

TOOK HIM BY SURPRISE STATES MONTREAL MAN

Larkins Says He Had no Idea
Tanlac Could Fix Him up
Like It Has—Eats Hearty,
Sleeps Good and Feels Fine
Every Way.

"I'll admit I tried Tanlac more out of curiosity than anything else for I didn't think it would help me, but, it's a fact, five bottles have the same as made me all over again," said Michael Larkins, 408 Montcalm St., Montreal, recently.

"I had a stubborn case of indigestion that cheated me out of many a good meal. My appetite was so near gone that I never did feel hungry and it seemed as if my stomach stayed sour and upset all the time. I would blot up with gas so bad I thought sometimes I would lose my breath entirely. My head ached a lot and my nerves were all undone. I couldn't sleep much and was run-down all over and felt weak and played out all day long.

"If anybody had told me Tanlac would fix me up like it has I would not have believed a word of it. Why, it took me by surprise the way I began to pick up, and I kept improving until now I couldn't ask to feel any better. I'm in the best of health—eats hearty, sleeping good and sound and feeling fine. I'm convinced that Tanlac will do what they say it will and from this time on I'll take it every chance I have."

FRANTIC HORSE
BEATS OUT AUTO

Threads Miles of Crowded
N. Y. Streets Without
Hurting Anyone—Gets
Safely to Its Home

New York, April 13—Terror stricken at the firing of the last volley for the dead, a field artillery horse ran out of St. Raymond's cemetery this afternoon, galloped seven and a half miles through the most crowded streets in the Bronx and fetched up at its armory without hurting anyone.

Fred Boyer, who pursued the animal at breakfast speed, was less fortunate, having been scratched and bruised when his own mount, ridden to exhaustion, collapsed in the street.

The horse had been tied to one of the gun caissons on which the three bodies of overness victims over whom the last rites were to be performed had been borne to the cemetery. Sergeant Daly, who rode him, believed the animal was gun-shy and paid no attention to him when the blank cartridge volley sounded.

Shying and tossing his head, the horse ripped his bridle loose and started down Tremont avenue. He was diverted from his course now and then by the hue and cry and the tangle of traffic, but ever working in the direction of the armory, whither he landed eventually, hoof-flecked, panting and trembling, but none the worse for wear.

How To
Revitalize Wornout
Exhausted Nerves

Your nerve power depends on plenty of good, rich, red blood of the kind that organic iron—Nuxated Iron—helps make. Nuxated Iron is like the iron in spinach, lentils and apples, while metallic iron is just as it comes from the action of strong acids on iron filings. Nuxated Iron does not injure the teeth nor upset the stomach; it is an entirely different thing from ordinary mineral salts, quickly helps make rich, red blood, revitalizes wornout, exhausted nerves and gives you new strength and energy. Over 4,000,000 people annually are using it. Beware of substitutes. Always insist upon having genuine organic iron—Nuxated Iron. Look for the letters N. I. on every tablet. Sold by all druggists in tablets only—never in liquid form.

POSED AS POLICE OFFICER
London, April 14—Entering the Crown Hotel, North End, Croydon, Robert Fuller, motor engineer, of Devonshire road, Croydon, suggested to the manager, James Mercer, that he was a police officer attached to the famous "flying squad." As a "friend" he had called, so his story ran, to give him the "tip" that the house was one of four upon which he had been detailed to keep observation. But when Fuller detailed that he belonged to the 102nd Division of Police, suspicion was aroused, and he was arrested on a charge of falsely representing himself to be a police officer. "I did it for a lark," was his response. "I was out for joy. I have been trying to get into the police and I may get there yet." At the local court a fine of 40s. was imposed on him.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, BRONCHITIS, DIABETES, CALCULI, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, STOMACH DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM.

The Happiness of Old Age
depends largely on good health. The regular use of "Abbey's Effervescent" keeps the liver active, regulates the bowels, improves digestion, and relieves head-aches.

