* One Good Turn Deserves Another."

It is so easy to go through life doing good and helping to make others happy. A lady who had been ill with a complication of troubles, having been thoroughly cured and now enjoying perfect health, felt it a duty to tell her friends that the specific that brought her back to health was Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Thus, after Hood's had served her well, she felt it deserved a good turn at her hands. Thousands tell the same story of blood purified and health restored. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses merit peculiar to itself.

Sick Headache-" For a long time I was troubled with sick headaches. Different medicines failed to give me relief. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, my husband having been cured of sait rheum by it, and soon it made me feel like a new woman." Mrs. ROBERT MCAFEE, Deerhurst, Ont.

impure Blood - "My wife suffered with pain and distress from an affection of the throat caused by impure blood. She was almost in despair when she turned to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Six bottles of this medicine completely cured her." John Wecknar, Galt, Ont.

Back Ache-" My mother had severe pains in her side and back. She was obliged to give up work. A friend persuaded her to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon she was able to do her work, free from pain and had a good appetite." Maggie Morgan, Nasonworth, N. B.

No Strengtin-" My whole system was run down. I was weak and could hardly get around to do my work. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and after using five bottles I found that my strength had re-turned and appetite much improved." Mrs. KELLEY, 318 Dufferin Street, Toronto, Ont. Nerve Food-"My wife was stricken

with nervous prostration. She suffered from headaches. She became weak, lowspirited and her appetite was poor. I am glad to state that Hood's Sarsaparilla has completely cured her of all her ailments."
G. Bellamy, 321 Hannah St., Hamilton, Ont. Hood's Sarsaparilla

only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Never Disappoints

Local Market.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT London, Wednesday, March 14. Wheat, white, per bu66c to 671/4c Wheat, red, per bu66c to 661/2c Oats, per bu301/2c to 321/2c Corn, per bu43c to 43c Barley, per bu381/2c to 381/2c Buckwheat, per bu48c to 571/2c Beans, per bu\$1 to \$1 35

WEEKLY REVIEW.

The volume of grain receipts for the week just closing was considerably better than that of last week. The improved condition of the roads and better weather, coupled with higher prices in some lines, seems to have stimulated deliveries.

Wheat was strong all week, until Thursday's weakness, when a session set in, and today \$1 10 was the ruling Oats ruled quite steady and have advanced about 3c altogether since last

weekly review. The supply was good. Peas were scarce and brought \$1 to Quite a few lots of barley and beans

came in; the former sold at 80c to 90c per cwt, and the latter at \$1 to \$1.35 The price of all other sorts of grain

was unchanged and business limited. Live hogs were steady and unchanged, and dressed hogs fluctuated considerable, closing at \$6 50 for the best. Hog va 'es ranged from \$8 50 to \$9 50.

THE STEELE-BRIGGS SEED CO. and WM. RENNIE'S

NEW SUGAR BEETS -ARE FOR SALE AT-

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S. THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

St. Thomas Market.

St. Thomas, March 13.-Wheat, per ; u, 67c; oats, new, per bu, 30c to 32c; leas, per bu, 50c to 60c; barley, per bu, 35c to 40c; rye, per bu, 60c; corn, per bu, 45c; timothy seed, \$1 50 to \$1 75; clover seed, per bu, \$6 70.

The Oil Market. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 14.—Oil opened at \$1 68; closed at \$1 68.

English Markets. Ruling prices for the past four market days-The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given. Mar. | Mar. | Mar. | Mar.

T. III	9.		Mar. 10.		Mar. 12.		13.	
WHEAT-				-	-	230		-
Red Winter	0	0	0	0		0	6	2
No. I Nor. Spring	6	136	0	0	0	0	6	1
No. 1 Cal	0		0	0	0	0	0	.)
Dec	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March	5	103%	5	10	5	10	5	10%
May	5	91%	5	9	5	9	5	91/4
July	. 5	834	5	81/2	5	816	5	834
CORN-								
Ne A	3	91	3	10	3	10%	3	1116
014	3	934	1 3	1034	3	1634	3	11%
Jan	0	.0	0	0	0	0 5	0	0
Feb	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
March	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
May		834	3	94	3	974	3	10 76
July			3	834	3			10%
Flour		6	17	6	17		17	6
Peas	3		15	7:4			5	
Pork.		3	56		58		56	3
Lard	32	6	140	6	32		32	
Tallow			29			0	29	
	37		37		35		37	6
Cheese, white		0	161		81	.0	61	Õ
Cheese, colored	63		63		63		63	6

