

ARMY WELCOMES ITS COMMISSIONER

Dominion, Province and City Join in Welcoming Commissioner Richards.

MASSEY HALL CROWDED

Mayor Hocken Pays Tribute to Work of Salvationists in Toronto.

The inauguration of a new leader in any great organization must be a matter of solemnity and enthusiasm, but it is doubtful if any organization in Toronto ever secured a more enthusiastic welcome than that tendered the new head of the Salvation Army in Canada, Newfoundland, Alaska and Bermuda, Commissioner Wm. J. Richards, and his wife, at Massey Hall last night.

Long before the hour for the beginning of the reception, the prettily decorated hall was filled to capacity. The audience noted with interest the spectacle of the massed bands and the two hundred and fifty chorists, including women and children, who were arranged on the stage, and had expressed their approval of the decorations.

When the new commissioner appeared the entrance of the hero in a theatrical production could scarcely have been more dramatic or produced more whole-hearted applause, as the various distinguished persons were escorted to the stage. They included Mayor Hocken, Hon. W. H. Hearst, premier of Ontario, and staff officers of the army. The chorus then sang:

We welcome you to Canada, Beneath the Blood and Fire, With heart and hand united stand, To raise our flag on high.

The opening song, "Rule, Jehovah," having been sung, Col. Albert Gaskin, the chief secretary, presented the chairman of the gathering, Mayor Hocken.

Welcomed by the new commissioner on behalf of Toronto, Mayor Hocken stated that not only was the commissioner welcomed by the members of the Salvation Army, but by all good citizens who were interested in the moral and social uplift of the people of Toronto.

"He comes," said the mayor, "to succeed the late Commissioner Richards, who has done so much for the city and the province, and for that reason I have much pleasure in welcoming the commissioner and his wife to the city of Toronto."

Addressing Commissioner Richards, Mayor Hocken said: "You are a man who has done so much for the city and the province, and for that reason I have much pleasure in welcoming the commissioner and his wife to the city of Toronto."

Commissioner Richards' first words were: "I find myself in the greatest country in the world, a country that has unlimited resources, and which will have a most magnificent future. He then launched into a collection of Commissioner Richards' views on the situation in the world."

Work Not Destructive. "I will not make any specific statement regarding what I intend to do now that I am here, but I will say that I do not intend to tear to pieces any of the predecessors, as never was any institution built upon a more solid foundation than that upon which the Salvation Army stands."

What He Will Teach. "Regarding the religion that I shall teach and the doctrines which I shall proclaim, I find it difficult to draw any theory into a few words and tell you what I will teach, but this I will say, that I will teach a religion, a many religion, a courageous religion, a religion that teaches its adherents of the efficacy of prayer, a religion founded on a firm, solid, immutable faith in our Father's blood and our Father's Bible—the religion of Jesus Christ."

Welcomed by Premier. From Premier Borden came the following: "It gives me great pleasure to join in the welcome extended to Commissioner Richards in his new field of usefulness, and I trust that his labor may be crowned with success. The work of the Salvation Army has always commanded my hearty sympathy and active support."

RAILWAY WAGONS SEIZED. STENHAGEN, Dec. 3.—Twenty-one railway wagons loaded with potatoes—consigned from Denmark to Switzerland—have been stopped by the Germans on the Swiss frontier and confiscated.

JUDGE BLAMED BOY LETS THE SOLDIER GO

A soldier named Wilbur Baulch was found guilty in the general sessions yesterday for committing an assault on a boy named W. T. Nicholas, aged 14, in September last, but was let off on suspended sentence. The plaintiff stated that when standing on defendant's lawn on Maynard avenue in company with some other boys, and without provocation, the defendant beat and kicked him and threw him against a telegraph pole, breaking his arm. A number of witnesses corroborated this evidence, but the defence brought other witnesses who claimed that the alleged victim was one of a disreputable gang that annoyed the neighborhood. They said that on some occasions they were forced to close their windows owing to the nature of the language used by the boys.

"This boy Nicholas is undoubtedly bad," said his honor, "and I would be very sorry to know that all boys of his age accustomed themselves to such vile language. He deserved chastisement, but I think Baulch was very sorry that he was aware of, and for that reason I find him guilty."

Several hundred men, out of work, marched to the parliament buildings yesterday, carrying banners. Two sections of the parade here are shown.

