BIRTH.

y given that sixty days tend to apply to the Honer of Lands and Works for ase one hundred and sixty or less, situated on Selwyn and, and described as foltat a north-east corner outh along shore 40 chains; s; then north 40 chains; as the point of commence-W. H. DEMPSTER.

given that 60 days after o apply to the Honourable oner of Lands and Works surchase 160 acres of land, ed on Rockfish Harbour, described as follows:—uth-west corner post, runs 40 chains; thence north st 40 chains; thence north st 40 chains; thence south

commencement.
THOS. SHOTBOLT.
t July, 1891.
14-2m-wy given that 60 days after date by to the Honourable Chief ands and Works for per-160 acres of land, more or Cumshewa Inlet, Moresby d as follows:—Commenc-corner post, then running 0 chains; then north 40 40 chains; then south 40 mmencement. st July, 1891.

## LIS BROWNE'S RODYNE.

and ONLY GENUINE r W. Page Wood stated at Dr. J. Collis Browne e inventor of Chlorodyne, of the defendant Freeman, and he regretted to say worn to.—Times, July 13, BROWNE'S CHLORO-T AND MOST CERTAIN HS, COLDS, ASTHMA, EURALGIA, RHEUMA-

BROWNE'S CHLORO-Hon. Earl HUSSELL com-ollege of Physicians and it he had received infor-that the only remedy of the was Chlorodyne.—See BROWNE'S CHLOROd by scores of orthodox arse it would not be thus

BROWNE'S CHLORO-cure for Cholera, Dysen-BROWNE'S CHLOROone genuine without the is Browne's Chlorodyne," rwhelming medical testi-ach bot le. Sole manufac-VPORT, 33 Great Russell ondon. Sold in bottles at and lise

and 11s.

ess of China arrived at ay last, and sailed for

ports that the Parthia feet 3 inches aft when

orian will begin running ptember 1. The Will-s of Portland is making es in her machinerv. it

er George R. White, end on Tuesday with s at Sand Point July 2 Thetis to leave. She came on after a night of er had to cut loose and

st Steamship Company to San Francisco to \$9 ous to sailing from Se-off the opposition steam-blic, which takes second-or \$8. It was not officiit undoubtedly was. business considerably, alla carried 30 steerage attle and quite a number ttle Telegraph.

C. E. Chipman, of the rrived from Winnipeg, pany's western depart-ain here several days. here several days. rthern excursion. ton, General Freight . Co., and F. J. Stephen,

this morning, for Van-nt at the Johnson vs. C.

rins of Spokane Falls, rs. F. A. Shipen, Wm. S. Harbon and wife, of form a party of tourists he Driard.

Day in New York for Twenty Years.

### The Hospital Crowded with Cases of Sunstroke-At Least a Dozen Deaths.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.-Ninety-four degrees in the shade was registered by the At 2 p.m. a thunder storm relieved the oppressiveness somewhat. At 3:30 the thercommeter had fallen to 84. The rain cooled the sidewalks and houses and freshened up things. It was a welcome relief. All day on the business streets, especially those where the horse cars run, it was pitiable to see the sufferings of the horses. The animals gave but on all sides. Altogether the aday was one of misery for man and beast. At Coney Island, this afternoon, the mercury registered 83. The reports sent out by the weather bureau do not give an adequate idea of the intensity of the heat. When the thermometer, in the observatory on top of the Equitable building, registers 92, it is much warmer than that on the surface in the crowded streets, between the high buildings, where the heat is realized from the pavements and walls.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—One of the morning papers says that salaries must be cut down, the close of the close of in civil war. The personal friendship which bound this quintatte was one of the most beautiful things in the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1892. The estimates already prepared show an apparent deficit of \$23,740. The total amount available for the use of the commission and its officers is \$59,700. At present the commission and the wits used to say it was his last. He had no taste for the bar. Born in Cambridge in 1819, he graduated at Harvard in 1838, and at once bloomed out as once that the working force, and cut down the salaries of the apolition state.

The Great Chicage Swingle.

The Great Chicage Swingle.

