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REAL ESTATE
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Freehold corner property on Brussels St. near Haymarket Square. Size about 25 x 100. 2 buildings on property.

FOR SALE

Fine residence in first class condition with all modern appointments such as hot water heating and electricity, within one block of King Square on street car line.

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We make a specialty of selling Warehouses, Stores, Office Buildings, Hotels, Tenement Houses, Residences and Farms.

NO SALE NO COMMISSION

Hotel, Stores and Homes for
TISDALE PLACE
Actual Development Commenced

THE FIRST OF THE WARMER WEATHER SEES TISDALE PLACE IN THE HANDS OF WORKMEN. Actual and serious development is now on; streets are being laid out and everything made right and proper for the upbuilding of the sub-division. A hotel, several stores and a number of residences are already drafted and ready to be commenced to catch the first of the big inrush of business in East St. John. Thus at the earliest possible moment the conversion of this adjunct into a little city is in progress. Before the development reaches a further stage investors will do well to acquire some of the fine lots. The prices are yet at almost their original size, but each day is placing higher values and a new schedule is to be adopted in a short time.

$275 Will Make You an Owner
Other Lots at Gradually Higher Prices

Our Auto Will Convey You to the Property

All Information Cheerfully Furnished
ARMSTRONG & BRUCE, Agents
86 Prince William Street

Factory and Warehouse Sites
with trackage on I. C. R. and C. P. R.
RESIDENTIAL LOTS
For Sale!
LAURISTON COMPANY, LTD., 17 Pugsley Building.

You Can Get a Portion of
$100,000.00
7%
First Mortgage Gold Bonds
OF
The Porto Rico General Telephone Co.

THE COMPANY HAS—
Exclusive Franchise. Large Earnings. Ample Sinking Fund.
THE INVESTOR HAS—
A gilt-edged First Mortgage on a valuable property which is at present earning big returns and he gets 7 per cent semi-annually.

The property and accounts have been carefully examined and we recommend these bonds absolutely. Further information will be gladly given.

J. C. MACKINTOSH & CO.
Established 1873
111 Prince William Street.
Members Montreal Stock Exchange.
St. John Fredericton Halifax
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$20.000
Sawyer Massey
LIMITED.
6%
BONDS
At Par and Interest.
Ask For Particulars.

J. M. Robinson & Sons
Bankers and Brokers
Members Montreal Stock Exchange
Market Square, St. John, N. B.
Montreal.

CAVERHILL HALL SOLD

Caverhill Hall, the magnificent residence on the corner of Sydney and Mecklenburg streets, which was built by Simeon Jones and which has been the property of R. Keltie Jones, has been sold to a western man of considerable means. While his plans are not known definitely it is understood that he may remove to St. John and will occupy the house himself.

The building was modelled after a noted Scottish castle. When His Majesty, King George V, then Duke of Cornwall and York, was in St. John in 1901, he was entertained at Caverhill Hall. The building is assessed at $28,000. The sale was made by Allison & Thomas.

NEW SARDINE WORKS.

Beacon:—Everything is moving along rapidly at the new sardine works, Chamcook. The second floor of the main building is up and the other structures are being rushed. The labor troubles have been settled. Meanwhile Manager McColl is getting company's agents throughout Canada, Great Britain and elsewhere and is making preparations for the actual operations of the plant.

Marysville, N. B.,
Dec. 18, 1900.

Messrs. Dearborn & Co.

Gentlemen: I have been using your "Perfect" Baking Powder for over two years and can truly say that it is much better than powder I have paid 60c. per lb. for.

Yours truly,
MRS. JAS. DEE.

WANTS IT NOW.

St. Andrews Beacon:—We want a better train service in St. Andrews and we want it now. One train per day cannot do all the work on the branch, and hence it is behind time almost every day. We should have a two train service and it should be put on to stay.

COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

Quotations furnished by private wires of J. C. Mackintosh & Co., (Members Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., (Chubb's corner.)

Thursday, May 9, 1912.

