ANNUAL ASSEMBLY OF GREAT PRIORY

C. H. Collins of Toronto is Again Elected to Office of Grand Master.

TRIBUTES TO DEAD

Delegates Welcomed to Belleville by Mayor, Who Praises War-Work of Order.

Belleville, Sept. 11.—The thirty-fifth annual assembly of the Sovereign Great Priory of Canada opened in this city today with a large attendance of delegates. Grand Master C. H. Collins, of Toronto, accompanied by Past Grand Masters A. A. Campbell, of London; P. D. Gordon, of Montreal, and W. P. Ryrie, of Toronto, were received within the lines of uniformed knights and under an arch of steel. Mayor Platt tendered a civic welcome in eloquent terms to the patriotic manner in which Canadians were participating in the defence of the empire and the great efforts made by the Knights Templars and the Masonic fraternity in support of democracy, civilization and humanity, and extended to the visiting knights the freedom of the city.

Grand Master Collins replied briefly. Col. S. S. Lazier, on behalf of King Baldwin Preceptory, also fraternally welcomed the delegates to Belleville.

The senior knight attending the meeting is Sir James B. Nixon, of Toronto, who has been a delegate for 46 years, and who is known all over the Dominion in Masonic circles.

The grand master's allocution was opened with an historical reference to this, the 800th anniversary of the founding of the Templar order, referred to the capture of the Holy City by the British forces under General Allenby, detailed his official activities, and paid eloquent tributes to the late P. G. Masters, L. B. Archibald, W. Whyte and John Ross Robertson.

At this evening's session, at the request of the supreme grand master, the order of the Red Cross was conferred by Geoffrey De St. Aldemar Preceptory and the Templar order by Cyrene Preceptory, both of Toronto.

This afternoon the delegates and lady visitors were taken for a motor trip to the great Mohawk Aviation Camp.

Officers Elected.

The following officers were elected by acclamation: Grand master, C. H. Collins, Toronto; deputy grand master, A. Shaw, Kingston; grand constable, R. H. Spencer, Trenton; grand chancellor, P. S. Gordon, Montreal; grand treasurer, C. F. Mansell, Toronto; grand chaplain, Rev. G. A. Woodside, Brantford.

Contests for offices of grand marshal and grand registrar were postponed until the Thursday morning session.

For grand council a number of knights were placed in nomination. The selection of a place of meeting for 1919 was referred to a committee. The reports of the grand officers were received and referred to committees.

GRAIN EXCHANGE OFFICERS.

Elected for Ensuing Year at Annual Meeting in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Sept. 11. — The annual meeting of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange was convened at three o'clock this afternoon and the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Fred J. Anderson; vice-president, J. E. Botterill; secretary-treasurer, Dr. Robert Magill. Members of the council: W. R. Bawlf, T. Brodie, R. R. Dobell, Geo. Fisher, J. C. Gage, D. Horn, J. Stewart, Capel Till and W. A. Matheson.

SHOT WOMAN DEAD THEN KILLED HIMSELF

Calgary, Alta., Sept. 11.—Because Bessie Munroe, aged 23, did not return his affection for her, Jack Livingstone, an employe of the Union Milk Company, shot and killed the girl in front of her home on East 5th avenue at noon today. Livingstone then turned the revolver on himself and committed suicide.

It is said a quarrel preceded the shooting which attracted the attention of her father, but the fatal shot was fired before he could get to her assistance. Livingstone was 29 years old and unmarried. According to the girl's brother, he had been annoying her with his attentions for some time and altho she had gone out with him on several occasions, she had lately refused to have anything to do with him.

An inquest will be held tomorrow night.

ALLIED WOMEN SOLID IN AIDING WAR SERVICE

Courage of French Women Impresses Executive Committee of Congress.