Abbey's is a sparkling, refreshing and agreeable health regulator. Physicians and Druggists recommend ABBEY'S.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

Physicians and Druggists recommend ABBEY'S.

SPIRITED DEBATE WHEN SUPPLY BEING CONSIDERED

Fredericton, N. B., April 13—Prohibition, roads, telephones, workmen's compensation and the suggested extra grant for the University of New Brunswick were subjects launched into the debate on the two remaining items of supply, which were considered in the legislature this afternoon. Speakers from the three parties set forth their views on these matters. While the criticism offered the government was mild, the meeting this afternoon had many of the features usually associated with the passing of supply.

W. E. Scully, of St. John, rose to a question of privilege immediately after the government had moved to pass the official report of the proceedings yesterday had not set forth his views in regard to the General Public Hospital at St. John. He repeated his remarks of yesterday.

Several bills were introduced and, with the consent of the whole House, were given a second reading. The House then went into committee on supply and took up the items of expenditure for ordinary purposes. Hon. J. B. M. Baxter condemned the over expenditure of last year, especially mentioning the public works department. He started a somewhat heated discussion by referring to prohibition matters and suggested that a change be made in the law so that there could be no appeal from a prohibition order. He said that there would be a public discussion on prohibition matters when the government could not interfere. Hon. Mr. Byrne, attorney general of the province, defended the action of the government in connection with the enforcement of the prohibition act.

Farmer members praised the government for the fine condition of the highways of the province but the more remote rural roads. One member of the farmer group suggested that the House get together as a committee on rural roads. The House then considered a bill to amend the law relating to the division of the province into counties, towns and parishes, and that its object was to divide two parishes in Madawaska and Restigouche county.

Hon. Mr. Michaud, introducing a bill relating to the superannuation of public employees in the government service of the province, explained that the object of the bill was to enable the government to superannuate officers and men who were paid a yearly salary. It provided for the retirement of those with twenty-five years' service who had attained the age of sixty-five years, and who were unable to perform their duties. The minimum allowance would be one-half of the salary, with a one-fifth increase per year up to thirty years of service. It also provided for the retirement of officials who had been employed less than twenty-five years and had become incapacitated by mental or physical disabilities.

The House then went into committee with Mr. Hayes in the chair, and took up further consideration of supply. Referring to the prohibition act, Mr. Baxter said he noticed that \$60,000 was authorized by law for its enforcement. He conceded that it required a large sum of money, but it was not so much a question of money as of principle. The estimates passed by the House should be as a rough guide to the expenditures. When any legislation was passed it should be taken as a rule of conduct for the people of the province. He said that if the legislature levied more than to be remitted, and if they were remitted, the magistrate himself was liable to punishment for an offence. The power had been taken from a magistrate had been assumed by the lieutenant-governor in council. In the case of a doctor of Charlotte county, his fine had been remitted and the money returned to him with twelve dollars in addition. What could be said of a government which remitted the fine imposed on one man for violating the law, and allowing another to be sent to jail. He believed all should be treated alike, and no man should have pull enough to have his money refunded while another was allowed to rot in jail. He would admit that the law was too drastic in one respect, wherein it cut out the right of appeal from defendant. He had been responsible for that provision in the act, as he felt at the time that the legislature was needed to be drastic, but he could see now that he had been in error. The law took away the right of appeal and treated as a convict every man who was accused. The House had power to make changes in the law, but up to the present had not done so. He had heard of a case in the village of Hampton where a druggist was punished by an inspector for violating the law. In that case, the prosecution was called off by some parties in St. John, who were probably known to honorable members sitting on the front bench opposite. He had also heard of a woman in Charlotte county, who was carrying on a drug store. She died and there was no one to carry on the drug store, but it went on just the same. He believed the Chief Inspector should be given full power and should not be interfered with by the government. The law should not be set aside by the very men who are responsible for its enforcement. When the legislature discovered that the law

THE TORTURES OF RHEUMATISM

Happily Stopped When He Began to
Take "Fruit-a-lives"