Davage Aug. 11 Investors in this to down, the morning papers says that salaries must be cut down, which closed in civil war. The personal friendship which bound this quintatte was one of the most beautiful things in the patients of the most beautiful things in the lose of the commission is to avoid a big deficiency at the close of the suffering which bound this quintatte was one of the most beautiful things in the lose of the commission is to avoid a big deficiency at the close of the most beautiful things in the backle was admitted to the bar in 1840, this practice consi

CINCINNATI, Aug. 11.—The day has been cooler. No serious prostrations were reported. The maximum, 90, was reached at 2 p.m.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—Last night was one of the hottest of the year. At no time did the mercury go below 75. At 11 o'clock the mercury was 87. In the down-town district at noon the heat was so intense as to drive people indoors. To-day was as hot as yesterday, but fewer prostrations were reported. In the mills many laborers had to quit work. A storm about 2:30 this afternoon cooled the atmosphere to some extent.

Jamin Stern received a letter from Marcus Mayer, so ways in which the latter confirms the recent report that Patti is going to make a concert tour of this country, be spinning next January, under his management. Mr. Mayer says he completed arrangements with Signor Nicolini last week. The tour will embrace seventy-five concerts, with Signor Arditto as conductor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—A jury was empanelled, this morning, to try James M. Daly for the murder of F. S. Buckman, a

mometer to-day ranged from so to be a grees.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—Philadelphia led all the cities of the United States yesterday, the mercury standing 97. This morning at 8 o'clock the thermometer registered 80. At 2:30 this afternoon the heat

LARIMER, N.D., Aug. 11 .- At Griswold, Larimore county, 16 miles north from here, Sunday night, Mrs. Herman Bœller was burned to death in her bed, her shanty having evidently been fired. The barn was having evidently been nred. The barn was also burned, separately from the house. Wilhelm Bœller, her father-in-law, is missing, and it is thought he may be in the ruins of the barn. It is believed Wilhelm set fire to the building, after killing his

The Oldest Oddfellow Dead. SALEM, Or., Aug. 11.—Henry Armstrong, aged 89, died this morning. It is conced

that Armstrong was the oldest living Odd-fellow in the United States, both in respect to years of life and years of membership in

said, this afternoon, that he had received a been at work on the Caledonian grounds for weeks, and they are in splendid condition.

A large grand stand has been erected, and also a fence inside to keep the spectators off the field. The game on Saturday will be the first to be played in Victoria under proper condition. The fence now being erected with great care by the San Salvador, because there were political refugees on board. The details are very speagre, the dispatch having been evidently proper condition. The fence now being erected will do away with the eternal "facing the ball" that always occurs when the games have been played on the Hill. The band of H.M.S. Warspite has been engaged and will give a promenade concert

The Returned to China.

Washington, Aug. 11.—Attorney-General Miller has decided that Chong Sam, a Chinaman, should be deported to China. Chong Sam was arrested at Port Huron, Mich., and sentenced by the United States commissioner for deportation to China. The British minister interfered in the

HOT AS A FURNACE.

Chinaman's behalf, claiming he was a citizen of Canada. He submitted a number of papers in the case, but no certificate of his being a citizen of Great Britain. He will probably be immediately deported.

A Repulsive Sight. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Custom of ficers, while searching for opium in Chinatown, to-day, discovered a Chinese woman, whose left arm had been eaten to the bone, and whose leg was also almost destroyed, by leprosy.

The Behring Sea Patrol. Washington, Aug. 12.—The navy de-

Exceeding Their Allowance.

afternoon cooled the atmosphere to some extent.

JEWETT CITY, Conn., Aug. 11.—To-day was the hottest in years. In addition to the mills being compelled to stop on account of the drouth, farm hands and other outdoor laborers have been obliged to stop work on account of the intense heat.

WAUKEGAN, Conn., Aug. 11.—To-day has been the hottest for 20 years. At noon it was 103 in the shade. Several cases of prostration are reported. Crops are burning up.

PLAINFIELD, Conn., Aug. 11.—At noon to day the mercury registered 104 in the shade. Farm hands were compelled to stop work.

BORDENTOWN, N.J., Aug. 11.—The thermometer to-day ranged from 98 to 99 degrees.

# SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

THE OAR.

terday, the mercury standing 97. This morning at 8 o'clock the thermometer registered 90. At 2:30 this afternoon the heat registered 95 degrees.

\*\*AMERICAN NEWS.\*\*

\*\*BARRIE, Ont., Aug. 11.—Hanlan and O'Connor are here, and authorize a scull challenge to the world. They will rowthree miles against any other double team for \$500 to \$5,000 a side. If any two Australians will come to this country, they will races for \$2,500 a side. Each will be allowed \$1,000 for expenses if a double scull match is made for \$3,000 more a side.

