

MR. HAZEN MOVES TO PROTECT FISHERMEN

Maritime Liberals Prove Recreant to Interests of Constituents

BITTERLY OPPOSING MR. HAZEN'S PROPOSAL

Bill to Shut Our Ports to Foreign Steam Trawlers, Thus Protecting Canadian Fisheries, Passes First Reading.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 14.—It seems hard to satisfy the Maritime Province Liberals. One of the standing grievances of the fishermen of the eastern coast is the presence of foreign steam trawlers. These efficient engines of destruction are greatly feared and dreaded by the men who live on the shore. Last year bitterly because the government was not driving these trawlers away from the coast. Today they complained bitterly because it is trying to.

The trawlers, mostly American and French, already are forbidden to trawl inside the three mile limit, and work, however, outside that limit, and as they are free to do as they please on the high seas, it is difficult to see how they can be stopped, short of the obtaining of an international agreement under which each country would restrain its own people from this sort of fishing.

There is, however, this way of getting at them. The use of our ports as bases of operation can be denied them. A trawler needs coal, and to some extent, ice and other stores. Judge McKenzie of Cape Breton, by the way, insisted that they need bait, a statement which rather puzzled the House as it is generally understood that the trawler carries up his fish by whole sale without going through the deceptively formalities of offering them hospitality.

The government came to the House this afternoon with a bill designed to stop Canadian ports to these vessels. It is Mr. Hazen's bill. It is entitled "An act to amend the Fisheries and Fisheries Protection Act, and to give effect to section 10 of that act."

It is proposed by the bill (1) to strengthen the rule about foreign vessels by refusing to other nations those rights of fishing in the territorial waters of the United States by the treaty of 1818. (2) To refuse bait, ice, supplies, etc., as well as the right to tranship goods, to foreign vessels. (3) To strengthen the clause under which vessels mooring can be pounced upon and confiscated.

Liberals Are Bitter. The Liberals offered prolonged and even violent opposition. There was some dispute over the legal aspects of the right of ships to enter Canadian territorial waters. It appears that in strict law, a foreign vessel has no right whatever to enter our territorial waters for any purpose other than those of humanity.

A dead seal, however, was made against the clause relating to the use of Canadian harbors by trawlers. Mr. McKenzie took the field in form against the proposal. These trawlers, he said, bring to Nova Scotia, they buy coal, supplies and bait.

Mr. Hazen marvelled at the trawlers having need for bait, but Mr. McKenzie insisted upon the use of small kind of herring which is useless for food. "They buy these and they take them

LEGISLATURE NOT MOST OF BUSINESS

House Sat Yesterday For Less Than An Hour and Adjourned to Monday.

AGREED TO BILL FOR REDEMPTION OF DEBT

Premier Explains Provisions of Advanced Legislation Intended to Create Fund for Reduction of Provincial Liabilities.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, Feb. 14.—The House sat for less than an hour today and then adjourned until Monday afternoon. The business was not of an important nor contentious nature and everything went along smoothly. There was a large attendance of members again, but few of those who were here for the opening having left for their homes before this evening.

Next week will probably see the committee at work by not later than Tuesday. The House met at three o'clock. Mr. Tilley, as chairman of the committee to present the address to His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, submitted a message from His Honor which was read by Mr. Speaker as follows:

Government House, Fredericton, N. B. 14th February, 1913. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: I thank you for your address. I need not reassure you that I entertain the fullest confidence in your earnest desire to promote the happiness, prosperity and best interests of the people of this province.

JOSEPH WOOD. Hon. Mr. Fleming presented the report of the special committee to nominate standing committees. Mr. Stewart (Restigouche) presented a petition in favor of a bill to confirm Elizabeth Connacher's title to real estate in the town of Campbellton.

Hon. Mr. McLeod presented petitions of the city of Fredericton in favor of bills to fix the valuation on D. Fraser and Son's Limited property, to aid the Palmer-McLellan Shoeap Co. Ltd., to authorize city to issue certain debentures and to establish Salvage Corps and Fire Police in the city.

Mr. Munro presented a petition in favor of a bill relating to the estate of the late Lewis F. Fisher, late of the town of Woodstock, deceased.

Mr. Fleming said that a copy of the souvenir number of the London Financial News dealing with the recent visit to Canada of the British manufacturers would be placed on each member's desk. Two pages of the edition, he said, were devoted to New Brunswick, and this was one of the ways that the government had been endeavoring to place before the world the advantages which New Brunswick had to offer to settlers and investors. There was a guaranteed circulation of 100,000 copies in the United Kingdom, and the edition was, he believed, the best of the kind ever issued.

KING MOURNS SCOTT'S DEATH. London, Feb. 14.—King George has sent a letter to Mrs. Scott, widow of the explorer, in which he says he knew Captain Scott intimately and that he mourns the loss of a friend.

MADERO OFFERS DEFEAT BY TENDERING RESIGNATION

Mexican President Practically Admits Diaz is Victor.