	Saturday's Closing.	Opening	Noon.
Amalgamated Copper	81⅛	81⅞	82
Am Beet Sugar	71⅝	72⅛	72½
Am Car & Fdy	57½	58⅛	58⅛
Am Cotton Oil	54½	54½	53
Am Loco	42	42	42
Am Smelt & Ref	84⅛	84	84⅞
Am Tele & Tele	145½	145⅝	145⅝
Am Sugar	130	129⅝	130½
An Copper	41⅛	41⅛	41⅞
Atchison	106¼	106¼	106⅛
Balt & Ohio	109	109¼	109½
B R T	82⅛	82⅛	82½
C P R	256⅝	256⅝	257
Corn Products	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
Chic & St Paul	106⅞	107	107
Col Fuel & Iron	27⅝	28	28
Chino Copper	29½	29	29
Con Gas	143	143	143
Erie	34⅝	34⅝	35
General Elec	167	167¼	167¼
Gr North Pfd	131⅛	131⅝	132¼
Int Harvester	116	116	115⅞
Ill Central	124½	125	124½
Int Met	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
Louis & Nash	157⅝	157⅝	156⅝
Lehigh Valley	166⅞	167¼	167⅝
Nevada Con	21⅛	21⅛	21⅜
Kansas City So	25	24⅝	24⅝
Miss Pacific	41	41⅝	41⅝
N Y Central	118¼	118¼	118½
North Pacific	119¼	119⅝	120⅝
North & West	112⅝	112¼	112⅝
Pennsylvania	123⅝	123⅝	124
Pacific Tele & Tele	51	51⅛	51½
Reading	174	174⅝	175¼
Rep Iron & Steel	22⅝	.....	.....
Rock Island	26⅞	27¼	27¼
So Pacific	110½	110⅝	110⅝
Sou Ry	27⅝	28⅛	28⅛
Utah Copper	61⅛	61⅝	62⅝
Union Pacific	169⅝	169⅝	169⅝
U S Rubber	56⅝	57	58⅝
U S Steel	65	65½	66
Virginia Chemical	51⅝	52	52⅛
Westinghouse Elec	74¼	74½	75¼

Sales to 11 a.m.—187,500 shares.

New York Coton Market.

May	11.34	11.28	11.28
July	11.44	11.37	11.45
August	11.49	11.43	11.41
October	11.61	11.55	11.65
December	11.70	11.65	11.74
January	11.66	11.63	11.67
March	11.77	11.68	11.69

Chicago Grain and Produce Markets

Wheat—			
May	117¼	118	118
July	113⅝	113⅝	114½
September	108⅝	109¼	109⅝
Corn—			
May	80⅝	80⅝	81
July	77⅞	77⅞	78¼
September	75½	75⅝	75⅝
Oats—			
May	57⅝	.....	.....
July	54	54⅝	54⅝
September	44⅛	44¼	44½
Pork—			
May	19.25	.....	.....
July	19.00	.....	.....
September	19.70	19.72	1980

Montreal Morning Transactions.

(J. M. Robinson & Sons' Private Wire. Telegram.

	Bid.	Asked
Can Car Co	66⅝	68
Cement	29¼	29½
Dom Iron Corp	63⅛	63¼
Montreal Cotton	.....	53
Steel Co. of Canada	56⅝	57
Crown Reserve	3.14	3.15
Spanish River	51½	51⅝
Scotia Steel	94	94½
Sherwin's	41½	.....
Textile	69	70
C P R	257¼	257¼
Detroit United	65⅞	67
Mexican Elec	82¼	83
Porto Rico	78	.....
Richileau & Ont	122⅝	122⅝
Rio	129¼	129½
Sao Paulo	213⅞	214½
Toronto Rails	135½	135⅝
Can Cottons	27	29
Can Converters	41⅝	42
Rubber	86	.....
Packers	94	97
Smart Bag	110	.....
Tooke Bros	40¼	40½
Dom Iron Pfd	102½	.....
Spanish River Pfd	92½	93
Steel Co of Can Pfd	.....	90
Dom Canners Pfd	.....	101½
Montreal Cotton Pfd	105	105
Penman's Pfd	86	.....
Sherwin's Pfd	99	100
Dom Textile Pfd	.....	102
Lake of the Woods Pfd	.....	122
Tooke Bros Pfd	.....	88

Wall Street Notes.

New York, May 9.—Bank of England rate reduced to 3 p. c.

Americans steady in London, up 1-8 to 5-8.

The Steel suit continues today.

Tomorrow at noon the steel tonnage report expected to show a good increase and orders for May are coming in larger than April.

Taft and Roosevelt start in Ohio for a ten days' political trip.

