

In 1984, new bilateral restraint arrangements were negotiated with Mauritius and Indonesia, bringing the total number of long-term textile and clothing restraint arrangements to 21, all of which expire on December 31, 1986. Additional products were also added to the existing restraint arrangements in place with Sri Lanka, Malaysia, China, Singapore and Thailand.

(c) Footwear

Following an enquiry by the Anti-dumping Tribunal under Section 16.1 of the Anti-dumping Act, (now repealed and its provisions incorporated in the Special Import Measures Act S.C. 1983-84 c. 25), it was found that imports of footwear were causing or threatening to cause injury to Canadian producers of like goods, the Government announced, effective December 1, 1977, the imposition of a quota on imports of footwear from all sources. The coverage of this global quota excluded rubber and canvas footwear and downhill ski boots, as well as plastic and waterproof footwear. In June 1980, the Government announced the extension of the quota to November 30, 1981 to enable the Anti-dumping Tribunal to carry out an enquiry into the need for continued special measures of protection.

Pursuant to the 1981 report of the Tribunal, the Government, on November 24, 1981, announced the extension for three years of the global quota on imports of non-leather footwear, along with the addition of canvas footwear effective December 1, 1981. Leather footwear, which had been covered by previous footwear quota, was at that time excluded from quota coverage.

On July 9, 1982, the government announced that, effective that date, imports of leather footwear were once again under control, pursuant to the 1981 report of the Anti-dumping Tribunal.