The Dairy Markets. CHICAGO, March 13.—Butter weak; creameries, 19c to 24c; dairies, 16c to Cheese firm, at 12c to 13c

NEW YORK, March 13.—Butter firm; western creamery, 20c to 25c; do. factory, 17c to 20c; June creamery, to 231/2c; imitation oreamery, 18c 23c; state dairy, 20c to 24c; do. creamlarge white and colored, 13c to 134c; fancy small colored, 134c to 134c; do. white, 13c to 134c; choice grades, 12c to 12% c.

American Markets. CHICAGO, March 13.—May com declined a shade over a cent early to-day on profit taking, but recovered on covering by shorts, closing steady.

Wheat was heavy, influenced by heavy receipts, a poor speculative demand, May closing %c to %c lower.

May closing %c to %c lower.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat?
March, 65c; May, 63%c; July, 66%c to 66%c.
Corn-March, 36c; May, 37%c; July, 37%c to 51%c; Sept., 38%c. Oats-May, 23%c to 23%c;
July, 22%c to 22%c. Mess Pork-May, \$11;
July, \$10 97%. Lard-May, \$6 02%; July, \$6 62%. Short ribs-May, \$6; July, \$6 02%; July, \$6 62%. Short ribs-May, \$6; July, \$5 02%;
Cash quotations-Flour, steady. No. 2 spring wheat, 66c to 67%c; No. 3 spring wheat, 61%c to 64%c; No. 2 red wheat, 63%c to 36%c. No. 2 cats, 23%c to 24c. No. 2 barley, 37c to 41c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 60; Northwest, \$1 60. Prime timothy seed, \$2 40 to \$2 50. Mess pork, per bbl. \$10 10 to \$11 96. Lard, \$5 80 to \$6 92%. Short rib sides, \$6 85 to \$6 05. Dry sailed shoulders, 6%c to 6%c. Short clear sides, \$6 15 to \$6 30. Sugar, cut loaf, \$6 05; granulated, \$6 40 Clover, contract grade, \$8 25. Eggs. easy, fresh, 13c.

RECEIPTS-Flour, 72,000 barrels; wheat, 11,000 bushels; corn, 412,000 bushels; barley, 128,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS-Flour, 85,000 barrels; wheat, 31 HMMENTS-Flour, 85,000 barrels; wheat. bushels.
SHIPMENTS-Flour, 85,000 barrels; wheat, 320,000 bushels; corn, 168,000 bushels; oats, 225, 000 bushels; rye, 10,000 bushels; barley, 21,000 bushels.

AVAILABLE SUPPLIES.

New York, March 13.—Special tele-graphic and cable advices to Bradstreet's indicate the following changes in available supplies since last week: Wheat-United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 1,635,000 bushels; affoat for and in Europe, increase 1,500,000 bushels; total supplies, decrease 135,000 bushels. Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 2,700,000 bushels. United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 428,000 bushels.

Live Stock Market. CHICAGO, March 13.-Cattle-Receipts, 3,500; generally about steady; natives, good to prime steers, \$5 to \$5 90; poor to medium, \$4 to \$4 75; selected feeders, \$4 10 to \$4 75; mixed stockers, \$3 40 to \$3 85; cows, \$3 to \$4 30; heifers slow, \$3 10 to \$4 50; canners, \$2 40 to \$3; bulls, \$3 to \$4 25; calves, \$4 50 to \$7 50. Texans—Receipts, \$700. Texas fed steers \$3 90 to \$4 90; 700; Texas fed steers, \$3 90 to \$4 90; Texas bulls, \$3 20 to \$3 65. Hogs—Receipts today, 2,500; tomorrow, 28,000; left over, 2,000; average 2½c to 5c higher; top, \$5 07½; mixed and butchers, \$4 80 to \$5 05; good to choice heavy, \$4 85 to \$4 97½; rough heavy, \$4 80 to \$4 90; light, \$4 75 to \$4 97½; bulk of sales, \$4 92 to \$5. Sheep—Receipts, 1,100; good to choice wethers, \$5 50 to \$5 85; fair to choice mixed, \$4 75 to \$5 35; western sheep, \$5 35 to \$5 80; yearlings, \$5 to \$6 50; native lambs, \$7 to \$7 35; western lambs, \$6 to \$7 35.

