CHAIRMAN GRAY'S STRONG STAND

Opposed to Tyranny by Either Operators or Miners.

DEBATES ENLIVEN PROCEEDINGS

Witness for the Companies Gives Good Evidence for the Miners-Not Cars Enough.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 21.-The feature of the day in the continued session of the anthracite coal strike commission was Chairman Gray's rather strong remarks in commenting on an cars hold much more than the 21/2 tons incident where District President Fahey, of the miners' union, would not grant "permission" during the strike to a contractor to erect a boiler house at a colliery, the house being necessary to prevent the mine from damage. The president of the commission said he hated tyranny, no matter whether It was practiced by an operator, miner

or anyone else. R. S. Mercur, a district superintendent of collieries in the Mahanoy and Shamokin districts, on the stand, said the men in his collieries worked en an average of about seven hours a day. The miners, he continued, will not pro-President Mitchell's "hurry up" order. They claim there is no coal shortage, and that it was a scheme of the operators to show the men are earning

large wages. Chairman Gray remarked that the miners should come to Wilmington, Del. (his home), and see poor people standing around waiting to buy a bucket of coal at 17 and 18 cents a

Mr. Darrow asked the witness why he did not work two shifts, and he replied that he could not get the men to cut enough coal to keep the breakers going ten hours a day. If the union will furnish men he will put all of them to work. Mr. Mercur then told of the troubles in keeping the water from accumulating in the mines during the strike. He said the company had contracted with a man to build a boiler house for Packer Colliery No. 5. The strikers refused to permit this to be done; they would not even permit the material to be taken from the railway cars. Finally the contractor wrote to District President Fahey, asking permission to erect the boiler house, and the labor leader re-"On account of the existing conditions I cannot grant you the permission, which, as I understand from your letter you request." The letter further stated that Mr. Fahey was

willing to meet him and discuss the Chairman Gray asked the witness if he did not apply to Mr. Fahey, and he

The president of the commission sarcastically asked the witness why he did not, with due submission, go to see Mr. Fahey and appeal to him to permit the building of the boiler house. He might have softened a little, added the commissioner.

The chairman and Mr. Darrow then had as animated colloquy over the matter, during which Judge Gray said he did not the chairman and Mr. Darrow then had as animated colloquy over the matter, during which Judge Gray said he did not the chairman and Mr. Darrow then had an experiment, the French Government has oscionismed an eigh four ernment has oscionismed an eigh four working day in sections of the dock working day in sections of the dock

as used by Mr. Fahey. This was a free country, and he was not educated up to using the word in the way Mr. Fahey had employed it. Then, he added, that he hated tyranny, no matter whether it was practiced by an ter whether it was practiced by an operator, a miner or anyone else. Mr. Mercur closed his direct examination by saying that during the strike

the miners compelled a man to cease hauling feed to mine mules.

Judge Gray did not believe this until a letter showing that such a thing was ordered by a local union was shown

GOOD WITNESS FOR THE MINERS John F. Murray, a union miner, was placed on the stand by the Lehigh to testify about what seemed a trivial matter. He proved to be a good witness for the miners. He said the com-pany did not deliver enough cars to the men, and the union had no rule restricting the number of cars to be delivered to each miner. He added that there would be trouble in the anthracite region so long as some of the companies insist upon paying them by weight. He asserted that the cars are more like freight cars than mine cars. The miners, he continued, think the the company claims they hold.

