

After examining the Wallace mining location he coasted the east coast of Georgian Bay to Penetanguishene and Collingwood.

Hunt visited mineral springs at St. Leon, Caxton, Champlain, Quebec, Varennes, Sabrevois and St. Benoit, Que.

1849.

Logan and Murray spent most of the summer in the Eastern Townships between the Chaudière and the Temiscouata road. As coal was supposed by some to occur near Murray Bay and Bay St. Paul, Que., and petitions for borings had been sent to the Legislature, Logan was asked to make an examination. This took some time, and he did not finish his work in the Eastern Townships.

Hunt accompanied Logan on the St. Francis and Chaudière rivers, but later visited portions of the west to collect soils. Mineral waters also occupied part of his attention.

1850.

The Provincial Act creating the Survey expired in March, and it was August before it was renewed.

Logan was part of the time in London superintending the collection of exhibits for the Exhibition, but later continued the examination of the gold-bearing gravels of the Chaudière.

Murray spent the summer in Western Ontario tracing the rocks of the Niagara escarpment.

Hunt was with Logan in the Chaudière district. In September he went to the north shore of the St. Lawrence below Quebec and then returned to Montreal to continue laboratory work.

Richardson collected fossils at Cornwall.

1851.

Logan went to England with the exhibit but returned in August, then, with Richardson, studied the outcrop of the Potsdam sandstone near the St. Lawrence.

Murray worked between the Ottawa and St. Lawrence rivers east of Gananoque. He made a short excursion to Enniskillen Township, in Western Ontario, to examine into the reports of mineral pitch or petroleum. He also collected fossils at Edwardstown and in Township Beverly, Wentworth, Ont.