FEDERALS REPULSED BY MURDEROUS FIRE

Soldiers Slaughter Officers and Join Victorious Rebels—Sixth Day of Battle Ends in Favor of Revolutionary Forces

Washington, Feb. 14.—The news of Francisco I. Madero's relinquishment of the presidency of Mexico brought relief to official circles in Washington, in which the situation during the last five days had been hourly growing more tense.

Mexico City, Feb. 14.—The Mexican congress is expected to meet tonight to receive Madero's resignation, this being necessary under the law. Because of this, the resignation has not been officially confirmed.

Diaz waited until the federal advance of the federals down Balderas street early in the day which provoked the first sharp reply from the mutinous zone.

Diaz waited until the federals were far down the line and then threw into their ranks a hail of shrapnel and swept them with machine gun fire. The government troops tried to carry the rebel position from other directions but always with the same result. The federals fell under a withering fire or were driven back to shelter.

At two o'clock in the afternoon a general order to cease firing was given, but for the two preceding hours the fire from the government lines had practically been suspended. General De La Vega, commanding the line directly to the east of the rebel position, admitted that he was unable to advance. Failure had been encountered in all quarters.

Mr. Oliver to Blame. The minister said that as minister of the interior, Hon. Frank Oliver had undertaken to lay out a forest reserve to the north of Prince Albert and had afterwards reduced the area of that reserve by the action of the court.

ENTIRE HARMONY IN GOVERNMENT PARTY. Mr. Pinder, Who Times Declared Would Revolt, Presides at Local Government Party's First Caucus of Session.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S NEW GOVERNOR INSTALLED. St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 14.—Newfoundland's new governor, Walter Davidson, C. M. C., assumed the reins of authority in the colony today, succeeding Sir Ralph Chameeys Williams.

CAPT. SCOTT'S BODY WILL REMAIN WHERE HE DIED. Christchurch, N. Z., Feb. 14.—Commander Evans, when questioned today as to the suggestion that the bodies of Captain Scott and his comrades should be recovered, said: "The best people to judge are those who served under Captain Scott. Had we been in the same place as the victims we should have wished our bodies to remain at rest where we have given our best efforts in the cause we so earnestly believed in."

Commander Evans will remain in New Zealand until the arrival of the widow of Captain Scott.

LIBERALS SQUIRM UNDER CRITICISM

Hon. Robert Rogers Wields Lash Until Sir Wilfrid Rises in Protest—Balks at Mr. Rogers' Offer to Prove that Liberal News Agency, Under Laurier's Authority, is "Manufacturing Lies."

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 14.—There has been a good deal of talk in the Liberal newspapers of late with regard to a land transaction in or adjacent to Prince Albert. Arthur Donaldson acquired a parcel of land amounting to 80 acres close to, if not actually inside the town. The land was vacant, it was obtained by him as a homestead, and it was an excellent bargain, and the land being valuable.

Mr. Speaker Sproule said Mr. Rogers was making a statement regarding the nature of news being sent out by some unknown individual or organization, therefore he would be in order as to the statement which he considered to be untrue.

Liberals Squirm Under Lash. Sir Wilfrid Laurier: "Do I understand you to rule that the gentleman is entitled to do anything but deny this statement? Can he make any insinuation against any person inside or outside of a house?"

Mr. Borden: "My Rt. Hon. friend has changed his mind very suddenly on that question. Within his own hearing, the prime minister of Manitoba was called a liar on at least two occasions by members on his own side, but we did not hear a whisper of objection."

Mr. Borden: "We know my honorable friend's lack of manners sometimes." This reference to Mr. Oliver's failure to rise during the singing of the National Anthem in the chamber with Sir Wilfrid immediately rose to a point of order, declaring that to accuse a member of the House of lack of manners was unparliamentary.

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BULAIR FORTIFICATIONS HAVE FALLEN BEFORE BULGARIANS

London, Feb. 14.—An uncorroborated Constantinople despatch to the Chronicle reports that the Bulair line of fortifications was captured by the Allies Tuesday. According to this account the Turkish fleet operating from the Dardanelles was assisting to repel the Bulgarian attack. The Bulgarians effected a sudden retreat and were followed by the Turks. The Turkish warships not realizing this situation continued their bombardment and inflicted heavy losses on their own men. The Greek fleet in the Gulf of Saros supported the Bulgarians, who resumed and drove home their attack. Thirteen thousand Greeks landed on the Aegean coast at Aivalik on Monday. The Turkish position is considered precarious all along the line. The capture of Bulair has not been confirmed by other sources.

AWFUL HARDSHIP IN SCOT EXPEDITION

Commander Evans Continues Narrative of Stirring Events

MEN WERE REDUCED TO EATING SEAWEED

Lard a Luxury and Sugar Served Only on Sundays—Important Geological Finds by Intrepid Explorers.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—(Copyright in the United Kingdom by the Central News, Limited, London. Registered in the Department of Agriculture, Copyright branch, Dominion of Canada, by the Canadian Press, Limited, Quebec, and Ontario morning paper associations. (Special cable despatch to Central News, London).)