Paris, Sept. 11.—The executive committee of the congress of women of the allies contributing to war work has addressed a message to the women of the allied nations, emphasizing the solidarity of the women co-operators in war service in the various countries. The message adds:

"The word must be to hold till the end, to remain united behind the armies and to alleviate the burdens of the soldiers and comfort them. The courage of the French women shows us the way we must follow to hasten the hour of victory."

SIBERIAN FRONT MOVES FOUR THOUSAND MILES

Vladivostok, Sept. 11.—The Siberian front has disappeared overnight. It has moved 4000 miles to the westward. Communication has been completely established between Vladivostok and Irkutsk. Czecho-Slovak forces have broken thru from Lake Baikal in the direction of Tchita under Capt. Gaida, while Gen. Semenoff's Cossacks, supported by Czecho-Slovaks have approached the trans-Baikalian capital from the Onon River.

The Bolsheviki forces, seemingly overawed by the presence of entente allied troops, have scattered. Some of them have gone in the direction of Flakhta and others are supposed to be fleeing southward by way of the Amur Railway.

Military officials say it would not be surprising to find that the Bolsheviki had dissolved into non-combatant groups intent only on seeking amnesty from the entente allies.

VICTORY IMPOSSIBLE IN MODERN WARFARE

Amsterdam, Sept. 11.—Following closely on the statement published in Vienna on Sept. 5, in which Talaat Pasha, the Turkish grand vizier, said he believed that peace would come before winter, The Neue Freie Presse, of Vienna, now prints an interview with Djavid Pasha, the Turkish minister of finance, who said: "I am definitely of the opinion that the war cannot be decided on the battlefield. A military victory in the sense that one army penetrates into the country of the other and forces the enemy by crushing his military force, I consider impossible, and I have always considered it impossible."

COMMITTED ON SERIOUS CHARGE.

Chatham, Sept. 11.—On a charge of assaulting a five-year-old Tilbury girl, a fourteen-year-old boy of that town was committed for trial in the county police court this afternoon.

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

In the lull between battles, the British yesterday added to their preparations for the next effort by captures of some ridge positions north of Epehy and by slight advances in the region of Vermand. The operations about Epehy are creating a salient from which the British may threaten either Cambrai or St. Quentin. The operations about Vermand are also increasing the pressure from points closer to St. Quentin. On the French front the battle continued fiercely about Laffaux. The Germans made no fewer than six attempts yesterday to reach the French positions on the Rouge plateau and each of these attempts failed to reach the French lines. Of the two important points of La Fere and the St. Gobain massif, the French have the first turned and the second threatened from the rear. The enemy, meanwhile, is moving up his freshest troops, including divisions not previously engaged, to the battlefront.

* * *

Even tho the weather is bad, it does not prevent the allies from moving up their heavy guns for an assault on the Hindenburg or any other line, but rather it interferes with the German intelligence service and serves to keep it in ignorance of the allied concentrations. The German airmen, tho outclassed, yet can do a certain amount of scouting in fair weather; but bad weather prevents them from going out over the battlefield. The allies will therefore be able to effect not only surprise concentrations of guns against selected sectors, but of men as well. Thus the present rains are facilitating the allied campaign in assisting them to prepare a surprise. It is this consideration among others that is increasing the manifest uneasiness of the German general staff.

* * *

The enemy is not certain about the intentions of the inscrutable Foch, and he therefore is carrying out many raids from the Champagne to Alsace in search of information. Foch has his front organized for the launching of an offensive at almost any point, and the reorganization of the American forces, which, it is believed, is nearly complete, will permit of offensive blows at many points. The enemy is anxious to guard against surprise. Foch may be trusted to strike him where least expected. For this reason it is a barren subject to prophesy where he is going to launch his next attack.