\*\*BARRIE, Ont., Aug. 11.—They will races for \$2,500 a side. Each will be allowed \$1,000 for expenses if a double scull match is made for \$3,000 more a side.

\*\*BARRIE, Ont., Aug. 11.—This was the second day of the regatta. The weather was fine and the water smooth. The results were as follows: Final heat junior single scull struck the boat, she capsized. Three of the girls were extricated from the cabin, but the remaining three, Lena Sunberg, Ellen Feeley and Clara Bowds, were drowned.

\*\*Murdered His Baughter-in-Law.\*\*

\*\*LARIMER, N.D., Aug. 11.—At Griswold, Time, 10 minutes, 2 4-5 seconds. Final heat, junior fours—Don Rowing Club, Toronto, won; Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto, won; Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto, won; Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto, won; Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto, won; Toronto Rowing Club, Toronto Rowing Club real, third. Time, 9:55.

CRICKET.

In a recent issue of the Westminster Ledger, under the heading of "cricket," there is a paragraph, which, among other things, says:—"Another good reason why the Provincial match (vs. Californians), should have head the control of the west and the control of the west and the west and the west are the west and the west and the west and the west are the west and the west are the west and the west are the wes should have been played on the mainland— if at all—is, that the bulk of the team would set fire to the building, after killing his necessarily have been chosen from players daughter-in-law, and has taken his own living on this side of the Gulf." We know, of course, the uncertainties of cricket, but it is, nevertheless, a fact, that the only match the Californians lost, was to the Vic-toria team. They beat Westminster, and the Vancouver match was a draw.

LACROSSE. that Armstrong was the oldest living Oddfellow in the United States, both in respect
to years of life and years of memberahip in
the order, he having been initiated into the
mysteries of the order in 1834.

Seizure of the City of Panama.

New York, Aug. 11.—Vice-President J.
H. Houston, of the Pacific Mail Company,
said, this afternoon, that he had received a

seizure of the City of Panama.

New York, Aug. 11.—Vice-President J.
Seizure of the City of Panama.

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New York, Aug. 11.—vice-President J.
Seizure of the City of Panama.

New York and they are in splendid condition.

J. R. LOWELL DEAD.

The Illustrious New England Poet Sleeps His Last Sleep-His Brilliant Career.

Poet, Litterateur, Friend of the Negro and Diplomatist-One of the famous Quintette of Singers.

Boston, Aug. 12.—James Russell Lowell, died at 2:10 a.m. at his home at Elmwood hermometers at noon to-day. This is the partment officials say the statement pubhottest day of the season, and the hottest August day in twenty years. Sunstroke has carried off, directly or indirectly, a dozen persons in the last twenty-four hours, and the hospitals are filled with others. The suffering caused by the heat is intensified by a plague of mosquitoes. At 2 p.m. a thunder storm relieved the op-Holmes. All of them were marked with a CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—One of the morning keen national spirit, and all were active Gouneffesky, the morganatic widow of the

the surface in the crowded streets, between the high buildings, where the heat is radiated from the pavements and walls. Thermometers put up on Broadway registers and surface different degrees of heat, this morning, but all were higher than the signal service thermometers registered At 10 o'clock, the latter was 83 deg., while private thermometers registered 89 and over. Large numbers of people found relief on the piers and in the parks, to-day. Since the piers and the the parks the parks the parks the parks the parks the parks

Dachstein, near Ische, lost their way in a dense fog. One fell over a precipice and was killed, and the other was found, almost starved, after forty-eight hours search, by rescuing party.