BANCROFT'S CRAFTY WAR ON M'BRIDE

Advices Labor Council How to Issue Circular and Avoid Lawsuit.

"SAM" MUST BE BEATEN Meeting Last Night Determined on Method of Overthrowing Champion.

Determined to drive terror into the heart of Ald. Sam McBride, as expressed by one delegate, the Trades and Labor Council met last night at the headquarters of the Trades and Labor Council in the west wing of the old City Hall, and incidentally many ardent laborites have signified their intention of working "tooth and nail" against his election Jan. 1 next.

The hand bill will, it is said, be simple in design and will bear the following interesting dialog in large and forcible characters: "Did I understand Controller Simpson to say that he represented the working class, the only class worth representing?"

Controller Simpson: "Quite right. I'll sign it for you like." Ald. McBride then continues his usual trade and winds up with this: "I am utterly opposed to unionism first, last and always."

When the motion was raised, one of the delegates to the Trades and Labor Council at their meeting last night, many objections were raised at first, as it was Alderman by a number of speakers that the council should be more than an enemy of labor with a shield man's name. These objections were answered by the delegate Bancroft explained that the circular would be a large type of the popular paper, that published it, thus relieving the council of all responsibility.

C.P.R. FLOATING BIG LOAN IN U.S.

Nearly Thirteen Millions in Placed With Philadelphia Bankers.

Special to The Toronto World. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 3.—The Canadian Pacific Railway has come to the United States for a large loan for the first time in its history, and to Philadelphia bankers belong the credit for bringing the business here.

Announcement was made tonight that a syndicate headed in Philadelphia by Brown Bros. & Co. and Edward Lowber Stokes had bought \$12,690,000 Canadian Pacific 4 1/2 per cent. equipment trust certificates, which will mature in equal semi-annual instalments from July 1, 1915, to July 1, 1925. It is understood the bonds will be offered soon on about a 5 per cent. basis. The bonds are issued on the Philadelphia plan, which makes them tax free in this state.

A syndicate is being formed in New York by the Guaranty Trust Company, Brown Bros. & Co., White, Weld & Co. and Colgate, Parker & Co. have the selling of the issue in New York State. To Edward Lowber Stokes, a Philadelphia bond dealer, is due the credit for this transaction. He made a trip to Montreal and opened negotiations with the company's officials there.

PARADE OF THE UNEMPLOYED



Several hundred men, out of work, marched to the parliament buildings yesterday, carrying banners. Two sections of the parade here are shown.

LABOR MEN HEAR FROM ALDERMAN

Cameron Told Reasons for Wishing to Reduce Scale of Wages.

TRYING TO GIVE WORK More Men Could Be Employed if Pay Were Lessened.

Alderman Cameron appeared before the Trades and Labor Council at its regular meeting in the Labor Temple last night and vigorously defended his motion of three weeks ago in the council, in which he moved that the scale of wages be reduced from 25c to 20c an hour in order to provide more work for the unemployed.

The alderman was well received by the large number of delegates present, and his arguments were followed attentively. He struck obstacles in one direction, particularly, when Delegate Fred Bancroft asked some pointed questions on the alderman's labor matters were before the city council.

Plain Facts. "I wish to state a plain statement of facts with no trills," said the alderman. "I want to provide work and work that will be a measure permanent for the winter. My plan was that the city should offer say \$500,000 worth of work in the form of public improvements at par to the citizens at 5 per cent. and I think the citizens would be only too glad to subscribe for them, when they knew the good purpose for which the money would be used."

The alderman then went on to explain that with the \$500,000 derived from the sale of the bonds, 5000 men could be given six weeks' work at an average wage of 30c an hour.

Spread it Out. "I do not wish to cut the civic scale," he continued, "but I want to see the money go as far as possible and give everybody a chance."

Ald. Cameron also stated that in his opinion city employes should not draw full pay during the winter, but many tax payers out of work.

Soup kitchens and charity were also mentioned by the alderman, who stated that in his opinion they had a tendency to destroy a man's energy and sap his manhood. He also explained that he did not wish to interfere in any way with next year's civic budget, but merely wished to see money raised to provide work for the unemployed.