EAST BUFFALO, March 13.-Cattle -Fair, at about yesterday's close. Sheep and lambs-There was practically no market for sheep and lambs today; there were a few sales, and the basis of extra lambs was \$7 75, but the bulk of the lambs were quotable at \$7 50 to \$7 65 for choice to extra; the sheep trade was quiet and nominally unchanged. Hogs-Market slow and 5c lower; heavy were quotable at \$5 20; mixed, \$5 12½ to \$5 15; Yorkers, good weights, \$5 10 to \$5 12½; light Yorkers, \$5 05 to \$5 07½; pigs, \$4 70 to \$4 80; roughs, \$4 60 to \$4 80; stags, \$3 60 to \$3 30.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Beeves— Receipts, 600; all for slaughterers, except one car; no trade in live cattle; feeling steady. Cables steady. Exports, 850 cattle and 5,600 quarters of beef, tomorrow, 1,676 quarters. Calves Receipts, 58; dull and lower; yeals, \$5 to \$7 25; little calves \$3 50; barnyard calves nominal. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,223; sheep steady; lambs steady to a shade higher; 6½ cars on sale; sheep, \$4 50 to \$7 50; fair to choice lambs, \$7 50 to \$8. Hogs-Receipts, 2,597; steady, at \$5 to \$5 35.

TORONTO, March 13 .- The run today was heavy, 84 loads, made up of 1,250 cattle, 1,500 hogs and 250 kneep and lambs. Good grain-fed lambs and veal calves were in demand. Export cattle-Market weak at \$4 60 to \$4 85 per cwt for heavy cattle, and \$4 25 to \$4 50 for lighter stock. A few odd lots sold a trifle higher than the average Butchers' cattle-Large supprices. ply and fair demand, but not enough to hold prices stiff; choice butchers sold at \$3 80 to \$4 25 per cwt, an old prime bullock in the morning realized a little more; good useful cattle sold at \$3 50 to \$3 75 per cwt; mixed and medium cattle at \$3 to \$3 50 per cwt, and common cows at \$2 50 to \$3 per cwt. Export bulls-Moderate demand, at \$4 to \$4 25 per cwt for heavy bulls, and \$3 50 to \$3 90 for lighter stocks. Feeders-Very few offered to moderate demand at unchanged prices. Stockers—Very offered to a fair demand, prices steady at \$3 to \$3 50 for lighter, and \$3 25 to \$3 50 for heavier animals. Feeding bulls un-changed at \$2 75 to \$3 25 per cwt. Stock bulls steady, at \$2 to \$2 50 per cwt, for light stock. Milch cows-About 20 milch cows and springers sold to a good demand, at \$30 to \$50 a head. Sheep—Export ewes firmer. head. Sheep—Export ewes firmer; selling at \$3 50 to \$4 25 per cwt, and butchers' sheep at \$3 to \$5 a head. Bucks sold 50c higher, at \$3 to \$3 50 per cwt; lambs 25c to 50c dearer, at \$4 50 to \$6 per cwt, and \$6 to \$6 25 per cwt for picked ewes and wedners. Hogs advanced 121/2c and weithers. Hogs advanced 12½c per cwt to \$5 50 per cwt, for selections of 160 to 200 lbs, natural weight, and \$4 871/2 per cwt for thick and light

OLD COUNTRY PRICES. London, March 13.—Here American cattle are steady at 10%c to 11%c per lb. (dressed weight); refrigerator beef is unchanged at 10c per 1b.

fats.