Liabilities Half a Million Pounds. VIENNA, Aug. 12.-Foreign houses lose three million florins by the failure of Man-purgo & Co., of Trieste, who were forced to suspend yesterday, with liabilities of £500,000 on account of the defalcation of their chief clerk. The peculations of the clerk were discovered late in July. Efforts were made to avoid the failure and the corres-pondents abroad were applied to for as-sistance, but the Paris Rothsobilds, who were creditors to the extent of two hundred thousand pounds, advised the firm to go into lixuidation. three million floring by the failure of Man-

Fatal Results of Superstition. BERLIN, Aug. 12.—A tornado levelled the ground the buildings on Scherbouer farm, near Potsdam. So sudden was the calamity that few of the inmates had a chance to escape, and scores were buried in the wreckage. While efforts were making chance to escape, and scores were buried in the wreckage. While efforts were making to extricate the latter, lightning struck the ruins and set them on fire. This morning teight corpses were found in the ashes. Other farm hands are missing, and several are scorched, burned and bruised. When the lightning struck and the flames burst out, the country people were terrified and afraid to answer the agonizing appeals of the people in the ruins, thinking their fate to be the judgment of haven.

tained at La Libertad, by the authorities of San Salvador, because there were political refugees to board. The details are very savagre, the dispatch having been evidently did the first to be played in Victoria under the first toget care by the San Salvador and is a passenger on the City of Panama. He is a political refugee, bound from Corinto, Nicaragus, to San Jose Gu Guatemais. How this concerns the San Salvadorians is not known, but they demanded his surrender at La Union refused him clearance papers. He sailed without them, relegated to comply with the order, and the commandant of the port of La Union refused him clearance papers. He sailed without them, relegate and the port of San Jose de Guatemais, fearing the ward of President Exets, who has an armed force at Ajutta.

Te be Returned to China.

Chang San was arrested at Port Huron, Chong San was arrested at Port

of crimes committed by the Mannings, man and wife, in England, some years ago, and for which they were hanged. Incidentally it may be mentioned that, Mrs. Manning paving been hanged in a black dress, black gowns subsequently went out of fashion in England.

THE VICTORIA WEEKLY COLONIST, FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1891.

Colonies of the Jews. LONDON, Aug. 11.—The chief lieuten of Baron Hirsch in carrying out the latter's well-known plans for amelioration of the condition of Russian Jews, says: "It is probable that colonies will be formed in Argentine, Brazil, Australia and Canada."

The "Thunderer" Talks. LONDON, Aug. 11.-The Times, com ing on the falling off of exports to the United States, says that the McKinley law has been a severe blow to some branches of trade, but the chief sufferer will be the country which is so unwise as to esta-

An Example to His Subjects. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug 11.-The czar has caused it to be notified to the Princess

London, Aug. 12.—The state of ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico is by no means so

ing shoulder to shoulder with Phillips, Garrison and Whittier in attacks on the entire system of human bondage, though never going to such extreme lengths as the bellicose or actors of that day.

In 1885, when Longfellow resigned, Mr. Lowell succeeded him as professor of modern languages and belles letters in Harvard. "Among My Books" and "My Study Windows" are the prose monuments of his agenius, while "A Vision of Sir Launfal," "The Biglow Papers," "Under the Willows," and a great number of verses in two volumes compose his poetic remains. He did an immense amount of shorter criticism, wrote numerous odes for state occasions and memorable events on two hemispheres, and contributed many articles to the magazines on scholarly and current topics of the day.

In 1877 President Hayes tendered Mr. Lowell the mission to Spain, and he was, in 1880, transferred to the court of St. James, where he remained until superseded by Minister Phelps under Cleveland. His life at London found him a center of cultured society, where he was courted by all the leaders of intellect. In 1885 he lost his second wife, and since then his public appearances were limited. He revisited England in 1887, and received the highest honors that could be paid to a private citizen, and was elected rector of the great University of St. Andrews.

BERLIN, Aug 12.—The ukase came as great age.

Surprise to German Grain Bealers.

BERLIN, Aug 12.—The ukase forbidding the export from Russia of rye and rye meal of every kind, which was published in the official journal at St. Petersburg, yesterday, occated an enormous sensation in this city. The ukase came as a complete surprise to the dealer sin grain here. There was some difference in the dispatches in regard to the date on which the prohibition is to go into effect. Several of the early dispatches we would take effect immediately, while later telegrams announce that it would not be endoughed to the probable promulgation of the dealers of the leading bankers received secret advices as to the probable prom

Relief for Distressed Russians.
Sr. Petersburg, Aug. 12.—Freight rate to the distressed provinces have been compulsorily reduced. The Minister of the In pulsorily reduced. The Minister of the Interior is authorized to adopt any steps he may deem expedient to facilitate the transportation of firewood from crown lands, to be given free to the needy inhabitants; 15,000,000 roubles will be devoted to extensive relief works and roads, and a similar amount is granted for the purchase of grain, both for food and for acting nurses. for food and for sowing purpos

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 11.—The Government has issued an order prohibiting the exportation of rice and rye meal from sia after Aug. 27th.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The Leeds Millers' Association has advanced the price of flour one shilling and sixpence per sack. A Singular Charge.

