, Conservative.
Cranbrook—Thos. Cavin, Conservative.
Esquimalt—John Jardine, Liberal.
Grand Forks—Neill McCallum, Liberal; Geo. A. Fraser, Conservative; John Riordan, Socialist.
Islands—T. W. Paterson, Liberal.
Lillooet—Dr. G. Samson, Liberal.
Nanaimo—J. H. Hawthornthwaite, Socialist.
Nelson—S. S. Taylor, Liberal; John Houston, Conservative.
Newcastle—D. W. Murray, Liberal.
Okanagan—T. W. Sterling, Liberal; Price Ellison, Conservative.
Revelstoke—Thos. Taylor, Conservative.
Similkameen—W. J. Snodgrass, Liberal; L. W. Shatford, Conservative.
Skeena—P. Herman, Liberal; C. W. D. Clifford, Conservative.
Slocan—W. Hunter, Conservative; Wm. Davidson, Labor.
Greenwood—J. R. Brown, Liberal.
Kaslo—J. Retallick, Liberal.
Fernie—E. C. Smith, Liberal; J. McPherson, Socialist.
Vancouver—F. Williams, Labor; A. G. Perry, Labor; E. Burns, Socialist.
Yale—Stuart Henderson, Liberal; T. G. McManamon, Conservative.
Ymir—A. Parr, Liberal; Harry Wright, Conservative.
Kamloops—F. J. Deane, Liberal; F. J. Fulton, Conservative.

The above have been duly selected as candidates for the forthcoming elections.

At a well attended convention of delegates representing the different parts of the Esquimalt electoral district held at Colwood yesterday, John Jardine was selected as Liberal nominee to contest the riding. The names of Hans Helgeson, Henry Bullen, Geo. E. Powell and John Jardine were all put in nomination, Mr. Helgeson and Mr. Bullen, however, withdrew their names. The convention then decided in favor of Mr. Jardine.

William Hunter, of Silverton, has been selected as Conservative standard-bearer for Slocan. L. W. Shatford has also been nominated as the Conservative candidate for Similkameen.

A Nelson correspondent wires as follows: "The opening gun in the local campaign was fired last night, when S. S. Taylor, K. C., Liberal candidate for Nelson, and John Houston, Conservative, addressed a crowded joint meeting in the opera house. Mr. Houston was fairly well received, but Mr. Taylor was unquestionably the choice of the meeting. His speech was thunderously applauded, especially the references to his own and the Liberal party's record on the labor question. Mr. Taylor made a great hit when he proved out of Mr. Houston's own mouth that the Conservative party never passed a single act in favor of labor."

John Oliver, in an address given at New Westminster before the Liberal Club of that city, made a scathing attack upon the present government. In his speech he said that civil service reform was imperatively needed. The following is taken from the Vancouver World's account of the meeting:

"The administration of the land department required attention; a large amount of public money was annually wasted through incompetency and inefficiency, and Mr. Oliver instanced the costs of dyking works in the Fraser valley, some of which had cost 30, 40 and 50 per cent. more than necessary, and the charges against the land being in consequence so excessive that the owners were afraid to make further improvements. This was a matter which Mr. Oliver maintained required immediate attention and which must be settled on a basis of what would be just to the land owners, while at the same time preserving as far as practicable the rights of the province.

"On the subject of railways the speaker pointed out that the Dunsmuir government had in 1902 made a contract to secure the construction of the Canadian Northern railway, under which the province would have had to pay some $400,000 in cash and some eleven or twelve million acres of land in addition. The present government was denouncing the Dominion government for not conceding better terms to the province, and the governments of British Columbia had been in the habit of making yearly pilgrimages to Ottawa, begging for better terms, and yet immediately afterwards submitting propositions to the legislature to give away millions of money and millions of acres of land to railway companies. Now the Dominion government secures to the province the building of practically the same road without the province contributing a dollar towards its construction.

"Mr. Oliver asserted that for many years the Conservatives had been in a majority both in the legislature and in the government of British Columbia, and it had been the policy of successive governments in which Conservatives were in the majority that had brought the province to its present disgraceful situation, financially and otherwise.