Pig iron is in better request. The copper stocks are well thought of in some circles. The sugar stocks acted well yesterday, My information on American sugar is quite bullish. It is not a stock that one should over-buy, its movements are quick, and fluctuations wide, but whoever buys what they can take care of or has a little patience they will be well rewarded. Reading can be bought on the setbacks. Same remarks apply to this stock as made on sugar.

The sentiment is rather better in the street this morning. Any short covering or buying for long account would give us an upturn. It is claimed that short interest in steel is large and the copper stocks can easily be advanced.

SHEARSON, HAMMILL & CO.

In Montreal.

Montreal, May 9—Canners wil probably go to 70 on this move

H. B. R.

This time the Rev. M. Johnman, of Hawick, is responsible. Preaching in the Forest U. F. church of Selkirk one Sunday morning he told in his breezy fashion the following little tale: "A clergyman conducting family worship in a large mansion prayed that the servants, who were present, might receive the common salvation. And one of the servants on her way downstairs was heard to remark:—'Did you hear him praying that we might have common salvation—as if anything was good enough for us."

The wild horses of Arabia will not admit a tame horse among them, while the wild horses of South America endeavor to decoy domesticated horses from their masters, and seem eager to welcome them.

CO-OPERATION AND THE COST OF LIVING

President of United States Sends to Congress Results of Consuls' Inquiries Abroad

Washington, May 8—President Taft has sent to Congress the second instalment of the reports of consular officers on co-operation and the cost of living, which are the result of the investigation he some time ago directed should be made. The countries included in this instalment are France, Belgium, the Netherlands and Denmark. The reports are accompanied by a letter from Huntington Wilson acting secretary of state.

It appears from the information collected, the acting secretary says, that the rising cost of living has directed attention to and augmented the membership of the co-operative societies more especially in France and Belgium. The French co-operative associations are in the main arranged upon the same system as those in the United Kingdom. The tendency is toward small societies and the great majority of the associations represent groceries and bakeries. The most successful distributive societies are in the manufacturing cities of northeastern and central France. Among these societies relief funds are administered and insurance against illness and forced non-employment is supplied. Arrangements are made with dentists, doctors, and artisans for their services by members on a commission basis.

The operation of the agricultural societies has been especially successful in southern France. The French government has given encouragement to these societies by furnishing expert advice, granting subventions, and permitting long term loans by agricultural credit associations. The general buying is done principally through district unions. High grade farm machinery such as is beyond the reach of many individual members is purchased from the surpluses or is loaned gratuitously or upon the payment of nominal fees.

Government employes are to a large extent organized into co-operative societies. Many of the associations are affiliated with labor unions that restrict their membership to persons engaged in a given occupation.

In regard to industrial co-operative production it appears that plants owned and operated by the operatives are not uncommon in France. In Lyons, for example, the enterprise is conducted by societies, composed of their own operatives, including printing and engraving, building, plumbing, tailoring, weaving, tanning, carpentering, paper-hanging, the making of pasteboard boxes and the making of metalic furniture.

The consular reports state that the French co-operative societies usually sell at prices which are neither higher nor lower than those of private stores and that they have a tendency to keep prices throughout the district where they are located down to a fair level as well as to enhance the purity and equality of the goods. The degree of reduction in the cost of living is almost wholy contingent upon the capability and the altruism of the management of the respective districts.

In Belgium the consular reports state, a large proportion of the co-operative societies sell at prices lower than those of the regular markets, allowing only members to purchase, and have only minimum profits to distribute. Many societies guarantee a six per cent dividend on all purchases and distribute all remaining profits to various funds for insurance, pensions, strike relief, indemnities for injuries and the like.

The consular reports state that the virtual beginning of the general co-operative movement in Belgium is said to have been due to the growth of the various socialistic and labor parties in 1880 and the years following. The socialistic societies are reported to have no affiliation with the International Co-operative Alliance. The development of many of the agricultural co-operative societies has been aided very greatly by the clerical party, the league of church societies comprising 480 associations.

In the Netherlands the co-operative movement has had its largest growth since 1890, the associations include domestic supplies, agricultural supplies, creameries farmers' loan banks and savings banks. A cash basis is strictly maintained. The annual dividends returned to the purchasers averaging between eight and ten per cent. Arrangements are made with dentists, doctors and merchants who sell goods which the society does not handle, to give the society a commission on business done with its members.