BERLIN, Aug. 11 .- The Tageblatt state that the jewellery firm of Friend & Bros., of this city, have begun proceedings against the American marksmen for obtaining jewellery to the extent of \$3,325, and absonding. The paper says Dr. Carver's present whereabouts is unknown.

SAN BERNARDINO DRENCHED. City Streets Flooded By a Cloudburst-Sev

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Aug. 11.-At' p.m. this evening a heavy thunder storm truck this city. For about thirty minute the rain fell in torrents. Considerable dam age was done to fruit and other crops. At Highlands, near this city, the barn of M. Dossen was struck by lightning, and two horses were killed. The fire communicated to the barn, which with its contents was totally destroyed.

At about 5:10 this evening a man came

MYSTERIOUS POISONS.

The True Stories About Them More Wonderful Than Fiction.

teresting Descriptions of the Poisone Trees and Plants of the Indian Isl-

Not long since a daily newspaper contained a paragraph dated New London, Conn., which told how a farmer and his wife were overpowered by the noxious fumes of a stick of poison alder which had been thrown into the kitchen stove, and how a physician had a hard strug-gle to save their lives. A New York Sun reporter showed it to a well-known scientist, who has made the study of toxicology a specialty, and asked him whether there could possibly be any truth in it. Here is what the professor

"Young man, take out your note book, sit down and listen, and I will tell you something about a subject that the public knows less about than any other in the world. That story isn't true, and nothing like it ever was true, or ever will be true. It is of exactly the same character as the following myths which I am going to relate to you.
"On the island of Java grows the bo-

hun upas tree, which owes its notoriety to Foersch, a surgeon in the employ of the Dutch East India Company, who, nearly a hundred years ago, told some wonderful stories about it. He related how the emanations of this tree killed all animals that approached it; how the birds that flew too near fell dead; how criminals that were condemned to death were allowed to collect leaves from the tree, and that only two out of twenty ever returned; how it grew in a valley, with no tree or plant within ten miles of it, all being a barren waste, strewn with human and other bones. It was a beautiful story, and the world believed it. Scientists discovered in 1810 that the upas was a very poisonous tree, whose effects were similar to those of poison ivy.
"Next is the manchineel, a poisonous

evergreen tree which grows in the West India islands. This tree was said to be even more deadly than the upas, and it was generally supposed that a drop of its juice falling upon the skin had the same effect as the application of a red-hot iron. The milky juice of this tree is undoubtedly highly poisonous, but such stories as the above are highly exaggerated. This poison, like our poison sumac, affects some persons more seriously than others. It is said that the smoke from burning manchineel wood produces temporary blindness. This is true in a measure, though it does not effect every one in the same way. Berthold Seemann, the botanist, was blind for a few days after he had gathered some of the leaves of the tree on the coast of Florida, and some of the crew were blind for nearly a week from having made a fire of the wood.
. "Dramatists, as a rule. do not know

the first thing about poisons. Nathaniel Lee, in his tragedy of Alexander, makes one of his characters administer a poison to the conqueror of the world,

which,
"Mixed with his wine, a single drop gives death
And sends him howling to the shades below. "And swallowing this terrible mixture, Alexander goes through the latter part of the fourth and most of the fifth act, kills a man, makes a fine speech, part of the tourn makes a fine speech, act, kills a man, makes a fine speech, raves wildly, recovers his senses, and, after a fine dying address, goes off. Now, there isn't a poison in the longer. The Germans also make a fine artificial eye. The best eyes are made of stone. The German orticle is to playwrights, which has a much more wonderful effect than this, but very longer wonderful effect than this longer wonderful effect. few people know anything about it.

After it is swallowed the person walks about for a time varying from half an hour to two hours, then his skin, and about for a time varying from haif an hour to two hours, then his skin, and even the whites of his eyes, become of a strange purplish, livid color. He would think that having once stocked Time Table No. 14, takes effect. may feel perfectly well, when suddenly up they would buy no more. But this acute pain will set in, and in a few mois not the case. An artificial eye gets

by nitrobenzine. "Then there is Philip Massinger, who, in his play, 'The Duke of Milan,' shows that he doesn't know the first thing about toxicology. One of the characters scatters a poisonous powder over flower, which is afterward given to a female. Some of the powder falls on her hand, and when her lover salutes the tips of her fingers he dies. Pure conitine itself, the most powerful of all known vegetable poisons, would ardly produce that effect.