"Taking up the question of the land grants to the British Columbia Southern and the Columbia & Western railway companies, Mr. Oliver traced the history of these railways from their inception down to the present time and pointed out very forcibly how that by orders-in-council passed by the Dunsmuir government, of which Mr. McBride was a member, the administration had juggled with the now famous blocks, 4,503 and 4,594, in Southeast Kootenay, just as a gambler would juggle with a pack of cards. That Mr. McBride was with Messrs. Eberts, Wells and other ministers of the Dunsmuir government in this he would undertake to convince every man in the audience. This Mr. Oliver proceeded to do by reading copious extracts from Mr. McBride's evidence given before the C. & W. investigating committee. Mr. Oliver pointed out that these statements were not his statements but Mr. McBride's. Yet Mr. Clifford, at Port Essington, had assured the electors there that Mr. Oliver's statements in regard to Mr. McBride were false, as he had been the chairman of the investigating committee. This is the same Mr. Clifford, said the speaker, who delayed the proceedings before the committee for almost a week at the commencement of the investigation by his arbitrary conduct. This is the same Mr. Clifford who suggested to the speaker that he did not see any use in prosecuting the investigation as the government had passed a cancelling bill undoing what had been done. When a man of this kind, said the Delta champion, characterized statements made by himself (Mr. Oliver) as false, he thought he had the right to inquire what kind of man he is. Is not this the same Mr. Clifford who, over his own signature, agreed to withdraw his support from the Dunsmuir government together with Mr. McBride, and who, in company with Messrs. Helmcken and Hayward, left Mr. McBride in the lurch when he did not succeed in his efforts to supplant Mr. Dunsmuir at that time, but who is now hand in glove with Mr. McBride since he has attained to the Premiership?

"It had been stated that Mr. Oliver furnished the mouth and Mr. McBride furnished the brains for the inquiry which had been held into this land subsidy question. Mr. Oliver had never heard one word from Mr. McBride or received any assistance from the Dewdney member in this matter, for the simple reason that Mr. McBride was equally culpable with the other ministers. As to the value of these lands, the speaker read from the evidence of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy that the coal lands given up by the railway company to the Crow's Nest Coal Co. are valued infinitely beyond the value of the railway itself, the cost of which was from thirteen to fifteen million dollars.

"Mr. Oliver believed that the McBride government would be overwhelmingly defeated at the polls, as he could not believe that the electorate of the province would support the government of a man who had been a party to these infamous transactions to the extent that the present Premier had. He appealed to men of all shades of political opinions to say by their votes that they would not condone such transactions as had thus been exposed."

The Liberals of Grand Forks at their convention made a unanimous choice of Neill McCallum as the candidate. The convention was a very representative one. There were 37 delegates in attendance, representing Grand Forks, Phoenix, Cascade and Gladstone. After the nomination, the convention got down to the work of united organization of the constituency, and an association was formed for the riding, composed of one representative from Cascade, four from Phoenix and six from Grand Forks, who met subsequently and elected W. H. P. Clement president and E. H. Mortimer secretary. Considerable other routine business was transacted, and matters of party interest were discussed. Strong resolutions were passed expressing confidence in the Liberal administration at Ottawa. After a six-hour session, the convention broke up, with cheers for Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the party and the candidate. The visiting delegates left for home, satisfied that the convention had done good work, and confident of Mr. McCallum's election. The candidate is an old-timer in the district, and is well known throughout the constituency. He is very largely interested in mining and other properties; and has taken a prominent part in public affairs. He was for two years mayor of the city of Columbia, prior to its amalgamation with Grand Forks, and is at present a leading member of the Grand Forks city council. He has many friends among the Conservatives, and will certainly poll the full strength of the Liberals. It is the openly expressed opinion of prominent men in all parties that the Liberals have made a wise choice, and some, at least, of Mr. McCallum's political opponents do not hesitate to say that he will be the first member for this constituency.

J. H. Hawthornthwaite was nominated by the Socialists of Nanaimo at a convention held there Thursday night. Parker Williams, who ran against W. W. B. McInnes last fall, will almost certainly be the Socialist candidate at Newcastle. It is announced that Socialists will be run in Cowichan and Alberni, making three-cornered fights.

CURED LONG AGO, BUT STILL CURED.

S. KERNOHAN'S INCURABLE DISEASE CURED BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Five Doctors Agreed There Was No Hope For Him, But He Has Been Strong and Well For Years.

Gelert, Ont., Aug. 21.—(Special).—The wonderful cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills published almost daily, recall the case of Samuel Kernohan, of his place. It is years now since he was cured, but as he is still cured it is well worth recalling the facts, and Mr. Kernohan delights to relate them.

"Some time in December, 1893," he says, "I was taken sick and laid up for fourteen months. During my confinement to my house and to my bed, I was attended at various times by five doctors. Three of them decided that my disease was incurable, Floating Kidney, and two of them that it was Spinal Disease. All agreed on one thing—that my case was incurable.