In Denmark sales are confined to members of the co-operative societies unless the latter wish to subject themselves to taxation. The joint association of Danish co-operative societies operates numerous factories and warehouses throughout Denmark. At present the average dividends range from five per cent. to 12 per cent. The statement is made in the consular reports that the prices charged by private dealers are kept down.

SEAT SALE OPENS TOMORROW

Those who have exchange tickets for the St. John Choral Society's musical festival should make an effort to be on hand at ten o'clock tomorrow morning, when the reserved seat sale opens at the Opera House. The soprano soloist, Mrs. Marie Sundelius, comes to St. John with the highest recommendations from the Boston critics. The following is significant:—Boston Globe:—Mr. Dolmetsch had the assistance of Mrs. Marie Sundborg Sundelius, whose soprano voice in the lines of the angel in the cantata was delightfully pure, even and clear both in phrasing and intonation.

BOY SUSPECTED TO THEFT.

Yesterday afternoon Deputy Chief Jenkins arrested Douglas Adams, a sixteen year old lad, employed with J. M. Roche & Co. in King street on suspicion of having stolen $75 worth of photo supplies and several cameras from the firm within the last two months. The boy had been employed with the firm for only a short time when Mr. Roche began to miss goods from the store. Adams was suspected, and yesterday afternoon was taken into custody. Two knives and a pair of scissors were taken off him. He was taken before sitting Magistrate Henderson in the police court and was remanded. Hearing in the case will probably be begun tomorrow morning.

IN SPITE OF THE DUTY.

St. Andrews Beacon:—Potato shippers in this section who were loading up for the Montreal markets, are shipping potatoes to Boston, as they find that is a better market

PARALYSIS COMPLETELY CURED

"Fruit-a-tives" Performs Another Miracle

Bristol, N. B., July 25th, 1911.

"I had a stroke of Paralysis in March, 1910, and this left me unable to walk or help myself, and the Constipation of the Bowels was terrible.

Nothing did me any good and I was wretched in every way.

I then took "Fruit-a-tives" for the Constipation and it not only cured me of this terrible trouble, but gradually this fruit medicine toned up the nerves and actually cured the Paralysis.

By the use of "Fruit-a-tives," I grew stronger and stronger until all the Paralysis and weakness left me.

I am now well again and attend my store every day. I say, "Thank God for "Fruit-a-tives."

ALVA PHILLIPS.

"Fruit-a-tives" not only cured the terrible Constipation, but so toned up the nervous system and the general health as to completely overcome the palsy.

Truly, "Fruit-a-tives," is a wonderful medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS

The following provincial appointments are announced:—

James A. Telfer, of Markhamville, Kings county, to be an auctioneer for the several counties of the province, where he is not already appointed.

Thomas Walker, M.D., St. John, Gideon M. Duncan, M.D., Bathurst; and Suther C. Murray, M.D., Albert, to be members of the Council of Physicians and Surgeons in place of Thomas Walker, Gideon M. Duncan and Clinton T. Purdy, whose terms of office have expired.

In Albert:—Warren E. Jonah, to be a justice of the peace.

In Carleton:—I. M. Tompkins, to be a justice of the peace.

In Charlotte:—Andrew DeWolfe and John M. Flewelling to be justices of the peace.

In Kent:—Joseph P. Blanchard, John McLeod, Marcel Barrieu, Joseph Daigle and Edward McInerney, to be justices of the peace.

In Kings:—William N. Biggar, to be a sitting police magistrate for the town of Sussex.

In Madawaska:—J. A. Rattle and Albert M. Sormany, M.D., to be liquor license commissioners for Edmundston, in the place of Augure Bernier and Cyriac Dionne; Levite A. Gagnon, to be an inspector of liquor licenses for Edmundston, in place of Michael Fournier; Theodore Paillard, to be a labor act commissioner for the parish of Clair, in place of Henry Caron; Henry Caron, to be a labor act commissioner for the parish of Baker Lake.

In Northumberland:—E. Perley Williston, to be judge of probate, pro hac vice, in reference to the estate of James Murray; John A. Ross, to be a justice of the peace; Laurence Doyle, member and chairman of the local board of health, in place of R. L. Malby, resigned; William Jones, a stipendiary or police magistrate in the parish of Northesk; Ferdinand Robichaud, almshouse commissioner for the parish of Alnwick; John Archibald McNaughton, almshouse commissioner for Glenelg.

