v now instead of

ghty and good-

tra finish and ex-

. . . . . . . 1.79

il qualities, high-

rfect satisfaction.

. . . . . . . 2.14

popularity for and laundering

yard . . . . 1.50

shades; splendid

ard . . . . \ 1.69

for skirts, suits, per yard ....17

Samples

senting the com-

ed, light or dark

'heatherbloom"

styles, and repre-

. . . . . . . 1.29

mmer

During

August

fixtures.

l'endant. regular 25.00

and Fees Extra.

ers.Burlaps

apers in floral

in large as-

Wall papers

per yard, 3c, 5c

es pencil stripes

tineals; complete

and up-to-date

ons; adaptable

green, red and

dden oak shade.

olden oak shade.

ompa**ny** 

imited

urlap 34c

louldings

decorating.

Chair

Today,

Plate

Plate

conven-

louldings

Sale

For Plans and Prices Apply M. H. WILLIAMS & CO. King Street East Main 5450

# LIES CANNOT ENTERTAIN VATICAN'S PEACE PROPOSALS

ITISH CROSS STEENBEEK RIVER NORTHEAST RUMANIANS MAKE FURTHER BIG ADVANCE FROM

Bitter Opposition to C. N. R. Legislation Develops

## BRITISH ESTABLISH POSITIONS ACROSS RIVER IN FLANDERS PAID TO

Desperate Fighting Improves FRENCH AIRMEN FIGHT Positions on Right Bank of Steenbeek --- Eleven **Downed in Aerial Combats** --- Enemy's Counter-Attacks at Westhoek Fail.

London, Aug. 14.-The British troops in Flanders today improved their position on the right bank of the River captured some prisoners. The official statement from British headquarters in France tonight tells of the repulse of several strong raids by the Germans aviators have been very active and the British succeeded in bringing down eleven of them, four out of control. Two British air machines were lost in air fighting. The statement

"Early this morning the enemy at tacked our line east of Westhoek, but met heavy artillery and rifle fire and was repulsed. He succeeded only in driving back one or two of our advanced posts a few yards.

"During the day we again improved cur positions on the right bank of the Steenbeek, where we captured several prisoners. Ltst night the enemy twice endeavored to raid our positions east of Leventie. At the second atlines, but he was immediately driven cut. Another raid undertaken in considerable strength, estimated at three companies, was made against our trenches of Neuva Chapelle. It was repulsed by Portuguese troops after sharp fighting, in which a few prison-

ers were secured. "The enemy aircraft continued to machines nevertheless reached and bombed successfully their objectives in every case. Artillery and photographic by our machines, and machine gunwas opened with effect upon enemy German aeroplanes were brought down

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 6).

#### **CROSSING TRAGEDY** WAS PREVENTABLE

Train Brakeman Could Have Averted Accident.

Attention of Railway Commission Drawn to Necessity for Protection There.

By a Staff Reporter.

8. Tilley, Bowmanville, brought in its finding as to the cause of death of the five victims of the level crossing tragedy who met death here on a G.T.R. crossing BIG ITALIAN AIR RAID Saturday afternoon last. The jury found that Mrs. Frank Walker. 26 Duchess street, Toronto, and Norman Fletcher James Connolly, James Normoyle, and William Johnston, all of Oshawa, came to their deaths by being struck by a G.T.R. passenger train at Bowmanville, and a rider was added stating the belief of the jury that the accident could have been avoided had the brakeman of the G.T.K. freight train, which was standing on the siding, north of the main line west track, warned the driver of the car that the express train was The inquest, which was resumed at coclock last evening, in the town half was attended by a large body of citagens. Those conducting the inquiry were A. J. Armstrong, K.C., of Cobourg Acting County Crown Attorney G. A. Conant, mayor of Osbawa, acting for the families of the Osbawa vertims, and J. P. Pratt for the Grand Trunk.

At the crossing there were four tracks.

WITH FOE'S INFANTRY Hon. Walter Long Publicly German Machines Are Powerful Squadrons of Airplanes Brilliantly Second

Ally's Foot Soldiers in Counter-Attacks Near St. Quentin.