"When my money was all gone, as a matter of necessity and as my last hope I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. I had only taken three boxes when I was able to walk about. I took in all eighteen boxes, when I was entirely cured and quite able to work.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best friend I ever found."

ON A RUSH TOUR AROUND THE WORLD

NEW YORK JOURNALIST REACHES VICTORIA

Yesterday, and is Now Speeding Across the Continent to the Atlantic Metropolis.

A gentleman called at the Times office Thursday afternoon and introduced himself as Henry Frederick, of the Household Journal, New York. He arrived here on the steamer Indravelli, which reached this port from the Orient earlier in the day, and is by this time speeding across the continent on the last leg of a globe trotting tour. The Times doesn't know what Mr. Frederick looked like when he left the Atlantic metropolis, but he was apparently none the worse for his strenuous travelling when he debarked here.

A Times representative drew his attention to the fact that Sayre, of the Seattle Times, had made the trip in 54 days, 8 hours and 55 minutes. "I think I will beat that," he replied. "If all goes well I will be back in New York in 54 days and 10 hours. Had I not missed the steamer Tartar at Nagasaki I would be seven days ahead of that time. You see I will be detained here until tomorrow morning, when I will be able to connect at Seattle with the Great Northern."

It certainly wasn't Mr. Frederick's fault that he missed the steamer. He induced the captain of the packet plying between Port Arthur and the Japanese port to put on a spurt, by presenting him with a gold watch. This lubricator had an excellent effect and brought the boat to Nagaskai six hours ahead of schedule time. It was a sacrifice on the part of the traveller, but in a competition such as he was engaged in sacrifices, some of them substantial ones, are necessary.

There are two competitive aspects to the tour which Mr. Frederick is making. One of them takes place in New York, a prize of $500 being offered for the nearest estimate of the time he will consume in the trip, received at the office of the Household Journal for July, and a similar prize for August. If the main object of such trips is advertisement, the journal he represents will get a double one. He left New York on July 2nd on the Atlantic flyer Deutschland, which averages about 23 knots an hour. From Hamburg he journey across Germany, Russia and over the Trans-Siberian railroad from Moscow to Dalny, near Port Arthur. From that point he crossed to Japan, and thence across the Pacific to Victoria.

He speaks very highly of the Trans-Siberian road, which stretches for six thousand miles across the two Russias, from Moscow to Dalny. The roadbed he describes as in fine condition, but the speed is slow, the average being about 20 miles an hour. At the same time, however, they are very regular. The part around the end of Lake Baikal is not yet complete, so the passengers are transferred across the lake on the celebrated ice breaking ferry steamer.

Mr. Frederick found trouble in the air as soon as he reached Manchurian soil. Every train is there boarded by an armed guard of Russian soldiers, who stay right with it until its destination is reached. The Czar's "defenders" are being conveyed to the danger zone as rapidly as possible. Nothing illustrates the usefulness of this road and the foresight of the statesmen responsible for it more forcibly than the way in which troops can be transported from one Russia to the Pacific districts of the other. At Port Arthur, when Mr. Frederick was there, 28 Russian war vessels were anchored in the harbor. To him this certainly looked like business.

This is not the New Yorker's first visit to Victoria. Seven or eight years ago he managed the tour of the Tavary Opera Company, which included Madame Tavary, Chevalier Albert Guile, Madame Theadore and Signor Abramoff. Victorians will remember that they had to pay a steep price to hear an opera presented in five or six different languages, each principal merrily warbling in the tongue which best suited him or her. However, this was not Mr. Federick's fault, and besides he has forsaken the world of opera and drama for the fourth estate, so much can be forgiven him. He intends to write a book on his rush tour of the world upon his arrival at the starting place.

PRIZES PRESENTED.

Don Herbert, of Central School, Awarded Governor-General's Medal.

On Friday afternoon the pupils of Boys' Central school assembled at the Pemberton gymnasium, when the Governor-General's medal, which was won by Don Herbert in competition with pupils of others schools, was presented. Advantage was taken of the opportunity to present certificates to the successful candidates at the recent examination for entrance to the High school and to formally hand the Hibben Cup to the school.

A number of parents and friends were in attendance, and the chair was occupied by R. L. Drury, chairman of the board of school trustees. Led by Mr. Salloway, the pupils opened the proceedings by singing "The Maple Leaf Forever." An orchestra composed of the pupils and teachers followed by giving an excellently rendered selection.

The High school certificates were then presented by Trustees Mrs. Jenkins and Alfred Huggett, both of whom took occasion to congratulate those successful and wish the less fortunate "better luck next time."