In Queens:—Weldon Kierstead, Herbert Sleep, Harry H. Hamilton, William H. McCrackin, J. Henry Cooper, William S. Machum, David Moore and William B. Barton, to be justices of the peace; T. Sherman Peters, stipendiary or police magistrate in the parish of Gagetown, also to be a commissioner of the Gagetown civil court, in the place of R. F. Davis, removed from the province; John F. Parkhill, to be a stipendiary or police magistrate for the district of Chipman, in place of L. R. Wilson, removed from the province; George Black, Brunswick, Harry Darrah, Chipman, and Clarence H. Mott, Waterborough, to be issuers of marriage licenses.

In Restigouche: —Peter M. Shannon, a justice of the peace; Cromwell Trafton, labor act commissioner for the western part of the parish of Eldon.

In St. John:—Arthur William McMackin, to be a justice of the peace.

In Sunbury: — Robert Betts, Reuben Hoben and James Babbitt to be justices of the peace; James Babbitt, to be a commissioner of the parish of Burton civil court, in place of J. L. Cambridge, resigned.

In Victoria:—Edward E. Wright, to be a justice of the peace.

In Westmorland:—Albert J. Colpitts, Lloyd Miner and Oscar C. Colpitts, to be justices of the peace; Robert L. Botsford, M.D., Moncton, to be a coroner in place of Doctor Harris, removed from the province.

In York:—Stephen Allan Robison, to be a justice of the peace and a commissioner of the parish of Manners-Sutton civil court, in the place of Thomas Robison, deceased.

UNDERSTOOD THE BILL.

A gentleman was strolling down a street of L——, when he perceived a man reading a bill in a shop window, with a curious expression on his face, which appeared to indicate that he did not understand what he was reading.

The gentleman being rather inquisitive, also went up and read the bill.

Having finished, he addressed the man thus:—

"I presume you don't understand what that word 'ditto' means?"

"Yes, I—er—do," answered the man.

The interrogator, thinking the man was trying to deceive him, said, "I'll give you five shillings to explain it accurately!"

The offer was accepted, and the man, after having received his five shillings, commenced his explanation.

"Supposing, he said, "there was a sheep's head before me, I should pick it up and say, 'I have one sheep's head in my right hand," then, placing his left hand on the gentleman's head, he continued, "Now I have ditto in my left, and—"

The gentleman was gone.

TITANIC

Wreck of the "Titanic" — largest, best written, best illustrated and most attractive book ever offered public for $1.00. Agents wanted. Biggest commission ever. Freight prepaid. Outfit free. Send 10c, cost mailing. Rush today to Maritime Publishing Co., Box 94, St. John, N. B.

HAMILTON HAS HOUSE PROBLEM

Pathetic Conditions Are Revealed by Report Submitted by Medical Health Officer

(From Hamilton Spectator)

The board of trade room was packed to capacity last night by a representative gathering of Hamilton's citizens, to discuss ways and means whereby the housing problem which confronts the city at the present time might be alleviated. It is doubtful if any meeting held this year aroused such interest as was the consensus of opinion among all who were present that it was time well expended and good results would accrue. . . . . .

The mayor opened the meeting by briefly explaining the objects of the gathering. He read the letters which had been sent to the board of control by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and St. George's Society, requesting that the mayor and controllers take steps at an early date to devise ways and means whereby the conditions existing in Hamilton in regard to the housing problem could be remedied. He also read a letter which he had received from the Young Women's Christian Association, pointing out the scarcity of respectable houses in the city for the accommodation of young ladies, and asking that the city do something to better local conditions. He called upon Dr. Roberts, medical health officer, to read the report he had prepared on the situation in Hamilton. The report of the medical health officer was as follows:

Gentlemen:—Permit me to preface the information in this incomplete and hastily composed report by expressing my sincere concurrence in the belief that "nothing can so effectually destroy a city's future as the disproportionate increase of homes that are unsanitary, damp, dark, unventilated, unclean, unattractive and immoral." The overcrowded tenement and the slum, long tolerated as the natural concomitant of wealth and prosperity, and even regarded as the insignia of bigness and commercial activity, are gradually discovering themselves in their true significance as the preludes to civic disaster and national ruin. . . . . With the object of supplying the civic authorities with some concrete and reliable data relative to conditions existant at the present time, I detailed two or three inspectors over a period of one week, to investigate as many homes as possible and to submit reports in detail on points they considered relevant to our inquiry.