* * *

Von Hindenburg and Von Ludendorff are quite well aware of the German inability to hold the so-called Hindenburg line under a determined allied attack, and are making dispositions for further withdrawals. They are stripping Douai, which has become untenable as a result of the recent Canadian victory at the Queant-Drocourt switch line, and the abandonment of Douai will bring with it the abandonment of the Hindenburg line. The Germans are fighting for delay in order not only to save their stores, but to secure the aid of the winter in order to make a secure withdrawal. Owing to the present weakness of the German army, its lines are too extended to hold. This feebleness gives Foch the option of pressing his offensive in hitherto undisturbed parts of the front. At the same time, it is inadvisable to overestimate the German weakness. The enemy, in order to deceive the allies into a premature show of their full strength, is doubtless making a stronger exhibition of decrepitude than the actual state of the German army warrants.

* * *

Students of the war at Paris are inclined to believe that the enemy is going to retreat on the shortest line possible in order to release more troops and to consolidate his position. Prisoners of war testify that a heavy movement of German troops is proceeding to Russia. The reports of withdrawals of enemy forces from the Ukraine, circulated in neutral European capitals, are for the purpose of concealing the real German intentions. The enemy looks to the docile Russian population as a source of future recruitment to continue the war, and he is apparently getting ready to meet the allies in the east. Meanwhile, more allied reinforcements, this time Americans, have arrived in Archangel. The intentions are apparently to make an early sweep into Russia.

* * *

On a sudden the Siberian front has fallen back 4000 miles. It now has its forward base on the mighty Volga. Thus the shadowy Bolshevik power has vanished from Asia and is even disappearing from Europe. Vologda, Nishni-Novgorod and other Russian towns now liberated have felt the weight of the Bolshevik hand and never want its return. The Russian peasants are taking up arms to assist the allies as soon as they come within the spheres of allied influence. Trotzky in Moscow is showing himself a glutton for human blood, and executions of opposing Russian partisans are abounding. They have also murdered, it is said, the ex-empress of Russia and her four daughters. Bolshevik leaders are threatening to burn down Moscow and Petrograd. It is expected that they will shortly disband into small parties and endeavor to escape merited punishment.

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

Earlscourt

FAVOR COMMITTEE TO DECIDE ISSUE

Feeling in Earlscourt Regarding Proposed Memorial Hall to Soldiers.

WANTED INFORMATION

Mrs. Cohen Asks Question She Tried to Put to Last Meeting.

The local feeling in Earlscourt regarding the B.I.A. Memorial Hall, about which there is so much excitement, seems in favor of the appointment of a people's committee as suggested by Ald. Brook-Sykes at last Wednesday night's meeting at Dufferin Street School. Merchants are holding off until the question of the two halls is settled one way or the other as they feel that if both halls are erected they will be called upon to dig down for a double subscription.

There is no doubt whatever that the idea of a memorial hall for Earlscourt is looked upon very favorably, but as to who shall have the honor of erecting it is quite a debatable subject.

Had a Question.

Mrs. Cohen, president of the Great War Veterans' ladies' auxiliary, who was refused a hearing at Monday night's meeting in the Central Methodist Church, said to a reporter for The World:

"I wanted to ask the British Imperial Association a question, not in my capacity as president of the auxiliary, but solely as the wife of a soldier doing his 'bit' at the front. I should have asked what had the B. I. A. done for soldiers' dependents while their loved ones were shedding their life's blood on the battlefields in western France. Much more, I wanted to ask this association, but President MacNicol refused me a hearing, but the matter will not end here. I shall bring it up at our next meeting."

Mrs. Cohen and her co-workers have done splendid work for soldier families in Earlscourt.

TAXPAYER WOULD LIKE CONSULTATION ON HALL

Editor World: I notice that you are giving considerable publicity to the proposed memorial hall which the British Imperial Association say they intend to build. As a taxpayer, I would like to ask why should this association take our money to build a memorial hall without first consulting the city hall. The writer was present at the coal meeting and also the one held in the school-room last week. Most of the talk was "hot air," the chairman making most of the noise. Then a man who calls himself a major, I think his name was Gardener, took the floor and said that the war veterans didn't want any hall built with B. I. A. money.