London, Aug. 14.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—Reuter's correspondent French army headquarters telegraphs: A remarkable instance of the facility with which fighting airplanes transform themselves into weapons of assault against infantry is furnished by the 46-hours' battle of August tenth and eleventh in the trenches northwest of St. Quentin. The ninth attack by storm troops east of the Village of Fayet Steenbeek, northeast of Ypres, and enabled the enemy to capture the French front line to a width of 600 yards. Counter-attacks finally expelled them on the evening of the eleventh. ing this fighting French airplanes continually swept over the ground, flying

very low, and pouring a constant hall of bullets over the trenches.

Armour Dore says: "During our counter-attacks#powerful squadrons airplanes engaged the enemy, seconding the infantry with a courage which between Ypres and Arras. German cannot but be admired. The planes came back from the battle riddled with builets. Since the battle some of our airplanes are engaging the enemy in co-operation with the infantry. This is no new thing, but probably they have never been engaged in land fighting in such numbers or in such a systematic manner on such a narrow front. Moreover, while fighting the Germans in part played by the dominions their trenches, our aviators brilliantly discharged their ordinary duty of keep ing the French command informed of the progress of the battle.'

## LIBERALS DEMANDING

Graham's Amendment Seeks to Cut Off Compensation for Stock --- White, Announcing Sir William Meredith's Appointment as Arbitrator, Criticizes Drayton-Acworth Report.

pursúe aggressive tactics yesterday and attackef our long distance bombing machines with great vigor. Our have finally agreed upon a policy in respect to the Canadian Northern Railway situation. It was crystalized in an amendment offered by work was carried out thruout the day George Graham in the house of commons this afternoon upon the second seading of the bill. It is, in effect, infantry both in the trenches and in that the government should foreclose the open. In the air fighting seven under the legislation of 1914, and pay nothing whatever for the common

Sir Thomas White moved the sec ond reading of the government's bill to acquire the capital stock of the Canadian Northern Railway Company. In a carefully prepared speech defending the position of the govern ment, he said the government had decided to submit to arbitration the value of the common stock, and could not accept the findings of the Dray ton-Acworth commission to the effect Bowmanville Jury Declares that the liabilities of the company exceeded the cost and value of the undertaking. These findings, he said, were in many respects inaccurate, and omitted both assets and liabilities of the company to the extent of ELEVEN DEATHS AT SPOT many millions of dollars. It was thought better to arbitrate than to refer the question to the excheque court, and Sir William Meredith would represent the government on

the board of arbitration. Hon George P. Graham, in moving his amendment, blew hot and cold as to the value of the stock. He first asserted that Mackenzie and Mann were asking no financial aid, and felt they could swing the Canadian Bowmanville, Aug. 16.—At 12.30 this Northern enterprise without assistmenting the jury under Coroner Dr. A. ance from the government. Then he insisted that, whatever interest they had, the road should be taken under

IN REGION OF TOLMINO

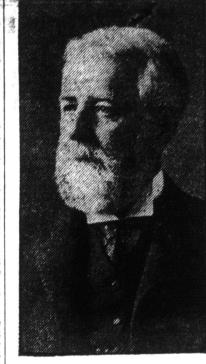
Numerous Batteries Co-operate in Bombarding Austrian Carso Defences.

Rome, Aug. 14. - "There was slight asked activity on the whole front yesterday," says today's official statement issued by the Italian war office today. said he believed some changes were 'An enemy attack on our positions on urgently needed, and perhaps had althe Vodice failed, owing to our fire. "In a combined attack numerous batteries and a large aerial squadron vesterday afternoon bombarded the enemy's military works at Modrea and Modreuce, south of Tolmino, damag-ing them severely and setting some of the establishments on fire."

DINEEN'S FOR SUMMER THINGS.

All the summer hats straws and At the crossing there were four tracks. At the crossing there were four tracks, and that two inain lines between. The freight, which was traveling in a westerly direction, had centered the north side track to await the coming of the express, which was also traveling west. The automobile carrying the six people had approached from available. It is drawing towards the By a Staff Reporter.

are an especial feature in the Dineen the government. He received a nega- conference in Stockholm, was en-



ment to ascertain the value of C. N. R.

foreclosure without compensation. Borden's Contention. to arbitration had advocated that method in 1914, and had suggested that Mackenzie and Mann's equity in

Sir Sam Says Army Medical Service Must be Reorganized

By a Staff Reporter.

