

ARTICLE 12

Article 4, paragraph 1, of the General Treaty signed at Tangier on the 9th December, 1856, does not affect the right of the authorities of the French Zone of the Shereefian Empire to regulate admittance and immigration into the territory or to expel persons for reasons of police or public order or to apply immigration regulations, provided that there is no discrimination against British subjects or British-protected persons.

Nevertheless, British subjects and British-protected persons who have been resident in the French Zone of Morocco for more than five years shall not be expelled unless—

- (a) They have committed a crime or offence punishable with more than three months' imprisonment.
- (b) They have been guilty of conduct prejudicial to public safety, public order, good morals or public health.
- (c) They are in such a state of indigence as to be a burden to the State.

The provisions of paragraph 2 of this article may be terminated at any time after the expiry of twenty years from the date of the coming into force of this convention by six months' notice.

ARTICLE 13

The powers conferred on British consular officers in the French Zone of the Shereefian Empire in matter of the estates of deceased persons by article 18 of the General Treaty signed at Tangier on the 9th December, 1856, are maintained.

Any disputes arising as regards the estates referred to in the said article shall be determined by the competent tribunals of the said zone in conformity with the provisions of laws of general application.

The provisions of this article may be terminated at any time after the expiry of twenty years from the date of the entry into force of the present convention by a six months' notice.

ARTICLE 14

The High Contracting Parties agree that the French decree of the 8th November, 1921, relating to French nationality in the French Zone of the Shereefian Empire, and the Dahir of the same date, relating to Moroccan nationality, are not applicable to British subjects or protected persons born before the date of the entry into force of the present convention.

If the French or Moroccan Governments should enact measures which would result in conferring French or Moroccan nationality by reason of birth or residence in the French Zone of the Shereefian Empire in any case where the above-mentioned decree would not have conferred French nationality, British subjects and protected persons affected by these enactments shall be freed from French or Moroccan nationality if they make a request to this effect in the year which follows their majority.

ARTICLE 15

The subjects of His Majesty the Sultan of Morocco and Moroccan vessels shall enjoy the same rights as French citizens and French ships in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, British colonies and in territories under the protection of His Majesty The King, and in mandated territories administered by the Government of the United Kingdom.

The expression "Moroccan vessels" means ships duly registered as such in a port of the French Zone of the Shereefian Empire.