all such books, papers, and writings, as such arbitrators may direct them or either of them to produce, and the arbitrators may admininter oaths to such parties and witnesses.

Warrant of Arbitrators-Equivalent to Execution of Division Court.

86. The said arbitrators, or any two of them, may issue their warrant* to any person named therein, to enforce the collection of any moneys by them awarded to be paid, and the person named in such warrant shall have the same power and authority to enforce the collection of the moneys mentioned in the said warrant, with all reasonable costs, by seizure and sale of the property of the party or corporation against whom the same has issued, as any bailiff of a Division Court has in enforcing a judgment and execution issued out of such court.

No such Dispute to be brought into any Court.

87. No action shall be brought in any court of law or equity, to enforce any claim or demand between trustees and teachers which can be referred to arbitration as aforesaid.[†]

APPENDIX E.

DUTIES OF COUNTY OR TOWNSHIP LOCAL SUPERINTEN-DENTS OF SCHOOLS.⁺

So far as applicable to Roman Catholic Separate Schools in Rural Sections.

Local Superintendent not to hold certain Offices.

90. No local superintendent shall be a teacher or trustee of any common [or separate] school while he holds the office of superintendent.

Duties of Local Superintendents.

91. It shall be the duty of each local superintendent, and he is hereby empowered—

[(1) and (2) not applicable to Roman Catholic Separate Schools.]

Make Two Visits a Year to each School.

(3) To visit each [Roman Catholic separate] school within his jurisdiction twice in each year, unless oftener required by the County

^{*} For form of warrant see sub-note § on page 36.

Arbitration is the only mode of settling disputes between trustees and teacher. —The Court of Queen's Bench has decided that no action in law or equity can be sustained by a school teacher against trustees for his salary: arbitration is the only remedy.—Tiernan v. Trustees No. —, Nepean. 14 Q. B. R. 15.

only remedy.—*Tiernan* v. *Trustees No.*—, *Nepean.* 14 Q. B. R. 15. [‡] The law provides that the entire dutics of local superintendents of both common and Roman Catholic separate schools in cities, towns, and incorporated villages, should be prescribed by the Boards of common and Roman Catholic separate school trustees respectively. See page 47.