CAR AND WEIGHT SYSTEMS. At this point counsel for both sides and the commissioners got into a discussion on the advisability of changing the system of pay from car to weight. Mr. Darrow said it had be n suggested that the miners be paid by weight, and that if the company's sales of coal were in excess of the tonnage paid the miners then the latter should be paid their share of the ex/ess. The commission then decided to de-

vote an entire day to the consideration

of the car and weight system. S. P. Warriner, general superintendent of the company, in his testimony, said there were no complaints made duce any more coal as a result of to him on the car question prior to the recent strike. He said it would be impossible to have a standard car owing to the varying conditions in the mines. He thought it was possible, however, to more nearly standardize the cars. He thought an eight-hour day would the opening of more collieries to meet

the demand for coal. Valuable Advice to Mothers. If your child comes in from play cough-If your child comes in from play coughing or showing evidences of an approaching attack of grippe, sore throat or sickness of any kind, first thing get out your bottle of Nerviline. Rub the chest and neck with Nerviline, and give internal doses of ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water every two hours. This will prevent any serious trouble. No liniment or pain reliever equals Folson's Nerviline, which is a necessity in every household. Large bottler cost only 25c.

A blue book just issued on the trade of India for the year ended March 31, shows that the import amounted to \$336,666,665, an increase of \$30,000,000 over those of the preceding year. The exports were \$440,000,000, an increase of

\$60,000,000. ATHLETES, BICYCLISTS and others should always keep HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL on hand. Nothing like it for stiffness and soreness of the muscles, sprains, bruises, cuts, etc. w

The committee of the French Automobile Club has decided to consider the advisability of organizing an international motor car race from Paris to Madrid in May, 1903.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in tha mr. Darrow protested that the mater should not go any further until

The Robert was heard

Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

FATAL COLLISION NEAR PORT HOPE

Freights Crash Together a Two Trainmen Killed.

SECTIONMAN HIT BY ENGINE

Young Woman Seriously Injured by Being Thrown From a Horse at Holland Landing.

Port Hope, Ont., Jan. 22 .- A head-on collision between two freights occurred about three miles east of Newtonville, shortly after 6 o'clock last night. About twenty cars were wrecked. Matthews,

fireman, and Everist, brakeman, both of Little York, were killed. KILLED IN BARRIE YARDS. Barrie, Ont., Jan. 21 .- John Barger, a sectionman from Thernhill, was killed in the yards here yesterday by shunting and to be sure that the next night I engine No. 667, which caught him as it was backing down on the lake siding. Barger was walking towards the engine at the time, and it is hard to comprehend

how he could have been caught. He was dragged several hundred yards before other employes noticed his legs protruding from beneath the pilot. The engine had to be jacked up to release the body. Coroner Wells decided an inquest un-THROWN FROM HER HORSE. Holland Landing, Ont., Jan. 21 .- Miss

Ethel Grantham, daughter of John Grantham, of this place, was found lying uncurtail the production and necessitate conscious in their lane this afternoon. It appears that she was riding horseback, and was thrown from the horse. A doctor was sent for immediately, but he is unable to say what the results of the fall will be, as Miss Grantham is still

FATAL JUMP. Chicago, Jan. 21 .- One life was lost in a fire that destroyed the Oakenwald apartment house at Forty-third street and Oakenwald avenue early today. Mrs. Elizabeth Irwin, aged 60 years, jumped from the second story and was almost instantly killed. The police rescued a number of persons, and many narrowly escaped death from suffocation. The financial loss is \$25,000.

Berlin's telephone radius now includes 43 towns, the furthest being 120 miles distant. One shilling is the fee for communication in each case.

Den't Forget About Your Corns. Cure them in one night by an applica-tion of Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor. It is sure, safe, painless and guaranteed to cure or your money back. Refuse a substitute.

Regulations to be adopted with regard to airships in time of war are low being discussed by the institute of international law at Berlin.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is constipation, and biliousness, and will cure all blood diseases from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore. An eight-hour working day has been instituted in all Russian state work-Admission fees to the amount of \$795,600 were taken at the Duesseldori

TURNED WIFE AND CHILDREN OUT

A PASSIONATE DRUNKARD.

Wife Writes a Grateful Letter to the Samaria Remedy Company, Whose Tasteless Samaria Prescription Enabled Her to Reform Her Drunken Hutband.

