

- S/RES/650 (27 March 1990) Re: Expanding the mandate of the UN Observer Group in Central America (ONUCA).
- S/RES/651 (29 March 1990) Re: Renewal of mandate of the UN Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group.
- S/RES/652 (17 April 1990) Re: Request for admission of Namibia to the United Nations.
- S/RES/653 (20 April 1990) Re: Adding new tasks to the mandate of the ONUCA.
- S/RES/654 (4 May 1990) Re: Extending the mandate of the UN Observer Group in Central America.
- S/RES/655 (31 May 1990) Re: Renewal of mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.
- S/RES/656 (8 June 1990) Re: Prolonging mandate of responsibilities incumbent on ONUCA.
- S/RES/657 (15 June 1990) Re: Prolonging stationing of UN peacekeeping forces in Cyprus.
- S/RES/658 (27 June 1990) Re: Efforts to resolve the issue of West Sahara.

During this period, four provisional resolutions were rejected. The first, supported by Canada, asked Israel to lift its siege of the Occupied Territories. The United States was alone in voting against it. The second, opposed by Canada, deplored the United States' intervention in Panama and demanded an immediate end to that intervention and withdrawal of American forces from Panama. The United States, France and the United Kingdom also voted against this resolution, while Finland abstained.

Canada supported two other provisional resolutions on which the United States was alone in exercising its veto. The first deplored the events of 29 December 1989 at the residence of the Ambassador of Nicaragua in Panama, declaring that these events constituted a violation of diplomatic and consular privileges and immunities recognized by international law and the Vienna Convention. The second called for the establishment of a Committee to examine the policies and practices of Israel in the Occupied Territories.

Source for the Security Council Voting Record: External Affairs and International Trade Canada, Ottawa.