What Inspectors Found

In all 263 families were visited and inspections made. The 263 families aggregating 2,200 people or between eight and nine per family, were housed in 1,094 rooms, an average of four rooms for each family. The total monthly rental paid by these 263 families amounted altogether to, approximately, $3,000 per month, or $36,000 per year; an average of $11.25 per month for each home of four rooms. Twenty-eight families were able to afford only one room each for living, cooking and sleeping accommodation; while two rooms answered a similar purpose for 47 of the total. One hundred and thirteen families were domiciled in basements. These basements are described by the chief inspector in several instances as being dark, damp, cold and clammy—"more suggestive," to use his own words, "of a morgue than of a dwelling house." The largest number of occupied rooms in these underground habitations was three, the rental for these in one instance being $8.75. The number of inhabitants in most cases ranged from two to six persons, the latter number comprising a man, his wife and three or four small children.

Nine families were housed in attics. In one of these within a couple of blocks of the city hall, a man, his wife and four small children lived. The entire space allottment for cooking, eating, sleeping, is a room 14x14 with one small window less than 2x4. It is entirely superfluous, almost an insult to common intelligence, to remark that the unhygienic environment was reflected in the countenances of the children. Sixty-seven houses showed overcrowding in a marked degree. These places are tenanted for the most part by newcomers of the industrial class of every nationality, who know absolutely nothing about the value of sunlight or fresh air—the atmosphere in some cases being so oppressive as to be unbearable. In one seven-roomed house were 45 men. In a house of eight rooms, including a basement of three rooms, were 49 persons. Of these 23 men slept in two rooms of the basement, while in the third basement room a man, his wife and four children lived, ate and slept in a room 8x10. In another nine-roomed house were 33 people, of whom 10 slept in five rooms. In other instances the number of occupants ranged from 15 to 30 in houses, or from six to nine rooms. An attic contained six double and three single beds, where fourteen men slept in an air space not exceeding 2,000 cubic feet.

In a one-roomed house, 12x18, with no water closet, no privy vault and no water supply, lived a man, his wife and three children. One family of nine people occupied a basement in the southwestern part of the city, consisting of three rooms, for which they paid a rental of $7 per month.

In the central portion of the city we found one landlord has removed an old frame house to the rear of an average size lot, so that it abuts on the alley. Two modern brick houses have been erected at the front of the porperty. The old frame house consisting of five rooms, has been rented to two families, three rooms to the one for $12 per month; two rooms to the other for $10 per month. The basement is being fitted up to accommodate two families, and the expectation of the owner realizing a total rental of $40 per month.

Reasons for Action

In practically all overcrowed premises sanitary conditions were bad; the bedding dirty, floors and walls neglected, and lavatories unclean and foul smelling. Cases have come under my personal observation where beds have to be shifted with every change of weather to avoid the rain which comes pouring through the roof.

Thirty-two families were absolutely without water service and dependent on neighbors for a water supply, and while fifty houses had only the unsanitary privy vault, in thirty-two of these there was no provision for even waste water except the backyard, the alley or an open drain.

Nothing but a house to house inspection extending over several weeks and carefully undertaken could enable us to get absolutely reliable data with reference to our housing problem. Admitted for argument's sake that we have alighted on some extreme conditions, can it be denied that while the number of homes in Hamilton is greatly on the increase, the number of unwholesome habitations is increasing faster?

Can there be much of home life where we have the amount of multiple occupancy of small or ordinary sized houses that already exists? Where people are crowded three, four or more in sleeping apartments with insufficient light and air, can we expect other results than immodesty, a lowering of moral tone and a strangulation of ideals?

Permit me to disclaim any intention of an attempt to produce unreasonable disquiet or alarm while I, at the same time, submit that we have evidence that the germs of the slum are here alive, making vigorous efforts at growth, and that our present perils call for the attention of every earnest citizen.

RECENT DEATHS

The death of Mrs. Hannah E. Wetmore took place yesterday. Mrs. Wetmore was in her 77th year and had been ill about three weeks. She was well known in the city, having been a resident of St. John practically all her life. She is survived by one son, Edward of this city and one daughter Mrs. A. D. Ross of this city and one sister Mrs. Fred Flewwelling of Clifton Kings county. There are five grandchildren. The funeral service will be held at her son's residence, 84 Exmouth street, Friday night at 8 o'clock. Interment will be on Saturday at Clifton, Kings county.