Terrible Suffering From Asthma. Mrs. J. Wethom, of Mount Forest, Ont., says: "For a number of years I have been a sufferer from asthma, and during that time I have consulted many doctors on my case, and have used many of the so-called cures for Asthma, but never got relief. At times I have been so bad that I found it necessary to have all the doors and windows open to get my breath. I had given up in despair of ever being cured till I heard of your preparation -Catarrhozone. I have used it and am now perfectly cured-thanks to your wonderful medicine. I recommend it as a positively sure cure for Asthma." Catarrh-o-zone is a guaranteed cure for Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis. Sold by all druggists. Trial outfit sent for 10c in stamps by N. C. POLSON

& CO., Kingston, Ont., Proprietors. The British Empire is 40 times larger than the German Empire, and sixteen times larger than all the French dominions.

It Dazzles the World. No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Its severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by W. T. Strong & Co., who guarantee satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50c and \$1. Trial

Many British familles have every member of them in the male line en-gaged fighting at the front in her

majesty's service. To Frevent Consumption. Hard to cure; easy to prevent. Scott's Emulsion nourishes the body, keeps all the organs and tissues healthy, and the consumption germs cannot get a foothold.

Than the One England is Now Engaged In.

The Premier's Eloquent Defense of the Action of the Government in Sending the Contingents-Mr. Bourassa's Motion Voted Down.

Ottawa, March 13.-In the house today Mr. Bourassa moved his resolution of want of confidence in the government in its policy of sending Canadian soldiers to South Africa. He blamed Mr. Chamberlain for having gone back on his own proposal to arbitrate the difference with the Transvaal. Had he (Bourassa) been in the house last session when the Transval. vaal resolutions were offered, he would have voted against anything that meant incense to Chamberlain. The speaker further contended that par-liament should have been summoned before any action was taken in regard to sending troops to South Africa. He failed to see that it was a case of emergency. If the government were to be influenced by public opinion, expressed in the press, the present government ought to resign. He contended that Chamberlain had worked up the whole scheme of colonial participation in the imperial war "by accepting colonial offers of assistance that were never made." Canada, he contended, had made great sacrifices for England, but what had England done for Canada? Canada's best contribution to the stability of the emtribution to the stability of the empire was to strengthen her own defenses. Neither government nor parliament ever had a right to adopt the new imperial policy without consult-ing the people at a general election upon the straight uqestion, unclouded by any other issue. Mr. Bourassa said further that he had warned the premier when the Transvaal resolution was passed, that it was a scheme of Chamberlain's, Mr. Bourassa then submitted the following amendment: That this house insists on the principle of the sovereignty and independence of parliament as the basis of British institutions and the safeguards of the civil and political liberties of British citizens, and refuses consequently to consider the action of the government in relation to the South African war as a precedent which should commit this country to any ac-tion in the future. That this house further declares that it opposes any change in the political and military relations which exist at present between Canada and Great Britain, unless such change is initialed by the sovereign will of Parliament and sanctioned by the people of Canada."
Sir Wilfrid Laurier regretted, all the more because of his intimacy with the honorable member, that he had to dif-

fer from him on this occasion. He excused him, however, because of his youth and enthusiasm, for the abstract, impracticable amendment. But it would have been better to have moved it upon the address or as an amend-ment to the resolution of the finance minister, providing for the expenditure for the contingents. Had it been made on such an occasion it could have been amended so as to affirm the essential principles of it, but in other and unobjectionable words. As it was, the as a whole. He was oposed to Mr. Bourassa's amendment because it was neither opportune nor had any raison to the acceptance of a resolution by the house. And he objected to it not so much because of its terms, but because of the arguments which the honorable member used in support of It. The action of the government in in-curring the expenditure for the first contingent without first consulting parliament was no violation of constitutional or parliamentary principle. In support of this the premier quoted several instances in which expenditure had been incurred by a British government and were subsequently indorsed by parliament. A notable case was Disraeli's purchase of the Suez Canal. Parliament indorsed that expenditure. and had not the public opinion of Canada been sufficiently expressed in the matter of the contingents? (Cheers.) there not ample reason to believe that the action of the government would be indorsed by parliament? What would have been the condition of the country had the government declined to have the contingent sent? dangerous agitation would have resulted, ending in a cleavage of the country upon racial lines, which would be the greatest calamity that could ever take place in Canada. (Cheers.) He had devoted his life to promoting unity and amity in the country, and he would never depart from that principle. Mr. Bourassa, he continued, thought the war an unjust one, and he had as much right to think so and say so as had John Morley, Mr. Courtenay and other Liberals in England. But for himself

he felt as fully convinced that there THE FEAR OF HUMBUG

Prevents Many People From Trying a Good Medicine.