This speech caused an uproar. Now sir, what I want to know is, why a score of men who met in this schoolroom should be allowed to collect $50,000 to be sent to one man on Nairn avenue to build a hall without the people themselves being consulted. What about the bank holding the money in trust.

Trusting to have fair play in The World, which we can't get in Earlscourt, and thanking you for supporting the working man in your valuable paper.

"Ascot Avenue."

HIT BY ENGINE.

Coal Wagon Damaged and Its Load Scattered.

John McIlroyd, who drives a team for G. M. Gibb, M.C., a returned man in the coal and lumber business in Earlscourt, met with a mishap at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Lansdowne and Royce avenue tracks of the C.P.R. McIlroyd was driving a wagon loaded with coal and as he passed the gates, which had been raised, an engine which was shunting caught the rear of his wagon, partly smashing it and throwing the coal all over the tracks. Beyond a slight shake up McIlroyd sustained no injuries.

Leaside

BANK AT LEASIDE.

A branch bank is to be opened at Leaside.

OPENING NEW STREET.

The city is cutting a new street (Cleveland street) between Merton and Balliol streets. Cleveland street, when opened, will go thru to Eglinton avenue and will prove a boon to residents in that section.

COMPLAIN OF SPEEDING.

Residents of Merton street complain of the speeding of jitney cars between Yonge street and Leaside.

WILLIE KAY PROGRESSING.

Willie Kay, 187 Merton street, the 11-year-old boy who was knocked down and badly injured by a seven passenger touring car on Saturday in Leaside, is progressing as well as can be expected. The boy's father, Pte. John Kay, C.E.F., is in the firing line in France.

WANT SPECIAL LICENSE.

Councillor Wilkinson, of Leaside, is away on vacation. The drivers of jitney buses and motor cars plying between Yonge street (Farnham avenue) and Leaside intend to make application to the Council for a special license. The matter will be discussed on the return of the councillor.

PARTY REACHES CITY FROM OVERSEAS DUTY

Sixteen officers and one private arrived in Toronto yesterday afternoon from military service overseas. They came via New York. The list: Toronto men: Lieut.-Col. A. E. Inge of the Bank of Nova Scotia; Major M. A. Frost, 110 Jamieson avenue; Lieut. H. F. Hopkins, son of Dr. Hopkins; Lieut. A. F. Pringle, Lieut. C. E. Borg, Lieut. S. W. Clemett. London: Col. F. A. Reid, Pte. F. Taylor. St. Catharines: Lieut. A. S. Malcolmson. Grimsby: Major H. L. Roberts. Ottawa: Lieut.-Col. J. F. Holmes. Collingwood: Major A. McFall. Kincardine: Lieut. A. M. McCrimmon. Belleville: Lieut. J. C. Carroll. Blenheim: Nursing Sister A. Stover; Edmonton: Capt. G. L. McDonnell. Mimico: Capt. J. C. Gault.

Danforth

SOME SCHEME WANTED TO SUPPLY THE COAL

J. B. Harris of the W. Harris Company, Danforth avenue, speaking of the coal situation, and the possibilities of everyone receiving a supply during the cold weather, says: "Some scheme should be quickly devised for the benefit of the thousands of people who have no coal, and with no prospect of getting a supply. A controller should be appointed, with a staff of assistants, who would see that the law is carried out in Toronto, and that everyone is supplied with a fair and equitable quantity of coal, according to his requirements and to the amount of stock available in the city.

"I think, also, that there are a large number of people who have already got in their winter supply," said Mr. Harris, "and the supply of those who are yet without fuel ought not to be a very difficult matter, if taken in the right way and in the proper spirit."

Block Pavement on South Should Be Finished Today

The block pavement on the south roadway on the Don viaduct should be completed today. There remains only a gap of 30 feet to be laid with wood blocks in the centre of the roadway, and a stretch of 50 feet at the eastern end. Two concrete mixers are now at work on the roadway between the Rosedale and main bridges. One is employed in the filling in of the double line of tracks, and the other is engaged in the laying of the sidewalk on the north side and along Castle Frank road.

