

JUST RECEIVED.  
17 Cases RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS;  
6 " CANADIAN TWEEDS;  
18 " PAPER COLLARS, Latest Styles.

6 Bales NEW STYLE PRINTS;  
3 Cases FANCY GOODS.  
And a general assortment for the various departments, at lowest rates.

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,  
55 and 57 King Street.  
EVERITT & BUTLER,  
DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,  
Office Union St., Near Germain,  
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,  
MANUFACTURER OF  
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!  
Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES,  
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.  
SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,  
And UNION GREY FLANNELS

First Class COTTON WARPS.  
The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the  
very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.  
ALL ORDERS FROM THE PROVINCES WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.  
79 King St. MILLAR'S 79 King St.

SEWING MACHINE  
EMPORIUM.  
The Best Assortment of Really  
FIRST CLASS MACHINES IN ST. JOHN  
Are only to be had at MILLAR'S, viz:  
THE LOCKMAN, THE HESPELOR,  
THE APPLETON, THE SINGBIE, &c.

T. R. JONES & CO.,  
CANTERBURY STREET,  
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
Dry and Fancy Goods.

GREY COTTON  
WHICH IS  
MUCH SUPERIOR  
to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

W. F. PARKS & SON,  
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,  
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ROBERT MARSHALL,  
Fire, Life & Marine Insurance Agent  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

WILLIAM DUNLOP,  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
Flour, Groceries & Liquors,  
No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. E. DUNHAM,  
ARCHITECT.  
Rooms, 1 and 3 Bayly's Building,  
(UP STAIRS)  
106 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.  
Persons intending to build or remodel their  
buildings would do well to call at the above  
office before commencing operations, as we  
are the subscribers' guarantee to give all the  
information that can be obtained from the most  
practical mechanic, his theory being Beauty,  
Economy and Strength, so combined as to make  
the entire work, when finished, what it cost.

### The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART, EDITOR.  
MONDAY EVENING, AUG. 18, 1878.

**A Caesar for the United States.**  
The New York Herald is provoking the derision of the crowd, and exciting the serious attention of many thoughtful people by discussing the prospects and possibilities of a despotism in the United States. The rapidly with which authority has been centralized, the ease with which the Constitution has been warped or changed to suit the emergency, that rendered a strong Government necessary, and the suspicion that Gen. Grant is to be placed in office for a third term, have rendered this discussion possible. The very fact that such a subject will bear discussion is one of great significance. It is, at least, as sensible as the discussion of the prospect of the establishment of a republic in Great Britain on the annexation of Canada to the United States. The Herald should not be ridiculed by those who do not believe in the possibility of a republic in the United States there is a craving for the distinctions of a despotism in Germany. This feeling would welcome a title-conferring ruler. Wealth is concentrating itself daily, and a comparatively small number of men now control a great portion of the active wealth of the country. Old world customs and social distinctions are rapidly supplanting republican simplicity. It is ludicrous, then, to discuss the possibility of change in the machinery of Government analogous to the change in the usages of society? We don't believe it possible to turn the republic into a despotism in this generation, nor do we believe that General Grant would consent to be the despot. We don't believe that his elevation to office for a third term would make him desirous of overthrowing the republic. But that there is a feeling in favor of monarchy, and that there is a widespread indifference on the subject, the Herald has clearly demonstrated by the responses its articles have evoked and the opinions its interviewers have elicited. In the South, as might be expected, the feeling in favor of a change is strongest. Here is an extract from a correspondent's interview with a leading newspaper editor of Richmond, Virginia:

Correspondent—But would they not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

Editor—With the most perfect indifference. They would not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

Editor—With the most perfect indifference. They would not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

Editor—With the most perfect indifference. They would not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

Editor—With the most perfect indifference. They would not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

Editor—With the most perfect indifference. They would not resist any encroachment upon their republican government? Would they not resist any attempt to place a third term in office? Editor—No, sir; I hardly believe they would, if they did what you think they would. In the face of Grant's power through his hundred thousand office-holders and the army and the navy, all of which, from their interests and organizations, would be against any such attempt, a third term would be a foregone conclusion. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire. And what would be the difference? Even now we have all the despotism of an Empire.

ed as very good authority on the Canadian constitution.

The High Sheriff, in response to a requisition, has called upon the citizens to assemble at the Court House at 8 o'clock this afternoon, to consider what steps shall be taken for the entertainment of His Excellency the Governor General during his stay. The useless Common Council failed to agree to anything; let the people act.