Stomach troubles are so common and in most cases so obstinate to cure that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical, permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such pride themselves on their acuteness in never being humbugged, especially in medi-

This fear of being humbugged can be carried too far, in fact, that many people suffer for years with weak digestion rather than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims made of a preparation so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect than ordinary proprietary medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine, no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis show them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure aseptic pepsin, the digestive acids, golden seal, bismuth, hydrastis and nux. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment; sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their suc-

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stom-ach troubles because they act entirely on the bowels, whereas the whole trouble is really in the stomach. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets taken after meals digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food not digested, or half-digested, is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite, and many other troubles which are often called by some other name. They are sold by druggists every-

BAYLEY'S

There are but few ladies in London that do not know this store as the store whereat to buy Kid Gloves. The new and fashionable styles are always to be had from us, and the makes that give good satisfaction are the only ones kept by us.

SPECIALS FOR SPRING WEAR. At \$1-A real French kid, in modes,

blues, brown, castor and black; a perfect fitting glove, with superb styles, only............\$1 00 At \$1 25—Cut from selected French kid skins; very soft and pliable; in the season's shades; very pret-ty effect on the hand; only.....\$1 25

At 75c—French Suede, in grays, modes and black; this is a grand glove and of good fashion; made to sell at \$1 25, now only....... 75. At \$1 50—Very high-grade P. K. sewn glove; blown fingers, with handsome point on back; a very

in white and castor; this is a good-fitting washing glove, and retains style under severe wear,

bright and pliable. Make your selection early. Special display this week. 50c-Buy materials here, and have your skirts fashionably made for 50c. New Tweeds and Homespuns of special character now on sale.

never was a more just war on England's part. (Cheers.) For President Kruger he admitted his high admiration. He was a strong patriot, but if Kruger's condition was examined in the light of facts and history, it must be concluded he was his country's worst enemy. He had opened the worst enemy. He had opened the Transvaal to the world—nay, he had especially invited the British people there; had sold them lands and taken their money. Yet he taxed the uit-landers as no people were taxed. The per capita taxation in the United States was \$8; in England, \$12; in France, \$12. The taxation of the small population of the Transvaal was \$100 per head, and yet to the people who contributed the bulk of it Kruger denied every vestige of representation. It was under these circumstances, therefore, that the public opinion of Canada favored taking part in a war for justice, and the government decided to send a contribute of the covernment decided to send a covernment decided the government decided to send a contingent, relying on parliament to ratify their course. Sir Wilfrid repudiated entirely the doctrine laid down by Mr. Bourassa that by sending this military contingent the government changed the political conditions subsisting between this and the mother country. It was not true that either as regards their course in this matter or in offering last session the resolution of sym-pathy with the Uitlanders the government was acting under coercion from Downing street. It was not dictated by Chamberlain, "who was all the while preparing for war," as Mr. Bourassa had insinuated. "Why," said the premier, "It will stand to the eternal glory of England that that war found her entirely unprepared." (Cheens.) Kruger it was who had been preparing for war, and who when the time come for war, and who, when the time came and he thought he was ready, issued his insulting ultimatum, calling upon England to give up her possessions or defend them in war. But so unprepared was England, that for a time she had to submit to defeat. The premier denied that in acting as they had the government committed Camada to pardicipation in Britain's future wars. In the future, as in the present instance. public opinion of Canada d decide the course. (Cheers.) the would "And," said he, "if it is the will of the people of Canada at a future period to