ARRANGE POULTRY SHOW.

More Attention to Be Given Production, Say Officers at Meeting.

The monthly meeting of the Danforth Poultry Association was held in Playter's Hall, Danforth avenue, recently. D. K. Crook, president, occupied the chair. The arrangement for the forthcoming annual show was the principal business of the evening. It was decided not to exhibit pet stock, but to give more attention to greater production, and have a special class for eggs. The show will be held in the old curling rink, corner of Main street and Danforth avenue, on Dec. 12, 13 and 14. William Rowe was appointed show secretary, with power to select his own assistants. The executive committee will act as show committee.

KITCHEN GARDEN PROFITABLE.

Hundred Dollar Return From $2 Outlay in East End.

Walter Brown has a 60 x 120 foot garden at his home on 190 Coxwell avenue which is giving excellent results. He planted 75 cents' worth of seed potatoes some months ago. Today his potato patch has yielded at least four hundred-pound sacks. He has a bag and a half of tomatoes from three dozen plants, and has met with equal success with his roots. He stated yesterday that the little garden land yielded $100 worth of food upon a two-dollar outlay.

Riverdale

BROADVIEW FALL FAIR ENTRIES ARE NUMEROUS

A meeting of the Broadview Y.M.C.A. Boys' Fall Fair board of directors was held last evening, with H. J. Walker occupying the chair.

The secretary reported that there were more entries this year than in any preceding year. It was decided to canvass the public schools much more closely in connection with writing and agricultural entries, and it was deemed advisable to hold the entry list open until Sept. 17, the day preceding the fair.

The advertising manager reported very considerable co-operation among the moving picture theatres in displaying notices on their screens. "This being S. O. S. year, everyone is helping," he said.

Returned soldiers will be admitted free of charge into the fair grounds.

RHODES AVENUE PRESBYTERIANS.

A special pre-communion service was held last evening in Rhodes Avenue Presbyterian Church, when a large congregation attended. Twenty new members were received, and Rev. H. A. Berlis, minister, officiated.

WATER FOR BARTON A PRESSING PROBLEM

Controllers Will Try to Draw Up an Agreement Satisfactory to Both Parties.

Hamilton, Sept. 11.—Tomorrow morning the board of control will turn its attention again to the problem of relieving the water famine in Barton Township without tying the city's hands for all time to come. With the assistance of the city solicitor, the board will attempt to draw up an agreement which will in no way prejudice the city. Under the proclamation of 1903, the city is called upon to supply water to Barton residents within 300 yards of the city mains. There is nothing to compel the city to provide the township proper. As pointed out by the city solicitor, the city would have no jurisdiction over the township.

It is admitted that conditions in the township are appalling, but many things stand in the way of solving the problem. In that part of the township on the mountain it would be necessary to blast thru rock to lay the mains. It would make the cost to the township exceptionally high, and there are numerous legal difficulties to be overcome.

For many years the residents have had to depend upon water supplied from watering tanks. When that is not available, they must use a creek, which passes thru a cemetery. The council is eager to do something, and it is expected that a satisfactory solution will be arrived at by the time the next council meeting rolls around.

TRANSFER OF COLLEGE AS SOLDIERS' SCHOOL

Winnipeg, Sept. 11.—It is stated today that Manitoba Provincial Treasurer Hon. Edward Brown and Dr. R. M. Blake, M.P., are laying before the Ottawa authorities an extensive plan for the transfer of the Agricultural College in St. Vital to the federal government as a training school for soldiers.

About $4,200,000 was invested in the St. Vital buildings by the late Manitoba Government, all of which will be returned to this province by the federal government if the deal goes thru.

MONTHS OF TERROR DISTRACT RUSSIA

Petrograd and Moscow Pass Thru Mad Attempt of Bolsheviki.