Christchurch, New Zealand, Feb. 14.—In continuation of his description of the work and experiences of the British Antarctic expedition of 1910, Commander Evans gives the following particulars of the doings of Lieut. Campbell's northern party:

While awaiting the ship in February cold blizzards from the plateau were experienced, these causing the seals to take to the sea earlier than usual, the seals having an objection to the cold autumn gales. Thus on March 1, when Lieut. Campbell decided that the winter would have to be faced and that it would be necessary to prepare provisions for the winter, very few seals were to be seen. By March 20 the igloo, although unfinished, afforded fair comfort.

The igloo was constructed by digging a deep trench and with ice axes cutting out a chamber at the end of this measuring thirteen feet by nine. The trench was afterwards roofed in with seal skins and snow forming a snug passage. Doors were formed by party were able to keep the temperature in the living room above zero.

Lloyd George was absent, but the Premier practically threw him overboard. He admitted that the course adopted was irregular, and promised to take up the matter with the Chancellor with trying to sneak and smuggle the matter through the house and said the bill was, so far as the insurance items were concerned, a forged note.

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Unionists Progressing. Interesting movements are in progress in the Unionist party in the direction of the formulation of a constructive policy. It is in the nature of conservatism to regard politics as consisting of static rather than dynamic problems. Politics, however, have now assumed a new form. Questions have arisen and theories are being propounded which make a policy of blank negation impossible, and even modified negation in the highest degree inadvisable.

It is now felt that the duty of conservatism is to present its own definite proposals for the solution of the political and social problems of the time, and that such proposals should be formulated with detachment from the old, outworn formulae. Traditional policies cannot, of course, be ignored, but they should guide, not hamper a new policy. This is being worked on broad lines, and aims rather to ameliorate social conditions than to effect political change.

Behind the whole scheme lies the tariff reform, which is not only advocated for its direct results on trade and commerce, but as the essential foundation for social reform. For example, one school of conservative thought, would approve of the insuring a reasonable rate of pay in industries essential to public life, with of course, a corresponding power of the government to prohibit strikes and with compulsory awards in case of disputes. But it is pointed out that such awards might destroy an industry unless tariffs could be employed to readjust conditions. The housing of people is also a prominent plank in the Unionist platform with land reform based on the principle of the multiplication of farms under a system of individual ownership.

Many committees of the party are engaged in sifting the facts and formulating remedial schemes. We are on the threshold of a new era in party warfare.

CANADA WILL DIRECT AN ARCTIC EXPEDITION

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The negotiations which Villiamur Stefansson is conducting with the Canadian government for the financing of his northern expedition are progressing and it is now practically certain that the start will be made, probably in May. A final understanding, however, has not been reached as to the terms under which the expedition will proceed but it is understood that Stefansson has practically agreed to the Canadian government assuming the sole direction.

ASQUITH NOW ADMITS LLOYD GEORGE WRONG

Financial Methods of Chancellor Denounced in House of Commons.

GOVERNMENT'S ACTION ABOMINABLY ILLEGAL

Premier Practically Throws Lloyd George Overboard After Vigorous Attack on Insurance Act—Impairs His Position.

Special Cable to The Standard. Registered in accordance with the Copyright Act. London, Feb. 14.—The government has passed through another bad time, a violent attack on Lloyd George's financial methods being led by T. Healy, Independent Nationalist. Clause three of the Insurance Act allows certain monies for the service of the act.

Recent developments have compelled a permanent increase of expenditure to the amount of nearly ten million dollars. As the financial basis of the act was thus altered the proper course was to introduce an amending bill, but instead of this Lloyd George included the additional £10,000,000 in the report stage Mr. Healy returned to the attack, denouncing the action of the government as abominably illegal.

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States and the American Museum of Natural History. From the present outlook, however, this will be changed, the explorer releases from his American connections and the whole trip be financed by the Canadian government.

Stefansson expects to be absent three winters and four summers if successful. He will go to the territory to the far north of the Canadian mainland to plant the flag and make scientific observations. While the expedition will be under the immediate direction of the Geological Survey, the Interior and Marine Department will be interested. A number of Canadian students, temperamentally suited for the work and possessed of scientific knowledge will be taken along. The explorer's plan, as he states it, is "to round off the map."

AUTO BANDITS CAUGHT BY POLICE IN FIERCE BATTLE

Los Angeles, Feb. 14.—Their faces smeared with powder and their uniforms perforated by revolver bullets, two policemen managed today to arrest three out of five alleged automobile bandits. The others, one of whom, a woman, were betrayed by the prisoners, according to the police and are now being sought.

The three prisoners save their names as Bert Hamilton, a chauffeur, George Johnson and Frank Smith. When arrested they shot at the officers but surrendered under the last capture. The prisoners are said to have used an automobile to aid them in robberies.

Surgar as Nurse. Los Angeles, Feb. 14.—A burglar who went to rob Mrs. Fred Morris remained to save her baby's life, according to a report she made today to the police. Mrs. Morris said her baby was

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