Robert Cooper, an aged and respected resident of the North End, died yesterday in the 74th year of his age, after a brief illness. He is survived by his wife, one son, James, of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. Alex. McKenzie, also of this city.

The death of Miss Stella McElwaine, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. McElwaine, occurred at her parents' home in Elliott row last night. She was twenty years of age and had been in poor health for some time. She was a very popular young lady, and many friends beard, with regret of her death.

The death of Miss Loretta Currey occurred at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Currey, 295 Paradise row, yesterday morning. She leaves her parents, five brothers and one sister. The body was taken to Newcastle this morning for interment.

James Dalling, aged ninety years, died at the home of his daughter, in Woodstock, yesterday. One daughter, two sons and one sister survive.

John Amos, of Second Westcock, N. B., died at his home there yesterday, after an illness of about two years. He was fifty-nine years of age and is survived by his wife, six sons and one daughter. Two brothers also survive.

The death of Mrs. Lee Anderson occurred at her home in Port Arthur yesterday. She is survived by her husband, two daughters and one son.

The death of Elizabeth Davenport, wife of Ex-Ald. William Davenport, of Marysville, occurred yesterday. The deceased was seventy-four years old. Besides her husband, there survive one daughter living in Arthurette, one brother, George Whitlock of Mount Hope, and one sister, also residing at Mount Hope.

The death of the wife of Samuel T. Burgess occurred on Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Elton Hicks, in Havelock. She was sixty-nine years old, and is survived by her husband, and two sons and one daughter.

A despatch from Newton, Mass., says: Mrs. Ruth Butler, wife of John E. Butler, died at Newtonville on Monday, after a long illness. She was a native of New Brunswick. The body will be taken to Fredericton for burial.

The death of Frank Dickson occurred at his home at Beaver Harbor last week. He was forty-nine years of age, and is survived by his aged mother, one brother, Clayton, keeper of the lighthouse at Black's Harbor and one sister, Mrs. Laura Holmes, of Beaver Harbor.

Mrs. William E. Haskins passed away at her home at Chocolate Cove on Wednesday of last week.

Following an operation for appendicitis, Vincent Alexander, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Alexander, of Campobello, died in Boston on Thursday last. He was twenty-five years old.

Miss Jessie McDonald passed away at the home of Alex E. McDonald, Little Branch, Miramichi, on the afternoon of April 27, at the age of eighty-nine years.

Mrs. James Cameron, widow of Donald M. Cameron, of Black River, Miramichi, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Alex. E. McDonald, Point aux Car, on April 26, aged seventy-six years.

A Fiddler's Million

(Harriet Quimby in Leslie's)

"In ten years I have made over $1,000,000 with my violin," said Jan Kubelik, when he returned to New York after a concert tour of the west. "For years I have been striving to reach the point where I could feel that I could take a rest. Now the time has come. During the past ten years I have given sometimes over 100 concerts a season. You, as laymen, will not understand what that means; but musicians, who know that anything over 30 concerts a season is a hard season, will understand. "No," he replied in answer to a question, "I don't think I shall ever completely retire until I am forced to do so. What I mean by taking things easy is not to give up my work, but to give fewer concerts and to devote more time to my little family. I have never had a chance to enjoy my home and my five children."

A UNIQUE PROPOSAL.

Here's a unique proposal that a politician wrote to his best beloved, and the reply thereto: "My Dear Miss: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for your hand, and shall use all fair and honorable means to secure the nomination. If you decide to confer upon me the honor I speak of, please fix the date for a caucus with your mother. I have no objection to her acting as temporary chairman, provided it is clearly understood that I'm to be chairman of the permanent organization. Should the result of the caucus prove satisfactory we can hold the primaries and select the date and place of convention. I never believed in long campaigns, so if you decide to honor me, would ask you to make the convention date as early as possible. Devotedly yours,——" The answer, telegraphed back was: "Caucus unnecessary; nomination unanimous; come at once."

PAPER WRAPPINGS.

Paper wrappings should never be left on meat or any other damp kinds of food longer than is really necessary, says the Minneapolis Tribune. Paper (being a compound of rags, lime, etc., with acids and various chemicals intermixed), is clearly not fit for keeping such things in for any length of time.