8 Ottawa St., Hull, P. Q.
"For a year, I suffered with Rheumatism, being forced to stay in bed for five months. I tried all kinds of medicine without relief and thought I would never be able to walk again.
"One day while lying in bed, I read about 'Fruit-a-lives' the great fruit medicine, and it seemed just what I needed, so I decided to try it.
"The first box helped me, and I took the tablets regularly until every trace of the Rheumatism left me."
LORENZO LEDUC.
Box, a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

was for only one class of people that man was apt to become a rebel against society. He did not propose to refer to the double shuffle that was being carried on, but would say that the information was being carefully compiled and would be used at the time. When the matter came up for discussion the government would have to take the responsibility for violations of the law.

Hon. Mr. Byrne said that while the honorable member of the opposition had stated that he intended to refer to a matter which he had taken good care not to do so. He had criticized the government and had endeavored to make the people believe that it was interfering with the enforcement of the prohibition act. He said that while Mr. W. D. Wilson held the office of chief inspector he had in all cases, so far as the government was concerned, received every support that it was possible to give to him. The honorable member had tried to make it appear that the government had no right in a case to remit a penalty; that when a fine was imposed by a magistrate it must stand. The honorable member in council had power to remit any penalty imposed for a violation of the law. The remission of a fine was a matter which the honorable member had been properly made. He had before him the petition in the case, which set forth the facts. The honorable member was a reputable citizen of St. Stephen and not a bootlegger.

On October 29, 1919, he had filled a prescription for a man who was suffering from rheumatism. The man complained of cramps in his stomach, and the doctor had prescribed twenty-four ounces of medicinal wine. The law gave doctors the right to prescribe liquor if they believed it was necessary for a patient. In this case, the doctor was suffering from a cold and the doctor felt that he needed the liquor. It was true that he was afterwards fined, but there was no evidence to show that he had issued the liquor for illegal purposes. When the case came before the governor-in-council, he (Byrne), after reading the evidence, decided to remit the fine. The honorable member was trying to make it appear that the government had exceeded its authority under the Prohibition Act. The doctor was doing the right of appeal, and his sworn evidence being uncontradicted, he (Byrne) decided to remit the fine. The case was right and proper.

Mr. Fawcett said he wished to impress on the minister of public works, under the present law, a greater proportion of the money on the country roads than had been during the past few years. The province should not advocate the lavish expenditure of money, but he thought there should be a more equal division.

St. John-Rothsday Road.
Mr. Wetmore said that he wished to refer to a road in particular that between St. John and Rothsday. During the past few weeks he had received numerous complaints to the effect that farmers could not get over it with their cars and a motorist who had come from Boston had said that it was the best stretch of highway he had covered east of that city. The trouble was that the contractors in parts of it had used too much tar in finishing the surface with the result that it was very slippery. The chief road engineer when told of these complaints had said that the horses were the cause of the trouble. However, change in the shoeing of the horses had not solved the problem. St. John people, as well as those from Kings county, complained that their horses could not get over it. He placed no blame upon the minister of public works, as he believed that he was willing to rectify conditions. It was his own belief that something had to be done to rectify the conditions. It was an excellent road for hauling, but the horses would slip. In his opinion the rate of road tax was too low. He considered that a steamship service between St. John and Cuba would be of great importance to the province of New Brunswick. The federal government had paid great sums for grain elevators and other means of developing overseas trade for other parts of Canada, but he did not know of even a frost-proof shed for vegetable and other perishable products being built by the Dominion to assist the farmers of this province. Lack of such facilities at St. John compelled shippers to ship through the American ports, chiefly Boston. The cost of shipping through Boston was considerably greater than the cost of shipping through St. John. He understood that the matter had been taken up at Ottawa and he hoped that something would be done shortly.