MAY BURN CAPITAL

Wholesale Executions of Soviet Opponents Take Place.

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—July and August were months of horror which never will be forgotten by persons who watched Russia's two great cities—Petrograd and Moscow—pass thru the mad attempt of the Bolsheviki to shoot or imprison all persons who disagree with their wild efforts to control crumbling European Russia. September probably will be worse, for the opposition parties are gaining strength thru desperation.

The lives of the non-Bolsheviki are unsafe, and everywhere in Russia self-defense is forcing unwilling belligerents to take up arms against the ruthless persecution of the so-called commissions for the suppression of a counter-revolution, which shoot down the bourgeoisie by the hundreds.

Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik minister of war, evidently is determined that his dictatorship of the proletariat shall not repeat the history of the former provisional government, and fail thru being too merciful.

Ex-Premier Kerensky refused to impose the death penalty, and his government fell almost without the loss of a life, but the observers of the Russian political situation say that no such bloodless end will come to the soviet republic. It has given no quarter, and it will receive none.

Premier Lenine, War Minister Trotzky, Sverdloff, president of the central executive committee, and other Bolshevik leaders realize this, and they doubtless will fight as long as a single soldier remains loyal to them.

To Destroy Moscow.

Trotzky has said in speeches that Moscow will be reduced to ashes before it is surrendered. Yaroslav, a town on the Volga, 160 miles northeast of Moscow, was burned for resisting Bolshevik domination, and Vologda, 110 miles north of Yaroslav, is reported to have suffered the same fate.

Night has been hideous in Moscow for months, because of the volleys from execution squads in the military enclosures, where prisoners are kept. Foreigners and Russians alike were searched without warrants, and the red guards marched crowds of men and women prisoners thru the streets with such regularity that pedestrians hardly noticed them.

Marie Spiridonova, a social revolutionary leader, charged in her memorable speech before the all-Russian soviet congress at Moscow on July 4, that Bolshevik rule was more tyrannical than that of the late Czar, and the reign of terror had scarcely begun at that time.

Dr. Karl Helfferich, the German ambassador at Moscow, rushed back to Berlin and reported to his government that Moscow was in such a state of anarchy that the embassy could not stay there, and he is alleged to have advised a discontinuance of diplomatic relations with the soviet power. There is little wonder that Ambassador Helfferich had such an impression. Two attempts were made on his life while he was in Moscow.

Attempt on Life.

This is the first news to come out of Russia of an attempt being made on the life of the new German ambassador at Moscow. His predecessor, Count Mirbach, was assassinated.

Shots were heard everywhere day and night, and motor lorries filled with armed soldiers dashed madly thru the streets with utter disregard for the lives of civilians. The actual fighting which took place in the streets of Moscow on July 7, when the city was under artillery fire for several hours, was less terrifying to the public than were the endless days of sheer brutality, when the soldiers imposed on the helpless public by virtue of their arms.

Men who have refused to fight the Czecho-Slovaks on the Volga have been arrested. Even the helpless and paralytic and one old woman more than 80 years old have been taken into custody.

Wild Campaign.

Such is the wild campaign carried on by the Bolsheviki under the guise of suppressing a counter-revolution. Moses Uritzky, who mercilessly directed activity of this sort in Petrograd, paid for it with his life, but Dzerzhinsky still continues his frantic persecution of civilians in Moscow. Former army officers are the greatest sufferers at the hands of this wild search for counter-revolutionaries, but it extends to all sections of the bourgeoisie.

Not content with seizing the property of the educated classes, the Bolsheviki are now harassing them in every possible way. A brutal class war is encouraged by exhortations in the Bolshevik newspapers to continue attacks upon the bourgeoise and even to take their lives.

Vengeance on Jews.

But bad as conditions are now in Moscow and in Petrograd, a worse situation is expected by the intelligent classes if an interregnum takes place. The spirit of vengeance is so strong and the feeling so bitter against the Jewish leaders, arrivals here from Russia say, that rioting against the Jews is generally feared. Such riots never are confined to one class in Russia, but expand into general plunder and murder.