"The most powerful and deadly poison in the world and at the same time the oldest one known to mankind, is prussiacid. To illustrate its antiquity: An Egyptologist has read on an Egyptian papyrus preserved at the Louvre, 'Pro-nounce not the name of J. A. O. under the penalty of the peach.' The only poison which can be distilled from the peach is prussic acid, so that it must have been known to the Egyptian. A knight in the reign of Tiberius, accused of high treason, swallowed poison and fell dead at the feet of the senators. No poison but prussic acid, and that only in a concentrated state, would have had this effect. The prussic acid that is sold in drug stores is only diluted stuff, containing a small percentage of the real acid. Pure prussic acid is made only in chemical laboratories, and is so powerful that were a person to inhale the fumes arising from it in one good whiff he would drop dead.

"Another interesting poison is the dhatoora of the Hindoos, a species of belladonna which these people adminis-ter to persons of high rank to produce imbecility. It is distilled from the seeds of the common thorn apple, which grows as plentifully in New Jersey as it does in India."

A Deluge of Doctors.

MEDIEVAL LONDON.

The Tortuous and Broken Perspective of Its Ancient Streets.

Who can rebuild before the eye of the mind a single ordinary dwelling of the vanished London of the middle of the thirteenth century? It was a dwarfish, squalid structure, says a writer in Atlantic, of such crazy unsubstantiality that, with a stout iron crook and five strong cords, provided by the ward, it might be pulled down and dragged off speedily in case of fire; a structure of one-story jutting over a low ground floor, with another jut of eaves above its front bearing an old resemblance to the back of a couple of huge stairs, and the whole a most rickety, tumble-down top-heavy, fantastical thing. Chimneys were fairly in vogue then, so it had them, squat, square, wide mouthed, faced with white plaster, red tiles, or gray pebble-work. Red tiles covered its roof; its walls were of rough planed planks, or a wooden framework filled with a composite of straw and clay buttresses with posts, and crossed this way and that with supporting beams—the whole daubed over with whitewash. of which the weather soon made gray wash. In front was a stairway, some times covered, sometimes not, or a step ladder set slantwise against the wall for an entrance to the upper story. The doorways were narrow and low, the windows also, and the latter, darkened with overbrows of wooden shutters propped up from beneath, and sticking out like long, slender awnings, were further darkened by sashes of parchment, linen, or thin-shaven horn, for

glass came from Flanders, and was costly and rare. Such, joint and seam and tile being loosened into crack and cranny and crevice everywhere, was the dwelling of the London citizen as the eye might see it in the middle of the thirteenth century. Multiply that dwelling into tortuous and broken perspective of like buildings, some joined by party-walls some with spaces between, all pent roofed or gable-peaked, heavy-eaved stub-chimneyed, narrow-latticed, awning-shuttered, staircased, post-but tressed, beam-crossed, dusky-red-roofed, dingy-white-walled, and low under the overhanging vastness of the sky, and you have an ancient London street.

CONCERNING GLASS EYES. ot Always to Be Detected When Seen-

The Trade in Them.

"Good glass eyes come high," said an enlist recently to a Buffalo News man.

"Cost a big price, do they?"

"Yes, the good ones do."

"Then there is a good deal of differ-"Oh, yes. They range all the way from fifty cents to fifty dollars." "Is there such a big demand for

"Larger than most people suppose. The fact is that many people get along so well with a glass eye that not one person in ten suspects the fact."

"Some of our friends may be wearing

one of those solid visual organs and we do not know it?"

"Precisely. I'll bet that several people in this city with whom you are acquainted are wearing glass eyes, and the fact has always assessed where the fact has always as a second where the fact has a second where the fact has always as a second where the fact has always as a second where the fact has a seco

"In the first place the greater share of glass eyes, so called, are not glass. The best quality of artificial eyes is manufactured in America by a process that is kept absolutely secret. These are the lightest and best and will last the longer. The Germans also make a fine artificial eye. The best eyes are made of stone.