The Leader of the Opposition on the Prospects of the Party.  
Mr. Alex. Mackenzie, leader of the Opposition, arrived at the Victoria yesterday. He had many callers during the day, and conversed freely on politics and insurance matters. A reporter who wrote "wants to be insured" on his card, was granted an interview, and the following conversation might have been heard between them:  
Reporter—I want a word with you on the political situation.  
Mackenzie—This is Sunday and I can't talk politics. I thought you wanted a policy in the "Isolated Risk."  
Reporter—Don't be alarmed. I'm all right. I am from the Evening Chronicle—Clear Grit, you know—always on your side.  
Mackenzie—Well, mon, if you've got that paper it's all right. Chronicle is it called? I knew we had a paper here, but I'd forgot the name. What can I do for you?  
Reporter—I merely want to congratulate you on the brilliant leadership you have displayed in handling this charge against John A. You've managed to postpone the investigation from time to time, and have cleverly made the Ministry responsible for the delay.  
Mackenzie—Well, that wasn't bad. Reporter—When Blake and Dorion refused to accept power from the Government for the Parliamentary Committee to swear witnesses, I feared we should be held responsible for the delay; but the reasons they gave were so plausible, and the agitation kept up by you so great, that the majority of the people actually believe the Government prevented the inquiry taking place at the time and in the manner directed by Parliament.  
Mackenzie—We did better than we expected. The party receives recruits daily.  
Reporter—But this was surpassed by your success in getting the public to fancy that a session of Parliament could be held in August. And how cleverly you got all those fellows up to Ottawa on a fool's errand, and then made them believe that John A. or Lord Dufferin had fooled them, when you were the guilty party.  
Mackenzie—Of course not! This is in the hands of the Lord.  
Reporter—Don't do me wrong. We are helping you all along. We assert day after day that John A. puts off the investigation for the purpose of holding on a little longer, and declare that you and Mr. Huntington have been sincerely desirous to have the charges investigated.  
Mackenzie—That's right, my mon, keep it up, keep it up. There's nothing like saying a good thing, especially if it isn't true, over and over again.  
Reporter—You'll have no trouble in proving your charges against the Government, I suppose.  
Mackenzie—Not the least, not the least—in any court not empowered to swear witnesses. You see, it isn't convenient for us to have McKim's sworn. His Chicago operations make it probable that he will need, at some time soon, an asylum in Canada. Now, if he should swear as freely as he writes (by the way, though, he merely signed those letters—we wrote them) he might not find it pleasant to retire to Canada from unpleasant persecutions in the States.  
Reporter—You are resolved, then, to have the investigation before a Parliamentary committee that can't swear the witnesses?  
Mackenzie—We must, must; and we will. The excited public will sustain us in refusing to obey the summons of the Commission. Lord Dufferin must call Parliament together soon. Then a motion for a Committee of Inquiry will pass. John A. will not oppose it and be defeated—not he. We shall have to wait until the evidence is in before we can turn him out. There are several members who say—"Show us John A. is guilty and we will join you." This McKim is ready to show before a committee of Parliament.  
Reporter—That has no power to swear witnesses.  
Mackenzie—Exactly. Before a committee of Parliament at any time. Then we shall have an accession to the party and go in and win.  
Reporter—Well, good day, Mack. I hope nothing will gung agley.  
Mackenzie—But you spoke about a policy in the "Isolated Risk."  
Reporter—I don't talk business on Sunday. Good day.

**Nov Scotia News.**  
A man named Robert Brigham took Friday to convey a sailor of the U. S. war ship "Powhatan" from the shore. The sailor, named Turner, had his hand severely crushed by the falling of some hundred pounds of iron on him. Turner, an Irishman, residing at Chelsea, Lunenburg County, met with a very serious accident lately, by falling on

the blade of a jack-knife and running it into his thigh. It is believed that an artery was severed. At last accounts he was not expected to live.

Friday afternoon, while a little boy was amusing himself in a boat on the Dartmouth side of the harbor, by some mishap the moorings loosed, the boat went adrift with its helpless occupant. Farther and farther from the shore it was carried by the current, the child all the while crying out for help. Finally a young man walking on the shore in the vicinity, saw the danger to which the youth was exposed, and at once sprang and swam out to his rescue, a considerable distance. The heroic conduct exhibited on the occasion is deserving of more than a passing notice.