take part in a war for England, the people of Canada will have their way."
(Applause.) If the doctrine were admitted that Canada must henceforth take part in all the wars of Great Britain, he would agree we must revise the conditions existing between us and Great Britain. He would say to England that if they wished us to assume the burdens we must insist in sharing the responsibilities, they should take us into their councils. But Canada had not compelled a single man to go to South Africa, as they would have been compelled to go to the front in 1885, only they went willingly. All the government did was to help these young men who wanted to go to South Africa to lay down their lives for Queen and country, and everybody knew what would have been the result if the government had decided to allow only 500 to go. If ever, continued the premier, there was an occasion on which there should not be a voice of dissent in the house it was on the present occasion; and he would call on his honorable friend, whose family had done so much in the cause of lik erty, to remember that the obligation was not all on one side. The government was not compelled to do what it did, but if they chose to be generous, to do a little more than they were bound to do, was there a man living who would find fault with them for that action? (Cheers.) "My honorable friend," continued Sir Wilfrid. 'dreads the consequences of this action of sending out a military contingent to South Africa. Let me tell him the bottom of my heart that I am full of the hopes I entertain of the beneficial results which will accrue from that action. When our young volunteers sailed from our shores to join the British army in South Africa, great was our expectation that they would display on those distant battlefields the same courage that had been displayed by their fathers in the last Again, in many breasts, century. there was a fugitive sense of uneasiness at the thought that the first facing of musketry by raw recruits is always a severe trial. But when the telegraph brought the news that such was the good impression created by our volunteers that the commander in-chief had placed them in the position of honor in the front ranks, to share the danger with the famous corps, the Gordon Highlanders, when we heard that they had justified fully the confidence placed in them, that they had charged like veterans, that

their conduct was heroic, and had won for them the encomiums of the

commander-in-chief and the unstinted

admiration of their comrades, who had

faced death on a hundred battlefields

in all parts of the world, is there a

We Lead in Curtain Drapery. To Be Thoroughly Up to Date You

Must Use MADRAS—Either Colored or White.

In these goods we have the most artistic designs and elegant colorings that it has been our pleasure to introduce.

In Roman Stripes, Bow Knots and Floral Designs, these goods are sim ply superb, and can be had only from us.

The Demand for Bobbinet

is steadily increasing and we can supply it in three widths-30-inch, 45-inch and 72-inch-self frilled or with Battenberg lace.

SEE OUR WINDOWS.

NEW DRYGOODS STORE

Dress Goods News

Another shipment of Dress Goods just put into stock:

Covert Suitings, fine silky finish, 48 inches wide, in the new shades of grays, per yard only...... 50c Wool Poplins, in tans, fawns and grays, the favorite colors for spring, per yard50c and 75c

Pierl finished Suitings in a rich range of colorings at, per yard... Vigereau and Venetian Suitings in all the leading colors, per

Special lines of Tweed Suitings...... 15c A Fine Range of Black Dress Goods.

GRAY & PARKER,

150 DUNDAS STREET.

********************************* sciousness of our governing strength, pride in the consciousness that that day it had been revealed to the world that a new power had arisen in the west?" (Tremendous cheering.) Nor is that all. The work of union and harmony among the chief races of this country is not yet complete. We know by the unfortunate occurrence which took place only last week that there is much to do in that way. But there is no bond of union so strong as the bond created by common dangers faced in common. (Hear, hear.) Today there are men in South Africa representing the branches of the Canadian family, fighting side by side for the honor of Canada. Already some of them have fallen, giving to their country the last full measure of devotion. Their remains have been laid in the same grave, there to remain to the end of time in that fast fraternal embrace. Can we not hope-I would ask my honorable friend himself-that in that grave shall be buried the last vestiges of our former antagonism? If such shall be the result, if we can indulge that hope, if we can believe that in that grave shall be buried former contentions, then the sending of the contingents would be the greatest service ever rendered to Canada since Confederation. These are the motives. at all events, which guided us; these are the thoughts which ought to commend themselves to the heart and judgment of my honorable friend, and knowing him as I do, they should, in my judgment, induce him not to press further this motion which he has pre-(Prolonged cheers.) The house then divided, and the am-endment of Mr. Bourassa was defeated

by 119 mays to 10 yeas. DOMINION LANDS ACT. The act to amend the Dominion lands act was read a third time and passed. It allows settlers who have gone on service to South Africa to count the time so passed in the completion of their homestead requirement.

redistribution bill was received from the commons amidst cries of "Hear, hear," and read a first time. The econd reading was fixed for Tuesday

IN THE SENATE.