Pointed Questions. The delegates present, however, were anything but sympathetic with the alderman's views, and he was asked many pertinent questions. One delegate stated that Mr. Cameron simply wished to reduce the wages because he paid his own employes small salaries, but this the alderman denied, and stated that his salaries were small on account of keen competition in his particular line. Several other delegates asked questions to all of which the alderman replied.

President Watt thanked Mr. Cameron for going before the council and explaining his attitude, and hoped that he would again be heard from. Mr. Cameron then said that he had been warned not to go to the meeting, but that he was determined to stand up to his conviction, and was delighted with his reception.

Before Ald. Cameron delivered his address, Arthur Crute of the British Co-operative Association addressed the council on the methods of co-operation in the city of Toronto, and the assistance of the labor men through the city in making the venture a success. The Ontario Association for the Advancement of Technical Education was voted \$50, as the council felt that it was doing good work, and Delegate Richards made an earnest appeal on its behalf.

HONOR DR. J. B. LEATHES. Infantile paralysis was discussed among other topics, by the Academy of medicine at its monthly meeting in the main building of the university on Tuesday evening last. The president, Dr. H. B. Anderson, was in the chair. On motion of Dr. Harley Smith, seconded by Dr. R. A. Reave, it was decided that a resolution of sympathy be sent to Mrs. (Dr.) A. M. Rosebrugh as a token of the high esteem in which her husband had been held by the profession.

Honorary fellowship was conferred upon Dr. J. B. Leathes, who is resigning his post as professor of chemical pathology in the University of Toronto, to assume the chair of rhinology in the University of Sheffield.

CAPT. MACDONALD RECOVERING. Capt. C. S. Macdonald, C.P.A., V.C. principal military officer of military district No. 3, who has been in hospital since his home in Toronto, is improving. In his absence from duty Capt. J. A. Campbell, C.A.V.C., is acting in command at Stanley Barracks and the Exhibition grounds.

TO RUN TWO TRAINS WEEKLY. NORTH BAY, Dec. 3.—Commencing Monday, December 7, the C.N.R. will operate two trains weekly between North Bay and North Bay. This arrangement is only temporary, and when business warrants it more trains will be added.

HORSES FOR FRENCH ARMY. Canadian Press Despatch. OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 3.—Shipment of 1144 horses intended for the French army left here for New York today. An order was given for ten thousand more, to be delivered after December 31.

CZAR LEAVES FRONT TO VISIT HOSPITALS. PETERSBURG, Dec. 3.—Emperor Nicholas today left the front, returning through various towns in central and southern Russia, for the purpose of visiting the wounded in the hospitals.

OUTBREAK OF SMALLPOX REPORTED IN NORTH. Settlers From United States Said to Have Carried Infection to Fort Frances. Canadian Press Despatch. FORT FRANCES, Wis., Dec. 3.—Dr. George, provincial health officer, and Geo. Young, provincial sanitary inspector, left here tonight for Fort Frances and Rainy River districts, where a serious outbreak of smallpox is reported. The inhabitants claim that the infection is due to the influx of settlers from the other side of the line.

GERMAN TRENCHES TERRIBLE SPECTACLE. Dead, Badly Mutilated, Piled in Great Heaps Near Lodz. CRACOW IS UNDER FIRE. Russian Batteries Begin Bombardment at Range of Eight Miles. (Continued From Page 1.)

By the Flare from Berlin by way of Rome it is stated that the Germans have suffered enormous losses in escaping from the enveloping Russian columns in the vicinity of Lodz.

CRACOW SIEGE BEGINS. LONDON, Dec. 3, 10 p.m.—With the lull in the battle in the west which has assumed the proportions of a heavy cannonade at widely separated points, with only occasional infantry and machine gun fire, the Russian batteries centred in the east continue to fire on the Russian and German hosts in the east.

At last the Russians have approached within firing distance of Cracow, their steady advance from around the town of Wloclzka, which they occupied yesterday and from which the outposts of Cracow can be reached.

GERMAN RECRUITS LACK ENDURANCE

Phenomenal Losses of Enemy Result of Ill-Trained Troops.

PLANS NOT ALTERED

British, Tho Strongly Reinforced, Recognize That Danger is Not Past.