The Mileage of N. B. Roads.
Hon. Mr. Veniot said there were approximately between 13,000 and 14,000 miles. The road mileage of the province was about 18,000 miles, which is greater than that of either Maine or Nova Scotia. The cause of this excessive mileage had been mentioned by the hon. member for Carleton (Burlock) when he said that in the early days of the province roads had been laid out not leading anywhere. Many of such roads had been abandoned. Recently, he had received petitions from open roads that had been closed for twenty years. The people were asking too much. He wished to make it known that old abandoned roads would not be renewed until existing roads were attended to. He had been pleased to hear representatives of the farmers of the

province state that the system of statute labor should be abolished, and that the abolition would come soon. He agreed. Statute labor was the greatest curse the roads ever had. Last year the total tax for roads had amounted to \$242,000 of which \$86,000 was in statute labor. The province did not receive thirty-three per cent. of value from that labor. The blame could not be put on the supervisors. The people themselves did not take enough interest to go out and do a fair hour's work on the roads. The sooner the legislature realized this the better. He wanted the house seriously to consider the fact. Statute labor should be abolished. During recess let the matter be taken up and discussed. The people should be educated. It was a deep rooted practice, but it should be stopped. He hoped that at the next session it could be said that the people were willing to do away with it. He had been pleased to hear honorable members say that the rate of road tax was too low. The amount obtained by the province by such a tax was small. This province was the only section of North America which constructed and maintained roads out of provincial revenue or bonds. In other provinces municipalities all were required to bear a share of the cost. Out of a total of \$242,000 in road tax only \$76,000 was collected. The province was defrauded out of \$82,000. He possessed the exact account of 686 highway districts of the province. Any honorable member could inspect the account.

Tax Defaults.
Counties were in default of road tax as follows:
Albert, \$1,200; Carleton, \$6,000; Charlotte, \$3,000; Gloucester, \$4,000; Kent, \$2,000; Kings, \$4,500; Madawaska, \$3,600; Northumberland, \$8,000; Restigouche, \$3,000; Queens, \$4,000; Sanbury, \$2,000; St. John, \$11,000; Westmorland, \$10,000; York, \$6,000.

In closing the minister referred to the immense amount of work which devolved upon his department in caring for the roads and bridges of the province. He said that the life of an ordinary wooden bridge was not more than ten or fifteen years, while bridges with covered spans might last for thirty-five years. The enormous automobile traffic was disastrous to the small wooden bridges, and in some cases the government had to replace them with steel bridges. He said that the life of a bridge was not more than ten or fifteen years, while bridges with covered spans might last for thirty-five years. The enormous automobile traffic was disastrous to the small wooden bridges, and in some cases the government had to replace them with steel bridges.

Father Dandurand was dean of the order of Oblates of Mary Immaculate, whose 6,000 members are scattered throughout the world. He was the first Canadian priest to join the Oblates in Canada, taking his first vows as a member of the order in 1842, in Montreal. Father Dandurand had been sick since last Sunday, but was conscious and talking up to noon today.

Interment will take place next Saturday morning at the Provincial House graveyard, in which institution he died.

IMPOCO'S CAPTAIN
IS EXONERATED

Halifax, April 13—That Captain Waldo Smeltzer was exonerated of all blame in connection with the stranding of the Imperial Oil Company's steamer Impoco on Bloude Rock, April 6, and that chief officer Charles Pope, was solely responsible for the stranding, was the finding of the court of inquiry held into the wreck today. Pope's certificate was suspended for twelve months. L. A. Deane, Dominion Wreck Commissioner, presided, with Captain Neil Hall, port warden, and T. R. Coffin, of the steamer Canadian Forester, as nautical assessors.

WRITS ISSUED FOR
ELECTION IN YORK-
SUNBURY, YAMASKA

Ottawa, April 13—At a meeting of the cabinet held this afternoon, decision, it is stated, was reached on the writs for the by-elections to be held in the constituencies of Yamaska and York-Sunbury.

The date of polling will be May 28, in both constituencies. Writs for some of the other vacant seats will be issued within a short time, it is understood. The table dates of contests in West York and St. Antoine now being stated to be under consideration by the government.