HEARING COMPLETELY RESTORED.

Catarrh Caused the Deafness, but Jaj . anese Catarrh Cure Cured the Catarrh. Allying All Inflammation and Restored the Hearing After Physicians in Toronto and Winnipeg Failed.

Mr. D. N. Spencer, 11 Coolmine ave., Toronto, writes: "For over twelve years I have suffered from catarrh, which, in spite of doctoring with specialists, in Toronto and Winnipeg, became worse, until finally my hearing became much affected. About a year ago I procured a sample of Japanese Catarrh Cure, afterwards in all four bottles; since I have been completely free from catarrh, and my hearing has altogether returned. can cheerfully and conscientiously recommend it." Anderson & Nelles, druggists, 50 cents. Write for book on Catarrh and Deafness, free. Griffiths and Macpherson Co., Limited, 121 Church street, Toronto.

Montana is said to have mined \$40 .-000,000 worth of copper last year. This beats the gold or silver record of any

A Widow's Love Affair. Receives a setback, if she has of-

fensive breath through constipation, Biliousness or Stomach Trouble, but Dr. King's New Life Pills always cure those troubles; clean the system, sweeten the breath, banish headache; best in the world for liver, kidneys and bowels. Only 25c at W. T. Strong & Co.'s drug store.

Frenchmen can properly be called 'Knights of the Table." They are "Knights of the Table." They are good judges in all its refinements and delicacies. In order to stimulate the appetite and keep the digestive organs in good order they give pre-eminence to Angostura Bitters. When you try

Western Ontario.

Mr. J. Beech, ledger-keeper in the Stratford branch of the Bank of Montreal, has been transferred to Winnipeg, Man. Mr. Francis has assumed charge of the ledger, while Mr. Benjamin, of Montreal, will fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Beech's removal.

The two days' meetings of the North and South Norfolk Farmers' Institute meetings have been largely attended. The addresses of Mr. Woodward, of Lockport, and Mr. Anderson, of Rugby, Ont., were very practical and much appreciated.

James Tracy, who lives on the Currie road, had his house destroyed by fire on Saturday. Mr. Tracy was sitting in the house reading when someone passing saw the smoke coming through the roof, ran in and let the lonely occupant know his house was on fire. Loss, about \$500: no insurance.

WEAKNESS OF HOSPITALS

gaid To Be Incapable of Curing One of the Most Deadly Diseases of the Age.

Montreal, March 12.-Mr. Wm. Brownley tells an alarming story of utter failure of the hospitals to cure him of Bright's Disease. He was treated in the best hospitals both in Canada and the United States. They gave him up as incurable. Medical science had failed; the hospitals were powerless to help him. Nevertheless Mr. Brownley is cured. Dodd's Kidney pills cured him, and he is a well man today.
Says Mr. Brownley himself: "I have

been subject to Bright's Disease of the Kidneys for many years. I have been in all the best hospitals in Canada and the United States. I could get no relief. I have just finished eleven doses of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and am completely cured. I am a locomotive engineer, and well-known, so many can youch for this statement.'

Experience comes high, but you needn't tell your neighbors what cost.

The D. & L. Emulsion benefits most those having Lung troubles with tendency to hemorrhages. A few bottles taken regularly make a wonderful improvement. Made by Davis & Lawrence Company, Limited.

A provision of a new charter drafted for St. Pau limits school expenditures to \$25 per pupil per year. TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure 2 ic E. W. Groves' signature is on each box.

In all the London clubs tipping is strictly prohibited. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has

done it will do again. Work has been begun on the Canso and Louisburg Railway in Nova Scotia.

FAGGED OUT .- None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure-one box of Pharmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills.

The evictions in Ireland during the past year were only 454; the lowest in

A physician is not always at hand, Guard yourself against sudden coughs and colds by keeping a bottle of Pain-Killer in the house. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c and 50c.

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It scothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air pasman whose bosom did not swell with pride, that noblest of all pride, the pride of patriotism, the pride and con-