(Continued From Page 1.)

adjust their forces, strengthen their positions and bring up reserves. There has therefore "been a great general improvement in the conditions under which we are carrying on the fighting." Of the fighting which preceded this reorganization, the writer says it was due solely to the resources, initiative and endurance of the regimental officers and men that success has lain with the British. He continues:

"As the struggle swayed backwards and forwards thru wood and hamlet, the fighting assumed a most confused and desperate character. Our units became inextricably mixed, and in many cases in order to strengthen some threatened point or to fill a gap in the line, the officers had to collect and throw into the fight what men they could regardless of the units to which they belonged. Our casualties have been severe, but we have been fighting a battle and a battle implies casualties, and heavy as they have been it must be remembered that they have not been suffered in vain.

"The value of such preparation is as noticeable on the side of the enemy as on our own. The phenomenal losses suffered by the Germans' new formations have been remarked, and they were in part due to their lack of training. Moreover, the at the first onset these formations advanced to the attack as bravely as their active comrades, they have, however, shown the same recuperative powers. The 27th corps, for instance, which is now being retrained by the British infantry around Beaulieu, in the northeast of Ypres, a month ago. On their first encounter with the British, they suffered severe casualties, but they have since recovered their fighting spirit, and are now being retrained by the British infantry around Beaulieu, in the northeast of Ypres, a month ago. On their first encounter with the British, they suffered severe casualties, but they have since recovered their fighting spirit, and are now being retrained by the British infantry around Beaulieu, in the northeast of Ypres, a month ago.

Purpose Not Abandoned. "The allies," continues Col. Swinton, "have undergone great sacrifices to defend, against tremendous odds, a line that could only be maintained by making the situation has been relieved is no longer assumed that the enemy has abandoned his intentions of pressing thru to the sea."

Col. Swinton concludes with the statement that as the war is going to be one of exhaustion, after the regular armies of the belligerents have done their work, it will be upon the raw material of the countries concerned that final success will depend.

CASUALTIES OF SERVA ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND. Such is Claim Made by Berlin.—Further Defeats Reported.

Canadian Press Despatch. BERLIN, Dec. 3 by wireless to London, 7.35 p.m.—Nineteen thousand Serbian prisoners have been taken since the Austrians began the present offensive movement, according to a report received here today from Vienna. News from other sources indicates that Serbia's casualties since the beginning of the war will reach about 100,000 or virtually one-third of her entire strength.

Reports of further Serbian defeats to the east of Kolubara and Ljilj Rivers tend to confirm the prediction of military observers that the end of Serbian resistance cannot be far off.

COURT HOPE'S OFFICERS. At the last regular meeting of Court Hope of Canada, No. 160, A.O.F., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Chief ranger, W. B. Stark; past chief ranger, Jas. McDonald; chief ranger, T. E. Hutchinson; treasurer, H. C. Wilson; secretary, W. H. Haynes; junior woodward, W. T. Becher; senior woodward, A. J. Porter; judge, W. J. Smith; recording secretary, D. H. Fletcher; medical officer (east end), Dr. S. G. Parker; medical officer (west end), Dr. F. S. Ritchie; trustees, W. E. Woodstock, B. D. Humphrey and W. L. Lutterick.

REDUCE WORKING HOURS. A resolution asking that the working hours of all union men should be reduced to six hours a day at standard rates during the present stress was brought before the Trades and Labor Council at its meeting last night. The resolution was submitted by the carpenters, but was not acted upon and will be brought up at the next meeting.

It is claimed that if the plan is adopted a great many more men will be employed and that they will all receive a living wage.

HEADQUARTERS FOR OFFICERS' SAM BROWN BELTS, LEATHER LEGGINGS, REVOLVER HOLSTERS, GARTER CASES, ETC. BEST SAMPLE ROOMS IN CANADA. \$3.00 and up—American Plan. GEO. LUGSDIN & CO. 16 Temperance St., Toronto, Ont.

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SELLING OUT

Our entire stock of House Coats, Dressing Gowns and Bathrobes. We have decided to discontinue this part of our business and have placed all of the above mentioned garments on sale at such prices as must clear them out before Christmas. You will find them on tables in the centre of the store, and the nicest fitting coats in town, \$25.00. Silk Velvet House Coats for \$16.98. All other lines reduced in proportion.

Oak Hall Clothings

Cor. Yonge and Adelaide Streets. J. C. Coombes, Manager.

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