"How could I express my gratitude for the good your remedy has done for us. Passionate drunkard as my husband was before, he has been drunk only

twice since I have started to give him the tablets, and since I have given him the four tablets at a time e has stopped drinking altogether. Just think how good it is to be able to sleep in peace, and to be sure he will not get up in the middle of the night, beat my poor children, and break all the furniture in the house, will sleep in the house and not freeze in the open air with my children. Let me thank you a thousand times, and may God send you all His blessand may God Send you all His blessings, and give you and yours many happy days.—Azida Bonneau.

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials, and price sent in plain scaled cavelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Encloses timp for reply. Address The Samaria kemedy Co., 23 Jordan street, Toronto, Canada.

Also for sale at Strong's Days Street.

Also for sale at Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street.

THE WINDSOR V. T. G. CLUB

Raising Money to Buy Coal for the Suffering Poor.

Girls Say They Chose the Name Just To Be Uncommon.

Windsor, Jan. 22.-"Why did we call ourselves the 'Very Talkative Girls?' wanted to be truthful," said a member of the club, with a rippling "And then no other club has laugh. that name, you know. I hate common things, don't you? My picture! Oh! Well, I suppose you might. I'll just go and get it, anyway," and she went. "We wanted to do something to help ravaging of grain fields by English the poor," said Miss Catherine Chriswhose duty it is to record the doings of the club in writing, a task which even shorthand would find itself outclassed by these "talkative girls." "It was just our own idea, and we formed into a club of 12. We meet once a week to rehearse, and then we drink cocoa and talk, you know. It's really quite enjoyable. We are going give an entertainment at my house on Victoria avenue, Friday night. We will have some tableaux, and recitations and music, and then a "ttle play, called 'Why Mrs. Gaskill D! Not Engage a Cook.

gage a Cook."

"I wish you would say we have given up the idea of furnishing a room at the Home for the Friendless," put in Miss Mona Mair, the president, "Want to buy coal for the poor. Everyone has been awfully good to us. We have been promised stage

things by Windsor merchants. Every-one feels sorry for the poor little boys and girls, shivering in their beds, and everyone is ready to help warm them."

Miss Kitty Green, treasurer, said: "Our tickets were given us, and we have already sold \$26 worth. I think that is pretty good, don't you?" The girls' parents heartily approve of the club, and are doing all they can for its success. The members are: Miss Mona Mair, president; Gladys Curry, vice-president; Catherine Christie, secretary; Kate Green, treasurer; Audrey Little, Vida Clarke, May Wigle, Grace Agnes Dewar, Laura Holmes, and Norma and Helen Sutherland. The girls are between 11 and 15 years old.

Literary Notes.

Three Years' War.

Three Years' War, by Christian Rudolf Dewet, is a book which has been awaited with expectations not wholly realized by a perusal of the work. It does not attempt to defend the "ultimatum" which President Kruger hurled at the power of England; in fact it assumes the declaration of war upon the part of the Transvaal Republic to have been patriotic and inevitable. The more's the pity; because to thousands of readers that step still remains to be justified. No nation has a moral right to challenge the impossible; and General Dewet in his closing chapters expresses the utmost confidence that his people "will now win" from the justice of England, by "submission and obedience," what they failed to wrest by force. Had the authorities of the two republics possessed such confidence at the outset of the war, the drawing of the sword was worse than a blunder; it was a crime. From a military point of view the book is also a disapp intment, since so far as the Free State is concerned, the "Three Years' War" was but one long-drawn out skirmish; indeed it might almost be called "a war without a battle." It was Lexington continued for \$6 months. It was the fight between an irregular, undisciplined body of volunteer troops against the compact power of a great military organization attempting to operate under conditions wholly new to it. The story is wearisome because it is the same thing from day to day. There is never a crisis and never a conclusion. Such a contest is interminable except by the exhaustion of the one combatant or the other; and it ought not to be difficult to tell before a shot is fired which one is likely to suffer exhaustion first. General Dewet somewhat inconsistently boasts that he never crossed a bridge without burning it or

