arisen entirely from the attraction of the new principles. The first successes of the French insurrection, a natural leaning to what was then thought to be the cause of liberty, the revolutions in the Belgic provinces and in Poland, and the total failure of the Austrian and Prussian campaign of 1792, followed by the successful invasion of Brabant, had, all together, excited the admiration of surrounding nations.

Every arrangement had been taken in the French ports and armies to commence hostilities at sea and on the continent, before it could be known in London or at the Hague that war was declared. The criss was awful; and my imagination cannot six bounds to the evils then impending, if the invasion of Holland * had met with the same success.

^{*} Dumouriez, in his Memoirs, and in his Letters to Pache and Miranda, affects to fay, and others have repeated, that his fuccess against Holland was prevented by the Austrian victories of the 1st and 3d of March. Those victories were glorious and important, and certainly