ASTHMA
RAZ-MAH
NO Smoking—No Spraying—No Snuff
Just Swallow a Capsule
RAZ-MAH is Guaranteed
to restore normal breathing, stop mucus
gatherings in the bronchial tubes, give
long nights of quiet sleep, contain a
dorming drug, \$1.00 at your druggist's.
Trial free at our agencies or write
Templetons, 147 King W., Toronto.

Wasson's Drug Stores,
19 Sydney Street and 711 Main Street,
in Woodstock by Atherton & McAfee.

Keep Fit
Bowel regularity is the
secret of good health.
Without forcing or irrita-
ting, Nujol softens the
food waste. The many
tiny muscles in the
intestines can then re-
move it regularly. Absolutely
harmless—try it.

Nujol
For Constipation

To Free Your Arms
Of Hair or Fuzz

(Houdoir Secrets)
No toilet table is complete without a
small package of depilatory, for with it
hair or fuzz can be quickly banished
from the skin. To remove hairs you
merely mix into a paste enough of the
powder and water to cover the ob-
ject of the hair. This should be left
on the skin about 2 minutes, then rubbed
off and the skin washed, when it will be
found free from hair or blemish. Be
sure you get genuine depilatory.

Cuticura Soap
The Safety Razor
Shaving Soap

RIGA WATER
RELIEVES
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION

The first thing is Health—so drink
ENO'S FRUIT SALT
first thing every morning

OLDEST CATHOLIC
PRIEST IS DEAD

Winnipeg, April 13—Rev. Father Dandurand, O. M. I., who on March 29 last celebrated his 102nd anniversary, died this evening in St. Boniface, Man. He was the oldest Catholic priest in the world, being born on March 28, 1819, in the village of Laprairie, Que., of French parentage.

SCHOONER ASHORE

Halifax, April 13—A Moulton and Company vessel today that one of their fleet, the schooner Stella, was ashore at Macoris, Santo Domingo, and that there were little prospects of floating her. The vessel registers ninety-nine tons.

Those Nasty
Little Pimples
That Come On The Face
Are Caused By Bad Blood

Many an otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by the unsightly pimples and various other skin troubles caused wholly by bad blood. Many a cheek and brow cast in the mould of beauty have been sadly defaced, their attractiveness lost, and the possessor of the "pimply face" rendered unhappy for years.

There is an effective remedy for these facial defects and that is Burdock Blood Bitters, the old reliable medicine that has been on the market for over 40 years. It drives out all the impurities from the blood, and leaves the complexion clear and healthy.

Mr. James Williams, Waterford, Ont., writes: "My face was covered with pimples for nearly a year. I used many of the various kinds of remedies to get rid of them and finally thought there was no relief. A friend dropped in one day and told me I should try Burdock Blood Bitters. I did so and used three bottles, and found the pimples were all disappearing from my face, and now I have a clear complexion again."

B. B. B. is manufactured only by the
T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CORNS
Lift Off with Fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little
"Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly
that corn stops hurting, then shortly
you can pick it right off with your fingers.
Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of
"Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to
remove every hard corn, every corn,
corn between the toes, and the calluses,
without soreness or irritation.

**Dorothy Dalton's
Beauty Chat**

Miss Dorothy Dalton, the actress famous the world over for her beautiful complexion, says: "Any girl or woman can have a beautiful, rosy-white complexion and smooth unwrinkled skin like mine if they will follow my advice and use Derwillo, a simple toilet preparation. I use it because it imparts instant beauty to the face, absolutely harmless and has a marvelous effect upon the skin. One application proves it." Be sure to read Miss Dalton's interesting story of how to quickly acquire a beautiful complexion, soon to appear in this paper. In the meantime get Derwillo at any toilet counter and try it today; you will be delightedly surprised.

Cuticura Soap
The Safety Razor
Shaving Soap

RIGA WATER
RELIEVES
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION