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An Afternoon at the Light- of rock and in front looking was easier to grasp the princihouse

(By W. A. Craick)

corner, where great heaps of of this great glass globe a fixed stones have been swept by the and powerful light is placed. sea. It was curious to find a It can be reached from the

something very fascinating a-bout a lighthouse. Perhaps it cottage in it to notice some When it is lighted and the attracts attention because it glorious sweet peas in bloom. clockwork set in motion, the suggests adventures by sea, This was the only bit of vege- bull's-eyes begin to revolve. thrilling stories of wreck and tation until one reached the If they were stationary, the rescue all the aroma that at- higher ground beyond the light would, of course, stream taches to tales and ships and cottage.

sailors. Or it may be that it The keeper was standing at lines, but as they turn, the is the element of romance in the door of his dwelling when rays swing round and round the lives of the men who tend I finally reached the top of the in the horizon. The speed of the light that appeals to the ridge, and when I had ex- revolution is such, that, to any fancy. Whatever it is, there plained that I would like to one standing still within the seems always to exist a bond look over the lighthouse, he field of the light, a flash would of interest between the travel- gladly consented to accom- come every $2\frac{1}{2}$ seconds, or ler on shipboard and the lonely pany me. Crossing the open twenty-four flashes to the minlighthouse on the rocky coast. space that intervened between ute. This involves a com-

Almost everybody must the house and the tower, he plete turn of the beehive every know in a general way some- opened the door of the latter twenty seconds, or three times thing about lighthouses. That and led me into the lowest a- round in a minute. they are usually tall buildings partment of the lighthouse. The light itself is made from of wood, stone or iron erected Great wooden beams rose on gas generated from oil, It on some dangerous rock, bear- the sides and in the centre, looks precisely like an ordin-

ing aloft a light to serve as a supporting the upper works. ary mantle burner, though on guide to mariners during the Dozens of large cans of oil in a much larger scale than those darkness of night, is matter of wooden cases stood piled on in domestic use. The genercommon knowledge. Beyond the far side. The place smelt ator stands in the lower part this, however, the acquain- strongly of oil and paint, but of the lantern, whence the gas tance of most people with the was scrupulously clean, On is led up into the light by a interior, the mechanism and the left a stairway ascended to pipe. The beehive revolves the operation of a lighthouse, the next floor. We climbed in mercury, of which a large is presumably but slight, so up the steps, passed chamber quantity is required.

that the story of a visit to one after chamber, each narrower It takes three men to watch of the most important light on than the one below it, and at the light and attend to the the east coast of Canada should last stepped out through an other dutics connected with iron trap-door into the base of the lighthouse. For instance, not come amiss.

a foot in diameter, with eight concentric rings of glass sur-rounding it, each lapping over the edge of the other, the last forming a big circle several feet wide. 'I he eight bull'seves were filled in at top and bottom and joined together by other horizontal circles of glass that completed the sphere. The whole contrivance is called a beehive, which is, perhaps, the most expressive name for it that could be devised. Having seen the beehive, it

cave piece of thick glass about

right down into a sheltered ple of the light. In the centre To most people there is plot of grass lying between the floor beneath through an opout in eight straight fixed

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Travellers who cross that the lantern. The tower had a most important service is retempestuous corner of the At- now narrowed in to perhaps a quired in keeping the foghorn lantic which lies between Nova width of twelve feet. We were ready for instant use. Down Scotia and the New_England still shut in, but just above us below the lighthouse stands a coast from Yarmouth to Bos- the windows of the lantern let group of buildings devoted to ton, or who passed around the in a flood of the afternoon this purpose. They contain boilers, in which steam is alshore of Nova Scotia from sunlight.

Halifax to St. John, may have Occupying the centre of the ways up, so that should a fog observed on a rocky promon-lantern and leaving only a roll in, as is often the ease, the tory near the mouth of Yar- small space between it and the siren may be turned on at once mouth harbor a lofty light- wall was the huge mechanism The horn, like the lantern of house. It is known to sailors of the light. One's old notion the lighthouse, works autoas Cape Forchu light, and, a- that the light consisted of a matically, and the blare of part from certain powerful number of oil lamps placed sound bursts out across the beacons on the Straits of Belle in front of polished reflecters water at regular intervals.