Master Clayton rendered a piano solo and Major Hibben presented the Hibben Cup, making a few congratulatory remarks. This was followed by the presentation to Don Herbert by Supt. Robinson of the Governor-General's medal. Mr. Drury announced that Don Herbert had also won the prize for Canadian history, but regretted that he was unable to present it on that occasion, as it has not yet arrived.

Trustees Mrs. Jenkins, Drury and Boggs made short addresses on the successful work of the school during the past term, and the progress of that institution. Supt. Eaton also made a few interesting remarks.

Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rev. W. Baugh Allen, Jos. Pierson, A. Huggett and Charles Semlin, ex-Premier, also gave brief addresses of a congratulatory character.

COFFINS SOLD FOR LEAD.

Shocking Conditions Revealed by Enquiry in German City.

The reports of the desecration of the graves of citizens of Wurzburg are officially confirmed. An inquiry, instituted by the municipal authorities, revealed the fact that for years past bodies buried in the churchyard in zinc and lead coffins had been disinterred a night or two after the funeral, and either put in a wooden coffin with another corpse, or simply replaced in the grave without any covering than the earth.

The metal coffins were then cut up, and afterwards sold to a dealer. According to a Wurzburg journal, Franz Keh, the official in charge of the graveyard, has stated that he and his predecessors, have always considered the secret sale of metal coffins as a perquisite of office.

They regarded such coffins as being as much their property as coast dwellers do the wrecks that are driven on their shores. Keh received seven pfennigs, or about a penny per pound, for such metal, and he has saved over two thousand pounds, besides having given his son and daughter first class educations.

The whole matter is now in the hands of the public prosecutor.

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PLAIN, MARBLED AND FANCY.

ALSO AN ASSORTMENT OF SHELF OIL CLOTH.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Victoria, B.C.

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SMELTING WORKS AT LADYSMITH

Prepared to purchase ores as from August 1st. Convenient to E. & N. or Sea.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, MANAGER.
THOMAS KIDDIE, SMELTER MANAGER.

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(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.)

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We are the largest exclusive dealers in Boots and Shoes in the province, and carry complete stocks of every description of Boots and Shoes, Rubbers, Rubber Boots, etc., etc., in each of our five large stores. Miners' Footwear a Specialty. Letter orders promptly and carefully filled. Write for Catalogue to

The Paterson Shoe Co. Ld.

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MINERAL ACT.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Little Bantam Fractional Mineral Claim, situate in the Chemainus Mining Division of Victoria Mining District. Where located: On Mount Sicker, adjoining the "Belle" Mineral Claim on the east and the "Leona" Mineral Claim on the west.

Take notice that I, George Robinson Elliott, Free Miner's Certificate No. B75990, for myself, and as agent for Samuel Thomas Chapman, Free Miner's Certificate No. B75989, Samuel Erb, Free Miner's Certificate No. B75896, and Edward Calder, Free Miner's Certificate No. B71592, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant to the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this ninth day of July, A.D., 1903.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post marked "W. Meed," on the west side of Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound, thence south 10 chains along the shore, thence west 20 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence east 60 chains more or less to the intersection of the shore line, thence following the shore line to point of commencement, containing an area of 80 acres more or less.

W. MEED.

Victoria, B. C., July 21st, 1903.

MEN of integrity can make good money every week, selling our well-known and popular nursery stock. If you want a good paying position write us. Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

Straw Hat Bleach,

—100

Makes an old Straw Hat look like a new one. Doesn't turn the straw yellow.

Sent by mail upon receipt of price.

CYRUS H. BOWES,

CHEMIST,
98 Government St., Near Yates St.
VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONES, 425 AND 450.

MINERAL ACT.

(Form F.)

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Black Prince Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Renfrew District. Where located: Gordon River.

Take notice that I, E. P. Colley, as agent for Wm. Lorimer, Free Miner's Certificate B79661, G. A. Kork, Free Miner's Certificate B49111, A. Deakin, Free Miner's Certificate B79549, and J. West, Free Miner's Certificate No. B79603, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 16th day of July, A.D., 1903.

E. P. COLLEY, P. L. S.

MINERAL ACT.

(Form F.)

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Mildred Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus District. Where located: On Mount Brenton, on the eastern slope of the mountain and to the westward of the Holyoke Mineral Claim.

Take notice that I, Alexander Duncan McKinnon, Free Miner's Certificate No. B66334, for myself and as agent for Edward Calder, Free Miner's Certificate No. B71592, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this third day of August, A. D., 1903.

A. D. M'KINNON.

STENOGRAPHY

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