Ottawa, Aug. 14. — Sir Sam Hughes asked in the house today what changes had been made in the Canadian army medical service as a condian army medical service as a conditional service. dian army medical service as a con-sequence of the Bruce report. He was quiet He was quiet. ready been made. He hoped the government would make an announcement on the subject at an early day otherwise he would ask for an in-

some announcement would probably be made by the government in the

No Peace Proposals Brought

Ottawa, Aug. 14.—In the house of commons today Hon. Charles Murphy asked if any peace proposals Motor dusters and motor caps. These had been brought to the attention of Concluded on Page 2, Column 21 stock. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street. tive reply from the minister.

Acclaims Worth of Overseas Troops.

MAKE BIG SACRIFICES

Overseas Parts of Empire Bear Extremely Heavy War Burdens.

London, Aug. 14.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—In the house of com-mons today, during discussion of the colonial office vote, Right Hon. Walter Long, secretary of state for the colonies, paid a warm tribute to the armies of the British Do Mr. Long said that the fine crown colonies in the war required no special description. which the dominions' troops had tak en was well known to the world and especially to our enamies. They had made their mark. Whether they came from Australia, New Zealand. Canada, Newfoundland, or South Africa, they had shown themselves worthy of the best traditions of the British army, and no greater praise could be bestowed on any soldier.

He was constantly receiving proofs s for Great Britain of

loyalty to the king and their devotion to British traditions. Referring to gifts in kind, he said hat while many of them were small. was not the amount, but the spirit of the gift that mattered.

Tribute to Dominions.

The dominions had made great sacrifices in other directions, he said. Many of the dominions had suffered severely owing to the limitations of mports into the United Kingdom. altho many people failed to realize the greatness of the sacrifices imposed upon the dominions in that connec-

"Our ships in the Black Sea, in the

ing tonight of the executive of the

national Labor party and the par-

union congress the attitude of Ar-

thur Henderson, secretary of the

Labor party, who resigned on Satur-

day as a member of the British war

cabinet, with regard to the Socialist

SUPPORT HENDERSON

NATIONAL LABORITES

RUMANIAN OFFENSIVE

FROM OCNA CONTINUES

Russians Check Enemy in Fokshani

Region, Repulsing Von Mack-

ensen's Attacks.

Pope Benedict, who has addressed to all belligerent governments an ap-

peal for peace. In July, 1915, Pope Benedict made his first appeal for peace. At that time the pontiff inhim in his desire to bring hostilities to an end. Almost simultaneously with the latest appeal of Pope Bene-They were also bearing a very dict, China entered the ranks of the

## PEACE MOVE IN INTERESTS OF ENEMY, BRITAIN'S VIEW

Vatican's Proposals, Including Policy of No Annexations, Limited Indemnities and Return of German Colonies, Acceptable to Central Powers---Britain Counts on United States to Retain Unbending Attitude.

OME, Aug. 14.—The peace proposals made by Pope Benedict and delivered to all the beligerent governments will be published here on Thursday. The Pope's peace appeal proposes that there be no annexations and no indemnities except in special cases, such as Belgium and Serbia, the return to Germany of her colonies in exchange for the occupied departments of France, freedom of the seas, disarmament, and the formation of a supreme court of arbitration for the settlement of future international disputes.

The Pope suggests restoration of Belgium, Serbia and Rumania, and peaceful solution of the problems of Alsace-Lorraine, Trent, Trieste and Poland, according to reports received from Vatican sources.

BRITISH PUBLIC SURPRISED. London, Aug. 14.-The peace pronunciamento of Pope Benedict was an entire surprise to the British public. Whether or not it was a sur-

prise to the government cannot be learned. The proposal embodies what has been well known here for some time as the terms the central powers would have been glad to offer and relieved to have accepted, being virtually the restoration of before-the-war conditions with a commission to the diplomats to thresh out the questions which

have been on the border line. British pacifists undoubtedly will favor the acceptance of any offer to go into a peace conference, but a great majority of the people will look askance at a proposal which they think is issued distinctly in the interests of the enemy powers. The Pope's offer did not even constitute a newspaper sensation. While some afternoon papers gave it their largest headlines, others printed it merely as a paragraph among the secondary news items of the day.