approached a railway without wrecking it; yet he bitterly complains that the English burned the houses and barns near the scene of his devastations in reprisal. He glories in the fact that he destroyed at one time three and a half million dollars' worth of troops barbarous. We do not see why the English should be more careful to spare the food of the Boers than the Boers to save the clothing of the Eng-"War is hell;" and it appears in South Africa to have partaken pretty much of the same character as in other states. Soldiers of the American Civil War do not forget Ewing's "Order No. 11;" or what happened on Sherman's march to the sea. The charge that the English waged war upon women is introduced, but not proven. The severest strictures in General Dewet's work made upon the conduct of those State officers who surrendered

re he did. Yet he acknowledges t for something like two years be-the close of the war he knew there no possible chance for his success. Squestionable whether the blood sequently spilled was shed on account of patriotism or because of pride. His attempt to justify the reenlistment by his orders of some hundreds of soldiers out on parole, is noticeably weak. Being convinced that certain British officers had violated their engagements with the Free State authorities, he straightway absolves thousands of liberated prisoners from their oaths. The general spirit of the book is nevertheless admirable. General Dewet will make himself useful to the British Government in his new "reconstructed" relations. Methodist Book and Publishing House, Toronto. Price \$1 60 net, postpaid.

Old Newspaper Man Dead.

New York, Jan. 21 .- James G. Cooper, for many years connected with the business office of the Tribune, is dead. Mr. Cooper began newspaper work 64 years ago. He became connected with the Tribune in 1861. In June, 1870, he went to Colorado and became one of the founders and officers of the Greeley, Col., colony. In 1871 and 1872 he served as chief clerk of the House of Representatives of Colorado. Mr. Cooper returned to the service of the Tribune in 1872, retaining his connection with the content of the content of the service of the tribune in 1872, retaining his connection with the content of tion with the paper until five years ago

when his health failed. Escape of a Prisoner.

Woodbury, N. J., Jan. 20. - James Stites, alias Harry Davis, a prisoner charged with robbery, escaped from the Gloucester County jail here to-night. Sheriff Springer had put most of the prisoners in their cells and was about to pass a door behind which Stites had hidden himself, when the latter pounced upon him and after knocking him down, wrested the keys from him. Running along the corridor to the yard, Stites scaled the jail fence and escaped. As soon as Sheriff Springer recovered from the effects of the blow, he gave an alarm, and a posse of citizens was soon started in search of the pris-

Archibald Napier, one of Windsor's oldest merchants, died on Tuesday. The recount in the county commissioner election for district No. 5, Harwich and Blenheim, showed a gain of six votes for Mr. Haggart, who had been before declared elected.

Austin Powell, arrested by Detective Mahoney at Regina, N. W. T., pleaded guilty at Simcoe to the charge of embezzlement from Frost & Wood. He made restitution and was let go on suspended

T. T. W. Bready, president of the Winnipeg Elevator Company, died suddenly on Thursday, Jan. 15, of apoplexy, at Houston, Texas, whither he had gone in search of health. Mr. Bready went west in 1883 from Thedford, County of Lambton, where he had been engaged in the grain business for five or six years. His hovhood days were spent in the Township yhood days were spent in the Township Wallace.

of Wallace.

Deputy United States Marshal Lomasney, of Port Huron, has seized eight head of horses belonging to James L. Board, a stable of high-priced thoroughbreds. They were secured in the country, where they had been put in winter quarters. The seizure was at the instance of Paul Rebes, he, the receiver, acting under authority of the United States federal courts, who is charged with collecting all of Mr. Board's effects in the States of Illinois, Michigan and Ohio. Mr. Board against whom these proceedings are taken, on behalf of creditors, is quietly sojourning at Sarnia. He expects to emerge out of his difficulties without becoming a bankrupt. It is said he is making successful efforts to take care of all liabilities, and at the proper time will contest the bankruptcy proceedings.



THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY 176 and 178 Dundas St., London, Thursday, Jan. 22, 1903.

> Big January Sale of Fancy **Cushion Tops.**

Prices are much reduced for this event, which should in terest every woman in London. A Cushion is always a use ful, desirable extra to possess, and no time is just as good as this occasion for buying pretty, good Cushion Tops at such marked-down prices. We mention four special lots which sell tomorrow at the following prices. Come early and get first choice. Don't miss this sale.

LOT NO. 1-\$1 00 SILK CUSHIONS FOR 50c.

Beautiful dainty Silk Cushion Tops, pretty, desirable colors, with floral and conventional designs, elegantly finished in Japanese gold thread, regular 75c and \$1; Friday's price, choice, each ... 50c LOT NO. 2-50c AND 65c CUSHIONS FOR 35c.

Beautiful and serviceable Applique Cushion Tops, rose, blue and tan grounds, with applique in different colors. This line is complete with tack to match. A few handsome Tapestry Cushions and also pretty Cushion Tops in colonial designs are in the assortment-regular 50c and 65c; Friday's price, choice, each 35c LOT NO. 3-45c CUSHIONS FOR 25c.

Handsome, newest patterns and designs, some stamped for work. ing, others ready for making up. Some of the designs are Coat of Arms, The Ballet Dancer, The Minuet, Japanese Girls and a number of other unique designs, regular 45c; Friday's price, each,

LOT NO. 4-25c CUSHION TOPS FOR 15c.

Two different lines, some stamped in colored, floral and conventional designs, others ready for making, regular 25c; Fridays

\$6 00 Toilet Sets for \$4 75 Set. 7 only 10-piece Toilet Sets, in white and gold, with pink floral

decorations, regular \$6; Friday, clearing at, set \$4 75 See our new open stock China Dinner Ware, very dainty pat-

terns, beautiful decorations and gold lined. Sold in sets or separate

Three Specials in Jardinieres.

9 only pretty Jardinieres, in blue and brown, fancy edges, regular .\$1 00 \$1 50; Friday, each

OUR BIG GRANITEWARE SALE COMMENCES

NEXT WEEK.

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Have the DIFFERENT FLAVOR. You miss it in many ways if you don't get this kind.

Pan Dried

If you once become acquainted with these Rolled Oats then you can't help being their steadfast friend.

Used everywhere in Ontario. THE TILLSON CO'Y., LIMITED.

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All MILLS, WAKEHOUSES and FACTORIES should be fully equipped with a supply of E. B. EDDY'S

BOTTOM FIRE PAILS A building equipped with these Fire Pails is always proof against fire in its incipient stage. THE E. B. EDDY CO., Limited

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A GOOD THING TO KNOW-

The Place to Buy Reliable Hardware at Reasonable Prices.

CROSS-CUT SAWS of highest grade all guaranteed. CHOPPING AXES made especially to throw the chips.

SAW-SETS, FILES and GAUGES.

A. WESTMAN 121 Dundas Street, LONDON.

Advertise In The Advertiser

To-Day it's Canadian. Just as this Scotch game is now Made in a Canadian national pastime, Canada -so Scotland's national porridge (as 50 Years made by Tillsons in Canada for half a century) is now the Canadian national breakfast.

Just as the slogan "Sooperup" resounds upon the keen Canadian winter air, So is heard throughout the land

the demand for "A Canadian breakfast for Canadians, food and not fads, served

hot, not cold," -by Canadians who believe in a Canadian breakfast of Canadian cereals, made by Canadians with

Canadian capital. Canadian common sense demands a hot Canadian breakfast, not Yankee cold fads for this bracing

Canadian climate. And Tillson's Oats, Pandried, are Canadian and have been

so for 50 years.