The Germans also make a fine artificial eye. The best eyes are made of stone.

The Germans also make a fine artificial eye. The best eyes are made of stone.

The Germans also make a fine artificial eye. The best eyes are resulted to the first st., corner washington, Partland, On.

marked."
"What makes the trade profitable?" ments he dies. This effect is produced to be a nuisance after it has been on duty two or three months. Another one has to be purchased. This explains the reason for the lively trade in these articles. There'll always be a trade in them, and a good one, too."

in some men?" still about the matter, and wear the best eyes obtainable. In this way if you notice anything at all peculia

effect of the progress of civilization comes from Australia. It appears that n the older parts of that country the kangaroo is practically exterminated. In Victoria the kangaroos formerly outnumbered the sheep in the proportion of two to one, and old shepherds say rds sav that it was not an uncommon thing to see the sheep and the kangaroo feeding together upon the plains, as many as two or three thousand kangaroos fre quently accompanying a flock of a thousand sheep. The reduction in the number of kangaroos has materially affected the possibilities of profit on sheep farms, as will be seen from the G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. 173 fact that a "station" which, in 1850, could barely graze five thousand sheep, can now be made to carry forty thou sand without any danger of being over stocked.

A small boy had a dog that was rough, as most small boys' dogs are, and a young girl who lived next door had a kitten, sly as all cats are. One day the small boy came nonchalently into the small boy came
girl's presence and after some desultory
conversation, he said: "You know my
dog Barca and your cat Darling?"
"Yes." "Well, my dog had a piece of
meat, and he thought your cat was going to take it away from him."
"Thought!" exclaimed the wise girl.
"What makes you say the dog thought?
You know dogs don't think, they in"You know my
Agricultural, Horticultural and InAgricultural, Horticultura girl's presence and after some desultory conversation, he said: "You know my dog Barca and your cat Darling?" More than 100,000 medical students have graduated during the past two years in the United States, and are now looking for business in that line. The number seems out of all proportion, but a medical journal declares the company of that 7,000 graduates per year can be turned out to make a fair living, as the population advances in the same ratio.

Since the three thre

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y TIME TABLE No. 14. take effect at 5,00 a.m. on Saturday May 9th, 1891. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

25 d ING SOUTH. Passeng Saturda Saturd OP No. 1 Present Service of the Party of the

表 3 25年882222-- | Miles fm Victoria 

On Saturdays and Sundays Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, JOSEPH HUNTER, President, Gen'l Supa.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen'l Supa.
my29 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to PAUL and CHICAGO (NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers. Of Latest Equips

Tourist Sleeping Cars. Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and Elegant Day Coaches

the fact has always escaped your attention."

THROUGH TOXKIN To and from all Points in tion."

America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

June 23, 1891. Vancouver Route:

vancouver Route:

Vancouver Route:

Vancouver Route:

Vancouver Daily, except Monday

the reason for the lively trade in these
articles. There'll always be a trade in
them, and a good one, too."

"How is it we don't notice a glass eye
in some men?"

"Because they know enough to keep
still about the matter, and wear the
best eyes obtainable. In this way if
you notice anything at all peculiar
ibout their optics you imagine they
have a squint or are cross-eyed."

Kangaroos in Australia.

Kangaroos in connection with the
ffect of the progress of civilization

MACK and Way Westminster for CHILLE

Vancouver Route:

Vancouver Boutes:

Vancouver Route:

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Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLI WHACK and Way Landings every Tues day, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clook.

Northern Route:

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fert
Simpson and intermediate ports on the
FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month
When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast peints and Queen
Charlotte Islands.
Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni
and Sound ports the 27th of each month.
Bute Inlet Route:

Steamer RAINBOW leaves every Friday for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports. The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notifica-tion, Steamers leave by Standard time. JOHN IRVING, Ma

TORONTO EXHIBITION.

MR. SAMUEL O'KELL has been appointed by us to collect exhibits to be sent with the Provincial exhibit at the Toronto Exhibition. We solicit for him the co-operation of all those interested in having this portion of British Columbia thoroughly represented at the Exhibition.

All non-perishable exhibits received will be returned in good order and condition; and any instructions as to their disposal will be faithfully carried out. Parties having exhibits of Agricultural, Horticultural and Industrial Products. Specimens of Minerals, Mannfarent