"The American position in this war has, perhaps, been made clearer than that of any of the other belligerents," said the informant of the Associated

The belief in Whitehall is that any has shown herself so unfit to admin-proposal for a status quo peace will lister the affairs of subject races? If have a curter reception in the United anything could be worse than Gertes than in Europe. many's record in Europe, it is here ates than in Europe. It is here record in the colonies. Is a permanent peace possible in Africa with

Germany there?
"America is today the greatest hope said the informant of the Associated Press. "From the American point of view any status quo peace is obviousity impossible. She has vigor and backbone, youth and strength and unlimited re-Look Confidently to U. S. sources. She will not leave Europa until peace on a stable and permanent basis has been definitely estabwited all friends of peace to join with will leave with perfect confidence to lished. That is one great reason why him in his desire to bring hostilities the judgment of the American people, every one of her allies should be Is it unthinkable that hapless natives overwhelmingly thankful that Amershould be returned to a power which ica now is with us."

### heavy war expenditure and were simbelligerents by formally declaring war upon Germany and Austria-Hungary. ON TERMS SUGGESTED

Washington Not Taken By Surprise, But, While Vatican's Good Faith is Unquestioned, Feeling is That Germany is Behind Peace Move.

Allies Smash Germans in Moldavian Battle-Washington, Aug. 14.—Pope Bener against the other, with the disruption dict's proposals were not unexpected of the grand alliance as the stake. In by the United States nor by any of no quarter is there any disposition to

the entente allies.

The possibility of a peace move of the Vatican although the peace activiwas discussed with British Foreign ties of the Roman Catholic elements Minister Balfour and Vice-Premier in Germany and Austria have been Petrograd, Aug. 14.—(British Admiralty per wireless press.)—The Rumanian offensive in western Molavia continues successfully, according to the official report from the war office today, and the Austro-Germans have been driven from the Village of Slanic, as well as from heights southwest of Grozechti. All the latest enemy efforts in the Fokshani region have been repulsed by the Russians of the control of the region of Marasechti, August 6, as the greatest in the entire campaign. Nine German and one Austrian division which had been engaged in the desperate enemaged in the desperate enemaged. Viviani when the British and French prominent for several months official missions were in Washington, and it was agreed that all the allies, latest enemy efforts in the Fokshani region have been repulsed by the Russians and Rumanians. The statement reads:

"Western (Russian) front: There were fusillades and scouting operations.

"Rumanian front: Throut Monday there were stubborn battles in the Ocna-Grozechti region. The Rumanian troops continued their counter-offensity and the statement reads:

"Rumanian front: Throut Monday there were stubborn battles in the Ocna-Grozechti region. The Rumanian troops continued their counter-offensity and the statement reads:

"Rumanian front: Throut Monday the line, which was fiercely defended by the line, which was fiercely defended by the line. Which was fiercely defended by the line which was fiercely defended by the including the United States, should proposals, officials were astonished to refuse to discuss peace terms while Germany occupied the territories she Fresident Wilson's statements on the had taken by force, and thereby avoid subject. International agreement to

what the allied statesmen considered a German trap. Now, the pontiff's proposal presents the question in a somewhat different brought forward by the president in light, difficult perhaps to meet, better this epochal addresses before congress. cause it offers to a war weary world. hope for peace.

on the enemy.

Foe at Standstill.

A German official statement today pected promptly to accept the Pope's questions as a free Poland and Al-

front-There have been no large fighting counter-attack, contested our gain of ground south of the Organia South of the Counter-attack, contested our gain of ground south of the Oituse valley. The American officials acknowledge that the Vatican's proffer is of a nature declining to discuss proposeds which calling for a reply. Diplomats of the entente circle voice nothing but a the world. The allied statesman remade several attacks in the direction of Marasechti, and from the direction of Doaga. All the attacks were repulsed by the Russo-Rumanian troops. Enemy efforts to attack our positions in the region of Magaimeni were frustrated by our fire.