The apparent abandonment of European Russia by the Germans has led to the belief that their experience in the Ukraine has caused them to cease in their efforts to establish a monarchy or to support any other new government friendly to them.

The Russians are helplessly pleading for outside assistance. Democrats and other bourgeoisie friendly to the Germans are now turning to the entente allies since the defeat of the Germans on the western front and the successes of the Czecho-Slovak, Murman, and Vladivostok movements.

Radicals in Disfavor.

The constitutional democratic party and the other parties of the extreme right, however, are in such disfavor with the great mass of Russians of the centre that foreign diplomats are not willing to take them seriously.

The Czecho-Slovak movement beyond the River Volga has gained the support of factions favoring a constituent assembly, and it is making the more reactionary programs impossible, as Siberia generally is conceded to be the key to reconstruction in European Russia.

Somewhere among the social revolutionaries, probably among those of the right, a leader is expected to develop who may eventually crystalize the opposition to the Bolsheviki.

M. Tchernoff, former minister of agriculture and chairman of the suspended assembly, and General Boris Savinkoff, former military commander of Petrograd and acting minister of war in the Kerensky cabinet, are the most conspicuous social revolutionaries at present. Their whereabouts is unknown, but General Savinkoff is reported to be in Siberia.

HESSE'S PRINCE WANTS CROWN OF FINLAND

London, Sept. 11.—Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse has declared his willingness to receive the crown of Finland, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen today. The prince is now visiting Finland, accompanied by a strong guard, and has been engaged in conference with political leaders in the different cities he has passed thru. The Finnish landtag is summoned to meet on Sept. 26 for the election of a king.

Advices from Scandinavian sources, in forecasting the election of a king for Finland during September, stated it was probable that either Duke Adolph Fredrick of Mecklenburg-Schwerin or Prince William of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen would be chosen.

Prince Frederick Charles is a brother-in-law of Emperor William, having married the emperor's youngest sister.

KAISER SENDS THANKS TO GERMAN FARMERS

London, Sept. 11.—Emperor William has telegraphed expressions of his thanks and confidence in the agriculturists of Germany for the work they are carrying out for Germany in the war, according to a despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam.

The despatch, which is addressed to the German Agricultural Union, expresses the unshakable confidence and profund thanks of the Fatherland to what is due to the agricultural population, "no less than to our brave sons in the field" in a struggle "such as the history of the world never before has recorded." The emperor says the agriculturists are "with the help of God, victoriously defending their country, and keeping the enemy far from their holy ground."

"God will reward all for his faithfulness, and give us the force and the will to break the enemy, and to pave the way for the happy future of the German countries," the message concluded.

BIG FUNERAL FOR VICTIMS.

Experts Will Test Cable which Caused Disaster at Nanaimo.

Nanaimo, B.C., Sept. 11.—A public funeral of the 16 victims of yesterday's mine disaster will be held on Thursday, with the entire membership of the Nanaimo Ministerial Association in charge of the services.

An inquest was opened this morning. In addition to the coroner's investigation, a rigid inquiry will be made by the provincial minister of mines, who announced that the best experts would be retained for testing the broken cable and fixing the responsibility for the accident. It is said that the cage with its sixteen men made only about one-third of the load under which the cable should have operated with perfect safety.

NO ATTORNEYS NEEDED TO PLEAD FOR ALIENS

Many cases have been noted of men ordered to report to the colors or apprehended under the M.S.A., who have grounds for leave of absence, or release from military service by reason of alien nationality under the War Times Elections Act, employing the services of attorneys or other third parties, states Toronto military headquarters.

The military are warned that all possible steps must be taken to discourage this practice. The declaration is made that it is neither the intention nor the desire of the military authorities to retain any man who is not in fact liable for service, or to refuse leave when there are sufficient grounds under existing instructions for the granting of it. All units are warned to ensure that any draftee desiring to lay his case before the company commander of his battalion or leave-of-absence officer is given every facility to do so and careful consideration given his case.