Isle, it is one of the most was now entirely shattered. Life at the lighthouse is modern and powerful lights Here was something much lonely enough. Though ships maintained by the Canadian more complicated and ingen- pass by at frequent intervals, ious than an old-fashioned oil no vessel stops save the supply

Government. Leaving Yarmouth on a lamp. Inside the enclosed boat once a year. In summer small steamer which piles be- space there was concealed po- visitors often come down from tween the town and a summer werful clockworks operated by the town; but in winter the resort lying near the mouth a heavy weight, the winding keeper and his assistants are of the harbor, I was presently up of which formed one of the practically cut off from the landed within a mile or two lightkeeper's daily tasks. world. They have their exof the lighthouse, whence I These works turned the en- citing times, too, when bad was compelled to complete the tire body of the light, causing storms rage around the lonely journey on foot. Passing a- those flashes that make the ill- cape and the waves buffet the round the shore of False Har- umination so much more bril- tower, but the sturdy wooden lighthouse has withstood their bor, a treacherous indentation liant and effective. of the sea lying between Cape In order to understand the attack for seventy-five years Forchu and West Cape, the idea better, the lightkeeper and is doubtless good for many road runs along the base of the led me up still higher. We are more.

great hummock of land that now in the very top of the The night after my visit to forms the westerly side of the the lighthouse. All around the lighthouse I sailed out of entrance into Yarmouth Har- were heavy plate glass window Yarmouth Harbor on a steambor. At its extremity this set in solid metal frames. er bound for Boston. As hummock is pared down into Though very little wind was darkness crept over the great a long, narrow finger of rock blowing, there was a steady silent ocean I watched for the that runs down under the sea, roar of sound, a noise which is first gleam from the tower on while just before it finally audible even on the stillest day Cape Forchu. At last it came sheers off, the lighthouse has and which becomes positively a clear, sharp flash, driving been erected on the higher deafening in a storm. The view straight across the waves. from this height was glorious. Then, out over the heaving ground. The tower is octagonal in One could see far out to sea, waters of the mighty Atlantic

shape, with its sides painted across a wide expense of bril- flash followed flash with clockalternately red and white. It liant blue water. Then to like precision. stands eighty-one feet high eastward lay the entrance of deck of the receding steamfrom the base to the tip of the the harbor and beyond it the ship the gradually diminishing vane above the lantern, while hills of Yarmouth County, sharpness and brilliance of the its height from high water dotted with whitewashed cot- gleam conveyed a sort of melmark is 138 feet. In spite of tages, green fields and woods. ancholy and protracted farethis elevation, Atlantic storms Nothward stretched the ribbon well. With the passing miles have driven waves right up to of the harbor, with its many the light became less and less the lantern, while it has been indentations, and in the dis- distinct, grew into a wavering no uncommon occurence in tance the houses and towers effulgence on the horizon and bad weather for the tower to of the port. Westward one at last died out entirely leavbe time and again deluged in looked across False Harbor to ing only stars and sea and the spray. Even a temporary ex- the wooded height of West quivering mass of the liner amination of the rocks around Cape and on to the waters of flowing steadily westward. the lighthouse discloses the the Bay of Fundy. Such was the light that effects of the action of the This was the prospect look- guards a dangerous corner of

waves upon the granite. The ing out from the lantern. In- Nova Scotia coast. Night surface of the rock is scored side one's attention was at- after night its rays sweep over and broken, great pieces are tracted by an enormous glass the sea as a never-ceasing gouged out, and some of it is contrivance that rose from the warning to the mariner. On honey - combed just like a level of the floor to a height clear nights it is visible as far of ten or twelve feet. In gen- away as forty miles, while orsponge. The lighthouse-keeper's eral shape it was almost spher- dinarily it may be descried for

house stands quite near the ical, but bulging out midway forty miles.

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otwer on the landward side, a between its base and top there neat wooden building, pro- were eight big bullseyes. These MINARD'S LINIMENT Lumberman's tected at the back by a ridge were formed of a central con-Friend.

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