"Caucasus front: A Russian scouting party of forty men, in a daring surprise attack against a Turkish barrier guard in the region of Tirebell, captured some prisoners. The remainder of the front and some prisoners and booty were captured some prisoners. unanimous opinion that it will be rejected. American officials realize that a reply is required for the world's page of history. But the proposals cannot be accepted as they stand; that is certain. That they will not be accepted at all is probable. An unofficial outline of the Pope's some prisoners and booty were cap-ed. In the region of the mouth of L'anube the firing activity has been

communication was received here this morning. Members of the president's cabinet said it had not been the present time. His latest public discussed at this afternoon's meeting, pronouncements on the most vital of but some of the president's official the proposals Pope Benedict makes Macedonian front—There is nothing to family gave signs of the difficulty port."

which it has presented. Tonight the Wilson's official text had not been received and then the new Russian government thad not been established whether was wavering on the point of making would come thru the Spanish am- a separate peace and declaring for no DYNAMITERS' ARREST
bassador or the Swiss-ininister. Spain annexations and no indemnities, the bassador or the Swiss-ininister. Spain annexations and no indemnities, the ment Offers Five Thouneutrals having relations with the validant.

Move by Germany.

The first appraisal of the proposal ing by officials and diplomats was that it ing was another attempt by Germany. the Vatican, to accomplish what she failed in her first offer of peace—the strembling of peace delegates at a this time working thru Austria, bestreembling of peace delegates at a within the empire and its widespread round table conference, where the in terests of one ally could be played off (Concluded on Page 2, column 1)

But, as the unofficial outline disclosed the terms of Pope Benedict's

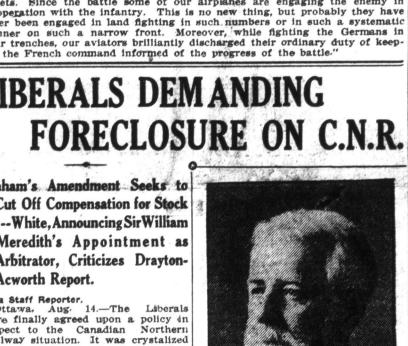
realize its similarity with some of enforce peace, reduction of armament and recognition of the national aspirtions of the small peoples, all were Foresee Embarrassments.

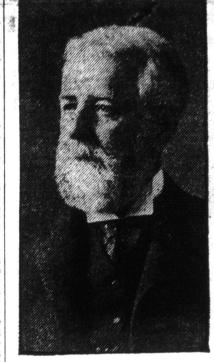
Altho the proposal to leave for diplomatic discussion such great sace-Lorraine might be rejected on many grounds, close observers foresee the possibility of embarrassments in alize that, once consideration of any part of the Pope's proposals begins, pacifists and socialist elements are at once enabled to take up dicussions which will embarrass their governments.

President Wilson's own view of what reply shall be made obviously pronouncements on the most vital of

Wilson's Expressed Views.

own undoing are seeking for their to obtain pledges that the war end in the restoration of the status quo ante. It





Sir William Meredith, who has been appointed by the Dominion Govern-

Fir Robert Borden said he would not pretend to say what was the value of the Canadian Northern stock, but it would be contrary to justice for the government to expropriate that stock without allowing the owners to show by proper evidence what value (if any) possessed. He pointed out that the Liberals who were now objecting

(Concluded; on Page 4, Column 4).

Grozechti region. The Rumanian troops continued their counter-offensive, begun on Sunday, and towards evening occupied the Village of Slanic, and dislodged the enemy from the heights about six versts southwest of Grezechti. The offensive is "Eastern theatre—Prince Leopold's "Eastern the prince Leopold's " developing.

Deadlock at Fokshani.

"In the direction of Fokshani, after strong artillery preparation, the enemy made several attacks in the direction of Management and feet in the direction of the strong artillery preparation and feet in the direction of the strong articles." HUGHES AGAIN RAISES BRUCE REPORT ISSUE

The prime minister replied that

Before Canadian Government liamentary committee of the trades

region of Shope, destroyed two large Turkish barges loaded with benzine and twenty-two loaded feluccas. "German airplanes dropped bombs on report." LARGE REWARD FOR

London, Aug. 14.—At a joint meet- Government Offers Five Thousand Dollars for Capture of Montreal Outrage Perpetrators.

Ottawa, Aug. 14 .- An order-in-council was passed by the government today offering a reward of \$5000 to any person giving information which may lead to the arrest and conviction of the parties who dynamited the residence in Mont-real of Baron Athelstan