AN ELEGANT FALL DISPLAY AND SPECIAL SALE OF

ORIENTAL RUGS

We are pleased to inform our numerous patrons and the rug buyers of Toronto and vicinity that, having recently received a very large new shipment of Persian Rugs, we have now on our floor

The Finest and Largest Stock Ever Exhibited in Canada

We invite Rug buyers to pay us an early visit and inspect our large variety of sizes, colors and designs. A large number of large and small size Rugs from our old stock are offered now at the original old prices, which are considered great bargains today.

☞ Out of Town Orders and Inquiries Given Prompt Attention, and Rugs Can be Sent on Approval.

L. BABAYAN

Canada's Largest Rug Store.

34 KING ST. EAST, COR. VICTORIA ST.

INDIAN FOUND DEAD ON BRANT RESERVE

Head Was in a Pool of Blood, But No Motive for Crime is Known.

Brantford, Sept. 11.—The body of David Lickers, an Indian about 50 years of age, was found late yesterday afternoon about 15 yards from his own door, on the reserve near Six Nations Corners, with marks indicating violence. Coroner Dr. Hicks was summoned, and, with the Indian constable, F. J. Atkins, brought the body to Brantford, where an inquest was held tonight. No motive for the act and no suspicions of personal enmity have yet been advanced.

Lickers was last seen alive on Sunday night, when he was at the house of Constable Atkins, on whose farm he worked. His wife was away, and he was staying alone in his little home. It was a white man named Atkinson who found him, and he at once reported it to Chief Simon Bumberry. Only a step from his home the man was lying with his head pillowed in blood, and with a bad mark on the side of his head. The constable found $11.56 in his pocket, so the perpetrator, if there was one, did not seek money.

DOUBLE THE YIELD OF SPRING WHEAT

Premier Hearst, at Ottawa Exhibition, Speaks of Production in Ontario.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—Premier Hearst Ontario, in an informative address at the directors luncheon of the Central Canada Exhibition today, revealed some of the remarkable results of greater production in Ontario, one of the most striking instances being that in spring wheat alone the production had been 8,000,000 bushels compared with 4,000,000 bushels in 1917. He spoke of the increase in field crops, hog production and live stock breeding, devoting most of his time to praising the farmers for what they had accomplished. He alluded to good roads only in a casual way at the start, emphasizing the fact that the Ontario Government desired the movement to go ahead as fast as possible in conjunction with the municipal governments.

Another extremely interesting address on the improvement of New York's state roads was given by Hon. Edwin Duffy, commissioner of highways for New York. The other provincial ministers, Hon. Howard Ferguson, Hon. T. W. McGarry, Dr. R. F. Preston, spoke briefly. Hon. T. W. McCarry, provincial treasurer, prophesied that the day would come when Ontario would have not 4000 miles of improved roads like New York, but 80,000 miles. He said the government was keenly alive to the needs of the province.

TRANSPORT TORPEDOED; AMERICANS RESCUED

London, Sept. 11.—A troopship with 2800 American soldiers on board has been torpedoed. All hands were saved. The troopship was beached.

In order to save time, instead of launching the boats, the men clambered down ropes to destroyers, which swarmed around the stricken vessel and came close alongside.

This operation was greatly facilitated by the fact that the sea was not rough.

The troopship was a member of a large convoy approaching the English coast. The vessel was torpedoed 200 miles from shore at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon.

WE PAY SPOT CASH AND FULL VALUE FOR ANY KIND OF VICTORY BONDS and scrip certificates, whether registered or bearer, even if not paid up in full.

WHITE & CO.

General Brokers, 33 Adelaide West, (next to Regent Theatre)

Open daily till 7 p.m., including Saturdays.

If You Live Out of Town Write Us.