The 6th Sergeants ball on Thursday night at the Temperance Hall, in honor of Lady Dufferin, was attended by nearly five hundred persons. The Countess appeared promptly at the appointed hour—8 o'clock, and opened the ball with Sergeant Major Dixon. In the next dance, her partner was Armorer Sergeant Ward, Present of the Sergeant's Mess. Her Excellency took part in every dance until supper was announced at about midnight. Present on all the dances were the military dignitaries were present on the occasion. Just before going down to supper Lady Dufferin advanced, escorted by her brother, Lieut. Hamilton, to the portion of the programme occupied by the band. She warmly complimented him on the performance of the band under his direction on that and on Wednesday nights. Mr. Rainier then tendered her a copy of the "Dufferin" album.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

**LOCALS.**  
For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

**New Advertisements.**  
Advertisers must send in their favors and notices in order to insure their appearance in this list.

**Amusements.**  
Regatta  
Butter, Oysters, &c.—J. D. Turner  
Customs Notice—R. S. M. Bochette  
Rock Salt—Geo. McKean  
House Wanted—J. A. Kane  
New Straw Hats—D. Magee & Co  
Public Meeting—A. L. Palmer and others

**Household Furniture.** Stewart & White  
Clothing, &c.—E. H. Lester

**Hotel Directory.**  
Victoria Hotel, Germain street.  
Continental Hotel, north side of King Street.  
Bay View Hotel, Prince William street.  
Victoria Dining Rooms, Germain street, (opposite Market).

**On First Page:** Notes and News; Voyage of a Crippled Steamer; and a Murder Mystery.  
**On Fourth Page:** A Tempest of Wind and Rain Visits New York.  
**Personal.**  
Wm. Elder, Esq., is negotiating an insurance policy in the "Isolated Risk Insurance Company."

**Revisits.**  
The schools re-opened this morning for the Fall Term.  
A meeting of the regatta subscribers is called at the Victoria Hotel to-morrow evening.  
The Metropolitan Base Ball Club, of Indianapolis, play nine of the Mutuals this afternoon on the Barrack Square.  
The Baptist Convention for the Maritime Provinces opens its session at Windsor on Thursday next. A large attendance is expected.  
The Mutuals defeated the Dirigos in the base ball match at Bangor on Saturday by a score of 28 to 26. They returned home yesterday morning much pleased with their trip.  
A sailor belonging to the Pride of Wales, lying at Reed's Point, fell overboard yesterday. A line was thrown him and he shined up without any trouble.  
The Sunday evening services in the Y. M. C. A. Lecture room were resumed last evening. There was a large attendance, and the exercises were particularly solemn and impressive.

**The Albert Election.**  
The election on Saturday in Albert County, to fill the vacancy in the Local House caused by the death of Dr. Palmer, resulted in the election of Martin B. Palmer, Esq., by a majority of about fifty. There were two other candidates—Chas. A. Peck and Peter Duffy. Mr. Peck made an excellent run, and in the Parish of Beign, he lead both candidates by 190 votes. The member elect is a brother of A. L. Palmer, Esq., M. P.

**Passengers per S. S. Acadia for St. John.**  
Cabin—Mrs. Simmonds, Katie do., May do., John Welch, Miss E. Tucker, Mr. R. S. Bull, Mrs. M. do., Mr. John Russell, Mrs. Atherton.  
Steward—Martha Foxwell, J. R. do., F. W. do., Frederick Greig, Bessie Cunningham, John F. do., Mary M. do., Bridget Rogers, Hugh do., Henry Ellice.  
The Acadia arrived at Halifax last night and is expected to leave for this port to-night.

**Levi's Opera House.**  
The summer season of the Opera House closed Saturday evening. A benefit was tendered to Dick Sands, which secured a full house and was profitable to the beneficiary. The performance was all that could be desired. This morning the entire company left for Calais and Eastport where they are to play for a few nights. They will return to Carleton on Saturday and perform there in the evening. The following Monday they re-open at the Opera House with a number of additional performers. The pantomime, "Faust and Marguerite," will be performed.

**Dramatic Lyceum.**  
The fine performance Saturday evening on the occasion of Mrs. Laeger's benefit attracted a good audience. The performers all acquitted themselves well, the beneficiary herself being particularly pleasing. Figure the last act of the "Serious Man," which was the first piece played, Mrs. Laeger was called before the curtain and received a handsome bouquet.

**Consumption.**  
HUDSON CITY, New Jersey  
Mrs. Wm. Lawrence, writing to Mr. Feltow, says: I cannot tell you how many have called to see me, to inquire if I really had been as ill as reported, and if it was the Syrup which so wonderfully restored me (as consumptive) to such good health. With gladness I tell them all that my recovery is due to Feltow's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, with the blessing of God upon it. Feltow's Hypophosphites being peculiar in its effect and composition, no other preparation is a substitute for it.

**Health.** The poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss, is found in AYER'S PILLS, after a fruitless search among other remedies. A word to the wise is sufficient.

**Sunday School Convention.**  
This convention opened on Thursday afternoon, the 14th inst., at Charlottetown, P. E. I. There were present about one hundred delegates, and the convention was called to order by the retiring president, J. S. McLean of Halifax. The usual routine business was gone through, reports were received from the various delegates, and the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:  
Mr. William B. McNutt, of Halifax, President; Messrs. William Warwick, of St. John, F. W. Haines, of Charlottetown, John Hillion, of Yarmouth, J. Mathews, of New Glasgow, and Alex. Stewart, of Georgetown, Vice-Presidents; Messrs. B. M. Barrat, of Charlottetown, and J. E. Ulich, of St. John's, Secretaries; and Mathews, Treasurer.

**City Police Court.**  
The Court opened at the usual hour, the dock being well filled with prisoners. The majority were disposed of in short space as the only charge against them was drunkenness.  
James Smith, Patrick Murphy, John McPherson, Ellen Ryan, Henry Cunningham, John McCarty, Patrick Duggan, John Lanchin, Benjamin Hill, Elcano Hamilton, Wm. Bond, and Jas. Mehan, arrested for drunkenness in various parts of the city were each fined \$5.  
Martin McGovern who went to the Station for protection was allowed to depart.

**Michael Nicholson** was arrested in Water street and also charged with smothering and breaking the door of Mr. T. D. Baldwin's saloon in the same street. He was fined \$5 for being drunk and the other charge Mr. Baldwin did not wish to press. If the damage done was paid for. After Mr. Baldwin had made his statement, Nicholson accused him with selling liquor on Sunday. Baldwin was told by the Magistrate to make information and have the affair investigated. He did so and the result was that Nicholson was fined \$5 for breaking the windows, and ordered to pay \$5 for damage done. His little spare therefore cost him \$25.

**Elizabeth Kelly** was charged with assaulting Joseph and Eliza McArthur on the other side Joseph and Eliza McArthur were accused of committing an assault on Elizabeth Kelly. They wisely agreed to settle the matter, each paying his own costs.  
Daniel O'Mahony, given in charge by his wife for being drunk. She did not appear to prosecute and he was discharged.  
John Damerly, for fighting and creating a disturbance in Main street, was fined \$8.  
James Gallagher, one of a noisy mid-night crowd, was fined \$5.  
Henry Whelan, sleeping in the graveyard, was fined \$4.  
Wm. McMillan, a drunken vagrant, was sent to the Alms House.

**Subscription for the Daily Tribune.**  
The Daily Tribune and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street.

**Mr. J. E. Griffith, Dentist.**  
Office Union St., Near Germain, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

**JAMES D. O'NEILL,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!  
Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES,  
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

**MISPECK MILLS,** - - St. John, N. B.  
SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,  
And UNION GREY FLANNELS

**SEWING MACHINE EMPORIUM.**  
The Best Assortment of Really  
FIRST CLASS MACHINES IN ST. JOHN  
Are only to be had at MILLAR'S, viz:  
THE LOCKMAN, THE HESPELOR,  
THE APPLETON, THE SINGBIE, &c.

**T. R. JONES & CO.,**  
CANTERBURY STREET,  
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
Dry and Fancy Goods.

**GREY COTTON**  
WHICH IS  
MUCH SUPERIOR  
to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

**W. F. PARKS & SON,**  
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,  
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

**ROBERT MARSHALL,**  
Fire, Life & Marine Insurance Agent  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

**WILLIAM DUNLOP,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
Flour, Groceries & Liquors,  
No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

**DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,**  
Office Union St., Near Germain,  
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

**JAMES D. O'NEILL,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!  
Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES,  
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

**MISPECK MILLS,** - - St. John, N. B.  
SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,  
And UNION GREY FLANNELS

**SEWING MACHINE EMPORIUM.**  
The Best Assortment of Really  
FIRST CLASS MACHINES IN ST. JOHN  
Are only to be had at MILLAR'S, viz:  
THE LOCKMAN, THE HESPELOR,  
THE APPLETON, THE SINGBIE, &c.

**T. R. JONES & CO.,**  
CANTERBURY STREET,  
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
Dry and Fancy Goods.

**GREY COTTON**  
WHICH IS  
MUCH SUPERIOR  
to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

**W. F. PARKS & SON,**  
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,  
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

**ROBERT MARSHALL,**  
Fire, Life & Marine Insurance Agent  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

**WILLIAM DUNLOP,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
Flour, Groceries & Liquors,  
No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.